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(54) Title: COLON AND COLON CANCER ASSOCIATED POLYNUCLEOTIDES AND POLYPEPTIDES

(57) Abstract: This invention relates to newly identified colon or colon cancer related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively known as "colon cancer antigens", and the use of such colon cancer antigens for targeting specific cell types and/or diagnosing, detecting, preventing and treating disorders of the colon, particularly the presence of colon cancer and colon cancer metastases. This invention relates to colon cancer antigens as well as vectors, host cells, antibodies directed to colon cancer antigens and the recombinant or synthetic methods for producing the same. Also provided are diagnostic methods for diagnosing and treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the colon, including colon cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of colon cancer antigens of the invention. The present invention further relates to inhibiting the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

Colon and Colon Cancer Associated Polynucleotides and Polypeptides

Field of the Invention

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This invention relates to newly identified colon or colon cancer related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively known as "colon cancer antigens," and the use of such colon cancer antigens for targeting specific cell types and/or diagnosing, detecting, preventing and treating disorders disorders of the colon, particularly the presence of colon cancer and colon cancer metastases. This invention relates to colon cancer antigens as well as vectors, host cells, antibodies directed to colon cancer antigens and the recombinant or synthetic methods for producing the same. Also provided are diagnostic methods for diagnosing and treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the colon, including colon cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of colon cancer antigens of the invention. The present invention further relates to inhibiting the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

Background of the Invention

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Cell growth is a carefully regulated process which responds to specific needs of the body. Occasionally, the intricate, and highly regulated controls dictating the rules for cellular division break down. When this occurs, the cell begins to grow and divide independently of its homeostatic regulation resulting in a condition commonly referred to as cancer. In fact, cancer is the second leading cause of death among Americans aged 25-44.

Colorectal cancers are among the most common cancers in men and women in the U.S. and are one of the leading causes of death. Other than surgical resection no other systemic or adjuvant therapy is available. Vogelstein and colleagues have described the sequence of genetic events that appear to be associated with the multistep process of colon cancer development in humans (Trends Genet 9(4):138-41 (1993)). An understanding of the molecular genetics of carcinogenesis, however, has not led to preventative or therapeutic measures. It can be expected that advances in molecular genetics will lead to better risk

2

assessment and early diagnosis but colorectal cancers will remain a deadly disease for a majority of patients due to the lack of an adjuvant therapy. Adjuvant or systemic treatments are likely to arise from a better understanding of the autocrine factors responsible for the continued proliferation of cancer cells.

Colorectal carcinoma is a malignant neoplastic disease. There is a high incidence of colorectal carcinoma in the Western world, particularly in the United States. Tumors of this type often metastasize through lymphatic and vascular channels. Many patients with colorectal carcinoma eventually die from this disease. In fact, it is estimated that 62,000 persons in the United States alone die of colorectal carcinoma annually.

At the present time the only systemic treatment available for colon cancer is chemotherapy. However, chemotherapy has not proven to be very effective for the treatment of colon cancers for several reasons, the most important of which is the fact that colon cancers express high levels of the MDR gene (that codes for multi-drug resistance gene products). The MDR gene products actively transport the toxic substances out of the cell before the chemotherapeutic agents can damage the DNA machinery of the cell. These toxic substances harm the normal cell populations more than they harm the colon cancer cells for the above reasons.

There is no effective systemic treatment for treating colon cancers other than surgically removing the cancers. In the case of several other cancers, including breast cancers, the knowledge of growth promoting factors (such as EGF, estradiol, IGF-11) that appear to be expressed or effect the growth of the cancer cells, has been translated for treatment purposes. But in the case of colon cancers this knowledge has not been applied and therefore the treatment outcome for colon cancers remains bleak.

Thus, the discovery of new human colon and colon cancer related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by them satisfies a need in the art by providing new compositions which are useful in the diagnosis, prevention and treatment of disorders of the colon, particularly tumors, especially of the intestine; inflammatory disorders; enterocolitis; miscellaneous intestinal inflammatory disorders; ulcerative disorders; and/or noncancerous tumors.

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Summary of the Invention

This invention relates to newly identified colon and colon cancer related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively known as "colon cancer antigens." This invention relates to colon and colon cancer related polypeptides as well as vectors, host cells, antibodies directed to colon cancer antigens and the recombinant methods for producing the same. Also provided are diagnostic methods for diagnosing and treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the colon, including colon cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of colon cancer antigens of the invention.

Detailed Description

Tables

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Table 1 summarizes some of the colon cancer antigens encompassed by the invention (including cDNA clones related to the sequences (Clone ID NO:Z), polynucleotide sequences (contig identifier (Contig ID:) or sequence identifier (Sequence ID:) and nucleotide sequence identifier (SEQ ID NO:X)) and further summarizes certain characteristics of the colon and colon cancer related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded thereby. The first column shows the "SEQ ID NO:X" for each of the 4277 colon and colon cancer related polynucleotide sequences of the invention. The second column provides a unique "Sequence/Contig ID" identification for each of the colon and colon cancer related polynucleotide and/or polypeptide sequences. The third column, "Gene Name," and the fourth column, "Overlap," provide a putative identification of the gene based on the sequence similarity of its translation product to an amino acid sequence found in a publicly accessible gene database and the database accession no. for the database sequence having similarity, respectively. The sixth and seventh columns provide the location (nucleotide position nos. within the sequence/contig), "Start" and "End", in the polynucleotide sequence "SEQ ID NO:X" that delineate the preferred ORF shown in the sequence listing as SEQ ID NO:Y (column five). The eighth and ninth columns provide the "%Id" (percent identity) and "%Si" (percent similarity), respectively, observed between the aligned sequence segments of the translation product of SEQ ID NO:X and the database sequence. The tenth column provides a

4

unique "Clone ID:Z" for a cDNA clone related to each contig sequence. The eleventh column provides the "Cloning vector" contained in the cDNA clone ID.

Table 2 summarizes ATCC Deposits, Deposit dates, and ATCC designation numbers of deposits made with the ATCC in connection with the present application.

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Table 3 summarizes the expression profile of polynucleotides corresponding to the clones disclosed in Table 1. The first column provides a unique clone identifier, "Clone ID", for a cDNA clone related to each contig sequence disclosed in Table 1. Column 2, "Library Codes" shows the expression profile of tissue and/or cell line libraries which express the polynucleotides of the invention. Each Library Code in column 2 represents a tissue/cell source identifier code corresponding to the Library Code and Library description provided in Table 5. Expression of these polynucleotides was not observed in the other tissues and/or cell libraries tested. One of skill in the art could routinely use this information to identify tissues which show a predominant expression pattern of the corresponding polynucleotide of the invention or to identify polynucleotides which show predominant and/or specific tissue expression.

Table 4, column 1, provides a nucleotide sequence identifier, "SEQ ID NO:X," that matches a nucleotide SEQ ID NO:X disclosed in Table 1, column 5. Table 4, column 2, provides the chromosomal location, "Cytologic Band or Chromosome," of polynucleotides corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X. Chromosomal location was determined by finding exact matches to EST and cDNA sequences contained in the NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information) UniGene database. Given a presumptive chromosomal location, disease locus association was determined by comparison with the Morbid Map, derived from Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIMTM. McKusick-Nathans Institute for Genetic Medicine, Johns Hopkins University (Baltimore, MD) and National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine (Bethesda, MD) 2000. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/). If the putative chromosomal location of the Query overlapped with the chromosomal location of a Morbid Map entry, the OMIM reference identification number of the morbid map entry is provided in Table 4, column 3, labelled "OMIM ID." A key to the OMIM reference identification numbers is provided in Table 6.

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Table 5 provides a key to the Library Code disclosed in Table 3. Column 1 provides the Library Code disclosed in Table 3, column 2. Column 2 provides a description of the tissue or cell source from which the corresponding library was derived.

Table 6 provides a key to the OMIM reference identification numbers disclosed in Table 4, column 3. OMIM reference identification numbers (Column 1) were derived from Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM. McKusick-Nathans Institute for Genetic Medicine, Johns Hopkins University (Baltimore, MD) and National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, (Bethesda, MD) 2000. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/). Column 2 provides diseases associated with the cytologic band disclosed in Table 4, column 2, as determined using the Morbid Map database.

Table 7 indicates public ESTs, of which at least one, two, three, four, five, ten, fifteen or more of any one or more of these public EST sequences are optionally excluded from certain embodiments of the invention.

Table 8 lists residues comprising antigenic epitopes of antigenic epitope-bearing fragments present in each of the preferred ORFs (SEQ ID NO:Y) encoded by the colon or colon cancer related polynucleotides described in Table 1 as predicted by the inventors using the algorithm of Jameson and Wolf, (1988) Comp. Appl. Biosci. 4:181-186. The Jameson-Wolf antigenic analysis was performed using the computer program PROTEAN (Version 3.11 for the Power MacIntosh, DNASTAR, Inc., 1228 South Park Street Madison, WI). Colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides shown in Table 1 may possess one or more antigenic epitopes comprising residues described in Table 8. It will be appreciated that depending on the analytical criteria used to predict antigenic determinants, the exact address of the determinant may vary slightly. The residues and locations shown described in Table 8 correspond to the amino acid sequences for each colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide sequence shown in the Sequence Listing.

Table 9 shows the cDNA libraries sequenced, and ATCC designation numbers and vector information relating to these cDNA libraries.

30 **Definitions**

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The following definitions are provided to facilitate understanding of certain terms used throughout this specification.

In the present invention, "isolated" refers to material removed from its original environment (e.g., the natural environment if it is naturally occurring), and thus is altered "by the hand of man" from its natural state. For example, an isolated polynucleotide could be part of a vector or a composition of matter, or could be contained within a cell, and still be "isolated" because that vector, composition of matter, or particular cell is not the original environment of the polynucleotide. The term "isolated" does not refer to genomic or cDNA libraries, whole cell total or mRNA preparations, genomic DNA preparations (including those separated by electrophoresis and transferred onto blots), sheared whole cell genomic DNA preparations or other compositions where the art demonstrates no distinguishing features of the polynucleotide/sequences of the present invention.

As used herein, a "polynucleotide" refers to a molecule having a nucleic acid sequence contained in SEQ ID NO:X or the cDNA clone deposited with the ATCC. For example, the polynucleotide can contain the nucleotide sequence of the full length cDNA sequence, including the 5' and 3' untranslated sequences, the coding region, as well as fragments, epitopes, domains, and variants of the nucleic acid sequence. Moreover, as used herein, a "polypeptide" refers to a molecule having the translated amino acid sequence generated from the polynucleotide as broadly defined.

In the present invention, "SEQ ID NO:X" was often generated by overlapping sequences contained in multiple clones (contig analysis). A representative clone containing all or most of the sequence for SEQ ID NO:X is deposited at Human Genome Sciences, Inc. (HGS) in a catalogued and archived library. As shown in Table 1, each clone is identified by a cDNA Clone ID (Identifier). Each Clone ID is unique to an individual clone and the Clone ID is all the information needed to retrieve a given clone from the HGS library. In addition to the individual cDNA clone deposits, the cDNA clones were deposited at the American Type Culture Collection (hereinafter "ATCC"). As mentioned below, Table 1 correlates the Clone ID names with SEQ ID NOs. Furthermore, it is possible to retrieve a given cDNA clone from the ATCC deposit by techniques known in the art and described elsewhere herein. The ATCC is located at 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, Virginia 20110-2209, USA. The ATCC deposits were made persuant to the terms of the Budapest Treaty on the international recognition of the deposit of microorganisms for the purposes of patent procedure.

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In specific embodiments, the polynucleotides of the invention are at least 15, at least 30, at least 50, at least 100, at least 125, at least 500, or at least 1000 continuous nucleotides but are less than or equal to 300 kb, 200 kb, 100 kb, 50 kb, 15 kb, 10 kb, 7.5kb, 5 kb, 2.5 kb, 2.0 kb, or 1 kb, in length. In a further embodiment, polynucleotides of the invention comprise a portion of the coding sequences, as disclosed herein, but do not comprise all or a portion of any intron. In another embodiment, the polynucleotides comprising coding sequences do not contain coding sequences of a genomic flanking gene (i.e., 5' or 3' to the gene of interest in the genome). In other embodiments, the polynucleotides of the invention do not contain the coding sequence of more than 1000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 20, 15, 10, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1 genomic flanking gene(s).

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A "polynucleotide" of the present invention also includes those polynucleotides capable of hybridizing, under stringent hybridization conditions, to sequences contained in SEQ ID NO:X, the complement thereof, or the cDNA clone within the pool of cDNA clones deposited with the ATCC. "Stringent hybridization conditions" refers to an overnight incubation at 42 degree C in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5x SSC (750 mM NaCl, 75 mM trisodium citrate), 50 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.6), 5x Denhardt's solution, 10% dextran sulfate, and 20 μg/ml denatured, sheared salmon sperm DNA, followed by washing the filters in 0.1x SSC at about 65 degree C.

Also contemplated are nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to the polynucleotides of the present invention at lower stringency hybridization conditions. Changes in the stringency of hybridization and signal detection are primarily accomplished through the manipulation of formamide concentration (lower percentages of formamide result in lowered stringency); salt conditions, or temperature. For example, lower stringency conditions include an overnight incubation at 37 degree C in a solution comprising 6X SSPE (20X SSPE = 3M NaCl; 0.2M NaH₂PO₄; 0.02M EDTA, pH 7.4), 0.5% SDS, 30% formamide, 100 ug/ml salmon sperm blocking DNA; followed by washes at 50 degree C with 1XSSPE, 0.1% SDS. In addition, to achieve even lower stringency, washes performed following stringent hybridization can be done at higher salt concentrations (e.g. 5X SSC).

Note that variations in the above conditions may be accomplished through the inclusion and/or substitution of alternate blocking reagents used to suppress background in hybridization experiments. Typical blocking reagents include Denhardt's reagent, BLOTTO, heparin, denatured salmon sperm DNA, and commercially available proprietary formulations.

8

The inclusion of specific blocking reagents may require modification of the hybridization conditions described above, due to problems with compatibility.

Of course, a polynucleotide which hybridizes only to polyA+ sequences (such as any 3' terminal polyA+ tract of a cDNA shown in the sequence listing), or to a complementary stretch of T (or U) residues, would not be included in the definition of "polynucleotide," since such a polynucleotide would hybridize to any nucleic acid molecule containing a poly (A) stretch or the complement thereof (e.g., practically any double-stranded cDNA clone generated using oligo dT as a primer).

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The polynucleotide of the present invention can be composed of any polyribonucleotide or polydeoxribonucleotide, which may be unmodified RNA or DNA or modified RNA or DNA. For example, polynucleotides can be composed of single- and double-stranded DNA, DNA that is a mixture of single- and double-stranded regions, single- and double-stranded RNA, and RNA that is mixture of single- and double-stranded regions, hybrid molecules comprising DNA and RNA that may be single-stranded or, more typically, double-stranded or a mixture of single- and double-stranded regions. In addition, the polynucleotide can be composed of triple-stranded regions comprising RNA or DNA or both RNA and DNA. A polynucleotide may also contain one or more modified bases or DNA or RNA backbones modified for stability or for other reasons. "Modified" bases include, for example, tritylated bases and unusual bases such as inosine. A variety of modifications can be made to DNA and RNA; thus, "polynucleotide" embraces chemically, enzymatically, or metabolically modified forms.

The polypeptide of the present invention can be composed of amino acids joined to each other by peptide bonds or modified peptide bonds, i.e., peptide isosteres, and may contain amino acids other than the 20 gene-encoded amino acids. The polypeptides may be modified by either natural processes, such as posttranslational processing, or by chemical modification techniques which are well known in the art. Such modifications are well described in basic texts and in more detailed monographs, as well as in a voluminous research literature. Modifications can occur anywhere in a polypeptide, including the peptide backbone, the amino acid side-chains and the amino or carboxyl termini. It will be appreciated that the same type of modification may be present in the same or varying degrees at several sites in a given polypeptide. Also, a given polypeptide may contain many types of modifications. Polypeptides may be branched, for example, as a result of ubiquitination, and

9

they may be cyclic, with or without branching. Cyclic, branched, and branched cyclic polypeptides may result from posttranslation natural processes or may be made by synthetic Modifications include acetylation, acylation, ADP-ribosylation, amidation, covalent attachment of flavin, covalent attachment of a heme moiety, covalent attachment of a nucleotide or nucleotide derivative, covalent attachment of a lipid or lipid derivative, covalent attachment of phosphotidylinositol, cross-linking, cyclization, disulfide bond formation, demethylation, formation of covalent cross-links, formation of cysteine, formation of pyroglutamate, formylation, gamma-carboxylation, glycosylation, GPI anchor formation, hydroxylation, iodination, methylation, myristoylation, oxidation, pegylation, proteolytic processing, phosphorylation, prenylation, racemization, selenoylation, sulfation, transfer-RNA mediated addition of amino acids to proteins such as arginylation, and ubiquitination. (See, for instance, PROTEINS - STRUCTURE AND MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, 2nd Ed., T. E. Creighton, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York (1993); POSTTRANSLATIONAL COVALENT MODIFICATION OF PROTEINS, B. C. Johnson, Ed., Academic Press, New York, pgs. 1-12 (1983); Seister et al., Meth Enzymol 182:626-646 (1990); Rattan et al., Ann NY Acad Sci 663:48-62 (1992).)

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"SEQ ID NO:X" refers to a polynucleotide sequence while "SEQ ID NO:Y" refers to a polypeptide sequence. SEQ ID NO:X is identified by an integer specified in column 1 of Table 1. A translated open reading frame (ORF) encoded by polynucleotide SEQ ID NO:X, SEQ ID NO:Y, is shown in column nine of Table 1. There are 4277 colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide sequences described in Table 1 and shown in the sequence listing. Likewise there are 4277 colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide sequences shown in the sequence listing, one polypeptide sequence for each of the polynucleotide sequences. The polynucleotide sequences are shown in the sequence listing immediately followed by all of the polypeptide sequences.

"A polypeptide having biological activity" refers to polypeptides exhibiting activity similar, but not necessarily identical to, an activity of a polypeptide of the present invention, including mature forms, as measured in a particular biological assay, with or without dose dependency. In the case where dose dependency does exist, it need not be identical to that of the polypeptide, but rather substantially similar to the dose-dependence in a given activity as compared to the polypeptide of the present invention (i.e., the candidate polypeptide will exhibit greater activity or not more than about 25-fold less and, preferably, not more than

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about tenfold less activity, and most preferably, not more than about three-fold less activity relative to the polypeptide of the present invention).

The polynucleotides of the invention may be arrayed onto a nitrocellulose filter and screened with labelled mRNA which has been isolated from particular normal or diseased tissues, as described in Example 3. Known polynucleotide sequences are included in the array as hybridization controls, either because of their demonstrated tissue specificity or because they represent known surface molecules which may after further study show a predominant tissue expression and be useful antibody targets.

10 Colon and/or Colon Cancer Related Polynucleotides and Polypeptides of the Invention

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It has been discovered herein that the polynucleotides described in Table 1 are expressed at significantly enhanced levels in human colon and colon cancer tissues. Accordingly, such polynucleotides, polypeptides encoded by such polynucleotides, and antibodies specific for such polypeptides find use in the prediction, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of disorders related to the colon, including, but not limited to colon cancer, as more fully described below.

Table 1 summarizes some of the polynucleotides encompassed by the invention (including polynucleotide sequences (SEQ ID NO:X) and the related cDNA clones (Clone ID:Z)) and further summarizes certain characteristics of these colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides, and the polypeptides encoded thereby.

Table 1

	<u> </u>	R	R	T	Γ	Г	R	Т	<u> </u>	Ę	R	R	PK.	4
Vector	pSport1	Uni-ZAP X	Uni-ZAP X	pSport1	pSport1	pSport1	Uni-ZAP XR	pSportl	Lambda ZAP II	pBluescript	Uni-ZAP XR	Uni-ZAP XR	Uni-ZAP XR	Lambda ZA II
Clone ID:Z	HTWEP07	HODBA26 Uni-ZAP XR	HPMEF95 Uni-ZAP XR	HCFCY21	HMKC008	HBAGS04	HALSQ75	HMVBD21	HKIMD67	HOOAE34	HHSDD62	HSLGZ32	HCENL15	HCQAI38 Lambda ZAP
% <u>i</u> 2	%			58					78					
% PI	96			43					78					
HGS Nucleotide Start End	326	251	443	513	412	181	342	522	187	152	420	1119	456	755
	m	75	٣	1	278	80	148	241	2	99	34	85	211	540
AA SEQ ID No:Y	4278	4279	4280	4281	4282	4283	4284	4285	4286	4287	4288	4289	4290	4291
Overlap	gb AAC15705. 1			pir B34087 B3 4087					dbjlBAA13399 .1					
Gene Name	(AF051311) Ras-GAP SH3 binding protein [Homo sapiens] >sp O60606 O60606 RAS-GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN. Length = 449			hypothetical protein (L1H 3" region) - human Length pirlB34087 B3 = 1280					Similar to Volbox carteri extensin (S22697) [Homo sapiens] >gb AAD33052.1 AF134303_1 (AF134303) Scarl [Homo sapiens] >sp Q92558 Y269_HUMAN HYPOTHETICAL PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN KIAA0269. >sp AAD33052 AAD33052 Scarl. Length = 559					
Sequence/ Contig ID	390631	410299	456200	456438	467315	471563	488131	490848	500696	504559	506406	506619	507852	509423
Seq ID No:X	-	2	ю	4	\$	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14

ī	ZAP	P XR	퍝	cript	E	-	=	=	=	F
pSport1	Lambda 11	Uni-ZAP XR	pSponl	pBluescript SK.	pSport	pSport	Sport	pSport1	pSport1	pSport1
100 100 HWLXR95	HCQCV96 Lambda ZAP	HEPAD45	HCRNP41	HCYBK83	HCRNDS9	HCRNE86	HWL0Z23	HCRMA15	HCRMJ42	HCRMK50
100	19	001	63		86					8
100	28	100	09		96	T				901
253	368	277	281	01	385	117	231	152	244	113
7	147	2	39	471	2	-	-	9	14	24
6584	6585	6586	6587	6588	6289	6590	6591	6592	6593	6594
gb AAA51807. 1	dbj BAA07295 .1	gb AAB51444. 1	dbj BAA35182 .1		gb AAA30384.					emb CAB6919 5.1
HWLXR95R ATPase coupling factor 6 subunit [Homo sapiens] >emb CAB53667.1 (AL110183) hypothetical protein [Homo sapiens] >emb CAB53667.1 (AL110183) hypothetical protein [Homo sapiens] >pir JT0563 JT0563 coupling factor 6 precursor, mitochondrial - human >sp P1885	ATPase subunit 6 [Homo sapiens] >dbj BAA07295.1 ATPase subunit 6 [Homo sapiens] Length = 226		(AB021288) beta 2-microglobulin [Homo sapiens] / Sgb[AAA87972.1] beta-2-microglobulin [Pan troglodytes] >gb[AAA88008.1] beta-2-microglobulin [Gorilla gorilla] >gb[AAD48083.1] (AF072097) beta-2 microglobulin [Homo sapiens] >pir[A90976]MGHUB2 beta-2-microglob		beta-adrenergic receptor kinase [Bos taurus] >pir A40088 A40088 beta-adrenergic-receptor kinase (EC 2.7.1.126) 1 - bovine >sp P21146 ARK1_BOVIN BETA-ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR KINASE 1 (EC 2.7.1.126) (BETA-ARK-1) (G- PROTEIN COUPLED RECEPTOR KINASE 2). Length =					unnamed protein product [unidentified] Length = 180 emb CAB6919
HWLXR95R			HCRNP41R	1 1	HCRND59R	HCRNE86R	HWLQZ23R	HCKMAISK		HCKWKNOK U
2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	C167	0167	/167

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The first column of Table 1 shows the "SEQ ID NO:X" for each of the 4277 polynucleotide sequences of the invention. The second column provides a unique "Sequence/Contig ID" for each sequence.

The third column in Table 1, "Gene Name", provides a putative identification of the gene based on the sequence similarity of its translation product to an amino acid sequence found in a publicly accessible gene database, such as GenBank (NCBI). Methods for determining such sequence similarity are described in Example 1, below. The great majority of the cDNA sequences reported in Table 1 are unrelated to any sequences previously described in the literature. The fourth column in Table 1, "Overlap," provides the database accession no. for the database sequence having similarity.

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The preferred translated amino acid sequence, is identified in column five as "AA SEQ ID NO:Y," although other reading frames can also be easily translated using known molecular biology techniques. The polypeptides produced by these alternative open reading frames are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Polynucleotides encoding an amino acid sequence comprising these regions are also embodied, as are polynucleotides which hybridize to polynucleotides encoding these regions.

The sixth and seventh columns in Table 1 provide the location (nucleotide position nos.), "Start" and "End," in the polynucleotide sequence "SEQ ID NO:X" that aligns with homologous database sequence. In one embodiment, the invention provides a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by the portion of SEQ ID NO:X delineated by "Start" and "End". Also provided are polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides.

The eighth and ninth columns provide the "%Id" (percent identity) and "% Si" (percent similarity) observed between the aligned sequence segments of the translation product of SEQ ID NO:X and the database sequence. The eleventh and twelfth columns shown in Table 1 provide a unique Clone identifier (Clone ID:Z) and the Cloning vector contained in the cDNA Clone ID, respectively. At least a portion of SEQ ID NO:X was determined by directly sequencing the referenced clone. The reference clone may have more sequence than described in the sequence listing or the clone may have less. In the vast majority of cases, however, the clone is believed to

encode a full-length polypeptide. In the case where a clone is not full-length, a full-length cDNA can be obtained by methods described elsewhere herein.

SEQ ID NO:X and the translated SEQ ID NO:Y are sufficiently accurate and otherwise suitable for a variety of uses well known in the art and described further below. For instance, SEQ ID NO:X is useful for designing nucleic acid hybridization probes that will detect nucleic acid sequences contained in SEQ ID NO:X or the cDNA contained in the deposited clone. These probes will also hybridize to nucleic acid molecules in biological samples, thereby enabling immediate applications in chromosome mapping, linkage analysis, tissue identification and/or typing, and a variety of forensic and diagnostic methods of the invention. Similarly, polypeptides identified from SEQ ID NO:Y may be used to generate antibodies which bind specifically to the colon and/or colon cancer related antigen polypeptides encoded by the cDNA clones identified in Table 1.

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Nevertheless, DNA sequences generated by sequencing reactions can contain sequencing errors. The errors exist as misidentified nucleotides, or as insertions or deletions of nucleotides in the generated DNA sequence. The erroneously inserted or deleted nucleotides cause frame shifts in the reading frames of the predicted amino acid sequence. In these cases, the predicted amino acid sequence diverges from the actual amino acid sequence, even though the generated DNA sequence may be greater than 99.9% identical to the actual DNA sequence (for example, one base insertion or deletion in an open reading frame of over 1000 bases).

Accordingly, for those applications requiring precision in the nucleotide sequence or the amino acid sequence, the present invention provides not only the generated nucleotide sequence identified as SEQ ID NO:X and the predicted translated amino acid sequence identified as SEQ ID NO:Y, but also a sample of plasmid DNA containing a human cDNA of the invention deposited with the ATCC, as set forth in Table 1. The nucleotide sequence of each deposited clone can readily be determined by sequencing the deposited clone in accordance with known methods. The predicted amino acid sequence can then be verified from such deposits. Moreover, the amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by a particular clone can also be directly determined by peptide sequencing or by expressing the protein in a

suitable host cell containing the deposited human cDNA, collecting the protein, and determining its sequence.

The present invention also relates to vectors or plasmids which include such DNA sequences, as well as the use of the DNA sequences. Table 2 shows the material deposited with the ATCC, the Deposit Date and the ATCC Designation Number.

Table 2

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ATCC Deposits	Deposit Date	ATCC Designation Number
LP01, LP02, LP03, LP04,	May-20-97	209059, 209060, 209061, 209062, 209063,
LP05, LP06, LP07, LP08,	ſ	209064, 209065, 209066, 209067, 209068,
LP09, LP10, LP11,		209069
LP12	Jan-12-98	209579
LP13	Jan-12-98	209578
LP14	Jul-16-98	203067
LP15	Jul-16-98	203068
LP16	Feb-1-99	203609
LP17	Feb-1-99	203610
LP20	Nov-17-98	203485
LP21	Jun-18-99	PTA-252
LP22	Jun-18-99	PTA-253
PA-005 Phage,	Oct-28-99	PTA-881
PA-005 DNA		PTA-882

each is a mixture of cDNA clones derived from a variety of human tissue and cloned in either a plasmid vector or a phage vector, as shown in Table 9. These deposits are referred to as "the deposits" herein. The tissues from which the clones were derived are listed in Table 9, and the vector in which the cDNA is contained is also indicated in Table 9 as well as Table 1. The deposited material includes the cDNA clones which were partially sequenced and listed in Table 1. Thus, the DNA sequence of Table 1 is only a portion of the sequence included in the clone from which the sequence was derived. Thus, a clone which is isolatable from the ATCC Deposits by

use of a sequence listed in Table 1 may include the entire coding region of a human gene or in other cases such clone may include a substantial portion of the coding region of a human gene. Although the sequence listing lists only a portion of the DNA sequence in a clone included in the ATCC Deposits, it is well within the ability of one skilled in the art to complete the sequence of the DNA included in a clone isolatable from the ATCC Deposits by use of a sequence (or portion thereof) listed in Table 1 by procedures hereinafter further described, and others apparent to those skilled in the art.

The present invention also relates to the genes corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X, SEQ ID NO:Y, or the deposited clone. The corresponding gene can be isolated in accordance with known methods using the sequence information disclosed herein. Such methods include preparing probes or primers from the disclosed sequence and identifying or amplifying the corresponding gene from appropriate sources of genomic material.

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Also provided in the present invention are allelic variants, orthologs, and/or species homologs. Procedures known in the art can be used to obtain full-length genes, allelic variants, splice variants, full-length coding portions, orthologs, and/or species homologs of genes corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X, SEQ ID NO:Y, or the deposited clone, using information from the sequences disclosed herein or the libraries deposited with the ATCC. For example, allelic variants and/or species homologs may be isolated and identified by making suitable probes or primers from the sequences provided herein and screening a suitable nucleic acid source for allelic variants and/or the desired homologue.

Table 3 summarizes the expression profile of polynucleotides corresponding to the clones disclosed in Table 1. The first column provides a unique clone identifier, "Clone ID:Z", for a cDNA clone related to each contig sequence disclosed in Table 1. Column 2, "Library Codes" shows the expression profile of tissue and/or cell line libraries which express the polynucleotides of the invention. Each Library Code in column 2 represents a tissue/cell source identifier code corresponding to the Library Code and Library description provided in Table 5. Expression of these polynucleotides was not observed in the other tissues and/or cell libraries tested. One of skill in the art could routinely use this information to identify tissues which show a

predominant expression pattern of the corresponding polynucleotide of the invention or to identify polynucleotides which show predominant and/or specific tissue expression.

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Table 4, column 1, provides a nucleotide sequence identifier, "SEQ ID NO:X," that matches a nucleotide SEQ ID NO:X disclosed in Table 1, column 5. Table 4, column 2, provides the chromosomal location, "Cytologic Band or Chromosome," of polynucleotides corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X. Chromosomal location was determined by finding exact matches to EST and cDNA sequences contained in the NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information) UniGene database. Given a presumptive chromosomal location, disease locus association was determined by comparison with the Morbid Map, derived from Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIMTM. McKusick-Nathans Institute for Genetic Medicine, Johns Hopkins University (Baltimore, MD) and National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine (Bethesda, MD) 2000. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/). If the putative chromosomal location of the Query overlapped with the chromosomal location of a Morbid Map entry, the OMIM reference identification number of the morbid map entry is provided in Table 4, column 3, labelled "OMIM ID." A key to the OMIM reference identification numbers is provided in Table 6.

Table 5 provides a key to the Library Code disclosed in Table 3. Column 1 provides the Library Code disclosed in Table 3, column 2. Column 2 provides a description of the tissue or cell source from which the corresponding library was derived.

Table 6 provides a key to the OMIM reference identification numbers

disclosed in Table 4, column 3. OMIM reference identification numbers (Column 1)

were derived from Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (Online Mendelian

Inheritance in Man, OMIM. McKusick-Nathans Institute for Genetic Medicine, Johns

Hopkins University (Baltimore, MD) and National Center for Biotechnology

Information, National Library of Medicine, (Bethesda, MD) 2000. World Wide Web

URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/). Column 2 provides diseases associated

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with the cytologic band disclosed in Table 4, column 2, as determined using the Morbid Map database.

Table 3.

WO 01/22920

Clone ID	Library Codes
NO: Z	
HCENL15	H0052 H0083 H0263 H0620 L0740 L0759 L0777
HSKII86	H0031 H0056 H0090 H0159 H0250 H0264 H0268 H0341 H0422 H0423 H0518
	H0521 H0528 H0575 S0032 S0046 S0132 S0134 S0280 S3014 T0041 T0042
HNHDV16	S0053
HE8BQ01	H0013 H0090 H0263 L0438 L0439 L0521 L0655 L0686 L0731 L0748
	L0750 L0752 L0755 L0766 L0769 L0776 S0148 S0360
НВМСТ70	H0040 H0090 H0421 L0740 L0766
HNTBM67	H0013 H0031 H0032 H0040 H0046 H0052 H0123 H0163 H0170 H0171 H0178
ļ	H0201 H0266 H0355 H0369 H0373 H0381 H0390 H0411 H0427 H0428 H0435
ŀ	H0438 H0486 H0519 H0520 H0539 H0550 H0551 H0555 H0562 H0590 H0602
	H0615 H0623 H0624 H0648 H0659 H0660 H0662 H0667 H0670 H0672 H0682
1	H0685 H0686 L0005 L0366 L0370 L0372 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0483 L0518
	L0520 L0521 L0526 L0527 L0564 L0565 L0595 L0596 L0598 L0602 L0637
	L0641 L0646 L0650 L0659 L0662 L0663 L0664 L0665 L0666 L0731 L0740
	L0751 L0753 L0754 L0755 L0756 L0758 L0759 L0768 L0769 L0771 L0773 L0774 L0776 L0777 L0779 L0783 L0806 S0003 S0026 S0028 S0031 S0036
	S0045 S0046 S0049 S0051 S0194 S0196 S0212 S0222 S0242 S0260 S0280
	\$0045 \$0046 \$0049 \$0051 \$0194 \$0196 \$0212 \$0222 \$0242 \$0260 \$0260 \$0328 \$0330 \$0354 \$0356 \$0360 \$0370 \$0374 \$0376 \$0380 \$0388 \$0418
	S0450 S6028 T0006 T0040 T0110
HDPKC15	H0521 S0134 S0300 S0360
HE2OC31	H0170 H0412 H0641 L0759 L0766 L0770 L0775 L0779 S0360
HLWAY38	H0522 H0543 H0553 H0581 L0731 L0740 L0755 L0766 L0771 L0774 L0777
IILWA136	L0792 L0800 L0803
HBMXT67	H0012 H0052 H0135 H0144 H0171 H0351 H0369 H0457 H0543 H0620
IID.	H0644 H0653 H0658 H0663 L0167 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0526 L0541 L0591
	L0599 L0638 L0646 L0666 L0743 L0747 L0748 L0750 L0754 L0756 L0758
	L0761 L0763 L0764 L0765 L0766 L0770 L0774 L0777 L0779 L0803 L0809
	S0006 S0007 S0010 S0116 S0134 S0360
HCRND41	H0156 H0545 H0587 H0672 L0055 L0663 L0743 L0747 L0752 L0756 L0759
	L0768 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0783 L0784 S0050 S0278 S0356 S0360
	T0041
HWLQA43	
HWLQI33	H0013 H0135 H0163 H0271 H0423 H0549 H0648 L0731 L0740 L0751 L0759
	L0761 L0764 L0766 L0769 L0770 L0776 L0777 L0779 L0783 L0789 L0796
	L0805 L0806 L0809 S0114 S0126 S0190 S0360 S6024
HSXDD55	L0438 L0439 L0608 L0758 S0036 S0356
HDQPP57	H0522 L0748
HCPAC07	H0340 H0590 H0596 H0641 L0520 L0639 L0745 L0809
HCRNF04	H0171 H0620 H0624 L0592 L0751 L0769 L0774 L0777 S0222 S0356
HMWHN4	H0144 H0341 L0471 L0752 L0766 L0779 S0126 T0110
3	
HTTEL19	H0009 H0031 H0038 H0040 H0041 H0046 H0052 H0059 H0122 H0124 H0144
	H0156 H0250 H0253 H0254 H0255 H0264 H0268 H0392 H0411 H0436
	H0445 H0478 H0506 H0521 H0543 H0547 H0556 H0563 H0575 H0594
1	H0596 H0616 H0620 H0622 H0627 H0650 H0651 H0652 H0657 H0666 L0055
	L0351 L0372 L0382 L0438 L0439 L0456 L0471 L0526 L0543 L0593 L0599
1	L0638 L0646 L0653 L0655 L0659 L0662 L0664 L0665 L0666 L0731 L0740
	L0743 L0744 L0747 L0748 L0751 L0754 L0755 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0766 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0775 L0776 L0788 L0794 L0803 L0805 S0026 S0027
	S0038 S0049 S0126 S0132 S0134 S0212 S0222 S0250 S0276 S0278 S0280
	S0360 S0376 S0380 S0422 S0424 S0436 S0468 S6028 T0002 T0006 T0042
L	20200 20200 20200 20422 20424 20420 20400 20020 10002 10002 10042

	T00/C7 T0110
III (CCCCC	T0067 T0110
HMCFS02	H0170 H0255 H0294 H0423 H0478 H0529 H0539 H0583 H0618 H0656
ł	H0665 H0688 H0702 L0055 L0438 L0483 L0599 L0629 L0636 L0643 L0645
	L0653 L0659 L0665 L0666 L0731 L0749 L0750 L0751 L0754 L0755 L0757
	L0758 L0761 L0764 L0766 L0776 L0779 L0788 L0789 L0790 L0791 L0794
HDTBY31	L0803 L0804 L0805 L0806 L0809 S0282 S0330 S0344 S0420 S0428
ונצפועה	H0004 H0014 H0015 H0032 H0039 H0040 H0052 H0156 H0251 H0266
}	H0268 H0318 H0328 H0356 H0361 H0369 H0373 H0375 H0413 H0427
İ	H0428 H0445 H0486 H0488 H0506 H0519 H0520 H0546 H0551 H0553
ŀ	H0555 H0575 H0586 H0587 H0590 H0591 H0594 H0597 H0598 H0601
1	H0615 H0622 H0623 H0624 H0631 H0642 H0643 H0644 H0651 H0662 H0665 H0667 L0163 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0517 L0519 L0527 L0565 L0581
j	L0598 L0638 L0654 L0659 L0731 L0740 L0745 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0751
	L0754 L0757 L0758 L0769 L0773 L0776 L0777 L0779 L0804 S0003 S0004
	S0013 S0027 S0028 S0031 S0037 S0040 S0045 S0046 S0126 S0146 S0174
	S0192 S0196 S0208 S0210 S0212 S0214 S0250 S0342 S0356 S0360 S0376 S0390
ļ	S0402 S0418 S0438 S3014 T0067
HTXFI40	H0265 H0444 H0595 L0779 S0376
HADFW62	H0052 H0156 H0333 H0427 H0478 H0521 H0556 H0617 H0646 H0670 L0384
	L0439 L0543 L0591 L0646 L0657 L0745 L0747 L0749 L0756 L0757 L0764 L0769
	L0776 S0116 S0210
HARMP12	H0592
HDPCN86	H0309 H0521 S0028 S0356
HFIAX76	H0057 H0529 L0055 L0483 L0750 L0756 L0758 L0759 L0766 L0773 L0776 L0779
	S0192 S0300 S0360 S0378 S0422 S0452
HAFBC92	H0445 L0740 L0751 T0049
HFIZG43	H0208 H0251 H0445 H0486 H0615 L0439 L0740 L0750 S0214 S0242 T0041
HMEBY61	H0267 T0049
HTJNI76	H0263 H0435 H0486 H0488 H0520 H0579 H0662 H0687 L0438 L0527 L0645 L0656
	L0751 L0753 L0766 L0771 L0779 L0783 L0809 S0192 S0300 S0376
HWLFM26	H0085 H0232 H0234 H0597 L0372 L0645 L0789 S0354 S0358 S0374 S0378 S0380
	S0408 S0442
HAQBZ89	H0295 S0218
HWLEH32	S0354
HWLEL81	S0010 S0354 S0356 S0358 S0374 S0432 S0442
HTLHR67	H0013 H0037 H0052 H0187 H0251 H0416 H0509 H0518 H0538 H0543 H0549
	H0551 H0617 H0618 L0362 L0643 L0666 L0717 L0720 L0731 L0748 L0752 L0754
	L0755 L0774 L0775 L0777 L0779 L0789 L0804 S0003 S0010 S0049 S0116 S0280
	S0356 S0360 T0067
HTSGO78	H0039 H0040 H0087 H0131 H0194 H0592 S0001
HCBBA51	H0009 H0013 H0023 H0031 H0039 H0040 H0042 H0044 H0046 H0052 H0087
	H0100 H0125 H0134 H0136 H0144 H0150 H0163 H0170 H0171 H0173 H0177
	H0201 H0204 H0231 H0238 H0255 H0294 H0306 H0309 H0341 H0373 H0393
	H0408 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0421 H0422 H0423 H0428 H0441 H0445 H0486
	H0494 H0546 H0576 H0581 H0586 H0595 H0596 H0597 H0598 H0599 H0606
	H0609 H0616 H0617 H0622 H0633 H0634 H0635 H0646 H0648 H0651 H0653
	H0657 H0658 H0659 H0661 H0663 H0664 H0669 H0670 H0672 H0674 H0682
	H0685 H0686 H0690 L0005 L0163 L0373 L0375 L0394 L0500 L0519 L0520 L0521
[L0522 L0526 L0542 L0588 L0598 L0622 L0623 L0637 L0653 L0731 L0747 L0750
	L0751 L0755 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0761 L0762 L0763 L0764 L0767 L0768 L0769 L0772 L0773 L0774 L0775 L0782 L0783 L0789 L0803 L0808 L0809 S0003 S0007
ł	S0011 S0026 S0027 S0031 S0032 S0045 S0046 S0048 S0051 S0053 S0116 S0126
	S0132 S0134 S0142 S0144 S0152 S0188 S0194 S0222 S0260 S0278 S0280 S0282
	S0328 S0330 S0344 S0358 S0360 S0366 S0374 S0376 S0378 S0380 S0388 S0394
	S0422 S0428 S6022 S6024 T0002 T0006 T0023 T0039 T0041 T0048 T0049 T0069
j	T0109

H0547 H0551 H0657 L0483 S0026 S0027 S0028 S0045 S0046 S0152 S0206 S0342 S0346 T0103 HLYGG06 H0181 H0444 H0445 H0596 H0657 H0670 L0373 L0439 L0499 L0500 L0502 L0504 L0505 L0506 L0507 L0508 L0509 L0511 L0540 L0659 L0663 L0740 L0748 L0750 L0752 L0754 L0758 L0763 L0764 L0768 L0769 L0777 L0779 L0783 HAPOA59 H0013 H0038 H0040 H0050 H0056 H0057 H0059 H0144 H0169 H0264 H0266 H0318 H0341 H0428 H0509 H0519 H0529 H0539 H0544 H0556 H0560 H0572 H0574 H0575 H0591 H0615 H0616 H0619 H0646 H0648 H0649 H0663 L0096 L0375 L0378 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0592 L0593 L0595 L0601 L0637 L0655 L0659 L0664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L07753 L0754 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0780 L0783 L0789 L0794 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0549 H0550 H0551 H0586 H0593 H0599 H0615 H0672 L0005 L0163 L0366 L0471 L0542 L0591 L0599 L0659 L0731 L0748 L0750 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0206 S0212 S0276 S0328 S0358 S0356 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0354 S0358 T0039 HJPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 H0604 H0524 H0525 H0087 H0125 H0135 H0144 H0253 H0318 H0333 H0380 H0445 H0494 H0542 H0556 H0617 H0624 H0657 H0661 L0471 L0520 L0526 L0622 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0771 L0731 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 H0581 H0599 H0657 H0659 H0599 H0657 H0659 H0059 H0591 H0599 H0657 H0666 L0761 H0591 H0591 H0591 H0598 H0593 H0667 H0666 L0771 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0785 H0591 H0591 H0598 H0599 H0657 H0666 H0571 H0538 H0592 H0599 H0599 H0667 H0599 H0657 H0666 L0731 L0747 L0740 L0741 L		
HLYGG06	HNTCW73	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
HLYGG06 H0181 H0444 H0445 H0596 H0657 H0670 L0373 L0439 L0499 L0500 L0502 L0504 L0505 L0506 L0505 L0506 L0505 L0506 L0505 L0506 L0505 L0506 L0505 H0505 H0505 H0505 H0507 H0505 H0505 H0507 H0505 H0505 H0507 H0505 H0505 H0505 H0505 H0507 H0505 H0605 L0506 L0505 L0506 L0606 L0505 L0505 L0506 L0606 L0506 L050	ľ	H0547 H0551 H0657 L0483 S0026 S0027 S0028 S0045 S0046 S0152 S0206 S0342
L0505 L0506 L0507 L0508 L0509 L0511 L0540 L0659 L0663 L0740 L0778 H0750 L0752 L0755 L0755 L0755 L0765 L0765 L0765 L0767 L0777 L0779 L0783 H0404 H0030 H0030 H0030 H0030 H0030 H0030 H0040 H0050 H0057 H0059 H0144 H0169 H0264 H0266 H0318 H0341 H0428 H0509 H0051 H0051 H0059 H0144 H0169 H0264 H0056 H00572 H0531 H00575 H0591 H00615 H00619 H00619 H0064 H0068 H0069 L0096 L0375 L0378 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0592 L0593 L0596 L06601 L0666 L0761 L0567 L0565 L0565 0L0666 L0666 L0761 L0764 L0764 L0764 L0764 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0775 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0775 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0778 L0778 L0778 L0778 L0779 L0776 L0779 L0776 L0779 L0776 L0779 L0779 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0779 L0779 L0779 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0779 L0778 L0779 L0778 L0779		
L0752 L0754 L0758 L0763 L0764 L0768 L0769 L0777 L0778 L0783 H0013 H0038 H0040 H0050 H0050 H0057 H0059 H0144 H0169 H0264 H0266 H0318 H0341 H0428 H0509 H0519 H0529 H0359 H0544 H0556 H0560 H0572 H0574 H0575 H0591 H0615 H0616 H0616 H0619 H0646 H0648 H0649 H0663 L0096 L0375 L0378 L0438 L0439 L0479 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0596 L0601 L0637 L0655 L0569 L0664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L0753 L0754 L0756 L0757 L0778 L0779 L0774 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0778 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0778 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0778 L0779 L0780 L0783 L0789 L0784 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S0616 S0624 S0628 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18	HLYGG06	H0181 H0444 H0445 H0596 H0657 H0670 L0373 L0439 L0499 L0500 L0502 L0504
HAPOA59]	L0505 L0506 L0507 L0508 L0509 L0511 L0540 L0659 L0663 L0740 L0748 L0750
H0318 H0341 H0428 H0509 H0519 H0529 H0539 H0544 H0556 H0560 H0572 H0574 H0575 H0591 H0615 H0616 H0619 H0646 H0648 H0649 H0663 L0096 L0375 L0378 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0590 L0591 L0593 L0595 L0501 L0563 L0555 L0569 L05664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L0753 L0754 L0755 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0789 L0783 L0789 L0784 L0783 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S0016 S6024 S0628 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0545 H0559 H0551 H0586 H0593 H0599 H0615 L00756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0266 S0212 S0276 S0328 S0356 S0360 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0354 S0358 T0039 H77AU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 L0783 L0789 H0783 H0789 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 H0783 L0789 H0784 H0549 H0542 H0556 H0657 H0659 H0659 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 H0784 L0750 L0756 L0754 L0766 L0777 L0788 H0789 H0784 H0549 H0549 H0559 H0657 H0659 H0659 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 H0784 L0750 L0754 L0766 L0777 H0789 L0764 H0549 H0542 H0555 H0650 H0580 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 H0789 L0764 L0766 L0767 L0768 L0762 L0623 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0788 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0767 L0768 L0623 L0763 L0623 L0623 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0788 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0767 L0768 L0767 L0788 L0799 H0551 H0529 H0542 H0543 H0574 H0775 H0581 H0599 H0657 H0659 H0659 H0657 H0659 H0657 H0659 H06670 H0677 H0684 H0698 H0698 H0698 H0698 H0698 H0698 H0698 H	17170	L0752 L0754 L0758 L0763 L0764 L0768 L0769 L0777 L0779 L0783
H0574 H0575 H0591 H0615 H0616 H0619 H0646 H0648 H0649 H0663 L0096	HAPOAS9	H0013 H0038 H0040 H0050 H0056 H0057 H0059 H0144 H0169 H0264 H0266
L0375 L0378 L038 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0592 L0593 L0595 L0590 L05061 L0601 L0607 L0657 L0550 L0595 L0664 L0766 L0761 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L0753 L0754 L0756 L0757 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0780 L0783 L0789 L0794 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0125 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 T0110 T0110 T01110 T011110 T01110 T0111		H0318 H0341 H0428 H0509 H0519 H0529 H0539 H0544 H0556 H0560 H0572
L0601 L0637 L0655 L0659 L0664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L0753 L0754 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0774 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0780 L0783 L0788 L0794 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0545 H0550 H0551 H0586 H0593 H0599 H0615 H0672 L0005 L0163 L0366 L0471 L0542 L0591 L0595 L0595 L0731 L0748 L0750 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0206 S0212 S0276 S0328 S0356 S0360 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0334 S0338 T0039 HIPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 HIPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 HIPAU37 H0093 H0052 H0087 H0125 H0135 H0144 H0223 H0318 H0333 H0380 H0445 H0494 H0542 H0556 H0617 H0624 H0657 H0661 L0471 L0520 L0526 L0622 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0769 L0774 L0779 L0806 L0809 S0144 S0210 S0222 S0344 S0360 S0402 S3012 S6022 T0008 T0049 T0082 T0115 HHEDO80 H0014 H0015 H0156 H0263 H0318 H0411 H0412 H0436 H0445 H0455 H0497 H0521 H0529 H0542 H0543 H0574 H0575 H0581 H0596 H0599 H0657 H0659 L0005 L0021 L0455 L0517 L0589 L0590 L0591 L0639 L0664 L0731 L0740 L0774 L0778 L07759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0775 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0342 S0360 S0374 S0378 S0604 HFIHX78 H0031 H0036 H0059 H0596 H0598 H0635 H0661 H0662 L0665 L0373 L0349 L0666 L0731 L0748 L0752 L0775 L0776 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0774 L0780 H0591 H0505 H0059 H0599 H0651 H0625 H06670 L0352 L0369 L0381 L0349 L03666 L0731 L0744 L0775 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0778 L0774 L0779 L0780 H0591 H0596 H0598 H0659 H0699 H0652 H06670 H0352 H0569 H0599 H0619 H0665 H0664 H0665 H0665 H0679 L0771 L0771 L0773 L0774 L0780 S0003 S0031 S0038 S0045 S0106 S0126 S0134 S0222 S0242 S0250 S0314 S0356 H0379 H0412 H0427 H0428 H0459 H0509 H0521		H0574 H0575 H0591 H0615 H0616 H0619 H0646 H0648 H0649 H0663 L0096
L0753 L0756 L0756 L0756 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0768 L0769 L0770 L0771 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0776 L0778 L0778 L0778 L0778 L0778 L0775 L0776 L0775 L0776 L0779 L0780 L0783 L0789 L0794 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809 S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0336 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0545 H0550 H0551 H0586 H0593 H0599 H0615 H0672 L0005 L0163 L0366 L0471 L0542 L0591 L0599 L0659 L0731 L0748 L0750 L0756 L0757 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0206 S0212 S0276 S0328 S0356 S0360 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0334 S0358 T0039 HIPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 HHGCU20 H0039 H0052 H0087 H0125 H0135 H0144 H0253 H0318 H0333 H0380 H0445 H0494 H0542 H0556 H0617 H0624 H0657 H0661 L0471 L0520 L0526 L0622 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0769 L0774 L0779 L0806 L0809 S0144 S0210 S0222 S0344 S0360 S0420 S3012 S6022 T0008 T0049 T0082 T0115 HHEDO80 H0014 H0015 H0156 H0263 H0318 H0411 H0412 H0436 H0445 H0455 H0459 H0552 H0592 H0594 H0575 H0589 H0597 H0575 L0756 L0771 L0778 L0779 L0806 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0312 S0360 S0374 S0378 S6024 HFIHX78 H0031 H0036 H0059 H0596 H0598 H0635 H0661 L0691 L0771 L0780 L0779 L0780 L0779 L0780 L0779 L0780 L0779 L0780 L0771 L0778 L0775 L0775 L0775 L0775 L0775 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0779 L0780 L0794 L0769 L0731 L0744 L0752 L0775 L0778 L0783 S0194 S0358 S0360 F0033 L0498 H0408 H0486 H0556 H0595 H0599 H0619 H0652 H0667 L0662 L0665 L0373 L0499 L0666 L0699 L0731 L0744 L0747 L0738 L0748 L0752 L0775 L0778 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0771 L0773 L0774 L0809 S0003 S0031 S0038 S0045 S0166 S0126 S0134 S0222 S0242 S0250 S0314 S0354 S0356 S0360 S0376 T0010 T0041 HFIHN81 H0101 H0060 H0060 H0051 H0052 H0059 H0099 H0098 H0144 H0170 H0264 H0547 H0562 H0579 H0599 H0668 L0669 L0771 L0773 L0774 L0780 L0779 H0783 S0009 S0006 S0126 S0134 S0222 S0242 S0260 S0318 S0336 S03		L0375 L0378 L0438 L0439 L0471 L0520 L0558 L0588 L0589 L0592 L0593 L0595
LO774 LO775 LO776 LO779 LO780 LO783 LO789 LO798 LO303 LO804 LO805 LO809 S0014 S003 6 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110 HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0545 H0550 H0551 H0596 H0569 L0731 L0748 L0750 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0206 S0212 S0276 S0328 S0356 S0360 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0334 S0358 T0039 HJPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 HHGCU20 H0039 H0052 H0087 H0125 H0135 H0144 H0253 H0318 H0333 H0380 H0445 H0494 H0542 H0556 H0617 H0624 H0657 H0661 L0471 L0520 L0526 L0622 L0623 L0731 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0769 L0774 L0779 L0806 L0809 S0144 S0210 S0222 S0344 S0360 S0420 S0312 S6022 T0008 T0049 T0082 T0115 HHEDO80 H0014 H0015 H0156 H0263 H0318 H0411 H0412 H0436 H0445 H0497 H0521 H0529 H0542 H0545 H0547 H0575 H0581 H0596 H0599 H0657 H0669 L0704 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0747 L0772 L0755 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0342 S0360 S0374 S0378 S6024 HFIHX78 H0031 H0036 H0051 H0250 H0251 H0263 H0393 H0427 H0436 H0486 H0520 H0573 H0598 H0599 H0598 H0659 H0598 H0655 H0599 H0666 L0731 L0748 L0742 L0755 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0342 S0360 S0374 S0378 S0378 S0360 F0023 T0067 HTXOJ32 H0013 H0036 H0051 H0250 H0251 H0263 H0393 H0427 H0436 H0486 H0550 H0599 H0598 H0598 H0635 H0661 H0662 L0065 L0331 L0741 L0747 L0782 L0759 L0759 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0342 S0360 S0374 S0378 S0360 F0023 T0067 HTXOJ32 H048 L0752 L0750 H0251 H0263 H0393 H0427 H0436 H0486 H0550 H0599		L0601 L0637 L0655 L0659 L0664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752
S0014 S0036 S0040 S0132 S0144 S0152 S0250 S0328 S0356 S0392 S0418 S0420 S0422 S6016 S6024 S6028 T0041 T0067 T0109 T0110		LU753 LU754 LU756 LU757 LU758 LU759 LU764 LU766 LU768 LU769 LU770 LU771
HKLRB18 H0002 H0013 H0014 H0036 H0036 H0046 H0050 H0144 H0163 H0234 H0251 H0266 H0411 H0412 H0413 H0427 H0545 H0550 H0551 H0586 H0593 H0599 H0615 H0672 L0005 L0163 L0366 L0471 L0542 L0591 L0599 L0659 L0731 L0748 L0750 L0756 L0757 L0758 L0759 L0777 L0783 L0803 S0026 S0027 S0045 S0152 S0192 S0206 S0212 S0276 S0328 S03365 S0360 S0418 S3014 T0040 HKAJZ24 H0263 H0494 S0354 S0358 T0039 HJPAU37 H0083 H0097 H0253 H0494 H0556 H0560 H0580 H0593 H0657 L0754 L0766 L0777 S0356 HHGCU20 H0039 H0052 H0087 H0125 H0135 H0144 H0253 H0318 H0333 H0380 H0445 H0494 H0542 H0556 H0617 H0624 H0657 H0661 L0471 L0520 L0526 L0622 L0623 L0731 L0741 L0748 L0749 L0758 L0759 L0764 L0766 L0774 L0779 L0806 L0809 S0144 S0210 S0222 S0344 S0360 S0420 S3012 S6022 T0008 T0049 T0082 T0115 HHEDO80 H0014 H0015 H0156 H0263 H0318 H0411 H0412 H0436 H0445 H0455 H0497 H0521 H0529 H0542 H0543 H0574 H0575 H0581 H0596 H0599 H0657 H0669 L0001 L0021 L0455 L0517 L0589 L0596 L0769 L0773 L0776 L0771 L0740 L0741 L0747 L0745 L0755 L0759 L0766 L0769 L0773 L0775 L0776 L0777 L0780 L0794 L0809 S0003 S0132 S0342 S0360 S0374 S0378 S6024 HFIHX78 H0031 H0036 H0051 H0250 H0251 H0263 H0393 H0427 H0436 H0486 H0520 H0575 H0580 H0599 H0596 H0598 H0658 H0661 H0662 L0065 L0373 L0439 L0666 L0731 L0748 L0752 L0774 L0783 S0194 S0358 S0360 T0023 T0067 HTXOJ32 H0013 H0052 H0056 H0087 H0100 H0150 H0212 H0255 H0352 H0369 H0408 H0486 H0556 H0595 H0599 H0619 H0652 H0676 L0352 L0381 L0415 L0438 L0439 L0518 L0519 L0528 L0530 L0543 L0588 L0591 L0532 L0369 L0381 L0415 L0438 L0439 L0518 L0519 L0528 L0530 L0543 L0588 L0591 L0563 H0534 H0664 H0665 H0669 H0687 H0669 H0687 H0679 H0771 L0773 L0774 L0780 S003 S0031 S0038 S0045 S0106 S0126 S0134 S0222 S0242 S0250 S0314 S0354 S0356 S0360 S0376 T0010 T0041 H60547 H0562 H0575 H0591 H0596 H0598 H0666 H0662 H0663 H0663 H0664 H0665 H0679 H		L07/4 L07/5 L07/6 L07/9 L0780 L0783 L0789 L0794 L0803 L0804 L0805 L0809
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HTXOJ32		L0731 L0748 L0752 L0774 L0783 S0194 S0358 S0360 T0023 T0067
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HOELH62 H0040 H0069 H0083 H0090 H0100 H0123 H0144 H0187 H0266 H0333 H0341 H0370 H0402 H0411 H0413 H0441 H0510 H0525 H0530 H0543 H0544 H0545	HOEVY	LU381 LU591 L0608 L0648 L0743 L0766 L0774 S0356 S0376
HU370 H0402 H0411 H0413 H0441 H0510 H0525 H0530 H0543 H0544 H0545	HOELH62	H0040 H0069 H0083 H0090 H0100 H0123 H0144 H0187 H0266 H0333 H0341
		HU370 HU402 H0411 H0413 H0441 H0510 H0525 H0530 H0543 H0544 H0545

S0040 S0045 S0112 S0114 S0116 S0126 S0182 S0196 S0354 S0358 S0374 S0404 S0462 S0102		
HCE3164 H0032 H0033 L0439 L0636 L0637 L0742 L0759 S0376 S0388		H0546 H0580 H0634 L0361 L0375 L0588 L0740 L0747 L0748 L0752 L0767 S0026
HCE3164 H0032 H0033 L0439 L0636 L0637 L0742 L0759 S0376 S0388	ľ	S0040 S0045 S0112 S0114 S0116 S0126 S0182 S0196 S0354 S0358 S0374 S0404
HWHGE39 H0038 H0035 H0136 H0144 H0178 H0222 H0235 H0305 H0341 H0373 H0393 H0428 H0435 H0441 H0494 H0506 H0519 H0520 H0542 H0543 H0547 H0555 H0586 H0586 H0624 H0646 H0648 H0565 H0657 H0670 H0684 L0021 L0352 L0438 L0439 L0517 L0586 L0592 L0662 L0664 L0666 L0731 L0740 L0744 L0747 L0748 L0749 L0752 L0755 L0756 L0757 L0738 L0759 L0766 L0768 L0773 L0776 L0777 L0779 L0784 L0804 L0809 S0002 S0007 S0010 S0036 S0132 S0192 S0138 S0356 S0358 S0376 S0424 S0460 T0010 T0115 HNGIN84 H0014 H0036 H0039 H0038 H0183 H0204 H0231 H0506 H0509 H0590 H0596 L0646 L0659 L0665 L0761 L0764 L0765 L0772 L0775 L0789 S0052 S0354 S0356 S0358 S0360 S0374 S0376 S0378 S0380 S0308 S0404 S0440 S0442 T0008 T0023 T0109 L0646 L0659 L0665 L0766 L0764 L0765 L0772 L0775 L0789 S0052 S0354 S0356 S0358 S0360 S0374 S0376 S0378 S0380 S03080 S0404 S0440 S0404 T0008 T0023 T0109 HPJC142 H0309 H03070 H0550 H0622 H0624 H0632 H0634 L0005 L0662 L0666 L0764 L0769 L0775 L0776 L07994 S0036 S0152 HWLOF51 H0013 H0040 H0318 S0376 HLDOK36 H0012 H0013 H0014 H0015 H0024 H0038 H0039 H0045 H0046 H0051 H0056 H0069 H0063 H0669 H0074 H0083 H0087 H0090 H0123 H0130 H0135 H0156 H0163 H0166 H0188 H0213 H0222 H0250 H0261 H0264 H0265 H0266 H0271 H0294 H0295 H0309 H0316 H0333 H0341 H0351 H0370 H0390 H0393 H0411 H0416 H0421 H0422 H0422 H0423 H0427 H0428 H0431 H0435 H0436 H0441 H0444 H0445 H0445 H0445 H04473 H0428 H0486 H0494 H0497 H0510 H0519 H0520 H0521 H0522 H0530 H0539 H0543 H0546 H0547 H0549 H0551 H0556 H0574 H0575 H0576 H0580 H0581 H0584 H0585 H0587 H0594 H0595 H0597 H0598 H0613 H0617 H0618 H0624 H0625 H0663 H0668 H06672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H0672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H0672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H0672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H0672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H06672 H0684 H0648 H0649 H0650 H0652 H0659 H0661 H0662 H0666 H0667 H0668 H06672 H0684 H0587 H0598 H0593 H0594 H0596 H		
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WO 01/22920

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Table 4

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		601868 602280 602475
1911	6p12	180297 230450 263200 601690
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	1 1.4 4	156490 171190 173470 176960 185800 221820 249000
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2113	11q21-q22	105580 133780 203100 602574
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2454	9cen-q34	
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	13q12	121011 129500 253700 601885 602221
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	7q34	180105 222800 274180
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2487	22q11.1-q11.2	123620 137181 138720 145410 231950 239500 275350
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		601596 602089
2548	2p22-p21	120435 126600 135300 136435 152790 157170 182601
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WO 01/22920

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		602491
2562	1q21.2-q22	104770 107670 110700 145001 146760 146790 159440
		186780 191030 191315 600923 601412 601652 601863
		602491
2564	9q34	125270 128100 137350 191100 215700 223360 268900
		601850
2565	9q34	125270 128100 137350 191100 215700 223360 268900
		601850
2568	5q35	123101 164040 208100 246530
2569	2q12-qter	
2570	1p35	118210 120550 120570 120575 121800 130500 133200
	•	138140 138971 171760 172411 185470 230350 255800
		602771
2576	12q13	107777 123940 139350 148040 148041 148043 148070
	•	231550 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956 601284
		601769 601928 602116 602153
2577	10q21.1	129010 601386 601493
2578	7p13-p11.2	138079 165240 180104 203740 219800 261670 601649
2579	10q22	126090 129010 142600 250850 601386 601493
2581	12q23	124200 147440 160781 235800 600175
2582	12q13.3	181430 232800 600808 601284 601769 602116
2585	15q22	102578 109700 151670 154550 601780
2587	5p14-p12	108962 120940 217050 217070 245050 600837 600946
2588	1q31-q32	114208 119300 120620 120920 134370 134580 145001
2500	1451-452	145260 150292 150310 179820 191045 208250 226450
		600105 600759 600995 601494 601652 601975
2590	8p22	148370 238600 600143 601385 602629
2592	4q12	103600 104150 104500 164920 170650 600900
2594	8p12-p11.2	136350 152760 173370 180100 182900 185430 270800
2374	op12-p11.2	277700 600617
2595	14q22	112262 182600 182870 232700 602086
2598		166800 210900
2599	15q26.1 Xq28	300031 300044 300048 300049 300055 300100 300104
2377	AqZo	300126 301201 301590 302060 302960 303700 303800
		303900 304800 305900 306700 306995 308310 308840
		309200 309548 309620 309900 310300 310400 310460
2601	11012 1 012 2	311300 311510 314300 314400
2602	11q13.1-q13.3	106100 133780 151400 601650 602078
2002	17q21.2	109270 148065 148080 154275 171190 185800 221820
2602	7,26	249000 253250 600119 601844
2603	7q36	142335 152427 163729 176450 190605 600510 600725
2605	17q	11//00 110010 10010
2606	1p36.1-p35	116600 118210 120550 120570 120575 121800 130500
		133200 138140 138971 155600 171760 172411 185470

		211420 220250 255900 (00075 (01000 (0000)
2607	13q	211420 230350 255800 600975 601990 602023 602771
2608	17q11	147557 60000 60100
2609	17	147557 600881 601954
2610	19q13.4	124700 101044 (2004)
2611		134790 191044 600040 600138
2612	2 4	
2613		
2013	16p13.3	141750 141800 141850 156850 186580 191092 600140
2614	120	600273 601313 601785
2615	12q 14q	
2616	9p21	100120 112050 247642 60044
2617	19q12-q13.1	108120 112250 247640 600160 600221 601606
2017	19q12-q15.1	109560 164731 172400 180901 205900 221770 248600
2619	22q13.1	600652 600757 600918 602716
2620	4p16	103050 124030 138981 182380 188826 190040
2621		225500 600593 602363
2623	16p13.11	145505 186580 278760
2023	6p21.3	106300 108800 120290 120810 120820 142857 142858
•	1	150270 167250 170261 177900 179450 201910 217000
	1	222100 233100 235200 248611 256550 600202 600261
2626	21q22.3	601868 602280 602475
2020	21422.3	120220 120240 123580 151385 171860 190685 236100
2627	1q31-q32	236200 240300 267750 600065 601072 601145
2021	1431-432	114208 119300 120620 120920 134370 134580 145001
		145260 150292 150310 179820 191045 208250 226450
2628	11p15.5-p15.4	600105 600759 600995 601494 601652 601975
	4.013.5°p15.4	125852 126452 130650 141900 142000 142200 142250
		142270 150000 176730 190020 191290 192500 194071 204500 257200 600856 601680 602631
2629	1	254500 257200 000850 001080 002631
2633	8q22-q23	148900 216550 259730
2634	12q12	600194 600231 601284 601769
2635	2p22-p21	120/25 126600 125200 126/25 150700 125200
	Sp25 pc1	120435 126600 135300 136435 152790 157170 182601 278300 601071 601771 602134
2636	7q21.1	129900 154276 171050 171060 602136 602447
2637	17p13.3	113721 247200 600059 601545
2640	2p12	147200 178640 216900
2641	5q11.2-q13.1	
	5q11.2-q15.1	126060 143200 181510 214300 253200 268800 600354 600887
2642	22q13.1	
2645	11q13.2-q13.3	103050 124030 138981 182380 188826 190040 133780 151400 602078
2648	5p13-cen	133700 131400 002078
2650	14	
2651	12q24.2	100650 142410 160701 101405
2652	12q24.2 12q13.1	100650 142410 160781 181405
2655		126337 600808 601284 601769 602116
2656	13q14 20=13	109543 600631 601499
2657	20p13	192340 234200
2037	16p13.3	141750 141800 141850 156850 186580 191092 600140
2659	10m12 1 -12	600273 601313 601785
2009	19p13.1-p12	143890 151440 600173 600276 600310 601011 601604

		601768 601843
2660	1q41-q42	106150 145260 173870 276901 600332 600759 600996
		601744 601975
2681	8p22	148370 238600 600143 601385 602629
2682	19p13.3-p13.2	108725 120700 133171 136836 143890 145981 147141
		147670 151440 164953 188070 231670 600276 600957
		601238 601843 601846 602216 602477
2742	6p21.3	106300 108800 120290 120810 120820 142857 142858
		150270 167250 170261 177900 179450 201910 217000
		222100 233100 235200 248611 256550 600202 600261
		601868 602280 602475
2744	22q12.1	123620 188826 600850 601669
2786	19q13.2-q13.4	107741 113900 122720 126340 126391 130410 134790
		138570 152780 160900 164731 173850 191044 207750
		248600 258501 600040 600138 602225
2808	17p13-p12	100710 138190 231200 254210 262850 271900 600179
		600977 601202 601777
2815	3q21-q23	106165 110100 117700 150210 169600 180380 190000
		203500 232050 276902 600882 601199 601471 601682
2844	11p13	102772 106210 107271 114550 115500 136530 151390
	·	179615 179616 180385 194070 245349
2849	. 5q14-q22	143200 159350 162150 175100
2858	6p21.1-p12	179605 180297 230450 248611 251000 263200 600211
		600364 600701 601498 601690
2863	10q26.3	263700
2869	12	
2901	2p12-p13	147200 178640 203800 216900 602404
2922	X	
2930	7q34	180105 222800 274180
2936	6q14	136550 203310 269920 602772
2942	14q11.2	182600 186880 190195 222700 600243 602279
2979	12q13	107777 123940 139350 148040 148041 148043 148070
		231550 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956 601284
		601769 601928 602116 602153
3024	12p13	103950 120580 131440 139130 142680 176260 190450
		200990 216950 600228 600414 600618 602096
3070	5q31.1	131400 147061 147575 153455 159000 181460 600807
		601596 602089
3079	6q14	136550 203310 269920 602772
3080	6q14	136550 203310 269920 602772
3082	7	
3117	1p36	118210 120550 120570 120575 121800 130500 133200
		155600 171760 185470 211420 230350 255800 601990
		602023 602771
3130	9p21	108120 112250 247640 600160 600221 601606
3133	11q25	602782
3154	12q24.1	124200 147440 160781 181405 261600 601406 601620
	12q24.1	124200 147440 160781 181405 261600 601406 601620 601621
	12q24.1 Xp22.32	

3183	11q13	102200 106100 131100 133780 147050 153700 161015
		164009 168461 180721 180840 191181 193235 209901
2107	12.14	232600 259700 259770 600045 600319 600528 601884
3187	13q14	109543 600631 601499
3205	17p13.3	113721 247200 600059 601545
3226	5q14-q22	143200 159350 162150 175100
3236	11913	102200 106100 131100 133780 147050 153700 161015
i	ľ	164009 168461 180721 180840 191181 193235 209901
3243	17.01	232600 259700 259770 600045 600319 600528 601884
3243	17q21	109270 113705 144200 148065 148066 148067 148069
		148080 154275 168610 171190 176705 185800 200350
		221820 232200 249000 252920 253250 600119 601363 601844
3259	13q14	109543 600631 601499
3281	14q24-q31	
3201	14424-451	104311 107970 109150 115650 182600 245200 275200 601208 602091
3287	19q13.3	113900 126340 126391 130410 134790 138570 160900
320,	17415.5	173850 258501 600040 602225
3299	12q13-q14	107777 120140 123829 123940 126337 139350 147570
		148040 148041 148043 148070 181430 231550 232800
		252940 264700 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956
		601284 601769 601928 602116 602153
3306	2p25	274500 602134
3316	2	
3323	22q13.2-q13.31	188826 250100 250800
3329	21q22.1	147450 176261 253270 601399
3335	15q15.3	114240 224120 600839 602099
3351	12q12-q13	107777 123940 139350 148040 148041 148043 148070
		231550 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956 601284
		601769 601928 602116 602153
3357	9q11-q22	190100 200150 229300 229600 264300 600429 600542
2222		600884 600974 600998 602014 602088
3382	16q22.1	103850 114835 116800 140100 192090 245900 276600
2202	10 10 1	600223
3392	19q13.4	134790 191044 600040 600138
3411	5q13	126060 143200 181510 253200 268800 600354
3429	9922.3	162400 227645 229700 278700 601309 602088
3434	6p21	180297 248611 251000 263200 600211 600701 601690
3439	15q15	177070 182500 218000 227220 243500 600839 601800
3442	20q12	600281
3445 3451	12	100,000
3431	2q31	100690 120180 120190 142989 156232 178600 266100
3455	16,22	600258 600321
3460	16q22	103850 114835 121360 217800 218030
3465	11q12	106100 147050 259700 259770 600045 601884
3403	11q13-q14	102200 106100 131100 133780 147050 151400 153700
		161015 164009 168461 180721 180840 191181 193235
		203100 209901 232600 245000 259700 259770 266150
3477	lq12-1q21.2	276903 600045 600319 600528 601650 601884 602078
	1412-1421.2	104770 107670 110700 135940 145001 146760 146790

		152445 159001 174000 179755 182860 191315 230800
		266200 600897 601105 601412 601652 601863 602491
3492	16q22.1	103850 114835 116800 140100 192090 245900 276600 600223
3497	17q25	114290 138033 162100 170500 180860 264470
3503	1p31-p12	102770 120280 164790 166600 170995 180069 188540
		191540 201450 201810 232400 248610 274270 600234
		600309 601414 601676 601691 601718 602094 602522
3526	20	
3532	5q23-31	121050 126150 131400 138040 153455 159000 179095
		181460 192974 600807 601596 601692 602089 602121
		602460
3544	2p25.2-p25.1	
3549	12q24	113100 124200 147440 158590 160781 163950 251170
	·	276710 600175 601517
3551	12q13	107777 123940 139350 148040 148041 148043 148070
		231550 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956 601284
		601769 601928 602116 602153
3555	1p31	180069 201450 248610 600309 601676 602522
3559	5q33-q34	109690 123101 131400 154500 164770 180071 181460
		222600 234000 272750 600584 600807 601411 601596
		602089
3560	3q13.1-q13.2	600467 600882
3561	19q12	
3564	21q22.3	120220 120240 123580 151385 171860 190685 236100
2255		236200 240300 267750 600065 601072 601145
3566	16q12-q13	114835 132700 172490 600968 602218 602639
3567	16q24.3	155555 227650 253000 602783
3573	1q32	114208 119300 120620 120920 134370 134580 145260
		150310 179820 191045 600105 600759 601494 601975
3574	10q21.1	129010 601386 601493
3576	19	
3600	19q13.3-q13.4	113900 126340 126391 130410 134790 138570 152780 160900 173850 191044 258501 600040 600138 602225
3607	12q13	107777 123940 139350 148040 148041 148043 148070
ļ		231550 600194 600231 600536 600808 600956 601284
		601769 601928 602116 602153
3608	1p33-p34	120260 130500 133200 138140 168360 171760 176100
		178300 230000 246450 255800
3611	2	
3623	17q25	114290 138033 162100 170500 180860 264470
3636	7q11	
3646	3p21.3	116806 120120 120436 138320 168468 182280 600163
3647	11q13	102200 106100 131100 133780 147050 153700 161015
1		164009 168461 180721 180840 191181 193235 209901
		232600 259700 259770 600045 600319 600528 601884
3650	Xp22.1	300075 300077 301200 302350 306000 306100 307800
	-	309510 311770 312040 312170 312700 313400
3652	5q22-q23	121050 126150 159000 175100 179095 192974 601596
3653	1q44-qter	

2650	10-12 1	164721 172400 180001 221770 248600 600018 602716
3659	19q13.1	164731 172400 180901 221770 248600 600918 602716
3671	7p21-p15	138079 139191 142959 153880 180104 600994 601622
3603	16-26	601649
3683	15q26	180090 600318
3688	10q11.2	154545 164761 188550
3690	12q24.31	181405
3691	6q14	136550 203310 269920 602772
3701	15q21-q22.2	102578 105600 107910 109700 114240 134797 151670
		154550 160777 191010 600839 601780 602099
3702	1	
3703	Xq24	300046 300123 301201 301835 301845 307150 310490
		311850
3704	8g21.3-g22.1	216550 222745 259730
3705	2q31	100690 120180 120190 142989 156232 178600 266100
1	-	600258 600321
3706	22q13.31	250100 250800
3707	3q12-q13	121300 146200 190300 258900 600882
3711	12q22-q23	124200 147440 160781 201470 235800 273300 600175
3712	15q21-q22.2	102578 105600 107910 109700 114240 134797 151670
	•	154550 160777 191010 600839 601780 602099
3729	8q	
3749	19q13.1-q13.2	107741 113900 122720 126340 126391 160900 164731
37.7	1341511 41512	172400 173850 180901 207750 221770 248600 258501
		600918 602716
3773	12q24.2	100650 142410 160781 181405
3782	3p21	139330 139360 150250 164500 182280 600163 600971
3.02	5 p2 .	601226 601267 601373
3784	5q13.3-q14	139150 143200 181510 600354
3800	4q13-q21	103600 104150 104500 125490 147790 170650 173910
3000	4412 421	252500
3803	6q14	136550 203310 269920 602772
3831	3q26	165215 222900 600049
3838	10p11.2	600964 602026
3854	1p21	102770 120280 166600 170995 232400 600309 601414
3634	1021	601691 601718 602094
3863	18q21.1	174810 600624 600993 602080
3864	6q	174810 000024 000373 002080
3871	19p13.3-p13.2	108725 120700 133171 136836 143890 145981 147141
30/1	19013.3-013.2	147670 151440 164953 188070 231670 600276 600957
		601238 601843 601846 602216 602477
3877	2-21.2 -21.1	120435 182601 601771
	2p21.3-p21.1	
3879	19q13.1-q13.2	107741 113900 122720 126340 126391 160900 164731 172400 173850 180901 207750 221770 248600 258501
2007	4-21 -25	600918 602716
3887	4q21-q25	103720 104500 125490 137600 138850 147790 157147
		163890 173910 189800 217030 248510 252500 600919
2000	1 01 02	601542
3888	1q21-q23	104770 107300 107670 110700 131210 134638 135940
		136132 145001 146740 146760 146790 152445 159001
		159440 173610 174000 176310 179755 182860 186780

		191030 191315 227400 230800 266200 600897 600923
		601105 601412 601652 601863 602491
3908	15q22.3-q23	118485 151670 231680 272800 276700 600374 601780
3911	1q42.1	106150 136850 214500 600996 601975
3917	13	
3918	17q24.3-q25.1	114290 138033 162100 170500 180860 264470
3919	11q14.1-q14.3	133780 203100
3923	lpter-p35	
3926	10q22	126090 129010 142600 250850 601386 601493
3930	17p13.3	113721 247200 600059 601545
3971	4q	
3977	15q15	177070 182500 218000 227220 243500 600839 601800
3993	19p13.3	108725 120700 133171 136836 145981 147141 164953
	1	188070 600957 601238 601846 602216 602477
4001	Xq26.1-q27.2	300085 300123 300700 301201 301590 301845 301900
		304340 306900 306955 307150 307700 308000 309000
	<u> </u>	310490 313850
4003	17p13.3	113721 247200 600059 601545
4008	12p13	103950 120580 131440 139130 142680 176260 190450
	•	200990 216950 600228 600414 600618 602096
4011	16q22.1	103850 114835 116800 140100 192090 245900 276600
	•	600223
4013	10	
4018	16q22.1	103850 114835 116800 140100 192090 245900 276600
	·	600223
4029	6q21-q22	120110 121014 156225 164200 601410 601666 601757
		602772
4047	1p32-p31	120950 120960 138140 178300 180069 187040 201450
		248610 600101 600309 600650 600722 601676 602522
4054	11q23	107680 107720 133780 147791 159555 168000 186740
		186830 188025 203750 261640 600048 601382 602574
4058	12q22-qter	300000000000000000000000000000000000000
4061	5q31.3-q32	109690 131400 138491 154500 159000 180071 181460
		222600 272750 600807 601596 602089
4085	16q22.1	103850 114835 116800 140100 192090 245900 276600
		600223
4093	19q13.4	134790 191044 600040 600138
4100	10q25	167409 278000 600020 600095 602669
4105	17q21	109270 113705 144200 148065 148066 148067 148069
		148080 154275 168610 171190 176705 185800 200350
		221820 232200 249000 252920 253250 600119 601363
		601844
4125	4q21	104500 125490 147790 173910 252500
4128	17p13	138190 254210 271900 600179 600977 601202 601777
4143	19q13.2	107741 113900 122720 126340 126391 160900 164731
	-	173850 207750 248600 258501
4149	4q27	147680 189800 600919
4171	11p15.4	130650 150000 257200
4178	12q22-q23	124200 147440 160781 201470 235800 273300 600175
4185	13q33	133530 601295

WO 01/22920 PCT/US00/26524

357

4192	1q31	134580 145001 145260 150292 208250 226450 600105
	·	600759 600995 601652
4196	8q24.3	188450
4245	2p12	147200 178640 216900
4261	12p13	103950 120580 131440 139130 142680 176260 190450 200990 216950 600228 600414 600618 602096
4262	12q13-q15	107777 120140 123829 123940 126337 139350 147570 148040 148041 148043 148070 181430 231550 232800 252940 264700 600194 600231 600536 600698 600808 600956 601284 601769 601928 602116 602153
4263	11q22.2-q22.3	133780 203750 208900 261640 602574
4270	1q21.2-q22	104770 107670 110700 145001 146760 146790 159440 186780 191030 191315 600923 601412 601652 601863 602491

Table 5

Library	Library Description
Code	Ziorary Description
	Morton Fetal
H0002	Human Adult Heart
H0004	Human Adult Spleen
H0007	Human Cerebellum
H0008	Whole 6 Week Old Embryo
H0009	Human Fetal Brain
H0011	Human Fetal Kidney
H0012	Human Fetal Kidney
H0013	Human 8 Week Whole Embryo
H0014	Human Gall Bladder
H0015	Human Gall Bladder, fraction Il
H0019	Human Fetal Heart
H0022	Jurkat Cells
H0023	Human fetal lung
H0024	Human Fetal Lung III
H0026	Namalwa Celis
H0030	Human Placenta
H0031	Human Placenta
H0032	Human Prostate
H0036	Human Adult Small Intestine
H0037	Human Adult Small Intestine
H0038	Human Testes
H0039	Human Pancreas Tumor
H0040	Human Testes Tumor
H0041	Human Fetal Bone
H0042	Human Adult Pulmonary
H0044	Human Cornea
H0045	Human Esophagus, Cancer
H0046	Human Endometrial Tumor
H0048	Human Pineal Gland
H0050	Human Fetal Heart
H0051	Human Hippocampus
H0052	Human Cerebellum
H0056	Human Umbilical Vein, Endo. remake
H0057	Human Fetal Spleen
H0059	Human Uterine Cancer
H0063	Human Thymus
H0068	Human Skin Tumor
H0069	Human Activated T-Cells
H0071	Human Infant Adrenal Gland
H0074	Human Platelets
H0081	Human Fetal Epithelium (Skin)
H0083	HUMAN JURKAT MEMBRANE BOUND POLYSOMES
H0085	Human Colon
H0086	Human epithelioid sarcoma

	T 22.
H0087	Human Thymus
H0090	Human T-Cell Lymphoma
H0097	Human Adult Heart, subtracted
H0098	Human Adult Liver, subtracted
H0100	Human Whole Six Week Old Embryo
H0101	Human 7 Weeks Old Embryo, subtracted
H0102	Human Whole 6 Week Old Embryo (II), subt
H0105	Human Fetal Heart, subtracted
H0107	Human Infant Adrenal Gland, subtracted
H0108	Human Adult Lymph Node, subtracted
H0116	Human Thymus Tumor, subtracted
H0119	Human Pediatric Kidney
H0122	Human Adult Skeletal Muscle
H0123	Human Fetal Dura Mater
H0124	Human Rhabdomyosarcoma
H0125	Cem cells cyclohexamide treated
H0130	LNCAP untreated
H0131	LNCAP + o.3nM R1881
H0132	LNCAP + 30nM R1881
H0134	Raji Cells, cyclohexamide treated
H0135	Human Synovial Sarcoma
H0136	Supt Cells, cyclohexamide treated
H0144	Nine Week Old Early Stage Human
H0147	Human Adult Liver
H0150	Human Epididymus
H0153	Human adult lymph node, subtracted
H0156	Human Adrenal Gland Tumor
H0159	Activated T-Cells, 8 hrs., ligation 2
H0163	Human Synovium
H0165	Human Prostate Cancer, Stage B2
H0166	Human Prostate Cancer, Stage B2 fraction
H0169	Human Prostate Cancer, Stage C fraction
H0170	12 Week Old Early Stage Human
H0171	12 Week Old Early Stage Human, II
H0173	Human Cardiomyopathy, RNA remake
H0176	CAMA1Ee Cell Line
H0177	CAMA1 Ee Cell Line
H0178	Human Fetal Brain
H0179	Human Neutrophil
H0181	Human Primary Breast Cancer
H0182	Human Primary Breast Cancer
H0183	Human Colon Cancer
H0184	Human Colon Cancer, metasticized to live
H0186	Activated T-Cell
H0187	Resting T-Cell
H0188	Human Normal Breast
H0194	Human Cerebellum, subtracted
H0196	Human Cardiomyopathy, subtracted
H0197	Human Fetal Liver, subtracted

H0200	Human Greater Omentum, fract II remake,
H0201	Human Hippocampus, subtracted
H0204	Human Colon Cancer, subtracted
H0205	Human Colon Cancer, differential
H0207	LNCAP, differential expression
H0208	Early Stage Human Lung, subtracted
H0212	Human Prostate, subtracted
H0213	Human Pituitary, subtracted
H0214	Raji cells, cyclohexamide treated, subtracted
H0216	Supt cells, cyclohexamide treated, subtracted
H0222	Activated T-Cells, 8 hrs, subtracted
H0225	Activated T-Cells, 12hrs, differentially expressed
H0231	Human Colon, subtraction
H0232	Human Colon, differential expression
H0234	human colon cancer, metastatic to liver, differentially expressed
H0235	Human colon cancer, metaticized to liver, subtraction
H0238	Human Myometrium Leiomyoma
H0239	Human Kidney Tumor
H0242	Human Fetal Heart, Differential (Fetal-Specific)
H0244	Human 8 Week Whole Embryo, subtracted
H0247	Human Membrane Bound Polysomes- Enzyme Subtraction
H0250	Human Activated Monocytes
H0251	Human Chondrosarcoma
H0252	Human Osteosarcoma
H0253	Human adult testis, large inserts
H0254	Breast Lymph node cDNA library
H0255	breast lymph node CDNA library
H0257	HL-60, PMA 4H
H0261	H. cerebellum, Enzyme subtracted
H0263	human colon cancer
H0264	human tonsils
H0265	Activated T-Cell (12hs)/Thiouridine labelledEco
H0266	Human Microvascular Endothelial Cells, fract. A
H0267	Human Microvascular Endothelial Cells, fract. B
H0268	Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells, fract. A
H0269	Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells, fract. B
H0271	Human Neutrophil, Activated
H0272	HUMAN TONSILS, FRACTION 2
H0274	Human Adult Spleen, fractionII
H0284	Human OB MG63 control fraction I
H0286	Human OB MG63 treated (10 nM E2) fraction I
H0288	Human OB HOS control fraction I
H0290	Human OB HOS treated (1 nM E2) fraction I
H0292	Human OB HOS treated (10 nM E2) fraction I
H0294	Amniotic Cells - TNF induced
H0295	Amniotic Cells - Primary Culture
H0298	HCBB's differential consolidation
H0305	CD34 positive cells (Cord Blood)
H0306	CD34 depleted Buffy Coat (Cord Blood)

110200	
H0309	Human Chronic Synovitis
H0313	human pleural cancer
H0316	HUMAN STOMACH
H0318	HUMAN B CELL LYMPHOMA
H0320	Human frontal cortex
H0321	HUMAN SCHWANOMA
H0327	human corpus colosum
H0328	human ovarian cancer
H0329	Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberance
H0331	Hepatocellular Tumor
H0333	Hemangiopericytoma
H0334	Kidney cancer
H0340	Corpus Callosum
H0341	Bone Marrow Cell Line (RS4,11)
H0343	stomach cancer (human)
H0345	SKIN
H0351	Glioblastoma
H0352	wilm's tumor
H0354	Human Leukocytes
H0355	Human Liver
H0356	Human Kidney
H0359	KMH2 cell line
H0361	Human rejected kidney
H0369	H. Atrophic Endometrium
H0370	H. Lymph node breast Cancer
H0372	Human Testes
H0373	Human Heart
H0374	Human Brain
H0375	Human Lung
H0376	Human Spleen
H0379	Human Tongue, frac 1
H0380	Human Tongue, frac 2
H0381	Bone Cancer
H0383	Human Prostate BPH, re-excision
H0384	Brain, Kozak
H0386	Leukocyte and Lung, 4 screens
H0390	Human Amygdala Depression, re-excision
H0391	H. Meniingima, M6
H0392	H. Meningima, M1
H0393	Fetal Liver, subtraction II
H0395	A1-CELL LINE
H0399	Human Kidney Cortex, re-rescue
H0402	CD34 depleted Buffy Coat (Cord Blood), re-excision
H0403	H. Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells, IL4 induced
H0408	Human kidney Cortex, subtracted
H0411	H Female Bladder, Adult
H0412	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells, IL-4 induced
H0413	Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells, uninduced
H0415	H. Ovarian Tumor, II, OV5232

110416	TT NEW YORK
H0416	Human Neutrophils, Activated, re-excision
H0419	Bone Cancer, re-excision
H0421	Human Bone Marrow, re-excision
H0422	T-Cell PHA 16 hrs
H0423	T-Cell PHA 24 hrs
H0424	Human Pituitary, subt IX
· H0427	Human Adipose
H0428	Human Ovary
H0431	H. Kidney Medulla, re-excision
H0433	Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial cells, frac B, re-excision
H0435	Ovarian Tumor 10-3-95
H0436	Resting T-Cell Library,II
H0437	H Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells, frac A, re-excision
H0438	H. Whole Brain #2, re-excision
H0441	H. Kidney Cortex, subtracted
H0444	Spleen metastic melanoma
H0445	Spleen, Chronic lymphocytic leukemia
H0453	H. Kidney Pyramid, subtracted
H0455	H. Striatum Depression, subt
H0457	Human Eosinophils
H0458	CD34+ cell, I, frac II
H0459	CD34+cells, II, FRACTION 2
H0461	H. Kidney Medulla, subtracted
H0477	Human Tonsil, Lib 3
H0478	Salivary Gland, Lib 2
H0479	Salivary Gland, Lib 3
H0483	Breast Cancer cell line, MDA 36
H0484	Breast Cancer Cell line, angiogenic
H0485	Hodgkin's Lymphoma I
H0486	Hodgkin's Lymphoma II
H0487	Human Tonsils, lib I
H0488	Human Tonsils, Lib 2
H0489	Crohn's Disease
H0492	HL-60, RA 4h, Subtracted
H0494	Keratinocyte
H0497	HEL cell line
H0506	Ulcerative Colitis
H0509	Liver, Hepatoma
H0510	Human Liver, normal
H0512	Keratinocyte, lib 3
H0517	Nasal polyps
H0518	pBMC stimulated w/ poly I/C
H0519	NTERA2, control
H0520	NTERA2 + retinoic acid, 14 days
H0521	Primary Dendritic Cells, lib 1
H0522	Primary Dendritic cells, frac 2
H0525	PCR, pBMC I/C treated
H0528	Poly[I]/Poly[C] Normal Lung Fibroblasts
H0529	Myoloid Progenitor Cell Line
	- Garage Can Date

110520	Human Damed Factor 1 10 B
H0530	Human Dermal Endothelial Cells,untreated
H0535	Human ovary tumor cell OV350721
H0538	Merkel Cells
H0539	Pancreas Islet Cell Tumor
H0540	Skin, burned
H0542	T Cell helper I
H0543	T cell helper II
H0544	Human endometrial stromal cells
H0545	Human endometrial stromal cells-treated with progesterone
H0546	Human endometrial stromal cells-treated with estradiol
H0547	NTERA2 teratocarcinoma cell line+retinoic acid (14 days)
H0549	H. Epididiymus, caput & corpus
H0550	H. Epididiymus, cauda
H0551	Human Thymus Stromal Cells
H0553	Human Placenta
H0555	Rejected Kidney, lib 4
H0556	Activated T-cell(12h)/Thiouridine-re-excision
H0559	HL-60, PMA 4H, re-excision
H0560	KMH2
H0561	L428
H0562	Human Fetal Brain, normalized c5-11-26
H0563	Human Fetal Brain, normalized 50021F
H0565	HUman Fetal Brain, normalized 100024F
H0569	Human Fetal Brain, normalized CO
H0570	Human Fetal Brain, normalized C500H
H0572	Human Fetal Brain, normalized AC5002
H0574	Hepatocellular Tumor, re-excision
H0575	Human Adult Pulmonary,re-excision
H0576	Resting T-Cell, re-excision
H0579	Pericardium
H0580	Dendritic cells, pooled
H0581	Human Bone Marrow, treated
H0583	B Cell lymphoma
H0584	Activated T-cells, 24 hrs,re-excision
H0585	Activated T-Cells,12 hrs,re-excision
H0586	Healing groin wound, 6.5 hours post incision
H0587	Healing groin wound, 7.5 hours post incision
H0590	Human adult small intestine,re-excision
H0591	Human T-cell lymphoma,re-excision
H0592	Healing groin wound - zero hr post-incision (control)
H0593	Olfactory epithelium,nasalcavity
H0594	Human Lung Cancer,re-excision
H0595	Stomach cancer (human),re-excision
H0596	Human Colon Cancer,re-excision
H0597	Human Colon, re-excision
H0598	Human Stomach,re-excision
H0599	Human Adult Heart,re-excision
H0600	Healing Abdomen wound, 70&90 min post incision
H0601	Healing Abdomen Wound, 15 days post incision

H0602	Healing Abdomen Wound,21&29 days post incision
H0606	Human Primary Breast Cancer,re-excision
H0609	H. Leukocytes, normalized cot > 500A
H0613	H.Leukocytes, normalized cot 5B
H0615	Human Ovarian Cancer Reexcision
H0616	Human Testes, Reexcision
H0617	Human Primary Breast Cancer Reexcision
H0618	Human Adult Testes, Large Inserts, Reexcision
H0619	Fetal Heart
H0620	Human Fetal Kidney, Reexcision
H0622	Human Pancreas Tumor, Reexcision
H0623	Human Umbilical Vein, Reexcision
H0624	12 Week Early Stage Human II, Reexcision
H0625	Ku 812F Basophils Line
H0626	Saos2 Cells, Untreated
H0627	Saos2 Cells, Vitamin D3 Treated
H0628	Human Pre-Differentiated Adipocytes
H0631	Saos2, Dexamethosome Treated
H0632	Hepatocellular Tumor,re-excision
H0633	Lung Carcinoma A549 TNFalpha activated
H0634	Human Testes Tumor, re-excision
H0635	Human Activated T-Cells, re-excision
H0638	CD40 activated monocyte dendridic cells
H0641	LPS activated derived dendritic cells
H0642	Hep G2 Cells, lambda library
H0643	Hep G2 Cells, PCR library
H0644	Human Placenta (re-excision)
H0645	Fetal Heart, re-excision
H0646	Lung, Cancer (4005313 A3): Invasive Poorly Differentiated Lung
	Adenocarcinoma,
H0647	Lung, Cancer (4005163 B7): Invasive, Poorly Diff. Adenocarcinoma, Metastatic
H0648	Ovary, Cancer: (4004562 B6) Papillary Serous Cystic Neoplasm, Low Malignant
	Pot
H0649	Lung, Normal: (4005313 B1)
H0650	B-Cells
H0651	Ovary, Normal: (9805C040R)
H0652	Lung, Normal: (4005313 B1)
H0653	Stromal Cells
H0654	Lung, Cancer: (4005313 A3) Invasive Poorly-differentiated Metastatic lung
	adenoc
H0656	B-cells (unstimulated)
H0657	B-cells (stimulated)
H0658	Ovary, Cancer (9809C332): Poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma
H0659	Ovary, Cancer (15395A1F): Grade II Papillary Carcinoma
H0660	Ovary, Cancer: (15799A1F) Poorly differentiated carcinoma
H0661	Breast, Cancer: (4004943 A5)
H0662	Breast, Normal: (4005522B2)
H0663	Breast, Cancer: (4005522 A2)
H0664	Breast, Cancer: (9806C012R)
	1 STATESTING TO TOTAL

H0665	Stromal cells 3.88
H0666	Ovary, Cancer: (4004332 A2)
H0667	Stromal cells(HBM3.18)
H0668	stromal cell clone 2.5
H0669	Breast, Cancer: (4005385 A2)
H0670	Ovary, Cancer(4004650 A3): Well-Differentiated Micropapillary Serous
	Carcinoma
H0671	Breast, Cancer: (9802C02OE)
H0672	Ovary, Cancer: (4004576 A8)
H0673	Human Prostate Cancer, Stage B2, re-excision
H0674	Human Prostate Cancer, Stage C, re-excission
H0675	Colon, Cancer: (9808C064R)
H0676	Colon, Cancer: (9808C064R)-total RNA
H0677	TNFR degenerate oligo
H0682	Ovarian cancer, Serous Papillary Adenocarcinoma
H0683	Ovarian Serous Papillary Adenocarcinoma
H0684	Serous Papillary Adenocarcinoma
H0685	Adenocarcinoma of Ovary, Human Cell Line, # OVCAR-3
H0686	Adenocarcinoma of Ovary, Human Cell Line
H0687	Human normal ovary(#9610G215)
H0688	Human Ovarian Cancer(#9807G017)
H0689	Ovarian Cancer
H0690	Ovarian Cancer, # 9702G001
H0691	Normal Ovary, #9710G208
H0693	Normal Prostate #ODQ3958EN
H0694	Prostate gland adenocarcinoma
H0695	mononucleocytes from patient
H0696	Prostate Adenocarcinoma
H0702	NK15(IL2 treated for 48 hours)
L0002	Atrium cDNA library Human heart
L0005	Clontech human aorta polyA+ mRNA (#6572)
L0021	Human adult (K.Okubo)
L0022	Human adult lung 3' directed Mbol cDNA
L0040	Human colon mucosa
L0041 L0053	Human epidermal keratinocyte
L0054	Human pancreatic tumor
L0055	Human PGasparini
L0055	Human promyelocyte Liver HepG2 cell line.
L0096	
L0105	Subtracted human retina
L0103	Human aorta polyA+ (TFujiwara)
L0140	Human placente cDNA (TE-iii)
L0142	Human placenta cDNA (TFujiwara)
L0143	Human placenta polyA+ (TFujiwara)
L0157	Human fetal brain (TFujiwara)
L0163	Human heart cDNA (YNakamura)
L0193	Human thymus (V.L.Boyartchuk)
L0193	Human osteosarcoma EGracia
LU174	Human pancreatic cancer cell line Patu 8988t

L0351	Infant brain, Bento Soares
L0352	Normalized infant brain, Bento Soares
L0361	Stratagene ovary (#937217)
L0362	Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219)
L0363	NCI_CGAP_GC2
L0364	NCI_CGAP_GC5
L0365	NCI_CGAP_Phe1
L0366	Stratagene schizo brain S11
L0367	NCI_CGAP_Sch1
L0368	NCI_CGAP_SS1
L0369	NCI_CGAP_AA1
L0370	Johnston frontal cortex
L0371	NCI_CGAP_Br3
L0372	NCI_CGAP_Co12
L0373	NCI_CGAP_Col1
L0374	NCI_CGAP_Co2
L0375	NCI CGAP Kid6
L0376	NCI_CGAP_Lari
L0378	NCI_CGAP_Lul
L0381	NCI_CGAP_HN4
L0382	NCI_CGAP_Pr25
L0383	NCI_CGAP_Pr24
L0384	NCI_CGAP_Pr23
L0386	NCI_CGAP_HN3
L0387	NCI_CGAP_GCB0
L0388	NCI_CGAP_HN6
L0389	NCI_CGAP_HN5
L0394	H, Human adult Brain Cortex tissue
L0415	b4HB3MA Cot8-HAP-Ft
L0435	Infant brain, LLNL array of Dr. M. Soares 1NIB
L0438 L0439	normalized infant brain cDNA
L0439	Soares infant brain 1NIB HB3MK
L0444 L0455	
L0456	Human retina cDNA randomly primed sublibrary
L0450	Human retina cDNA Tsp509I-cleaved sublibrary WATM1
L0402	
L0471	Human fetal heart, Lambda ZAP Express
L0483	KG1-a Lambda Zap Express cDNA library Human pancreatic islet
L0485	
L0493	STRATAGENE Human skeletal muscle cDNA library, cat. #936215. NCI CGAP Ov26
L0499	NCI_CGAP_HSC2
L0500	NCI_CGAP_Bm20
L0502	NCI_CGAP_Bm20 NCI_CGAP_Br15
L0502	NCI CGAP Br17
L0504	NCI CGAP Br17 NCI CGAP Br13
L0505	NCI_CGAP_Br12
L0506	NCI_CGAP_Br16
L0507	NCI_CGAP_Brid
	NOT COM DITA

L0508	NCI_CGAP_Lu25
L0509	NCI_CGAP_Lu26
L0510	NCI_CGAP_Ov33
L0511	NCI_CGAP_Ov34
L0512	NCI_CGAP_Ov36
L0515	NCI_CGAP_Ov32
L0517	NCI_CGAP_Pr1
L0518	NCI_CGAP_Pr2
L0519	NCI CGAP Pr3
L0520	NCI CGAP Alv1
L0521	NCI CGAP Ewl
L0522	NCI_CGAP_Kid1
L0523	NCI_CGAP_Lip2
L0524	NCI_CGAP_Li1
L0526	NCI_CGAP_Pr12
L0527	NCI_CGAP_Ov2
L0528	NCI_CGAP_Pr5
L0529	NCI_CGAP_Pr6
L0530	NCI CGAP Pr8
L0532	NCI_CGAP_Thy1
L0534	Chromosome 7 Fetal Brain cDNA Library
L0539	Chromosome 7 Placental cDNA Library
L0540	NCI_CGAP_Pr10
L0541	NCI_CGAP_Pr7
L0542	NCI_CGAP_Pr11
L0543	NCI_CGAP_Pr9
L0544	NCI_CGAP_Pr4
L0545	NCI_CGAP_Pr4.1
L0553	NCI_CGAP_Co22
L0558	NCI_CGAP_Ov40
L0560	NCI CGAP HN12
L0562	Chromosome 7 HeLa cDNA Library
L0563	Human Bone Marrow Stromal Fibroblast
L0564	Jia bone marrow stroma
L0565 L0581	Normal Human Trabecular Bone Cells
L0583	Stratagene liver (#937224)
L0586	Stratagene cDNA library Human fibroblast, cat#937212 HTCDL1
L0587	
L0588	Stratagene colon HT29 (#937221)
L0589	Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Stratagene fetal retina 937202
L0590	
L0591	Stratagene fibroblast (#937212)
L0591	Stratagene HeLa cell s3 937216 Stratagene hNT neuron (#937233)
L0593	Stratagene niv1 neuron (#937233) Stratagene neuroepithelium (#937231)
L0594	
L0595	Stratagene neuroepithelium NT2RAMI 937234
L0596	Stratagene NT2 neuronal precursor 937230
L0597	Stratagene colon (#937204)
LUJ91	Stratagene corneal stroma (#937222)

L0598	Morton Fetal Cochlea
L0599	Stratagene lung (#937210)
L0600	Weizmann Olfactory Epithelium
L0601	Stratagene pancreas (#937208)
L0602	Pancreatic Islet
L0603	Stratagene placenta (#937225)
L0604	Stratagene muscle 937209
L0605	Stratagene fetal spleen (#937205)
L0606	NCI_CGAP_Lym5
L0608	Stratagene lung carcinoma 937218
L0611	Schiller meningioma
L0617	Chromosome 22 exon
L0622	HM1
L0623	HM3
L0626	NCI_CGAP_GC1
L0627	NCI_CGAP_Col
L0628	NCI_CGAP_Ov1
L0629	NCI_CGAP_Mel3
L0630	NCI_CGAP_CNS1
L0631	NCI_CGAP_Br7
L0634	NCI_CGAP_Ov8
L0636	NCI_CGAP_Pit1
L0637	NCI_CGAP_Bm53
L0638	NCI_CGAP_Bm35
L0639	NCI_CGAP_Bm52
L0640	NCI_CGAP_Br18
L0641	NCI_CGAP_Co17
L0642	NCI_CGAP_Co18
L0643	NCI_CGAP_Co19
L0644	NCI_CGAP_Co20
L0645	NCI_CGAP_Co21
L0646	NCI CGAP Co14
L0647	NCI_CGAP_Sar4
L0648	NCI_CGAP_Eso2
L0649	NCI_CGAP_GU1
L0650	NCI_CGAP_Kid13
L0651	NCI_CGAP_Kid8
L0652	NCI_CGAP_Lu27
L0653	NCI CGAP Lu28
L0654	NCI_CGAP_Lu31
L0655	NCI_CGAP_Lym12
L0656	NCI_CGAP_Ov38
L0657	NCI_CGAP_Ov23
L0658	NCI_CGAP_Ov35
L0659	NCI_CGAP_Pan1
L0661	NCI_CGAP_Mel15
L0662	NCI_CGAP_Gas4
L0663	NCI_CGAP_Ut2
L0664	NCI_CGAP_Ut3

7066	
L0665	NCI_CGAP_Ut4
L0666	NCI_CGAP_Ut1
L0667	NCI_CGAP_CML1
L0683	Stanley Frontal NS pool 2
L0686	Stanley Frontal SN pool 2
L0689	Stanley Hippocampus SN pool 1
L0698	Testis 2
L0717	Gessler Wilms tumor
L0720	PN001-Normal Human Prostate
L0731	Soares_pregnant_uterus_NbHPU
L0738	Human colorectal cancer
L0740	Soares melanocyte 2NbHM
L0741	Soares adult brain N2b4HB55Y
L0742	Soares adult brain N2b5HB55Y
L0743	Soares breast 2NbHBst
L0744	Soares breast 3NbHBst
L0745	Soares retina N2b4HR
L0746	Soares retina N2b5HR
L0747	Soares fetal heart NbHH19W
L0748	Soares fetal liver spleen 1NFLS
L0749	Soares fetal_liver_spleen_1NFLS_S1
L0750	Soares fetal lung NbHL19W
L0751	Soares ovary tumor NbHOT
L0752	Soares parathyroid tumor NbHPA
L0753	Soares pineal gland N3HPG
L0754	Soares placenta Nb2HP
L0755	Soares_placenta_8to9weeks_2NbHP8to9W
L0756	Soares_multiple_sclerosis_2NbHMSP
L0757	Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF
L0758	Soares testis NHT
L0759	Soares_total_fetus Nb2HF8 9w
L0761	NCI CGAP CLLI
L0762	NCI CGAP Br1.1
L0763	NCI CGAP Br2
L0764	NCI CGAP Co3
L0765	NCI CGAP Co4
L0766	NCI_CGAP_GCB1
L0767	NCI_CGAP_GC3
L0768	NCI_CGAP_GC4
L0769	NCI_CGAP_Bm25
L0770	NCI_CGAP_Bm23
L0771	NCI_CGAP_Co8
L0772	NCI_CGAP_Co10
L0773	NCI CGAP Co9
L0774	NCI_CGAP_Kid3
L0775	NCI_CGAP_Kid5
L0776	NCI_CGAP_Lu5
L0777	Soares NhHMPu S1
L0779	Soares NFL T GBC S1
50717	COURTS TALE I CIDE 31

L0780	Soares NSF F8 9W OT PA P S1
L0782	NCI_CGAP_Pr21
L0783	NCI_CGAP_Pr22
L0784	NCI_CGAP_Lei2
L0785	Barstead spleen HPLRB2
L0786	Soares_NbHFB
L0787	NCI_CGAP_Sub1
L0788	NCI_CGAP_Sub2
L0789	NCI CGAP Sub3
L0790	NCI_CGAP_Sub4
L0791	NCI CGAP_Sub5
L0792	NCI_CGAP_Sub6
L0793	NCI_CGAP_Sub7
L0794	NCI_CGAP_GC6
L0796	NCI_CGAP_Bm50
L0800	NCI_CGAP_Co16
L0803	NCI CGAP Kid11
L0804	NCI_CGAP_Kid12
L0805	NCI_CGAP_Lu24
L0806	NCI_CGAP_Lu19
L0807	NCI_CGAP_Ov18
L0808	Barstead prostate BPH HPLRB4 1
L0809	NCI_CGAP_Pr28
N0007	Human Hippocampus
N0009	Human Hippocampus, prescreened
S0001	Brain frontal cortex
S0002	Monocyte activated
S0003	Human Osteoclastoma
S0004	Prostate
S0006	Neuroblastoma
S0007	Early Stage Human Brain
S0010	Human Amygdala
S0011	STROMAL -OSTEOCLASTOMA
S0013	Prostate
S0014	Kidney Cortex
S0015	Kidney medulla
S0022	Human Osteoclastoma Stromal Cells - unamplified
S0026	Stromal cell TF274
S0027	Smooth muscle, serum treated
S0028	Smooth muscle,control
S0029	brain stem
S0031	Spinal cord
S0032	Smooth muscle-ILb induced
S0036	Human Substantia Nigra
S0037	Smooth muscle, IL1b induced
S0038	Human Whole Brain #2 - Oligo dT > 1.5Kb
S0040	Adipocytes
S0044	Prostate BPH
S0045	Endothelial cells-control

S0046	Endothelial-induced
S0048	Human Hypothalamus, Alzheimer's
S0049	Human Brain, Striatum
S0050	Human Frontal Cortex, Schizophrenia
S0051	Human Hypothalmus, Schizophrenia
S0052	neutrophils control
S0053	Neutrophils IL-1 and LPS induced
S0106	STRIATUM DEPRESSION
S0112	Hypothalamus
S0114	Anergic T-cell
S0116	Bone marrow
S0122	Osteoclastoma-normalized A
S0126	Osteoblasts
S0132	Epithelial-TNFa and INF induced
S0134	Apoptotic T-cell
S0136	PERM TF274
S0140	eosinophil-IL5 induced
S0142	Macrophage-oxLDL
S0144	Macrophage (GM-CSF treated)
S0146	prostate-edited
S0148	Normal Prostate
S0150	LNCAP prostate cell line
S0152	PC3 Prostate cell line
S0174	Prostate-BPH subtracted II
S0176	Prostate, normal, subtraction I
S0182	Human B Cell 8866
S0188	Prostate, BPH, Lib 2
S0190	Prostate BPH,Lib 2, subtracted
S0192	Synovial Fibroblasts (control)
S0194	Synovial hypoxia
S0196	Synovial IL-1/TNF stimulated
S0206	Smooth Muscle- HASTE normalized
S0208	Messangial cell, frac 1
S0210	Messangial cell, frac 2
S0212	Bone Marrow Stromal Cell, untreated
S0214	Human Osteoclastoma, re-excision
S0216	Neutrophils IL-1 and LPS induced
S0218	Apoptotic T-cell, re-excision
S0222	H. Frontal cortex,epileptic,re-excision
S0242	Synovial Fibroblasts (III/TNF), subt
S0250	Human Osteoblasts II
S0260	Spinal Cord, re-excision
S0276	Synovial hypoxia-RSF subtracted
S0278	H Macrophage (GM-CSF treated), re-excision
S0280	Human Adipose Tissue, re-excision
S0282	Brain Frontal Cortex, re-excision
S0294	Larynx tumor
S0300	Frontal lobe, dementia, re-excision
S0306	Larynx normal #10 261-273
	1

60312	
S0312	Human osteoarthritic, fraction II
S0314	Human osteoarthritis, fraction I
S0318	Human Normal Cartilage Fraction II
S0320	Human Larynx
S0322	Siebben Polyposis
S0328	Palate carcinoma
S0330	Palate normal
S0332	Pharynx carcinoma
S0334	Human Normal Cartilage Fraction III
S0342	Adipocytes, re-excision
S0344	Macrophage-oxLDL, re-excision
S0346	Human Amygdala,re-excision
S0348	Cheek Carcinoma
S0350	Pharynx Carcinoma
S0354	Colon Normal II
S0356	Colon Carcinoma
S0358	Colon Normal III
S0360	Colon Tumor II
S0362	Human Gastrocnemius
S0364	Human Quadriceps
S0366	Human Soleus
S0370	Larynx carcinoma II
S0372	Larynx carcinoma III
S0374	Normal colon
S0376	Colon Tumor
S0378	Pancreas normal PCA4 No
S0380	Pancreas Tumor PCA4 Tu
S0382	Larynx carcinoma IV
S0384	Tongue carcinoma
S0386	Human Whole Brain, re-excision
S0388	Human Hypothalamus, schizophrenia, re-excision
S0390	Smooth muscle, control, re-excision
S0392	Salivary Gland
S0394	Stomach,normal
S0402	Adrenal Gland, normal
S0404	Rectum normal
S0406	Rectum tumour
S0408	Colon, normal
S0410	Colon, tumour
S0414	Hippocampus, Alzheimer Subtracted
S0418	CHME Cell Line,treated 5 hrs
S0420	CHME Cell Line,untreated
S0422	Mo7e Cell Line GM-CSF treated (lng/ml)
\$0424	TF-1 Cell Line GM-CSF Treated
S0426	Monocyte activated, re-excision
S0428	Neutrophils control, re-excision
S0430	Aryepiglottis Normal
S0432	Sinus piniformis Tumour
S0434	Stomach Normal

00406	
S0436	Stomach Tumour
S0438	Liver Normal Met5No
S0440	Liver Tumour Met 5 Tu
S0442	Colon Normal
S0444	Colon Tumor
S0446	Tongue Tumour
S0448	Larynx Normal
S0450	Larynx Tumour
S0452	Thymus
S0454	Placenta
S0456	Tongue Normal
S0458	Thyroid Normal (SDCA2 No)
S0460	Thyroid Tumour
S0462	Thyroid Thyroiditis
S0464	Larynx Normal
S0468	Ea.hy.926 cell line
S0472	Lung Mesothelium
S0474	Human blood platelets
S3012	Smooth Muscle Serum Treated, Norm
S3014	Smooth muscle, serum induced,re-exc
S6014	H. hypothalamus, frac A
S6016	H. Frontal Cortex, Epileptic
S6022	H. Adipose Tissue
S6024	Alzheimers, spongy change
S6026	Frontal Lobe, Dementia
S6028	Human Manic Depression Tissue
T0002	Activated T-cells
T0003	Human Fetal Lung
T0006	Human Pineal Gland
T0008	Colorectal Tumor
T0010	Human Infant Brain
T0023	Human Pancreatic Carcinoma
T0039	HSA 172 Cells
T0040	HSC172 cells
T0041	Jurkat T-cell G1 phase
T0042	Jurkat T-Cell, S phase
T0048	Human Aortic Endothelium
T0049	Aorta endothelial cells + TNF-a
T0060	Human White Adipose
T0067	Human Thyroid
T0068	Normal Ovary, Premenopausal
T0069	Human Uterus, normal
T0071	Human Bone Marrow
T0074	Human Adult Retina
T0079	Human Kidney, normal Adult
T0082	Human Adult Retina
T0103	
T0104	Human colon carcinoma (HCC) cell line HCC cell line metastisis to liver
T0109	Human (HCC) cell line liver (
	Human (HCC) cell line liver (mouse) metastasis, remake

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374

T0110	Human colon carcinoma (HCC) cell line, remake
T0114	Human (Caco-2) cell line, adenocarcinoma, colon, remake
T0115	Human Colon Carcinoma (HCC) cell line

Table 6

DMIM ID	OMIM Description
100650	Alcohol intolerance, acute (3)
	?Fetal alcohol syndrome (1)
100690	Myasthenic syndrome, slow-channel congenital, 601462 (3)
100710	Myasthenic syndrome, slow-channel congenital, 601462 (3)
100730	Myasthenia gravis, neonatal transient (2)
101000	Malignant mesothelioma, sporadic (3)
	Meningioma, NF2-related, sporadic (3) Schwannoma, sporadic (3)
	Neurofibromatosis, type 2 (3)
	Neurolemmomatosis (3)
102200	Somatotrophinoma (2)
102540	Cardiomyopathy, idiopathic dilated (3)
102578	Leukemia, acute promyelocytic, PML/RARA type (3)
102600	Urolithiasis, 2,8-dihydroxyadenine (3)
102770	Myoadenylate deaminase deficiency (3)
102772	[AMP deaminase deficiency, erythrocytic] (3)
103000	Hemolytic anemia due to adenylate kinase deficiency (3)
103050	Adenylosuccinase deficiency (1)
100501	Autism, succinylpurinemic (3)
103581	Albright hereditary osteodystrophy-2 (2) (?)
103600	Analbuminemia (3)
	[Dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia] (3)
102720	[Dysalbuminemic hyperzincemia], 194470 (3)
103720	Alcoholism, susceptibility to (1)
103850	Aldolase A deficiency (3)
103950	Emphysema due to alpha-2-macroglobulin deficiency (1)
104150	[AFP deficiency, congenital] (1)
104311	[Hereditary persistence of alpha-fetoprotein] (3)
104511	Alzheimer disease-3 (3)
104300	Amelogenesis imperfecta-2, hypoplastic local type (2)
104614	Cystinuria, 220100 (3)
104770	?Amyloidosis, secondary, susceptibility to (1)
105600	Anal canal carcinoma (2) (?)
105600	Dyserythropoietic anemia, congenital, type III (2)
106100	Angioedema, hereditary (3)
100130	Hypertension, essential, susceptibility to (3)
106165	Preeclampsia, susceptibility to (3)
106180	Hypertension, essential, 145500 (3)
106210	Myocardial infarction, susceptibility to (3)
100210	Aniridia (3)
	Cataract, congenital, with late-onset corneal dystrophy (3)
	Foveal hypoplasia, isolated, 136520 (3)
106300	Peters anomaly (3)
107250	Ankylosing spondylitis (2)
107230	Anterior segment mesenchymal dysgenesis (2)
107271	CD59 deficiency (3)
10/200	Alpha-1-antichymotrypsin deficiency (3)
	Cerebrovascular disease, occlusive (3)

107200	A colorado III de C
107300	Antithrombin III deficiency (3)
107400	Emphysema (3)
	Emphysema-cirrhosis (3)
107470	Atypical mycobacterial infection, familial disseminated, 209950 (3)
	BCG infection, generalized familial (3)
	Tuberculosis, susceptibility to (3)
107670	Apolipoprotein A-II deficiency (3)
107680	Amyloidosis, 3 or more types (3)
	ApoA-I and apoC-III deficiency, combined (3)
	Corneal clouding, autosomal recessive (3)
	Hypertriglyceridemia, one form (3)
	Hypoalphalipoproteinemia (3)
107720	Hypertriglyceridemia (3)
107730	Abetalipoproteinemia (3)
	Apolipoprotein B-100, ligand-defective (3)
	Hyperbetalipoproteinemia (3)
	Hypobetalipoproteinemia (3)
107741	Hyperlipoproteinemia, type III (3)
107776	Colton blood group, 110450 (3)
107777	Diabetes insipidus, nephrogenic, autosomal recessive, 222000 (3)
107910	Gynecomastia, familial, due to increased aromatase activity (1)
	Virilization, maternal and fetal, from placental aromatase deficiency (3)
107970	Arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia-1 (2)
108120	Distal arthrogryposis-1 (2)
108725	Atherosclerosis, susceptibility to (2)
108730	Brody myopathy, 601003 (3)
108800	Atrial septal defect, secundum type (2)
108962	Hypertension, salt-resistant (1) (?)
108985	Atrophia areata (2)
109150	Machado-Joseph disease (3)
109270	Hemolytic anemia due to band 3 defect (3)
	Renal tubular acidosis, distal, 179800 (3)
	Spherocytosis, hereditary (3)
	[Acanthocytosis, one form] (1)
	[Elliptocytosis, Malaysian-Melanesian type] (3)
109400	Basal cell nevus syndrome (2)
109543	Leukemia, chronic lymphocytic, B-cell (2)
109560	Leukemia/lymphoma, B-cell, 3 (2)
109690	Asthma, nocturnal, susceptibility to (3)
	Obesity, susceptibility to (3)
109700	Hemodialysis-related amyloidosis (1)
110100	Blepharophimosis, epicanthus inversus, and ptosis, type 1 (2)
110700	Vivax malaria, susceptibility to (1)
112250	Bone dysplasia with medullary fibrosarcoma (2)
112261	Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (1) (?)
112262	Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva, 135100 (1) (?)
112410	Hypertension with brachydactyly (2)
113100	Brachydactyly, type C (2)
113300	Brachydactyly type E (2) (?)
113520	Hyperleucinemia-isoleucinemia or hypervalinemia (1) (?)
1.5520	1 22/per recementa isoledementa of hypervalmenta (1)(:)

113705	Breast cancer-1 (3)
	Ovarian cancer (3)
113721	Breast cancer (1)
113900	Heart block, progressive familial, type I (2)
114130	Osteoporosis (3)
114208	Hypokalemic periodic paralysis, 170400 (3)
	Malignant hyperthermia susceptibility 5, 601887 (3)
114240	Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 2A, 253600 (3)
114290	Campomelic dysplasia with autosomal sex reversal (3)
114350	Leukemia, acute myeloid (2)
114400	Lynch cancer family syndrome II (2) (?)
114550	Hepatocellular carcinoma (1)
114835	Monocyte carboxyesterase deficiency (1) (?)
115500	Acatalasemia (3)
115650	Cataract, anterior polar-1 (2) (?)
115660	Cataract, cerulean, type 1 (2)
116600	Cataract, posterior polar (2)
116800	Cataract, Marner type (2)
116806	Colorectal cancer (3)
116860	Cavernous angiomatous malformations (2)
117700	Hemosiderosis, systemic, due to aceruloplasminemia (3)
	[Hypoceruloplasminemia, hereditary] (1)
118210	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-2A (2)
118425	Myotonia congenita, dominant, 160800 (3)
110425	Myotonia congenita, recessive, 255700 (3)
	Myotonia levior, recessive (3)
118470	[CETP deficiency] (3)
118485	Polycystic ovary syndrome with hyperandrogenemia (2)
118504	Epilepsy, benign neonatal, type 1, 121200 (3)
110001	Epilepsy, nocturnal frontal lobe, 600513 (3)
118511	Schizophrenia, neurophysiologic defect in (2)
118800	Choreoathetosis, familial paroxysmal (2)
119300	van der Woude syndrome (2)
120070	Alport syndrome, autosomal recessive, 203780 (3)
120110	Metaphyseal chondrodysplasia, Schmid type (3)
120120	Epidermolysis bullosa dystrophica, dominant, 131750 (3)
120120	Epidermolysis bullosa dystrophica, dominant, 131730 (3) Epidermolysis bullosa dystrophica, recessive, 226600 (3)
	Epidermolysis bullosa, pretibial, 131850 (3)
120131	Alport syndrome, autosomal recessive, 203780 (3)
120151	Hematuria, familial benign (3)
120140	Achondrogenesis-hypochondrogenesis, type II (3)
120140	Kniest dysplasia (3)
	Osteoarthrosis, precocious (3)
	SED congenita (3)
	SMED Strudwick type (3)
	Stickler syndrome, type I (3)
	Wagner syndrome, type II (3)
120150	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type VIIA1, 130060 (3)
.20150	Osteogenesis imperfecta, 4 clinical forms, 166200, 166210, 259420,
	166220 (3)
	1.0000(0)

Γ	Ostopogogic idionali: 166710 (2)
120160	Osteoporosis, idiopathic, 166710 (3)
120160	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type VIIA2, 130060 (3)
	Marfan syndrome, atypical (3)
	Osteogenesis imperfecta, 4 clinical forms, 166200, 166210, 259420,
	166220 (3)
120100	Osteoporosis, idiopathic, 166710 (3)
120180	Aneurysm, familial, 100070 (3)
	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type III (3)
	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type IV, 130050 (3)
120190	Fibromuscular dysplasia of arteries, 135580 (3) Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type I, 130000 (3)
120215	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type I, 130000 (3) Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type I, 130000 (3)
120213	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type II, 130010 (3)
120220	Bethlem myopathy, 158810 (3)
120240	Bethlem myopathy, 158810 (3)
120250	
120250	Bethlem myopathy, 158810 (3) Eniphyseal dygalacia, multiple time 2, 600204 (2)
120280	Epiphyseal dysplasia, multiple, type 2, 600204 (3) Marshall syndrome, 154780 (3)
120200	Stickler syndrome, type III (3)
120290	OSMED syndrome, 215150 (3)
120270	Stickler syndrome, type II, 184840 (3)
120435	Colorectal cancer, hereditary, nonpolyposis, type 1 (3) Ovarian cancer (3)
120133	Muir-Torre syndrome, 158320 (3)
120436	Colorectal cancer, hereditary nonpolyposis, type 2 (3)
	Muir-Torre family cancer syndrome, 158320 (3)
	Turcot syndrome with glioblastoma, 276300 (3)
120470	Colorectal cancer (3)
120550	Clq deficiency, type A (3)
120570	C1q deficiency, type B (3)
120575	Clq deficiency, type C (3)
120580	C1r/C1s deficiency, combined (1)
120620	CR1 deficiency (1)
	?SLE susceptibility (1)
120700	C3 deficiency (3)
120810	C4 deficiency (3)
120820	C4 deficiency (3)
120900	C5 deficiency (1)
120920	Measles, susceptibility to (1)
120940	C9 deficiency (3)
120950	C8 deficiency, type I (2)
120960	C8 deficiency, type II (3)
121011	Deafness, autosomal dominant 3, 601544 (3)
2	Deafness, autosomal recessive 1, 220290 (3)
121014	Heterotaxia, visceroatrial, autosomal recessive (3)
121050	Contractural arachnodactyly, congenital (3)
121300	Coproporphyria (3)
	Harderoporphyrinuria (3)
121360	Myeloid leukemia, acute, M4Eo subtype (2)
121700	Congenital hereditary endothelial dystrophy of comea (2)
121800	Corneal dystrophy, crystalline, Schnyder (2)

100000	
122000	Corneal dystrophy, posterior polymorphous (2)
122500	[Transcortin deficiency] (1)
122560	ACTH deficiency, 201400 (2)
122720	Coumarin resistance, 122700 (3)
	Nicotine addiction, protection from (3)
123000	Craniometaphyseal dysplasia (2)
123101	Craniosynostosis, type 2 (3)
123580	Cataract, congenital, autosomal dominant (3)
123620	Cataract, cerulean, type 2, 601547 (3)
123660	Cataract, Coppock-like (3)
123829	Melanoma (3)
123940	White sponge nevus, 193900 (3)
124030	Debrisoquine sensitivity (3)
	?Parkinsonism, susceptibility to (1)
124080	CMO II deficiency (3)
124200	Darier disease (keratosis follicularis) (2)
125270	Porphyria, acute hepatic (3)
	Lead poisoning, susceptibility to (3)
125490	Dentinogenesis imperfecta-1 (2)
125660	Cardiomyopathy (1) (?)
	Myopathy, desminopathic (1) (?)
125852	Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-2 (2)
126060	Anemia, megaloblastic, due to DHFR deficiency (1) (?)
126090	Hyperphenylalaninemia due to pterin-4a-carbinolamine dehydratase deficiency, 264070 (3)
126150	Diphtheria, susceptibility to (1)
126337	Myxoid liposarcoma (3)
126340	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group D, 278730 (3)
126391	DNA ligase I deficiency (3)
126451	?Schizophrenia, susceptibility to (2)
126452	Autonomic nervous system dysfunction (3)
	[Novelty seeking personality] (1)
126600	Drusen, radial, autosomal dominant (2)
126650	Chloride diarrhea, congenital, Finnish type, 214700 (3)
	Colon cancer (1) (?)
128100	Dystonia-1, torsion (3)
129010	Neuropathy, congenital hypomyelinating, 1 (3)
129490	Ectodermal dysplasia-3, anhidrotic (2)
129500	Ectodermal dysplasia, hidrotic (2)
129900	EEC syndrome-1 (2) (?)
130160	Cutis laxa, 123700 (3)
1	Supravalvar aortic stenosis, 185500 (3)
	Williams-Beuren syndrome, 194050 (3)
130410	Glutaricaciduria, type IIB (3)
130500	Elliptocytosis-1 (3)
130650	Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome (2)
131100	Carcinoid tumor of lung (3)
	Multiple endocrine neoplasia I (3)
	Prolactinoma, hyperparathyroidism, carcinoid syndrome (2)

131195	Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia-1, 187300 (3)
131210	Atherosclerosis, susceptibility to (2)
131242	Shah-Waardenburg syndrome, 277580 (3)
131400	Eosinophilia, familial (2)
131440	Eosinophilic myeloproliferative disorder (2) (?)
132700	Cylindromatosis (2)
132800	Basal cell carcinoma (2) (?)
	Epithelioma, self-healing, squamous 1, Ferguson-Smith type (2)
133170	Erythremia (1) (?)
133171	[Erythrocytosis, familial], 133100 (3)
133200	Erythrokeratodermia variabilis (2)
133510	Trichothiodystrophy (3)
	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group B (3)
133530	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group G, 278780 (3)
133540	Cockayne syndrome-2, late onset (2)
133700	Chondrosarcoma, 215300 (3)
	Exostoses, multiple, type 1 (3)
133701	Exostoses, multiple, type 2 (3)
133780	Vitreoretinopathy, exudative, familial (2)
134370	Factor H deficiency (1)
10.5.0	Hemolytic-uremic syndrome, 235400 (3)
	Membroproliferative glomerulonephritis (1)
134580	Factor XIIIB deficiency (3)
134638	Systemic lupus erythematosus, susceptibility, 152700 (3)
134790	Hyperferritinemia-cataract syndrome, 600886 (3)
134797	Ectopia lentis, ?isolated (3)
	Marfan syndrome, 154700 (3)
Ì	Shprintzen-Goldberg syndrome, 182212 (3)
134820	Amyloidosis, hereditary renal, 105200 (3)
	Dysfibrinogenemia, alpha type, causing bleeding diathesis (3)
	Dysfibrinogenemia, alpha type, causing recurrent thrombosis (3)
134830	Dysfibrinogenemia, beta type (3)
134850	Dysfibrinogenemia, gamma type (3)
	Hypofibrinogenemia, gamma type (3)
134934	Achondroplasia, 100800 (3)
i	Craniosynostosis, nonsyndromic (3)
	Crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans (3)
	Hypochondroplasia, 146000 (3)
	Thanatophoric dysplasia, types I and II, 187600 (3)
135300	Fibromatosis, gingival (2)
135600	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type X (1) (?)
135700	Fibrosis of extraocular muscles, congenital, 1 (2)
135750	Tetramelic mirror-image polydactyly (2) (?)
135940	Ichthyosis vulgaris, 146700 (1) (?)
136132	[Fish-odor syndrome], 602079 (3)
136350	Pfeiffer syndrome, 101600 (3)
136435	Ovarian dysgenesis, hypergonadotropic, with normal kary type, 233300 (3)
136440	Lymphoma/leukemia, B-cell, variant (1)
136530	Male infertility, familial (1) (?)
136550	Macular dystrophy, North Carolina type (2)
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126026	
136836	Fucosyltransferase-6 deficiency (3)
136850	Fumarase deficiency (3)
137181	[Gamma-glutamyltransferase, familial high serum] (2)
137350	Amyloidosis, Finnish type, 105120 (3)
137600	Iridogoniodysgenesis syndrome (2)
138030	[?Hyperproglucagonemia] (1)
138033	Diabetes mellitus, type II (3)
138040	Cortisol resistance (3)
138079	Hyperinsulinism, familial, 602485 (3)
	MODY, type 2, 125851 (3)
138140	Glucose transport defect, blood-brain barrier (3)
138190	Diabetes mellitus, noninsulin-dependent (3)
138320	Hemolytic anemia due to glutathione peroxidase deficiency (1)
138430	Diabetes mellitus, type II (3)
138491	Hyperekplexia and spastic paraparesis (3)
	Startle disease, autosomal recessive (3)
	Startle disease/hyperekplexia, autosomal dominant, 149400 (3)
138570	Non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus, susceptibility to (2)
138571	Glycogen synthase, liver, deficiency of, 240600 (1)
138700	[Apolipoprotein H deficiency] (3)
138720	Bernard-Soulier syndrome, type B (2)
138850	Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (3)
138971	Kostmann neutropenia, 202700 (3)
138981	Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis, 265120 (3)
139130	Hypertension, essential, susceptibility to, 145500 (3)
139150	Basal cell carcinoma (3)
139190	Gigantism due to GHRF hypersecretion (1)
	Isolated growth hormone deficiency due to defect in GHRF (1) (2)
139191	Growth hormone deficient dwarfism (3)
139250	Isolated growth hormone deficiency, Illig type with absent GH and
	Kowarski type with bioinactive GH (3)
139320	McCune-Albright polyostotic fibrous dysplasia, 174800 (3)
	Pituitary ACTH secreting adenoma (3)
	Pseudohypoparathyroidism, type Ia, 103580 (3)
	Somatotrophinoma (3)
139330	Night blindness, congenital stationary (3)
139350	Epidermolytic hyperkeratosis, 113800 (3)
100010	Keratoderma, palmoplantar, nonepidermolytic (3)
139360	Pituitary ACTH-secreting adenoma (3)
140100	[Anhaptoglobinemia] (3)
	[Hypohaptogloginemia] (3)
141750	Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation syndrome, type 1 (1)
141800	Erythremias, alpha- (3)
	Heinz body anemias, alpha- (3)
	Methemoglobinemias, alpha- (3)
141000	Thalassemias, alpha- (3)
141850	Erythrocytosis (3)
	Heinz body anemia (3)
	Hemoglobin H disease (3)
	Hypochromic microcytic anemia (3)

	Thalassemia, alpha- (3)
141900	Erythremias, beta- (3)
	HPFH, deletion type (3)
	Heinz body anemias, beta- (3)
	Methemoglobinemias, beta- (3)
	Sickle cell anemia (3)
	Thalassemias, beta- (3)
142000	Thalassemia due to Hb Lepore (3)
	Thalassemia, delta- (3)
142200	HPFH, nondeletion type A (3)
142250	HPFH, nondeletion type G (3)
142270	Hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin (3) (?)
142335	Hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin, heterocellular, Indian type (2)
	(?)
142380	Hepatocellular carcinoma (3)
142410	Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (3)
	MODY, type 3, 600496 (3)
140450	Non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-2, 601407 (2)
142470	[Hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin, heterocellular] (2)
142600	Hemolytic anemia due to hexokinase deficiency (3)
142680	Periodic fever, familial (2)
142857	Pemphigoid, susceptibility to (2)
142858	Beryllium disease, chronic, susceptibility to (3)
142959	Hand-foot-uterus syndrome, 140000 (3)
142989	Synpolydactyly, type II, 186000 (3)
143100	Huntington disease (3)
143200	Erosive vitreoretinopathy (2)
	Wagner syndrome (2)
143450	Trifunctional protein deficiency, type II (3)
143890	Hypercholesterolemia, familial (3)
144120	Hyperimmunoglobulin G1 syndrome (2) (?)
144200	Epidermolytic palmoplantar keratoderma (3)
144700	Renal cell carcinoma (2)
145001	Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome (2)
145260	Pseudohypoaldosteronism, type II (2)
145410	Opitz G syndrome, type II (2)
145505	?Hypertension, essential (1)
145981	Hypocalciuric hypercalcemia, type II (2)
146150	Hypomelanosis of Ito (2) (?)
146200	Hypoparathyroidism, familial (2)
146740	Neutropenia, alloimmune neonatal (3)
	Viral infections, recurrent (3)
	Lupus erythematosus, systemic, susceptibility, 152700 (1)
146760	[IgG receptor I, phagocytic, familial deficiency of] (1)
146790	Lupus nephritis, susceptibility to (3)
147020	Agammaglobulinemia, 601495 (3)
147050	Atopy (2)
147061	Allergy and asthma susceptibility (2) (?)
147110	IgG2 deficiency, selective (3)
147141	Leukemia, acute lymphoblastic (1)

147200	(Variation 1 C : 1 C)
147200	[Kappa light chain deficiency] (3)
147440	Growth retardation with deafness and mental retardation (3)
147450	Amytrophic lateral sclerosis, due to SOD1 deficiency, 105400 (3)
147545	Diabetes mellitus, noninsulin-dependent (3)
147557	Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional, with pyloric atresia, 226730 (3)
147570	Interferon, immune, deficiency (1)
147575	Macrocytic anemia refractory, of 5q-syndrome, 153550 (3)
	Myelodysplastic syndrome, preleukemic (3)
1.17.660	Myelogenous leukemia, acute (3)
147660	Interferon, alpha, deficiency (1)
147670	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant, with acanthosis nigricans (3)
	Leprechaunism (3)
147600	Rabson-Mendenhall syndrome (3)
147680	Severe combined immunodeficiency due to IL2 deficiency (1)
147781	Atopy, susceptibility to (3)
147790	Leukemia, acute lymphocytic, with 4/11 translocation (3) (?)
147791	Jacobsen syndrome (2)
148040	Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, Koebner, Dowling-Meara, and Weber-
140041	Cockayne types, 131900, 131760, 131800 (3)
148041	Pachyonychia congenita, Jadassohn-Lewandowsky type, 167200 (3)
148043	Meesmann corneal dystrophy, 122100 (3)
148065	White sponge nevus, 193900 (3)
148066	Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, Koebner, Dowling-Meara, and Weber-
	Cockayne types, 131900, 131760, 131800 (3)
140067	Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, recessive, 601001 (3)
148067	Nonepidermolytic palmoplantar keratoderma, 600962 (3)
149060	Pachyonychia congenita, Jadassohn-Lewandowsky type, 167200 (3)
148069	Pachyonychia congenita, Jackson-Lawler type, 167210 (3)
148070	?Liver disease, susceptibility to, from hepatotoxins or viruses (1)
148080	Epidermolytic hyperkeratosis, 113800 (3)
148370	Keratolytic winter erythema (2)
148500	Tylosis with esophageal cancer (2)
148900	Klippel-Feil syndrome with laryngeal malformation (2)
150000	Exertional myoglobinuria due to deficiency of LDH-A (3)
150100	Lactate dehydrogenase-B deficiency (3)
150200	[Placental lactogen deficiency] (1)
150210	Lactoferrin-deficient neutrophils, 245480 (1) (?)
150230	Langer-Giedion syndrome (2)
150240	Cutis laxa, marfanoid neonatal type (1) (?)
150250	Larsen syndrome, autosomal dominant (2)
150270	Laryngeal adductor paralysis (2) (?)
150292	Epidermolysis bullosa, Herlitz junctional type, 226700 (3)
150310	Epidermolysis bullosa, Herlitz junctional type, 226700 (3)
	Epidermolysis bullosa, generalized atrophic benign, 226650 (3)
151385	Leukemia, acute myeloid (3)
151390	Leukemia, acute T-cell (2)
151400	Leukemia/lymphoma, B-cell, 1 (2)
151430	Leukemia/lymphoma, B-cell, 2 (2)
151440	Leukemia, T-cell acute lymphoblastoid (2)

151670	Hepatic lipase deficiency (3)
152200	Coronary artery disease, susceptibility to (1)
152427	Long QT syndrome-2 (3)
152445	Erythrokeratoderma, progressive symmetric, 602036 (3)
	Vohwinkel syndrome, 124500 (3)
152760	Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism due to GNRH deficiency, 227200 (1) (?)
152780	Hypogonadism, hypergonadotropic (3)
	Male pseudohermaphroditism due to defective LH (1) (?)
152790	Leydig cell hypoplasia (3)
	Precocious puberty, male, 176410 (3)
153455	Cutis laxa, recessive, type I, 219100 (1)
153700	Macular dystrophy, vitelliform type (3)
153880	Macular dystrophy, dominant cystoid (2)
153900	Stargardt disease-2 (2)
154275	Malignant hyperthermia susceptibility 2 (2)
154276	Malignant hyperthermia susceptibility 3 (2)
154500	Treacher Collins mandibulofacial dysostosis (3)
154545	Chronic infections, due to opsonin defect (3)
154550	Carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome, type Ib, 602579 (3)
154705	Marfan syndrome, type II (2)
155555	[Red hair/fair skin] (3)
	UV-induced skin damage, vulnerability to (3)
155600	Malignant melanoma, cutaneous (2)
155900	Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome (2) (?)
156225	Muscular dystrophy, congenital merosin-deficient (3)
156232	Mesomelic dysplasia, Kantaputra type (2)
156490	Neuroblastoma (3)
156570	Methylcobalamin deficiency, cbl G type (3)
156600	Microcoria, congenital (2)
156845	Tietz syndrome, 103500 (3)
	Waardenburg syndrome, type IIA, 193510 (3)
	Waardenburg syndrome/ocular albinism, digenic, 103470 (3)
156850	Cataract, congenital, with microphthalmia (2)
157140	Dementia, frontotemporal, with parkinsonism, 601630 (3)
157147	Abetalipoproteinemia, 200100 (3)
157170	Holoprosencephaly-2 (2)
157640	PEO with mitochondrial DNA deletions, type 1 (2)
157655	Lactic acidosis due to defect in iron-sulfur cluster of complex I (1)
157900	Moebius syndrome (2) (?)
158590	Spinal muscular atrophy-4 (2)
158900	Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy-1A (2)
159000	Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 1A (2)
159001	Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 1B (2)
159350	Colorectal cancer (3)
159440	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-1B, 118200 (3)
	Dejerine-Sottas disease, myelin P(0)-related, 145900 (3)
	Hypomyelination, congenital (3)
159555	Leukemia, myeloid/lymphoid or mixed-lineage (2)
159595	Leukemia, transient, of Down syndrome (2)

160760	Cdia
160760	Cardiomyopathy, familial hypertrophic, 1, 192600 (3)
160777	Central core disease, one form (3) (?)
160777	Griscelli disease, 214450 (3)
160781	Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, mid-left ventricular chamber type (3)
160900	Myotonic dystrophy (3)
160980	Carney myxoma-endocrine complex (2)
161015	Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, 252010 (1) (?)
162100	Neuralgic amyotrophy with predilection for brachial plexus (2)
162150	Obestiy with impaired prohormone processing, 600955 (3)
162400	Neuropathy, hereditary sensory and autonomic, type 1 (2)
163729	Hypertension, pregnancy-induced (2)
163890	Parkinson disease, type 1, 601508 (3)
163950	Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, 115150 (2)
	Noonan syndrome-1 (2)
164009	Leukemia, acute promyelocytic, NUMA/RARA type (3)
164040	Leukemia, acute promyelocytic, NPM/RARA type (3)
164050	Nucleoside phosphorylase deficiency, immunodeficiency due to (3)
164160	Obesity, severe, due to leptin deficiency (3)
164200	Oculodentodigital dysplasia (2)
	Syndactyly, type III, 186100 (2)
164500	Spinocerebellar ataxia-7 (3)
164731	Ovarian carcinoma, 167000 (2)
164761	Hirschsprung disease, 142623 (3)
	Medullary thyroid carcinoma, 155240 (3)
	Multiple endocrine neoplasia IIA, 171400 (3)
	Multiple endocrine neoplasia IIB, 162300 (3)
164770	Myeloid malignancy, predisposition to (3)
164790	Colorectal cancer (3)
164860	Renal cell carcinoma, papillary, familial and sporadic (3)
164920	Mast cell leukemia (3)
	Mastocytosis with associated hematologic disorder (3)
	Piebaldism (3)
164953	Liposarcoma (1)
165215	3q21q26 syndrome (1)
165240	Greig cephalopolysyndactyly syndrome, 175700 (3)
	Pallister-Hall syndrome, 146510 (3)
	Postaxial polydactyly type A1, 174200 (3)
165320	Hepatocellular carcinoma (1) (?)
166600	Osteopetrosis, AD, type II (2)
166800	Otosclerosis (2)
167000	Ovarian cancer, serous (2)
167250	Paget disease of bone (2) (?)
167409	Optic nerve coloboma with renal disease, 120330 (3)
167415	Hypothyroidism, congenital, due to thyroid dysgenesis or hypoplasia (3)
168000	Paraganglioma, familial nonchromaffin, 1 (2)
168360	Paraneoplastic sensory neuropathy (1)
168450	Hypoparathyroidism, autosomal dominant(3)
100730	Hypoparathyroidism, autosomal dominant(3) Hypoparathyroidism, autosomal recessive (3)
168461	Centrocytic lymphoma (2)
100401	Multiple myeloma, 254250 (2)
	Manufic Hycionia, 234230 (2)

	Parathyroid adenomatosis 1 (2)
168468	Metaphyseal chondrodysplasia, Murk Jansen type, 156400 (3)
168470	Humoral hypercalcemia of malignancy (1) (?)
168500	Parietal foramina (2)
168610	Parkinsonism-dementia with pallidopontonigral degeneration (2)
169600	Hailey-Hailey disease (2)
170261	Bare lymphocyte syndrome, type I, due to TAP2 deficiency (1)
170500	Hyperkalemic periodic paralysis (3)
	Myotonia congenita, atypical acetazolamide-responsive (3)
	Paramyotonia congenita, 168300 (3)
170650	Periodontitis, juvenile (2)
170993	Zellweger syndrome-3 (3)
170995	Zellweger syndrome-2 (3)
171050	Colchicine resistance (3)
171060	Cholestasis, progressive familial intrahepatic, type III, 602347 (3)
171190	Hypertension, essential, 145500 (1) (?)
171650	Lysosomal acid phosphatase deficiency (1) (?)
171760	Hypophosphatasia, adult, 146300 (1) (?)
	Hypophosphatasia, infantile, 241500 (3)
171860	Hemolytic anemia due to phosphofructokinase deficiency (1)
172400	Hemolytic anemia due to glucosephosphate isomerase deficiency (3)
	Hydrops fetalis, one form (1)
172411	?Colorectal cancer, resistance to (1)
172471	Glycogenosis, hepatic, autosomal (3)
172490	Phosphorylase kinase deficiency of liver and muscle, 261750 (2) (?)
173360	Hemorrhagic diathesis due to PAI1 deficiency (1)
	Thrombophilia due to excessive plasminogen activator inhibitor (1)
173370	Plasminogen activator deficiency (1)
173470	Glanzmann thrombasthenia, type B (3)
173510	Platelet glycoprotein IV deficiency (3)
	[Macrothrombocytopenia] (1)
173610	Platelet alpha/delta storage pool deficiency (1)
173850	Polio, susceptibility to (2)
173870	Fanconi anemia (1) (?)
	Xeroderma pigmentosum (1) (?)
173910	Polycystic kidney disease, adult, type II (3)
174000	Medullary cystic kidney disease, AD (2)
174810	Osteolysis, familial expansile (2)
174900	Polyposis, juvenile intestinal (2)
175100	Adenomatous polyposis coli (3)
	Adenomatous polyposis coli, attenuated (3)
	Colorectal cancer (3)
	Desmoid disease, hereditary, 135290 (3)
	Gardner syndrome (3)
126066	Turcot syndrome, 276300 (3)
176000	Porphyria, acute intermittent (3)
176010	Porphyria, Chester type (2)
176100	Porphyria cutanea tarda (3)
10/0/2	Porphyria, hepatoerythropoietic (3)
176260	Episodic ataxia/myokymia syndrome, 160120 (3)

176261 Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, 220400 (3)	
176300 Amyloid neuropathy, familial, several allelic types (3)	
Amyloidosis, senile systemic (3)	
Carpal tunnel syndrome, familial (3)	
[Dystransthyretinemic hyperthyroxinemia](3)	
176310 Leukemia, acute pre-B-cell (2)	
176450 Sacral agenesis-1 (2)	
176640 Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, 123400 (3)	
Gerstmann-Straussler disease, 137440 (3)	
Insomnia, fatal familial (3)	
176705 Breast cancer, sporadic (3)	
176730 Diabetes mellitus, rare form (1)	
Hyperproinsulinemia, familial (3)	
MODY, one form (3)	
176797 Leukemia, acute promyelocytic, PL2F/RARA type (3)	
176860 Purpura fulminans, neonatal (1)	
Thrombophilia due to protein C deficiency (3)	
176930 Dysprothrombinemia (3)	
Hypoprothrombinemia (3)	
176943 Apert syndrome, 101200 (3)	
Beare-Stevenson cutis gyrata syndrome, 123790 (3)	
Crouzon craniofacial dysostosis, 123500 (3)	
Jackson-Weiss syndrome, 123150 (3)	
Pfeiffer syndrome, 101600 (3)	
176947 Selective T-cell defect (3)	
176960 Pituitary tumor, invasive (3)	
177000 Protoporphyria, erythropoietic (3)	
Protoporphyria, erythropoietic, recessive, with liver failure (3)	
177070 Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome, 203300 (1) (?)	
Spherocytosis, hereditary, Japanese type (3)	
177900 Psoriasis susceptibility-1 (2)	
178300 Ptosis, hereditary congenital, 1 (2)	
178600 Pulmonary hypertension, familial primary (2)	
178640 Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis, congenital, 265120 (3)	
179095 Male infertility (1) (?)	
179450 Ragweed sensitivity (2) (?)	
179605 Butterfly dystrophy, retinal (3)	
Macular dystrophy (3)	
Retinitis pigmentosa, digenic (3)	
Retinitis pigmentosa-7, peripherin-related (3)	
Retinitis punctata albescens (3)	
179615 Reticulosis, familial histiocytic, 267700 (3)	
Severe combined immunodeficiency, B cell-negative, 601457 (3)	
179616 Severe combined immunodeficiency, B cell-negative, 601457 (3)	
179755 Renal cell carcinoma, papillary, 1 (2)	
179820 [Hyperproreninemia] (3)	
180069 Leber congenital amaurosis-2, 204100 (3)	
Retinal dystrophy, autosomal recessive, childhood-onset (3)	
Retinitis pigmentosa-20 (3)	
180071 Retinitis pigmentosa, autosomal recessive (3)	

100077	Tarrials 1
180072	Night blindness, congenital stationary, type 3, 163500 (3)
<u></u>	Retinitis pigmentosa, autosomal recessive (3)
180090	Retinitis pigmentosa, autosomal recessive (3)
180100	Retinitis pigmentosa-1 (2)
180104	Retinitis pigmentosa-9 (2)
180105	Retinitis pigmentosa-10 (2)
180200	Bladder cancer, 109800 (3)
	Osteosarcoma, 259500 (2)
	Pinealoma with bilateral retinoblastoma (2)
	Retinoblastoma (3)
180240	Leukemia, acute promyelocytic (1)
180250	Retinol binding protein, deficiency of (1) (?)
180297	Anemia, hemolytic, Rh-null, suppressor type, 268150 (3)
180380	Night blindness, congenital stationery, rhodopsin-related (3)
	Retinitis pigmentosa, autosomal recessive (3)
	Retinitis pigmentosa-4, autosomal dominant (3)
180381	Oguchi disease-2, 258100 (3)
180385	Leukemia, acute T-cell (2)
180721	Retinitis pigmentosa, digenic (3)
180840	Susceptibility to IDDM (1) (?)
180860	Russell-Silver syndrome (2)
180901	Central core disease, 117000 (3)
	Malignant hyperthermia susceptibility 1, 145600 (3)
181405	Scapuloperoneal spinal muscular atrophy, New England type (2)
181430	Scapuloperoneal syndrome, myopathic type (2)
181460	Schistosoma mansoni, susceptibility/resistance to (2)
181510	Schizophrenia (2) (?)
181600	Sclerotylosis (2) (?)
182138	Anxiety-related personality traits (3)
182280	Small-cell cancer of lung (2)
182290	Smith-Magenis syndrome (2)
182380	Glucose/galactose malabsorption (3)
182381	Renal glucosuria, 253100 (1) (?)
182452	Lung cancer, small cell (3)
182500	Cataract, congenital (2) (?)
182600	Spastic paraplegia-3A (2)
182601	Spastic paraplegia-4 (3)
182860	Elliptocytosis-2 (3)
102000	Pyropoikilocytosis (3)
	Spherocytosis, recessive (3)
182870	Anemia, neonatal hemolytic, fatal and near-fatal (3)
	Elliptocytosis-3 (3)
	Spherocytosis-1 (3)
182900	Spherocytosis-2 (3)
183600	Split hand/foot malformation, type 1 (2)
185000	Stomatocytosis I (1) (?)
185430	Atherosclerosis, susceptibility to (3) (?)
185470	Myopathy due to succinate dehydrogenase deficiency (1) (?)
185800	Symphalangism, proximal (2)
103000	Symphaiangisin, proximai (2)

186580	Arthrocutaneouveal granulomatosis (2)
186740	Immunodeficiency due to defect in CD3-gamma (3)
186770	Leukemia, T-cell acute lymphocytic (2)
186780	CD3, zeta chain, deficiency (1)
186830	Immunodeficiency, T-cell receptor/CD3 complex (3)
186855	Leukemia-2, T-cell acute lymphoblastic (3)
186860	Leukemia/lymphoma, T-cell (2)
186880	Leukemia/lymphoma, T-cell (3)
186921	Leukemia, T-cell acute lymphoblastic (2)
186940	[CD4(+) lymphocyte deficiency] (2)
	Lupus erythematosus, susceptibility to (2)
186960	Leukemia/lymphoma, T-cell (2)
187040	Leukemia-1, T-cell acute lymphoblastic (3)
188025	Thrombocytopenia, Paris-Trousseau type (2) (?)
188040	Thrombophilia due to thrombomodulin defect (3)
188070	Bleeding disorder due to defective thromboxane A2 receptor (3)
188450	Goiter, adolescent multinodular (1)
100.00	Goiter, nonendemic, simple (3)
	Hypothyroidism, hereditary congenital (3)
188540	Hypothyroidism, nongoitrous (3)
188550	Thyroid papillary carcinoma (1)
188826	Sorsby fundus dystrophy, 136900 (3)
189800	Preeclampsia/eclampsia (2) (?)
189980	Leukemia, chronic myeloid (3)
190000	Atransferrinemia (1)
190020	Bladder cancer, 109800 (3)
190040	Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (3)
	Giant-cell fibroblastoma (3)
	Meningioma, SIS-related (3)
190070	Colorectal adenoma (1)
	Colorectal cancer (1)
190080	Burkitt lymphoma (3)
190100	Geniospasm (2)
190182	Colon cancer (3)
	Colorectal cancer, familial nonpolyposis, type 6 (3)
190195	Ichthyosiform erythroderma, congenital, 242100 (3)
	Ichthyosis, lamellar, autosomal recessive, 242300 (3)
190198	Leukemia, T-cell acute lymphoblastic (2)
190300	Tremor, familial essential, 1 (2)
190350	Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, type I (2)
190450	Hemolytic anemia due to triosephosphate isomerase deficiency (3)
190605	Triphalangeal thumb-polysyndactyly syndrome (2)
190685	Down syndrome (1)
190900	Colorblindness, tritan (3)
191010	Cardiomyopathy, familial hypertrophic, 3, 115196 (3)
191030	Nemaline myopathy-1, 161800 (3)
191044	Cardiomyopathy, familial hypertrophic (3)
191045	Cardiomyopathy, familial hypertrophic, 2, 115195 (3)
191092	Tuberous sclerosis-2 (3)

101100	TT 1
191100	Tuberous sclerosis-1 (3)
191170	Colorectal cancer, 114500 (3)
101101	Li-Fraumeni syndrome (3)
191181	Cervical carcinoma (2)
191290	Segawa syndrome, recessive (3)
191315	Insensitivity to pain, congenital, with anhidrosis, 256800 (3)
191540	[Urate oxidase deficiency] (1)
192090	Breast cancer, lobular (3)
	Endometrial carcinoma (3)
	Gastric cancer, familial, 137215 (3)
	Ovarian carcinoma (3)
192340	Diabetes insipidus, neurohypophyseal, 125700 (3)
192500	Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, 220400 (3)
	Long QT syndrome-1 (3)
192974	Glycoprotein la deficiency (2) (?)
	Neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (2)
193235	Vitreoretinopathy, neovascular inflammatory (2)
193300	Renal cell carcinoma (3)
	von Hippel-Lindau syndrome (3)
193500	Craniofacial-deafness-hand syndrome, 122880 (3)
	Rhabdomyosarcoma, alveolar, 268220 (3)
	Waardenburg syndrome, type I (3)
	Waardenburg syndrome, type III, 148820 (3)
194070	Denys-Drash syndrome (3)
	Frasier syndrome, 136680 (3)
	Wilms tumor, type 1 (3)
194071	Adrenocortical carcinoma, hereditary, 202300 (2)
	Wilms tumor, type 2 (2)
194190	Wolf-Hirschhorn syndrome (2)
200150	Choreoacanthocytosis (2)
200350	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency (1)
200990	Acrocallosal syndrome (2) (?)
201450	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium chain, deficiency of (3)
201460	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, long chain, deficiency of (3)
201470	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, short-chain, deficiency of (3)
201475	VLCAD deficiency (3)
201810	3-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase, type II, deficiency (3)
201910	Adrenal hyperplasia, congenital, due to 21-hydroxylase deficiency (3)
202010	Adrenal hyperplasia, congenital, due to 11-beta-hydroxylase deficiency (3)
	Aldosteronism, glucocorticoid-remediable (3)
203100	Albinism, oculocutaneous, type IA (3)
	Waardenburg syndrome/ocular albinism, digenic, 103470 (3)
203310	Ocular albinism, autosomal recessive (2) (?)
203500	Alkaptonuria (3)
203740	Alpha-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase deficiency (1)
203750	3-ketothiolase deficiency (3)
203800	Alstrom syndrome (2)
204500	Ceroid-lipofuscinosis, neuronal 2, classic late infantile (2)
205100	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, juvenile (2)
205900	Anemia, Diamond-Blackfan (2)
	1

207760	11 1
207750	Hyperlipoproteinemia, type Ib (3)
207800	Argininemia (3)
208100	Arthrogryposis multiplex congenita, neurogenic (2)
208250	Jacobs syndrome (2)
208400	Aspartylglucosaminuria (3)
208900	Ataxia-telangiectasia (3)
	B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma, sporadic (3)
	T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia, sporadic (3)
209900	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 2 (2)
209901	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 1 (2)
210900	Bloom syndrome (3)
211420	Breast cancer, ductal (2)
212138	Carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase deficiency (3)
212200	Carnosinemia (2)
213700	Cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis (3)
214300	Klippel-Feil syndrome (2) (?)
214400	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-4A (2)
214500	Chediak-Higashi syndrome (3)
215700	Citrullinemia (3)
216550	Cohen syndrome (2)
216900	Achromatopsia (2)
216950	C1r/C1s deficiency, combined (1)
217000	C2 deficiency (3)
217030	C3b inactivator deficiency (3)
217050	C6 deficiency (1)
	Combined C6/C7 deficiency (1)
217070	C7 deficiency (1)
217800	Macular corneal dystrophy (2)
218000	Andermann syndrome (2)
218030	Apparent mineralocorticoid excess, hypertension due to (3)
219800	Cystinosis, nephropathic (3)
221770	Polycystic lipomembranous osteodysplasia with sclerosing
221020	leukencephalopathy (2)
221820	Gliosis, familial progressive subcortical (2)
222100	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent-1 (2) (?)
222600	Achondrogenesis Ib, 600972 (3)
	Atelosteogenesis II, 256050 (3)
222700	Diastrophic dysplasia (3)
222700	Lysinuric protein intolerance (2)
222745	DECR deficiency (2) (?)
222800	Hemolytic anemia due to bisphosphoglycerate mutase deficiency (1)
222900	Sucrose intolerance (3)
223000	Lactase deficiency, adult, 223100 (1) (?)
222260	Lactase deficiency, congenital (1) (?)
223360	Dopamine-beta-hydroxylase deficiency (1)
223900	Dysautonomia, familial (2)
224100	Congenital dyserythropoietic anemia II (2)
224120	Dyserythropoietic anemia, contenital, type I (2)
225500	Ellis-van Creveld syndrome (2)

226450	Epidermolysis bullosa inversa, junctional (2)
227220	[Eye color, brown] (2)
227400	Hemorrhagic diathesis due to factor V deficiency (1)
	Thromboembolism susceptibility due to factor V Leiden (3)
227500	Factor VII deficiency (3)
227600	Factor X deficiency (3)
227645	Fanconi anemia, type C (3)
227646	Fanconi anemia, type D (2)
227650	Fanconi anemia, type A (3)
229000	Fletcher factor deficiency (1)
229300	Friedreich ataxia (3)
	Friedreich ataxia with retained reflexes (2)
229600	Fructose intolerance (3)
229700	Fructose-bisphosphatase deficiency (1)
230000	Fucosidosis (3)
230200	Galactokinase deficiency with cataracts (3)
230350	Galactose epimerase deficiency (3)
230450	Hemolytic anemia due to gamma-glutamylcysteine synthetase deficiency
	(1)
230500	GM1-gangliosidosis (3)
	Mucopolysaccharidosis IVB (3)
230800	Gaucher disease (3)
	Gaucher disease with cardiovascular calcification (3)
231200	Bernard-Soulier syndrome (3)
231550	Achalasia-addisonianism-alacrimia syndrome (2)
231670	Glutaricaciduria, type I (3)
231675	Glutaricaciduria, type IIC (3)
231680	Glutaricaciduria, type IIA (1)
231950	Glutathioninuria (1)
232000	Propionicacidemia, type I or pccA type (1)
232050	Propionicacidemia, type II or pccB type (3)
232200	Glycogen storage disease I (3)
232400	Glycogen storage disease IIIa (1)
	Glycogen storage disease IIIb (3)
232600	McArdle disease (3)
232700	Glycogen storage disease VI (3)
232800	Glycogen storage disease VII (3)
233100	[Renal glucosuria] (2)
233690	Chronic granulomatous disease, autosomal, due to deficiency of CYBA (3)
233700	Chronic granulomatous disease due to deficiency of NCF-1 (3)
233710	Chronic granulomatous disease due to deficiency of NCF-2 (1)
234000	Factor XII deficiency (3)
. 234200	Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation (2)
235200	Hemochromatosis (3)
235800	[Histidinemia] (1)
236100	Holoprosencephaly-1 (2)
236200	Homocystinuria, B6-responsive and nonresponsive types (3)
236700	McKusick-Kaufman syndrome (2)
236730	Urofacial syndrome (2)

237300	Carbamoylphosphate synthetase I deficiency (3)
238300	Hyperglycinemia, nonketotic, type I (3)
238310	Hyperglycinemia, nonketotic, type II (1)
238600	Chylomicronemia syndrome, familial (3)
į	Combined hyperlipemia, familial (3)
	Hyperlipoproteinemia I (1)
	Lipoprotein lipase deficiency (3)
238970	HHH syndrome (2) (?)
239500	Hyperprolinemia, type I (1)
240300	Autoimmune polyglandular disease, type I (3)
243500	Isovalericacidemia (3)
245000	Papillon-Lefevre syndrome (2)
245050	Ketoacidosis due to SCOT deficiency (3)
245200	Krabbe disease (3)
245349	Lacticacidemia due to PDX1 deficiency (3)
245900	Fish-eye disease (3)
<u> </u>	Norum disease (3)
246450	HMG-CoA lyase deficiency (3)
246530	Leukotriene C4 synthase deficiency (1)
246900	Lipoamide dehydrogenase deficiency (3)
247200	Miller-Dieker lissencephaly syndrome (2)
247640	Leukemia, acute lymphoblastic (2)
248510	Mannosidosis, beta- (3)
248600	Maple syrup urine disease, type Ia (3)
248610	Maple syrup urine disease, type II (3)
248611	Maple syrup urine disease, type Ib (3)
249000	Meckel syndrome (2)
249270	Thiamine-responsive megaloblastic anemia (2)
250100	Metachromatic leukodystrophy (3)
250800	Methemoglobinemia, type I (3)
	Methemoglobinemia, type II (3)
250850	Hypermethioninemia, persistent, autosomal dominant, due to methionine
251000	adenosyltransferase I/III deficiency (3)
251000	Methylmalonicaciduria, mutase deficiency type (3)
251170	Mevalonicaciduria (3)
252500	Mucolipidosis II (1)
262000	Mucolipidosis III (1)
252800	Mucopolysaccharidosis Ih (3)
	Mucopolysaccharidosis Ih/s (3)
252920	Mucopolysaccharidosis Is (3)
	Sanfilippo syndrome, type B (3)
252940	Sanfilippo syndrome, type D (1)
253000	Mucopolysaccharidosis IVA (3)
253200	Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome, several forms (3)
253220	Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (3)
253250	Mulibrey nanism (2)
253260	Biotinidase deficiency (3)
253270	Multiple carboxylase deficiency, biotin-responsive (3)
253601	Miyoshi myopathy, 254130 (2)

Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 2B (2)
Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 2C (3)
Fukuyama type congenital muscular dystrophy (2)
Walker-Warburg syndrome, 236670 (2) (?)
Myasthenia gravis, familial infantile (2)
Epilepsy, juvenile myoclonic (2)
Schwartz-Jampel syndrome (2)
Nemaline myopathy-2 (2)
Nephronophthisis, juvenile (3)
Galactosialidosis (3)
Sialidosis, type I (3)
Sialidosis, type II (3)
Ceroid-lipofuscinosis, neuronal-5, variant late infantile (3)
Niemann-Pick disease, type A (3)
Niemann-Pick disease, type B (3)
Niemann-Pick disease, type C.(3)
Niemann-Pick disease, type D, 257250 (2)
3-methylglutaconicaciduria, type III (2)
Gyrate atrophy of choroid and retina with ornithinemia, B6 responsive or
unresponsive (3)
Oroticaciduria (3)
Osteopetrosis, recessive (2)
Renal tubular acidosis-osteopetrosis syndrome (3)
Osteoporosis-pseudoglioma syndrome (2)
Hyperoxaluria, primary, type 1 (3)
Pseudo-Zellweger syndrome (1)
Phenylketonuria (3)
[Hyperphenylalaninemia, mild] (3)
Phenylketonuria due to PTS deficiency (3)
Myopathy due to phosphoglycerate mutase deficiency (3)
Bjornstad syndrome (2)
Plasmin inhibitor deficiency (3)
Polycystic kidney disease, autosomal recessive (2)
Porphyria, congenital erythropoietic (3)
Pseudohermaphroditism, male, with gynecomastia (3)
Adrenoleukodystrophy, pseudoneonatal (2)
Pseudovaginal perineoscrotal hypospadias (3)
Pseudo-vitamin D dependency rickets 1 (2)
Factor XI deficiency (3)
Pyridoxine dependency with seizures (1) (?)
Pyruvate carboxylase deficiency (3)
Anemia, hemolytic, due to PK deficiency (3)
[Hair color, red] (2)
Inflammatory bowel disease-1 (2)
Knobloch syndrome (2)
Sandhoff disease, infantile, juvenile, and adult forms (3)
Spinal muscular atrophy, HEXB-related (3)
[Sarcosinemia] (2)

270200	Sjogren-Larsson syndrome (3)
270800	Spastic paraplegia-5A (2)
271245	Spinocerebellar ataxia-8, infantile, with sensory neuropathy (2)
271900	Canavan disease (3)
272750	GM2-gangliosidosis, AB variant (3)
272800	GM2-gangliosidosis, juvenile, adult (3)
	Tay-Sachs disease (3)
	[Hex A pseudodeficiency] (1)
273300	Male germ cell tumor (2)
273800	Glanzmann thrombasthenia, type A (3)
	Thrombocytopenia, neonatal alloimmune (1)
274180	Thromboxane synthase deficiency (2)
274270	Thymine-uraciluria (1)
	Fluorouracil toxicity, sensitivity to (1)
274500	Goiter, congenital (3)
	Hypothyroidism, congenital (3)
	Thyroid iodine peroxidase deficiency (1)
274600	Deafness, autosomal recessive 4 (3)
	Pendred syndrome (3)
275200	Graves disease, 275000 (1)
	Hyperthroidism, congenital (3)
	Hypothyroidism, nongoitrous, due to TSH resistance (3)
275250	Thyroid adenoma, hyperfunctioning (3)
275350	Transcobalamin II deficiency (3)
276000	Pancreatitis, hereditary, 167800 (3)
276600	Trypsinogen deficiency (1)
276600	Tyrosinemia, type II (3)
276700	Tyrosinemia, type I (3)
276710	Tyrosinemia, type III (1)
276901	Usher syndrome, type 2 (3)
276902	Usher syndrome, type 3 (2)
276903	Deafness, autosomal dominant 11, neurosensory, 601317 (3)
	Deafness, autosomal recessive 2, neurosensory, 600060 (3)
276904	Usher syndrome, type 1B (3)
	Usher syndrome, type 1C (2)
277700	Werner syndrome (3)
277730	Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome, susceptibility to (1)
277900	Wilson disease (3)
278000	Cholesteryl ester storage disease (3)
279250	Wolman disease (3)
278250	Wrinkly skin syndrome (2)
278300	Xanthinuria, type I (3)
278700	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group A (3)
278720	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group C (3)
278760	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group F (3)
300011	Cutis laxa, neonatal (3)
	Menkes disease, 309400 (3)
200000	Occipital horn syndrome, 304150 (3)
300029	Retinitis pigmentosa-15 (2)
300031	Mental retardation, X-linked, FRAXF type (3)

200022	
300032	Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation syndrome, type 2, 301040 (3)
200044	Juberg-Marsidi syndrome, 309590 (3)
300044 300046	?Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome, susceptibility to (1)
	Mental retardation, X-linked 23, nonspecific (2)
300047	Mental retardation, X-linked 20 (2)
300048	Intestinal pseudoobstruction, neuronal, X-linked (2)
300049	BPNH/MR syndrome (2)
300055	Nodular heterotopia, bilateral periventricular (2)
300033	Mental retardation with psychosis, pyramidal signs, and macroorchidism (2)
300071	Night blindness, congenital stationary, type 2 (2)
300075	Coffin-Lowry syndrome, 303600 (3)
300077	Mental retardation, X-linked 29 (2)
300085	Cone dystrophy, progressive X-linked, 2 (2)
300088	Epilepsy, female restricted, with mental retardation (2)
300100	Adrenoleukodystrophy (3)
	Adrenomyeloneuropathy (3)
300104	Mental retardation, X-linked nonspecific, 309541 (3)
300110	Night blindness, congenital stationary, X-linked incomplete, 300071 (3)
300123	Mental retardation with isolated growth hormone deficiency (2)
300126	Dyskeratosis congenita-1, 305000 (3)
300300	Agammaglobulinemia, type 1, X-linked (3)
	XLA and isolated growth hormone deficiency, 307200 (3) (?)
300600	Ocular albinism, Forsius-Eriksson type (2)
300700	Albinism-deafness syndrome (2)
301000	Thrombocytopenia, X-linked, 313900 (3)
	Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome (3)
301200	Amelogenesis imperfecta (3)
301201	Amelogenesis imperfecta-3, hypoplastic type (2) (?)
301300	Anemia, sideroblastic/hypochromic (3)
301310	Anemia, sideroblastic, with spinocerebellar ataxia (2) (?)
301500	Fabry disease (3)
301590	Anophthalmos-1 (2) (?)
301830	Arthrogryposis, X-linked (spinal muscular atrophy, infantile, X-linked) (2)
301835	Arts syndrome (2)
301845	Bazex syndrome (2)
301900	Borjeson-Forssman-Lehmann syndrome (2)
302060	Barth syndrome (3)
	Cardiomyopathy, X-linked dilated, 300069 (3)
	Endocardial fibroelastosis-2 (2)
	Noncompaction of left ventricular myocardium, isolated (3)
302350	Nance-Horan syndrome (2)
302801	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, X-linked-2, recessive (2)
302960	Chondrodysplasia punctata, X-linked dominant (2)
303400	Cleft palate, X-linked (2)
303630	Alport syndrome, 301050 (3)
	Leiomyomatosis-nephropathy syndrome, 308940 (1)
303631	Leiomyomatosis, diffuse, with Alport syndrome (3)
303700	Colorblindness, blue monochromatic (3)

303800	Colorblindness, deutan (3)
303900	Colorblindness, protan (3)
304040	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, X-linked-1, dominant, 302800 (3)
304340	Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic-5, with Dandy-Walker
	malformation, basal ganglia disease, and seizures (2)
304500	Deafness, X-linked 2, perceptive congenital (2)
304700	Deafness, X-linked 1, progressive (3)
201700	Jensen syndrome, 311150 (3)
	Mohr-Tranebjaerg syndrome (3)
304800	Diabetes insipidus, nephrogenic (3)
305100	Anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia (2)
305400	Aarskog-Scott syndrome (3)
305435	Heterocellular hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin, Swiss type (2)
305450	FG syndrome (2)
305900	Favism (3)
303700	G6PD deficiency (3)
	Hemolytic anemia due to G6PD deficiency (3)
306000	Glycogenosis, X-linked hepatic, type I (3)
	Glycogenosis, X-linked hepatic, type II (3)
306100	Gonadal dysgenesis, XY female type (2)
306250	Leukemia, acute myeloid, M2 type (1)
306700	Hemophilia A (3)
306900	Hemophilia B (3)
306955	Heterotaxy, X-linked visceral (3)
306995	[?Homosexuality, male] (2)
307150	Hypertrichosis, congenital generalized (2)
307700	Hypoparathyroidism, X-linked (2)
307800	Hypophosphatemia, hereditary (3)
308000	HPRT-related gout (3)
300000	Lesch-Nyhan syndrome (3)
308100	Ichthyosis, X-linked (3)
300100	Placental steroid sulfatase deficiency (3)
308240	Lymphoproliferative syndrome, X-linked (2)
308300	Incontinentia pigmenti, sporadic type (2)
308310	Incontinentia pigmenti, familial (2)
308380	Combined immunodeficiency, X-linked, moderate, 312863 (3)
500500	Severe combined immunodeficiency, X-linked, 300400 (3)
308800	Keratosis follicularis spinulosa decalvans (2)
308840	Hydrocephalus due to aqueductal stenosis, 307000 (3)
300010	MASA syndrome, 303350 (3)
	Spastic paraplegia, 312900 (3)
309000	Lowe syndrome (3)
309200	Manic-depressive illness, X-linked (2) (?)
309300	Megalocomea, X-linked (2)
309470	Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic-3, with spastic diplegia (2)
309500	Renpenning syndrome-1 (2)
309510	Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic-1, with dystonic movements,
200549	ataxia, and seizures (2)
309548	Mental retardation, X-linked, FRAXE type (3)
309605	Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic-4, with congenital contractures

	and low fingertip arches (2)
309610	Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic-2, with dysmorphism and cerebral
	atrophy (2)
309620	Mental retardation-skeletal dysplasia (2)
309850	Brunner syndrome (3)
309900	Mucopolysaccharidosis II (3)
310300	Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy (3)
310400	Myotubular myopathy, X-linked (3)
310460	Bornholm eye disease (2)
	Myopia-1 (2)
310490	Cowchock syndrome (2)
311050	Optic atrophy, X-linked (2)
311200	Oral-facial-digital syndrome 1 (2)
311300	Otopalatodigital syndrome, type I (2)
311510	Waisman parkinsonism-mental retardation syndrome (2)
311770	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (3)
311800	Hemolytic anemia due to PGK deficiency (3)
	Myoglobinuria/hemolysis due to PGK deficiency (3)
311850	Phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase-related gout (3)
311870	Muscle glycogenosis (3)
312000	Panhypopituitarism, X-linked (2)
312040	N syndrome, 310465 (1) (?)
312060	Properdin deficiency, X-linked (3)
312080	Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease (3)
	Spastic paraplegia-2, 312920 (3)
312170	Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency (3)
312700	Retinoschisis (3)
312760	Turner syndrome (1)
312865	Langer mesomelic dysplasia, 249700 (3)
	Leri-Weill dyschondrosteosis, 127300 (3)
•	Short stature, idiopathic familial (3)
313400	Spondyloepiphyseal dysplasia tarda (2)
313850	Thoracoabdominal syndrome (2)
314250	Dystonia-3, torsion, with parkinsonism, Filipino type (2)
314300	Goeminne TKCR syndrome (2)
314400	Cardiac valvular dysplasia-1 (2)
314580	Wieacker-Wolff syndrome (2)
600020	Prostate cancer, 176807 (3)
600040	Colorectal cancer (3)
600045	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group E, subtype 2 (1)
600048	Breast cancer-3 (2)
600049	Myelodysplasia syndrome-1 (3)
600059	Retinitis pigmentosa-13 (2)
600065	Leukocyte adhesion deficiency, 116920 (3)
600079	Colon cancer (3)
600095	Split hand/foot malformation, type 3 (2)
600101	Deafness, autosomal dominant 2 (2)
600105	Retinitis pigmentosa-12, autosomal recessive (2)
600119	Adhalinopathy, primary (1)

	Museules dustrophy Dushama like to 2 (2)
600120	Muscular dystrophy, Duchenne-like, type 2 (3)
600138	Retinitis pigmentosa-11 (2)
600140	Rubenstein-Taybi syndrome, 180849 (3)
600143	Epilepsy, progressive, with mental retardation (2)
600160	Melanoma, 155601 (3)
600163	Long QT syndrome-3 (3)
600173	SCID, autosomal recessive, T-negative/B-positive type (3)
600175	Spinal muscular atrophy, congenital nonprogressive, of lower limbs (2)
600179	Leber congenital amaurosis, type I, 204000 (3)
600184	Carnitine acetyltransferase deficiency (1) (?)
600185	Breast cancer 2, early onset (3)
	Pancreatic cancer (3)
600192	Sarcoma, synovial (1)
600194	Ichthyosis bullosa of Siemens, 146800 (3)
600202	Dyslexia, specific, 2 (2)
600211	Cleidocranial dysplasia, 119600 (3)
600221	Venous malformations, multiple cutaneous and mucosal, 600195 (3)
600223	Spinocerebellar ataxia-4 (2)
600228	Pseudohypoaldosteronism, type I, 264350 (3)
600231	Palmoplantar keratoderma, Bothnia type (2)
600234	HMG-CoA synthease-2 deficiency (1)
600243	Temperature-sensitive apoptosis (1)
600258	Colorectal cancer, hereditary nonpolyposis, type 3 (3)
600261	Ehlers-Danlos-like syndrome (3)
600266	Resistance/susceptibility to TB, etc. (1) (?)
600273	Polycystic kidney disease, infantile severe, with tuberous sclerosis (3)
600276	Cerebral arteriopathy with subcortical infarcts and leukoencephalopathy, 125310 (3)
600281	MODY, type 1, 125850 (3)
	Non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, 125853 (3)
600309	Atrioventricular canal defect-1 (2)
600310	Epiphyseal dysplasia, multiple 1, 132400 (3)
	Pseudoachondroplasia, 177170 (3)
600318	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent, 3 (2)
600319	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent, 4 (2)
600320	Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-5 (2)
600321	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent, 7 (2)
600332	Rippling muscle disease-1 (2)
600354	Spinal muscular atrophy-1, 253300 (3)
	Spinal muscular atrophy-2, 253550 (3)
	Spinal muscular atrophy-3, 253400 (3)
600359	Bartter syndrome, type 2 (3)
600364	Cone dystrophy-3, 602093 (3)
600374	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 4 (2)
600414	Adrenoleukodystrophy, neonatal, 202370 (3)
600415	Ataxia with isolated vitamin E deficiency, 277460 (3)
600429	[li blood group, 110800] (1)
600430	Brachydactyly-mental retardation syndrome (2)
600467	Malignant hyperthermia susceptibility 4 (2)
000407	1 wangnam nyperthernia susceptionity 4 (2)

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600509	Persistent hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy, 256450 (3)
600510	Pigment dispersion syndrome (2)
600512	Epilepsy, partial (2)
600525	Trichodontoosseous syndrome, 190320 (3)
600528	CPT deficiency, hepatic, type I, 255120 (1)
600536	Myopathy, congenital (3)
600542	Chondrosarcoma, extraskeletal myxoid (1)
600584	Atrial septal defect with atrioventricular conduction defects, 108900 (3)
600593	Craniosynostosis, Adelaide type (2)
600617	Lipoid adrenal hyperplasia, 201710 (3)
600618	Leukemia, acute lymphoblastic (1)
600623	Prostate cancer, 176807 (2)
600624	Cone-rod retinal dystrophy-1 (2)
600631	Enuresis, nocturnal, 1 (2)
600635	Goiter, familial, due to TTF-1 defect (1)
600650	CPT deficiency, hepatic, type II, 600649 (3)
	Myopathy due to CPT II deficiency, 255110 (3)
600652	Deafness, autosomal dominant 4 (2)
600678	Cancer susceptibility (3)
600698	Lipoma (3)
	Lipomatosis, mutiple, 151900 (2) (?)
	Salivary adenoma (3)
	Uterine leiomyoma (3)
600701	Lipoma (1) (?)
600722	Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, variant juvenile type, with granular
	osmiophilic deposits (3)
	Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal-1, infantile, 256730 (3)
600725	Holoprosencephaly-3, 142945 (3)
600757	Orofacial cleft-3 (2)
600759	Alzheimer disease-4 (3)
600760	Liddle syndrome, 177200 (3)
	Pseudohypoaldosteronism, type I, 264350 (3)
600761	Liddle syndrome, 177200 (3)
	Pseudohypoaldosteronism, type I, 264350 (3)
600792	Deafness, autosomal recessive 5 (2)
600805	Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional, Herlitz type (3)
600807	Bronchial asthma (2)
600808	Enuresis, nocturnal, 2 (2)
600811	Xeroderma pigmentosum, group E, DDB-negative subtype, 278740 (3)
600835	AIDS, resistance to (3)
600837	Hirschsprung disease, 142623 (3)
600839	Bartter syndrome, 241200 (3)
600850	Schizophrenia disorder-4 (2)
600852	Retinitis pigmentosa-17 (2)
600856	Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome, 130650 (3)
600857	Leigh syndrome (3)
600881	Cataract, congenital, zonular, with sutural opacities (2)
600882	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-2B (2)
600883	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent, 8 (2)

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Dejerine-Sottas disease, PMP22 related, 145900 (3) Neuropathy, recurrent, with pressure palsies, 162500 (3) 601105 Pycnodysostosis, 265800 (3) 601107 Dubin-Johnson syndrome, 237500 (3) 601130 Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) 601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)		
Dejerine-Sottas disease, PMP22 related, 145900 (3) Neuropathy, recurrent, with pressure palsies, 162500 (3) Pycnodysostosis, 265800 (3) Dubin-Johnson syndrome, 237500 (3) Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)	601097	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-1A, 118220 (3)
601105 Pycnodysostosis, 265800 (3) 601107 Dubin-Johnson syndrome, 237500 (3) 601130 Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) 601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)		
601107 Dubin-Johnson syndrome, 237500 (3) 601130 Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) 601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)		
601130 Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) 601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)		
601130 Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3) 601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)	601107	Dubin-Johnson syndrome, 237500 (3)
601145 Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 1, 254800 (3) 601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)	601130	Tolbutamide poor metabolizer (3)
601146 Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3) Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)	601145	
Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3) Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)	601146	Acromesomelic dysplasia, Hunter-Thompson type, 201250 (3)
Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)		Brachydactyly, type C, 113100 (3)
601154 Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1E (2)		Chondrodysplasia, Grebe type, 200700 (3)
	601154	Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1E (2)

601199	Hypocalcemia, autosomal dominant, 601198 (3)
001199	Hypocalciuric hypercalcemia, type I, 145980 (3)
	Neonatal hyperparathyroidism, 239200 (3)
601202	Cataract, anterior polar-2 (2)
601208	Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-11 (2)
601226	Progressive external ophthalmoplegia, type 2 (2)
	Cerebellar ataxia, Cayman type (2)
601238	
601253	Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type IC (3)
601267	HIV infection, susceptibility/resistence to (3)
601277	Ichthyosis, lamellar, type 2 (2)
601284	Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia-2, 600376 (3)
601295	Bile acid malabsorption, primary (3)
601309	Basal cell carcinoma, sporadic (3)
(01212	Basal cell nevus syndrome, 109400 (3)
601313	Polycystic kidney disease, adult type I, 173900 (3)
601316	Deafness, autosomal dominant 10 (2)
601318	Diabetes mellitus, insulin-dependent, 13 (2)
601362	DiGeorge syndrome/velocardiofacial syndrome complex-2 (2)
601363	Wilms tumor, type 4 (2)
601369	Deafness, autosomal dominant 9 (2)
601373	HIV infection, susceptibility/resistance to (3)
601382	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-4B (2)
601385	Prostate cancer (1) (?)
601386	Deafness, autosomal recessive 12 (2)
601387	Breast cancer (3)
601399	Platelet disorder, familial, with associated myeloid malignancy (2)
601406	B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma, high-grade (3)
601410	Diabetes mellitus, transient neonatal (2)
601411	Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, type 2F, 601287 (3)
601412	Deafness, autosomal dominant 7 (2)
601414	Retinitis pigmentosa-18 (2)
601471	Moebius syndrome-2 (2)
601472	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy-2D (2)
601493	Cardiomyopathy, dilated 1C (2)
601494	Cardiomyopathy, familial, dilated-2 (2)
601498	Peroxisomal biogenesis disorder, complementation group 4 (3)
601499	Rieger syndrome, type 2 (2)
601517	Spinocerebellar ataxia-2, 183090 (3)
601518	Prostate cancer, hereditary, 1, 176807 (2)
601542	Rieger syndrome, type 1, 180500 (3)
601545	Lissencephaly-1 (3)
601567	Combined factor V and VIII deficiency, 227300 (3)
601596	Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, demyelinating (2)
601604	Mycobacterial and salmonella infections, susceptibility to (3)
601606	Trichoepithelioma, multiple familial (2)
601620	Holt-Oram syndrome, 142900 (3)
601621	Ulnar-mammary syndrome, 181450 (3)
601622	Saethre-Chotzen syndrome, 101400 (3)
601623	Angelman syndrome (3)
001023	1 . m.Berrianis Sylletolite (S)

601649	Blepharophimosis, epicanthus inversus, and ptosis, type 2 (2)
601650	Paraganglioma, familial nonchromaffin, 2 (2)
601652	Glaucoma 1A, primary open angle, juvenile-onset, 137750 (3)
601653	Branchiootic syndrome (3)
001023	Branchiootorenal syndrome, 113650 (3)
(0)(((Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-15 (2)
601666	<u></u>
601669	Hirschsprung disease, one form (2) (?)
601676	Acute insulin response (2)
601680	Distal arthrogryposis, type 2B (2)
601682	Glaucoma 1C, primary open angle (2)
601687	Meesmann corneal dystrophy, 122100 (3)
601690	Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase deficiency (3)
601691	Cone-rod dystrophy 3 (3)
	Fundus flavimaculatus with macular dystrophy, 248200 (3)
	Retinitis pigmentosa-19, 601718 (3)
	Stargardt disease-1, 248200 (3)
601692	Corneal dystrophy, Avellino type (3)
	Corneal dystrophy, Groenouw type I, 121900 (3)
	Corneal dystrophy, lattice type I, 122200 (3)
	Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy (3)
601718	Retinitis pigmentosa-19 (2)
601744	Systemic lupus erythematosus, susceptibility to, 1 (2)
601757	Rhizomelic chondrodysplasia punctata, type 1, 215100 (3)
601768	Leukemia, acute myeloid (3)
601769	Osteoporosis, involutional (1) (?)
	Rickets, vitamin D-resistant, 277440 (3)
601771	Glaucoma 3A, primary infantile, 231300 (3)
601777	Cone dystrophy, progressive (2)
601780	Ceroid-lipofuscinosis, neuronal-6, variant late infantile (2)
601785	Carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome, type I, 212065 (3)
601800	[Hair color, brown] (2)
601841	Protein C inhibitor deficiency (2)
601843	Hypothyroidism, congenital, 274400 (3)
601844	Pseudohypoaldosteronism type II (2)
601846	Muscular dystrophy with rimmed vacuoles (2)
601847	Progressive intrahepatic cholestasis-2 (2)
601850	Retinitis pigmentosa-deafness syndrome (2)
601863	Bare lymphocyte syndrome, complementation group C (1)
601868	Deafness, autosomal dominant 13 (2)
601868 601884	Deafness, autosomal dominant 13 (2) [High bone mass] (2)
601884	[High bone mass] (2)
601884 601885	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2)
601884 601885 601889	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3)
601884 601885 601889 601916	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3) Pancreatic cancer (2)
601884 601885 601889 601916 601920	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3) Pancreatic cancer (2) Alagille syndrome, 118450 (3)
601884 601885 601889 601916 601920 601928	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3) Pancreatic cancer (2) Alagille syndrome, 118450 (3) Monilethrix, 158000 (3)
601884 601885 601889 601916 601920 601928 601941	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3) Pancreatic cancer (2) Alagille syndrome, 118450 (3) Monilethrix, 158000 (3) Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus-6 (2)
601884 601885 601889 601916 601920 601928	[High bone mass] (2) Cataract, zonular pulverulent-2 (2) Lymphoma, diffuse large cell (3) Pancreatic cancer (2) Alagille syndrome, 118450 (3) Monilethrix, 158000 (3)

601975	Ectodermal dysplasia/skin fragility syndrome (3)
601990	Neuroblastoma (1) (?)
602011	Pancreatic endocrine tumors (1) (?)
602014	Hypomagnesemia with secondary hypocalcemia (2)
602023	Bartter syndrome, type 3 (3)
602025	Obesity/hyperinsulinism, susceptibility to (2)
602026	Refsum disease, 266500 (3)
602066	Convulsions, infantile and paroxysmal choreoathetosis (2)
602067	Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1F (2)
602078	Fibrosis of extraocular muscles, congenital, 2 (2)
602080	Paget disease of bone-2 (2)
602081	Speech-language disorder-1 (2)
602082	Corneal dystrophy, Thiel-Behnke type (2)
602084	Endometrial carcinoma (2)
602085	Postaxial polydactyly, type A2 (2)
602086	Arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia-3 (2)
602087	Arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia-4 (2)
602088	Nephronophthisis, infantile (2)
602089	Hemangioma, capillary, hereditary (2)
602091	Marfan syndrome, atypical (3)
602092	Deafness, autosomal recessive 18 (2)
602094	Lipodystrophy, familial partial (2)
602096	Alzheimer disease-5 (2)
602099	Amytrophic lateral sclerosis-5 (2)
602116	Glioma (1)
602117	Prader-Willi syndrome (1) (?)
602121	Deafness, autosomal dominant nonsyndromic sensorineural, 1, 124900 (3)
602134	Tremor, familial essential, 2 (2)
602136	Adrenoleukodystrophy, neonatal, 202370 (3)
	Refsum disease, infantile, 266510 (3)
	Zellweger syndrome-1, 214100 (3)
602153	Monilethrix, 158000 (3)
602216	Peutz-Jeghers syndrome, 175200 (3)
602218	Townes-Brocks syndrome, 107480 (3)
602221	Stem-cell leukemia/lymphoma syndrome (3)
602225	Cone-rod retinal dystrophy-2, 120970 (3)
	Leber congenital amaurosis, type III (3)
602235	Epilepsy, benign, neonatal, type 1, 121200 (3)
602279	Oculopharyngeal muscular dystorphy, 164300 (3)
	Oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy, autosomal recessive, 257950 (3)
602280	Retinitis pigmentosa-14, 600132 (3)
602363	Ellis-van Creveld-like syndrome (2)
602397	Cholestasis, benign recurrent intrahepatic, 243300 (3)
	Cholestasis, progressive familial intrahepatic-1, 211600 (3)
602404	Parkinson disease, type 3 (2)
602421	Congenital bilateral absence of vas deferens, 277180 (3)
	Cystic fibrosis, 219700 (3)
	Sweat chloride elevation without CF (3)
602447	Coronary artery disease, susceptibility to (3)

602460	Deafness, autosomal dominant 15, 602459 (3)
602475	Ossification of posterior longitudinal ligament of spine (2)
602476	Febrile convulsions, familial, 1 (2)
602477	Febrile convulsions, familial, 2 (2)
602491	Hyperlipidemia, familial combined. 1 (2)
602522	Bartter syndrome, infantile, with sensorineural deafness (2)
602544	Parkinson disease, juvenile, type 2, 600116 (3)
602574	Deafness, autosomal dominant 12, 601842 (3)
	Deafness, autosomal dominant 8, 601543 (3)
602575	Nail-patella syndrome with open-angle glaucoma, 137750 (3)
	Nail-patella syndrome, 161200 (3)
602616	Carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome, type II, 212066 (3)
602629	Dystonia-6, torsion (2)
602631	Breast Cancer (3)
	Rhabdomyosarcoma, 268210 (3)
602639	Hypodontia, autosomal recessive (2)
602666	Deafness, autosomal recessive 3, 600316 (3)
602667	Nijmegen breakage syndrome, 251260 (3)
602669	Anterior segment mesenchymal dysgenesis and cataract, 107250 (3)
	Cataract, congenital (3)
602716	Nephrosis-1, congenital, Finnish type, 256300 (3)
602759	Prostate cancer, hereditary, 2, 176807 (2)
602771	Muscular dystrophy, congenital, with early spine rigidity (2)
602772	Retinitis pitmentosa-24 (2)
602782	Faisalabad histiocytosis (2)
602783	Spastic paraplegia-7 (3)

406

The polypeptides of the invention can be prepared in any suitable manner. Such polypeptides include isolated naturally occurring polypeptides, recombinantly produced polypeptides, synthetically produced polypeptides, or polypeptides produced by a combination of these methods. Means for preparing such polypeptides are well understood in the art.

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The polypeptides may be in the form of the secreted protein, including the mature form, or may be a part of a larger protein, such as a fusion protein (see below). It is often advantageous to include an additional amino acid sequence which contains secretory or leader sequences, pro-sequences, sequences which aid in purification, such as multiple histidine residues, or an additional sequence for stability during recombinant production.

The polypeptides of the present invention are preferably provided in an isolated form, and preferably are substantially purified. A recombinantly produced version of a polypeptide, including the secreted polypeptide, can be substantially purified using techniques described herein or otherwise known in the art, such as, for example, by the one-step method described in Smith and Johnson, Gene 67:31-40 (1988). Polypeptides of the invention also can be purified from natural, synthetic or recombinant sources using techniques described herein or otherwise known in the art, such as, for example, antibodies of the invention raised against the colon cancer antigens in methods which are well known in the art.

The present invention provides a polynucleotide comprising, or alternatively consisting of, the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:X, and/or a cDNA contained in the ATCC deposit. The present invention also provides a polypeptide comprising, or alternatively, consisting of, the polypeptide sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y and/or a polypeptide encoded by a cDNA contained in the ATCC deposit. Polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide comprising, or alternatively consisting of the polypeptide sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y and/or a polypeptide sequence encoded by a cDNA contained in the ATCC deposits are also encompassed by the invention.

Many polynucleotide sequences, such as EST sequences, are publicly available and accessible through sequence databases and may have been publicly available prior to conception of the present invention. Preferably, such related polynucleotides are specifically excluded from the scope of the present invention. To list every related sequence would unduly burden the disclosure of this application. Accordingly, for each "Contig Id" listed in

407

the third column of Table 7, preferably excluded are one or more polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence described in the second column of Table 7 by the general formula of a-b, each of which are uniquely defined for the SEQ ID NO:X corresponding to that Contig Id in the fourth column of Table 7. Additionally, specific embodiments are directed to polynucleotide sequences excluding one, two, three, four or more of the specific polynucleotide sequences referenced by Genbank Accession No. for each Contig Id which may be included in column five of Table 7. In no way is this listing meant to encompass all of the sequences which may be excluded by the general formula, it is just a representative example. All references available through these accessions are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

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Table 7

			1
ACCESSION NUMBERS	AL119989, T80240, AA773747, AA809992, AA281432, AF051311, AF053535, AF070615, AF145284, AB014560, U65313, AF145285		N76659, T85798, AW379474, AR016730, D50857
GENERAL FORMULA	Preferably excluded from the present invention are one or more polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence described by the general formula of a-b, where a is any integer between 1 to 393 of SEQ ID NO:1, b is an integer of 15 to 407, where both a and b correspond to the positions of nucleotide residues shown in SEQ ID NO:1, and where b is greater than or equal to a + 14.	Preferably excluded from the present invention are one or more polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence described by the general formula of a-b, where a is any integer between 1 to 399 of SEQ ID NO:2, b is an integer of 15 to 413, where both a and b correspond to the positions of nucleotide residues shown in SEQ ID NO:2, and where b is greater than or equal to a + 14.	Preferably excluded from the present invention are one or more polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence described by the general formula of a-b, where a is any integer between 1 to 460 of
CONTIG ID:	390631	410299	456200
CLONE ID:Z	нтwер07	норва 26	НРМЕ F95
SEQ ID NO:X	_	2	m

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Polynucleotide and Polypeptide Variants

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The present invention is directed to variants of the polynucleotide sequence disclosed in SEQ ID NO:X, the complementary strand thereto, and/or the cDNA sequence contained in a deposited clone.

The present invention also encompasses variants of the polypeptide sequence disclosed in SEQ ID NO:Y and/or encoded by a deposited clone.

"Variant" refers to a polynucleotide or polypeptide differing from the polynucleotide or polypeptide of the present invention, but retaining essential properties thereof. Generally, variants are overall closely similar, and, in many regions, identical to the polynucleotide or polypeptide of the present invention.

The present invention is also directed to nucleic acid molecules which comprise, or alternatively consist of, a nucleotide sequence which is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to, for example, the nucleotide coding sequence in SEQ ID NO:X or the complementary strand thereto, the nucleotide coding sequence contained in a deposited cDNA clone or the complementary strand thereto, a nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, a nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA contained in a deposited clone, and/or polynucleotide fragments of any of these nucleic acid molecules (e.g., those fragments described herein). Polynucleotides which hybridize to these nucleic acid molecules under stringent hybridization conditions or alternatively, under lower stringency conditions are also encompassed by the invention, as are polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides.

The present invention is also directed to polypeptides which comprise, or alternatively consist of, an amino acid sequence which is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% identical to, for example, the polypeptide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:Y, a polypeptide sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO:X or the complement thereof, the polypeptide sequence encoded by the cDNA contained in a deposited clone, and/or polypeptide fragments of any of these polypeptides (e.g., those fragments described herein).

By a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a reference nucleotide sequence of the present invention, it is intended that the nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid is identical to the reference sequence except that the nucleotide sequence may include up to five point mutations per each 100 nucleotides of the reference nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide. In other words, to obtain a nucleic acid

having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a reference nucleotide sequence, up to 5% of the nucleotides in the reference sequence may be deleted or substituted with another nucleotide, or a number of nucleotides up to 5% of the total nucleotides in the reference sequence may be inserted into the reference sequence. The query sequence may be an entire sequence shown in Table 1, the ORF (open reading frame), or any fragment specified as described herein.

As a practical matter, whether any particular nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to a nucleotide sequence of the presence invention can be determined conventionally using known computer programs. A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al. (Comp. App. Biosci. (1990) 6:237-245). In a sequence alignment the query and subject sequences are both DNA sequences. An RNA sequence can be compared by converting U's to T's. The result of said global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB alignment of DNA sequences to calculate percent identity are: Matrix=Unitary, k-tuple=4, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=30, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty 0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject nucleotide sequence, whichever is shorter.

If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence because of 5' or 3' deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for 5' and 3' truncations of the subject sequence when calculating percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the 5' or 3' ends, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of bases of the query sequence that are 5' and 3' of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a nucleotide is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. This percentage is then subtracted from the percent identity, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This corrected score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only bases outside the 5' and 3' bases of the subject sequence, as displayed by the FASTDB alignment,

1771

which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence, are calculated for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score.

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For example, a 90 base subject sequence is aligned to a 100 base query sequence to determine percent identity. The deletions occur at the 5' end of the subject sequence and therefore, the FASTDB alignment does not show a matched/alignment of the first 10 bases at 5' end. The 10 unpaired bases represent 10% of the sequence (number of bases at the 5' and 3' ends not matched/total number of bases in the query sequence) so 10% is subtracted from the percent identity score calculated by the FASTDB program. If the remaining 90 bases were perfectly matched the final percent identity would be 90%. In another example, a 90 base subject sequence is compared with a 100 base query sequence. This time the deletions are internal deletions so that there are no bases on the 5' or 3' of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query. In this case the percent identity calculated by FASTDB is not manually corrected. Once again, only bases 5' and 3' of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence are manually corrected for. No other manual corrections are to made for the purposes of the present invention.

By a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a query amino acid sequence of the present invention, it is intended that the amino acid sequence of the subject polypeptide is identical to the query sequence except that the subject polypeptide sequence may include up to five amino acid alterations per each 100 amino acids of the query amino acid sequence. In other words, to obtain a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a query amino acid sequence, up to 5% of the amino acid residues in the subject sequence may be inserted, deleted, (indels) or substituted with another amino acid. These alterations of the reference sequence may occur at the amino or carboxy terminal positions of the reference amino acid sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among residues in the reference sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence.

As a practical matter, whether any particular polypeptide is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to, for instance, the amino acid sequences shown in Table 1 or a fragment thereof, or to the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA contained in a deposited clone or a fragment thereof, can be determined conventionally using known computer programs. A preferred method for determine the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to

as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al. (Comp. App. Biosci.6:237- 245(1990)). In a sequence alignment the query and subject sequences are either both nucleotide sequences or both amino acid sequences. The result of said global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB amino acid alignment are: Matrix=PAM 0, k-tuple=2, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=20, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Window Size=sequence length, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty=0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject amino acid sequence, whichever is shorter.

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If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence due to N- or C-terminal deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for N- and C-terminal truncations of the subject sequence when calculating global percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the N- and C-termini, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of residues of the query sequence that are N- and Cterminal of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with a corresponding subject residue, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a residue is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. percentage is then subtracted from the percent identity, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This final percent identity score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only residues to the N- and C-termini of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence, are considered for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score. That is, only query residue positions outside the farthest N- and C- terminal residues of the subject sequence.

For example, a 90 amino acid residue subject sequence is aligned with a 100 residue query sequence to determine percent identity. The deletion occurs at the N-terminus of the subject sequence and therefore, the FASTDB alignment does not show a matching/alignment of the first 10 residues at the N-terminus. The 10 unpaired residues represent 10% of the sequence (number of residues at the N- and C- termini not matched/total number of residues in the query sequence) so 10% is subtracted from the percent identity score calculated by the FASTDB program. If the remaining 90 residues were perfectly matched the final percent identity would be 90%. In another example, a 90 residue subject sequence is compared with

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a 100 residue query sequence. This time the deletions are internal deletions so there are no residues at the N- or C-termini of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query. In this case the percent identity calculated by FASTDB is not manually corrected. Once again, only residue positions outside the N- and C-terminal ends of the subject sequence, as displayed in the FASTDB alignment, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence are manually corrected for. No other manual corrections are to made for the purposes of the present invention.

The variants may contain alterations in the coding regions, non-coding regions, or both. Especially preferred are polynucleotide variants containing alterations which produce silent substitutions, additions, or deletions, but do not alter the properties or activities of the encoded polypeptide. Nucleotide variants produced by silent substitutions due to the degeneracy of the genetic code are preferred. Moreover, variants in which less than 50, less than 40, less than 30, less than 20, less than 10, or 5-50, 5-25, 5-10, 1-5, or 1-2 amino acids are substituted, deleted, or added in any combination are also preferred. Polynucleotide variants can be produced for a variety of reasons, e.g., to optimize codon expression for a particular host (change codons in the human mRNA to those preferred by a bacterial host such as E. coli).

Naturally occurring variants are called "allelic variants," and refer to one of several alternate forms of a gene occupying a given locus on a chromosome of an organism. (Genes II, Lewin, B., ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York (1985).) These allelic variants can vary at either the polynucleotide and/or polypeptide level and are included in the present invention. Alternatively, non-naturally occurring variants may be produced by mutagenesis techniques or by direct synthesis.

Using known methods of protein engineering and recombinant DNA technology, variants may be generated to improve or alter the characteristics of the polypeptides of the present invention. For instance, one or more amino acids can be deleted from the N-terminus or C-terminus of the colon cancer related polypeptides without substantial loss of biological function. The authors of Ron et al., J. Biol. Chem. 268: 2984-2988 (1993), reported variant KGF proteins having heparin binding activity even after deleting 3, 8, or 27 amino-terminal amino acid residues. Similarly, Interferon gamma exhibited up to ten times higher activity after deleting 8-10 amino acid residues from the carboxy terminus of this protein. (Dobeli et al., J. Biotechnology 7:199-216 (1988).)

Moreover, ample evidence demonstrates that variants often retain a biological activity similar to that of the naturally occurring protein. For example, Gayle and coworkers (J. Biol. Chem 268:22105-22111 (1993)) conducted extensive mutational analysis of human cytokine IL-1a. They used random mutagenesis to generate over 3,500 individual IL-1a mutants that averaged 2.5 amino acid changes per variant over the entire length of the molecule. Multiple mutations were examined at every possible amino acid position. The investigators found that "[m]ost of the molecule could be altered with little effect on either [binding or biological activity]." (See, Abstract.) In fact, only 23 unique amino acid sequences, out of more than 3,500 nucleotide sequences examined, produced a protein that significantly differed in activity from wild-type.

Furthermore, even if deleting one or more amino acids from the N-terminus or C-terminus of a polypeptide results in modification or loss of one or more biological functions, other biological activities may still be retained. For example, the ability of a deletion variant to induce and/or to bind antibodies which recognize the secreted form will likely be retained when less than the majority of the residues of the secreted form are removed from the N-terminus or C-terminus. Whether a particular polypeptide lacking N- or C-terminal residues of a protein retains such immunogenic activities can readily be determined by routine methods described herein and otherwise known in the art.

Thus, the invention further includes polypeptide variants which show substantial biological activity. Such variants include deletions, insertions, inversions, repeats, and substitutions selected according to general rules known in the art so as have little effect on activity. The present application is directed to nucleic acid molecules at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% or 100% identical to the nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein, (e.g., encoding a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of an N and/or C terminal deletion), irrespective of whether they encode a polypeptide having functional activity. This is because even where a particular nucleic acid molecule does not encode a polypeptide having functional activity, one of skill in the art would still know how to use the nucleic acid molecule, for instance, as a hybridization probe or a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primer. Uses of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention that do not encode a polypeptide having functional activity include, inter alia, (1) isolating a gene or allelic or splice variants thereof in a cDNA library; (2) in situ hybridization (e.g., "FISH") to metaphase chromosomal spreads to provide precise chromosomal location of the gene, as

described in Verma et al., Human Chromosomes: A Manual of Basic Techniques, Pergamon Press, New York (1988); and (3) Northern Blot analysis for detecting mRNA expression in specific tissues.

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Preferred, however, are nucleic acid molecules having sequences at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% or 100% identical to the nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein, which do, in fact, encode a polypeptide having functional activity. By "a polypeptide having functional activity" is intended polypeptides exhibiting activity similar, but not necessarily identical, to a functional activity of the polypeptides of the present invention (e.g., complete (full-length), mature and soluble (e.g., having sequences contained in the extracellular domain) as measured, for example, in a particular immunoassay or biological assay. For example, a functional activity can routinely be measured by determining the ability of a polypeptide of the present invention to bind a ligand. Functional activity may also be measured by determining the ability of a polypeptide, such as cognate ligand which is free or expressed on a cell surface, to induce cells expressing the polypeptide.

Of course, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, one of ordinary skill in the art will immediately recognize that a large number of the nucleic acid molecules having a sequence at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99%, or 100% identical to, for example, the nucleic acid sequence of the deposited cDNA, the nucleic acid sequence shown in Table 1 (SEQ ID NO:X), or fragments thereof, will encode polypeptides "having functional activity." In fact, since degenerate variants of any of these nucleotide sequences all encode the same polypeptide, in many instances, this will be clear to the skilled artisan even without performing the above described comparison assay. It will be further recognized in the art that, for such nucleic acid molecules that are not degenerate variants, a reasonable number will also encode a polypeptide having functional activity. This is because the skilled artisan is fully aware of amino acid substitutions that are either less likely or not likely to significantly effect protein function (e.g., replacing one aliphatic amino acid with a second aliphatic amino acid), as further described below.

For example, guidance concerning how to make phenotypically silent amino acid substitutions is provided in Bowie et al., "Deciphering the Message in Protein Sequences: Tolerance to Amino Acid Substitutions," Science 247:1306-1310 (1990), wherein the authors indicate that there are two main strategies for studying the tolerance of an amino acid sequence to change.

1776

The first strategy exploits the tolerance of amino acid substitutions by natural selection during the process of evolution. By comparing amino acid sequences in different species, conserved amino acids can be identified. These conserved amino acids are likely important for protein function. In contrast, the amino acid positions where substitutions have been tolerated by natural selection indicates that these positions are not critical for protein function. Thus, positions tolerating amino acid substitution could be modified while still maintaining biological activity of the protein.

The second strategy uses genetic engineering to introduce amino acid changes at specific positions of a cloned gene to identify regions critical for protein function. For example, site directed mutagenesis or alanine-scanning mutagenesis (introduction of single alanine mutations at every residue in the molecule) can be used. (Cunningham and Wells, Science 244:1081-1085 (1989).) The resulting mutant molecules can then be tested for biological activity.

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As the authors state, these two strategies have revealed that proteins are surprisingly tolerant of amino acid substitutions. The authors further indicate which amino acid changes are likely to be permissive at certain amino acid positions in the protein. For example, most buried (within the tertiary structure of the protein) amino acid residues require nonpolar side chains, whereas few features of surface side chains are generally conserved. Moreover, tolerated conservative amino acid substitutions involve replacement of the aliphatic or hydrophobic amino acids Ala, Val, Leu and Ile; replacement of the hydroxyl residues Ser and Thr; replacement of the acidic residues Asp and Glu; replacement of the amide residues Asn and Gln, replacement of the basic residues Lys, Arg, and His; replacement of the aromatic residues Phe, Tyr, and Trp, and replacement of the small-sized amino acids Ala, Ser, Thr, Met, and Gly. Besides conservative amino acid substitution, variants of the present invention include (i) substitutions with one or more of the non-conserved amino acid residues, where the substituted amino acid residues may or may not be one encoded by the genetic code, or (ii) substitution with one or more of amino acid residues having a substituent group, or (iii) fusion of the mature polypeptide with another compound, such as a compound to increase the stability and/or solubility of the polypeptide (for example, polyethylene glycol), or (iv) fusion of the polypeptide with additional amino acids, such as, for example, an IgG Fc fusion region peptide, or leader or secretory sequence, or a sequence facilitating purification. Such variant polypeptides are deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

For example, polypeptide variants containing amino acid substitutions of charged amino acids with other charged or neutral amino acids may produce proteins with improved characteristics, such as less aggregation. Aggregation of pharmaceutical formulations both reduces activity and increases clearance due to the aggregate's immunogenic activity. (Pinckard et al., Clin. Exp. Immunol. 2:331-340 (1967); Robbins et al., Diabetes 36: 838-845 (1987); Cleland et al., Crit. Rev. Therapeutic Drug Carrier Systems 10:307-377 (1993).)

A further embodiment of the invention relates to a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence which contains at least one amino acid substitution, but not more than 50 amino acid substitutions, even more preferably, not more than 40 amino acid substitutions, still more preferably, not more than 30 amino acid substitutions, and still even more preferably, not more than 20 amino acid substitutions. Of course, in order of ever-increasing preference, it is highly preferable for a polypeptide to have an amino acid sequence which comprises the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, in order of ever-increasing preference, which contains at least one, but not more than 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2 or 1 amino acid substitutions. In specific embodiments, the number of additions, substitutions, and/or deletions in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y or fragments thereof (e.g., the mature form and/or other fragments described herein), and/or the amino acid sequence encoded by the deposited clone or fragments thereof, is 1-5, 5-10, 5-25, 5-50, 10-50 or 50-150, conservative amino acid substitutions are preferable.

Polynucleotide and Polypeptide Fragments

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The present invention is also directed to polynucleotide fragments of the polynucleotides of the invention. In the present invention, a "polynucleotide fragment" refers to a short polynucleotide having a nucleic acid sequence which: is a portion of the cDNA contained in a depostied cDNA clone; or is a portion of a polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA contained in a deposited cDNA clone; or is a portion of the polynucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO:X or the complementary strand thereto; or is a polynucleotide sequence encoding a portion of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y; or is a polynucleotide sequence encoding a portion of a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NO:X or

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the complementary strand thereto. The nucleotide fragments of the invention are preferably at least about 15 nt, and more preferably at least about 20 nt, still more preferably at least about 30 nt, and even more preferably, at least about 40nt, at least about 50 nt, at least about 75 nt, or at least about 150 nt in length. A fragment "at least 20 nt in length," for example, is intended to include 20 or more contiguous bases from the cDNA sequence contained in a deposited clone or the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:X or the complementary strand thereto. In this context "about" includes the particularly recited value, a value larger or smaller by several (5, 4, 3, 2, or 1) nucleotides, at either terminus or at both termini. These nucleotide fragments have uses that include, but are not limited to, as diagnostic probes and primers as discussed herein. Of course, larger fragments (e.g., at least 50, 150, 200, 250, 500, 600, 1000 or 2000 nucleotides in length) are also encompassed by the invention.

Moreover, representative examples of polynucleotide fragments of the invention, include, for example, fragments comprising, or alternatively consisting of, a sequence from about nucleotide number 1-50, 51-100, 101-150, 151-200, 201-250, 251-300, 301-350, 351-400, 401-450, 451-500, 501-550, 551-600, 651-700, 701-750, 751-800, 800-850, 851-900, 901-950, 951-1000, 1001-1050, 1051-1100, 1101-1150, 1151-1200, 1201-1250, 1251-1300, 1301-1350, 1351-1400, 1401-1450, 1451-1500, 1501-1550, 1551-1600, 1601-1650, 1651-1700, 1701-1750, 1751-1800, 1801-1850, 1851-1900, 1901-1950, 1951-2000, 2001-2050, 2051-2100, 2101-2150, 2151-2200, 2201-2250, 2251-2300, 2301-2350, 2351-2400, 2401-2450, 2451-2500, 2501-2550, 2551-2600, 2651-2700, 2701-2750, 2751-2800, 2800-2850, 2851-2900, 2901-2950, 2951-3000, 3001-3050, 3051-3100 and 3101 to the end of SEQ ID NO:X, or the complementary strand thereto, or the cDNA contained in the deposited clone. In this context "about" includes the particularly recited ranges, and ranges larger or smaller by several (5, 4, 3, 2, or 1) nucleotides, at either terminus or at both termini. Preferably, these fragments encode a polypeptide which has biological activity. More preferably, these polynucleotides can be used as probes or primers as discussed herein. Polynucleotides which hybridize to these nucleic acid molecules under stringent hybridization conditions or lower stringency conditions are also encompassed by the invention, as are polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides.

Moreover, representative examples of polynucleotide fragments of the invention, include, for example, fragments comprising, or alternatively consisting of, a sequence from about nucleotide number 1-50, 51-100, 101-150, 151-200, 201-250, 251-300, 301-350, 351-

400, 401-450, 451-500, 501-550, 551-600, 651-700,701-750, 751-800, 800-850, 851-900, 901-950, 951-1000, 1001-1050, 1051-1100, 1101-1150, 1151-1200, 1201-1250, 1251-1300, 1301-1350, 1351-1400, 1401-1450, 1451-1500, 1501-1550, 1551-1600, 1601-1650, 1651-1700, 1701-1750, 1751-1800, 1801-1850, 1851-1900, 1901-1950, 1951-2000, 2001-2050, 2051-2100, 2101-2150, 2151-2200, 2201-2250, 2251-2300, 2301-2350, 2351-2400, 2401-2450, 2451-2500, 2501-2550, 2551-2600, 2601-2650, 2651-2700, 2701-2750, 2751-2800, 2801-2850, 2851-2900, 2901-2950, 2951-3000, 3001-3050, 3051-3100 and 3101 to the end of the cDNA nucleotide sequence contained in the deposited cDNA clone, or the complementary strand thereto. In this context "about" includes the particularly recited range, or a range larger or smaller by several (5, 4, 3, 2, or 1) nucleotides, at either terminus or at both termini. Preferably, these fragments encode a polypeptide which has a functional activity (e.g., biological activity) of the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA nucleotide sequence contained in the deposited cDNA clone. More preferably, these fragments can be used as probes or primers as discussed herein. Polynucleotides which hybridize to one or more of these fragments under stringent hybridization conditions or alternatively, under lower stringency conditions, are also encompassed by the invention, as are polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides or fragments.

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In the present invention, a "polypeptide fragment" refers to an amino acid sequence which is a portion of that contained in SEQ ID NO:Y, encoded by SEQ ID NO:X or the complement thereof and/or encoded by the cDNA contained in the deposited clone. Protein (polypeptide) fragments may be "free-standing," or comprised within a larger polypeptide of which the fragment forms a part or region, most preferably as a single continuous region. Representative examples of polypeptide fragments of the invention, include, for example, fragments comprising, or alternatively consisting of, from about amino acid number 1-20, 21-40, 41-60, 61-80, 81-100, 102-120, 121-140, 141-160, 161-180, 181-200, 201-220, 221-240, 241-260, 261-280, 281-300, 301-320, 321-340, 341-360, 361-380, 381-400, 401-420, 421-440, 441-460, 461-480, 481-500, 501-520, 521-540, 541-560, 561-580, 581-600, 601-620, 621-640, 641-660, 661-680, 681-700, 701-720, 721-740, 741-760, 761-780, 781-800, 801-820, 821-840, 841-860 and 861 to the end of SEQ ID NO:Y. Moreover, polypeptide fragments can be about 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, or 150 amino acids in length. In this context "about" includes the particularly recited ranges or values, and ranges or values larger or smaller by several (5, 4, 3,

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2, or 1) amino acids, at either extreme or at both extremes. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

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Even if deletion of one or more amino acids from the N-terminus of a protein results in modification of loss of one or more biological functions of the protein, other functional activities (e.g., biological activities, ability to multimerize, ability to bind a ligand) may still be retained. For example, the ability of shortened muteins to induce and/or bind to antibodies which recognize the complete or mature forms of the polypeptides generally will be retained when less than the majority of the residues of the complete or mature polypeptide are removed from the N-terminus. Whether a particular polypeptide lacking N-terminal residues of a complete polypeptide retains such immunologic activities can readily be determined by routine methods described herein and otherwise known in the art. It is not unlikely that a mutein with a large number of deleted N-terminal amino acid residues may retain some biological or immunogenic activities. In fact, peptides composed of as few as six amino acid residues may often evoke an immune response.

Accordingly, polypeptide fragments include the secreted protein as well as the mature form. Further preferred polypeptide fragments include the secreted protein or the mature form having a continuous series of deleted residues from the amino or the carboxy terminus, or both. For example, any number of amino acids, ranging from 1-60, can be deleted from the amino terminusof either the secreted polypeptide or the mature form. Similarly, any number of amino acids, ranging from 1-30, can be deleted from the carboxy terminus of the secreted protein or mature form. Furthermore, any combination of the above amino and carboxy terminus deletions are preferred. Similarly, polynucleotides encoding these polypeptide fragments are also preferred.

The present invention further provides polypeptides having one or more residues deleted from the amino terminus of the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide disclosed herein (e.g., a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, and/or a polypeptide encoded by the cDNA contained in a deposited clone). In particular, N-terminal deletions may be described by the general formula m-q, where q is a whole integer representing the total number of amino acid residues in a polypeptide of the invention (e.g., the polypeptide disclosed in SEQ ID NO:Y), and m is defined as any integer ranging from 2 to q-6. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

Also as mentioned above, even if deletion of one or more amino acids from the C-terminus of a protein results in modification of loss of one or more biological functions of the protein, other functional activities (e.g., biological activities, ability to multimerize, ability to bind a ligand) may still be retained. For example the ability of the shortened mutein to induce and/or bind to antibodies which recognize the complete or mature forms of the polypeptide generally will be retained when less than the majority of the residues of the complete or mature polypeptide are removed from the C-terminus. Whether a particular polypeptide lacking C-terminal residues of a complete polypeptide retains such immunologic activities can readily be determined by routine methods described herein and otherwise known in the art. It is not unlikely that a mutein with a large number of deleted C-terminal amino acid residues may retain some biological or immunogenic activities. In fact, peptides composed of as few as six amino acid residues may often evoke an immune response.

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Accordingly, the present invention further provides polypeptides having one or more residues from the carboxy terminus of the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide disclosed herein (e.g., a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide sequence contained in SEQ ID NO:X, and/or a polypeptide encoded by the cDNA contained in deposited cDNA clone referenced in Table 1). In particular, C-terminal deletions may be described by the general formula 1-n, where n is any whole integer ranging from 6 to q-1, and where n corresponds to the position of an amino acid residue in a polypeptide of the invention. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

In addition, any of the above described N- or C-terminal deletions can be combined to produce a N- and C-terminal deleted polypeptide. The invention also provides polypeptides having one or more amino acids deleted from both the amino and the carboxyl termini, which may be described generally as having residues m-n of a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NO:X (e.g., including, but not limited to the preferred polypeptide disclosed as SEQ ID NO:Y), or the cDNA contained in a deposited clone, and/or the complement thereof, where n and m are integers as described above. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

Any polypeptide sequence contained in the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, encoded by the polynucleotide sequences set forth as SEQ ID NO:X or the complement thereof, or encoded by the cDNA in the related cDNA clone contained in the deposit may be analyzed to

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determine certain preferred regions of the polypeptide. For example, the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X or the complement thereof, or the cDNA in a deposited cDNA clone may be analyzed using the default parameters of the DNASTAR computer algorithm (DNASTAR, Inc., 1228 S. Park St., Madison, WI 53715 USA; http://www.dnastar.com/).

Polypeptide regions that may be routinely obtained using the DNASTAR computer algorithm include, but are not limited to, Garnier-Robson alpha-regions, beta-regions, turn-regions, and coil-regions, Chou-Fasman alpha-regions, beta-regions, and turn-regions, Kyte-Doolittle hydrophilic regions and hydrophobic regions, Eisenberg alpha- and beta-amphipathic regions, Karplus-Schulz flexible regions, Emini surface-forming regions and Jameson-Wolf regions of high antigenic index. Among highly preferred polynucleotides of the invention in this regard are those that encode polypeptides comprising regions that combine several structural features, such as several (e.g., 1, 2, 3 or 4) of the features set out above.

Additionally, Kyte-Doolittle hydrophilic regions and hydrophobic regions, Emini surface-forming regions, and Jameson-Wolf regions of high antigenic index (i.e., containing four or more contiguous amino acids having an antigenic index of greater than or equal to 1.5, as identified using the default parameters of the Jameson-Wolf program) can routinely be used to determine polypeptide regions that exhibit a high degree of potential for antigenicity. Regions of high antigenicity are determined from data by DNASTAR analysis by choosing values which represent regions of the polypeptide which are likely to be exposed on the surface of the polypeptide in an environment in which antigen recognition may occur in the process of initiation of an immune response.

Preferred polypeptide fragments of the invention are fragments comprising, or alternatively consisting of, an amino acid sequence that displays a functional activity of the polypeptide sequence of which the amino acid sequence is a fragment.

By a polypeptide demonstrating a "functional activity" is meant, a polypeptide capable of displaying one or more known functional activities associated with a full-length (complete) protein of the invention. Such functional activities include, but are not limited to, biological activity, antigenicity [ability to bind (or compete with a polypeptide for binding) to an anti-polypeptide antibody], immunogenicity (ability to generate antibody which binds to

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a specific polypeptide of the invention), ability to form multimers with polypeptides of the invention, and ability to bind to a receptor or ligand for a polypeptide.

Other preferred polypeptide fragments are biologically active fragments. Biologically active fragments are those exhibiting activity similar, but not necessarily identical, to an activity of the polypeptide of the present invention. The biological activity of the fragments may include an improved desired activity, or a decreased undesirable activity.

In preferred embodiments, polypeptides of the invention comprise, or alternatively consist of, one, two, three, four, five or more of the antigenic fragments of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y, or portions thereof. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

Table 8

Contig ID/	Epitopes
Sequence	Epitopes
ID	
390631	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4278 as residues: Asn-1 to Asn-6.
410299	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
45,000	ID NO. 4279 as residues: Trp-26 to Met-31.
456200	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
471563	ID NO. 4280 as residues: Pro-16 to His-26, Arg-45 to Gly-51.
4/1505	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4283 as residues: Gly-37 to Glu-47.
488131	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4284 as residues: Met-26 to Leu-32, Gly-41 to Asn-46.
500696	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4286 as residues: Lys-16 to Glu-31, Ser-47 to Glu-54.
506406	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4288 as residues: Thr-110 to Tyr-118.
506619	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4289 as residues: Cys-50 to Phe-57, Phe-69 to Asp-76, Ser-89
507852	to Gln-104, Glu-145 to Leu-153.
307832	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4290 as residues: Glu-8 to Trp-18, Arg-46 to Ala-51.
509423	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4291 as residues: Tyr-50 to Ser-56, His-58 to Tyr-65.
524721	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4294 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-8.
524901	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
607600	ID NO. 4295 as residues: Leu-34 to Lys-39, Lys-57 to Gly-63.
527600	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
529050	ID NO. 4296 as residues: Val-28 to Gly-34, His-57 to His-63. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
327030	ID NO. 4298 as residues: Asn-2 to Lys-8.
529465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4299 as residues: Ala-12 to Gln-24.
532810	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4302 as residues: Pro-1 to Trp-7, Glu-124 to Trp-130.
541126	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4304 as residues: Thr-1 to Asn-10, Ala-72 to Gly-77, Val-84 to
542268	Gly-90.
344208	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4305 as residues: Pro-34 to Pro-40, Pro-45 to Ser-50, Gly-73 to
	Gly-82.
547920	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4306 as residues: Pro-28 to Thr-35.
552465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4310 as residues: Pro-4 to Gly-10, Thr-17 to Leu-29, Pro-53 to
	Gly-58, Gln-78 to Lys-86, Pro-88 to Lys-94, His-137 to Gly-142.

554369	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4311 as residues: Gln-20 to Gln-27.
557152	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4312 as residues: Ser-69 to Pro-74.
557230	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4313 as residues: Pro-21 to Cys-31, Val-34 to Gly-42.
570796	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4315 as residues: Glu-34 to Ala-39.
573181	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4316 as residues: Gly-4 to Arg-11, Gly-17 to Ala-24.
573793	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4318 as residues: Glu-4 to Ser-9.
573796	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4319 as residues: Pro-4 to Asn-13, Asn-57 to Arg-66, Pro-89 to Asn-99.
574927	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4321 as residues: Asp-1 to Ile-6, Pro-37 to Gln-42, Pro-61 to Trp-68.
575139	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4322 as residues: Met-2 to Asp-9.
575591	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4323 as residues: Ala-2 to Gly-11.
577390	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4325 as residues: Glu-53 to Leu-58, Gln-60 to Glu-65.
577685	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4326 as residues: Ile-5 to Gln-12, Leu-42 to Asn-51.
578660	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4328 as residues: His-1 to Phe-6, Val-11 to Arg-23.
580860	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4329 as residues: Ser-14 to Asn-22.
581143	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4330 as residues: Ile-1 to Gly-6.
584899	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4331 as residues: Ala-29 to Asn-35.
600669	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4332 as residues: Cys-1 to Ala-18, Cys-55 to Ile-61.
611839	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4333 as residues: Arg-35 to Gly-41.
614078	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4334 as residues: Glu-8 to Leu-14.
630230	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4338 as residues: Arg-77 to Lys-83.
637605	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4340 as residues: Ser-1 to Val-11.
638125	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4341 as residues: Ser-7 to Glu-12, Pro-20 to Ser-26, Arg-31 to Glu-43, Ala-69 to Glu-80, Val-90 to His-95, Pro-100 to Ser-107, Ser-109 to Glu-115, Ala-117 to Arg-124.
638249	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	TD 110 4242
	ID NO. 4343 as residues: Asp-1 to Pro-28, Gln-73 to Ser-79, Ile-91 to Gly-96, Tyr-99 to Asp-109, Gln-183 to Pro-193, Val-249 to Thr-261.
638319	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4344 as residues: Gly-23 to Gly-28, Asp-35 to Gln-53.
651380	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4345 as residues: Thr-16 to Lys-35, Lys-46 to Arg-51.
651876	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4346 as residues: Arg-1 to Asp-12, Pro-25 to Ala-34, Ala-50 to Gly-55, Glu-66 to Lys-86.
653175	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4347 as residues: Thr-45 to Asn-50.
655544	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4348 as residues: Arg-2 to Asp-18, Leu-45 to Leu-51.
656722	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4349 as residues: Gln-21 to Leu-38.
659801	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4350 as residues: Gly-2 to Gly-20, Pro-45 to Ala-51, Glu-105 to Gln-112, Gln-117 to Glu-122, Ala-207 to Leu-215.
660020	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4351 as residues: Ser-40 to Thr-52.
664481	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4353 as residues: Gly-1 to Glu-15, Phe-20 to Tyr-25, Phe-53 to Asn-58, Glu-82 to Lys-93.
665154	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4354 as residues: Pro-18 to Arg-29.
668040	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4356 as residues: Glu-5 to Ala-14, Arg-69 to Ala-76, Ala-114 to Glu-120, Ser-132 to Leu-137.
668717	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4358 as residues: Arg-3 to Gly-12, Ala-51 to Asp-65, Leu-78 to Glu-84, Arg-118 to Asp-131, Leu-157 to Asn-168.
671361	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4360 as residues: Asn-1 to Ser-6, Glu-15 to Gln-20.
674203	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4361 as residues: Gly-7 to Ile-13.
674745	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4362 as residues: Val-17 to Arg-26, Lys-38 to Leu-48, Gln-129 to Trp-136, Gln-258 to Leu-263, Ala-272 to Glu-284, Pro-380 to Asp-391.
674761	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4363 as residues: Ala-14 to His-19.
677212	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4364 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-14, Asn-29 to Trp-34, Lys-50 to Arg-60.
685895	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4366 as residues: Arg-28 to Ser-33.
688040	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4367 as residues: Thr-2 to Ser-7, Pro-132 to Asp-138, Ile-161 to Pro-170, Pro-212 to Asn-217, Gly-280 to Gln-313, Ser-332 to His-337,

	Asn-366 to Gly-372.
688044	
000044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4368 as residues: Asn-33 to Pro-55, Lys-67 to Arg-74, Gly-85
1	to Tyr-94, Arg-101 to Pro-115, Ser-123 to Cys-129, Pro-155 to Val-162,
40.45	Pro-172 to Cys-184.
691124	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4370 as residues: Pro-27 to Arg-35.
691721	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4371 as residues: Lys-23 to Gln-29, Gly-59 to Asn-77.
693582	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4372 as residues: Lys-12 to Lys-17.
696007	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4373 as residues: Gln-93 to Arg-101, Tyr-104 to Thr-113, His-
ì	134 to Gln-145, Ser-154 to Gln-165, Val-231 to Pro-248.
703700	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4377 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-21.
705461	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
, , , , , ,	ID NO 4378 as residues: Ala 53 to Glu 50 The 60 to Clu 77 Clu 107
	ID NO. 4378 as residues: Ala-53 to Glu-59, Thr-69 to Gln-77, Glu-107 to Trp-114.
707464	
707404	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-	ID NO. 4382 as residues: Glu-1 to Tyr-14, Lys-41 to Arg-51, Thr-54 to
	Arg-73, Gly-77 to Thr-84, Thr-92 to Ser-100, Gln-107 to Arg-112, Ala-
709015	114 to Ser-141.
/09015	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
711070	ID NO. 4383 as residues: Pro-62 to Ser-67.
711878	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4387 as residues: Ser-3 to Lys-10.
712638	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4388 as residues: Leu-31 to His-36, Val-94 to Phe-105.
715343	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4392 as residues: Phe-7 to Ile-12, Leu-17 to Ser-24.
716212	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
1	ID NO. 4393 as residues: Ser-1 to Trp-6, Pro-8 to Pro-21, Arg-60 to
	Asp-65, Tyr-70 to Lys-80, Lys-116 to Met-121.
717222	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
1	ID NO. 4394 as residues: Glu-40 to Ala-45, Pro-66 to Ser-80, Gly-99 to
	Ala-107.
719829	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4396 as residues: Leu-15 to Cys-20.
721985	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4397 as residues: Asp-1 to Leu-19.
722249	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
,,	ID NO. 4398 as residues: Ala-54 to Gly-59, Ser-67 to Gly-78, Ala-131
	to Pro-136, Pro-151 to His-157, Pro-172 to Asn-181, His-183 to Gln-
	102 Ala-200 to Arn 200 The 220 to The 220 Ch 225 th 24 5
	192, Ala-200 to Asn-208, Thr-220 to Ile-226, Glu-335 to Arg-341, Ser-
722250	397 to Cys-404, Lys-415 to Phe-423, Lys-432 to Leu-437.
722258	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4399 as residues: Trp-15 to Ala-24, Arg-38 to Glu-45, Tyr-51
	to Gly-59.

725110	In c
725110	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4401 as residues: Leu-23 to Asn-32.
725201	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4402 as residues: Asn-1 to Ser-9, Leu-49 to Leu-64, Leu-68 to
	Arg-73, Lys-83 to Thr-90.
727365	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4404 as residues: Val-36 to Lys-51, Asn-59 to Asn-76, Val-91
1	to Lys-107, Leu-112 to Cys-135, Arg-140 to Lys-150, Pro-157 to Glu-
ľ	173, Thr-188 to Lys-201, Lys-207 to Ile-226, Leu-234 to Thr-258, Glu-
	260 to Ile-268, Ser-275 to Lys-286, Val-288 to Glu-299.
731881	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4407 as residues: Lys-8 to His-18.
734012	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4411 as residues: Lys-34 to Ser-39.
735603	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4412 as residues: His-1 to Gln-6, Glu-19 to Val-26.
739061	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4413 as residues: Asn-7 to Lys-13.
741134	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4414 as residues: Pro-10 to Trp-18.
741804	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4416 as residues: Asp-21 to Ser-30, His-37 to Lys-48, Phe-75 to
	Arg-82.
742220	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4417 as residues: Val-17 to Pro-23, Ser-72 to His-79, Thr-93 to
	Ile-100, Pro-102 to Asp-108, Asn-111 to Tyr-117, Gly-134 to Lys-141.
744605	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4418 as residues: Asp-1 to Lys-11.
745368	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4420 as residues: Lys-10 to Ser-16, Pro-30 to Arg-37.
750486	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4422 as residues: Asp-21 to Asp-28, Ser-34 to Asp-40.
751119	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4423 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-13, Gly-18 to Glu-29.
753226	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4425 as residues: Asp-1 to Arg-9, Asp-51 to Cys-57, Cys-125 to
	Leu-137, Cys-153 to Trp-166, Leu-181 to Glu-186, Ser-207 to Thr-212.
756466	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4427 as residues: Ser-1 to Asn-8.
756649	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4429 as residues: Gly-1 to His-10, His-21 to Asp-32.
757213	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4430 as residues: Ala-17 to Leu-23, Gly-28 to Gly-42, His-55 to
	Glu 62 Gly 92 to Ala 100
	1 Old-02, Oly-92 to Ala-100.
757508	Glu-62, Gly-92 to Ala-100. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO.
757508	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
757508	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4431 as residues: Ser-23 to Arg-32, Glu-39 to Thr-45, Glu-52 to
757508 757980	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO

760141	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4434 as residues: Ser-15 to Gly-21, Asp-35 to His-41, Glu-45 to Lys-68, Thr-91 to Trp-103, Glu-105 to Gln-116, Asp-124 to Gly-130,
1	Asp-137 to Thr-147, Glu-162 to Gly-188, Lys-205 to Gly-212, Asn-223
761491	to Trp-229, Arg-241 to Lys-254.
701491	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4435 as residues: Gly-55 to Glu-63.
764179	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4438 as residues: Asn-1 to Thr-7.
766961	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4439 as residues: Leu-5 to Glu-16.
768034	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
769965	ID NO. 4441 as residues: Ser-20 to Lys-29.
709903	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4442 as residues: Asn-1 to Ser-9, Pro-11 to Cys-38, Pro-41 to
	Val-46, Trp-55 to Ser-62, Pro-73 to Phe-78, Leu-97 to Gln-103, Arg-110 to Gly-116.
771486	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 4443 as residues: Glu-16 to Lys-21.
772044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4444 as residues: Ala-11 to Ala-23.
772357	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4445 as residues: Phe-61 to Glu-66.
772876	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4446 as residues: Arg-80 to Thr-91.
774019	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4447 as residues: Ser-1 to Cys-9, Gln-22 to Gln-28, Gly-41 to
	Gly-47, Leu-57 to Arg-66.
774516	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4449 as residues: Leu-41 to Gln-48.
775355	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4450 as residues: Ser-40 to Ala-46.
775367	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
775701	ID NO. 4451 as residues: Lys-8 to Lys-28.
775791	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
770502	ID NO. 4452 as residues: Arg-19 to Asp-29, Asn-81 to Lys-86.
778583	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4455 as residues: Thr-10 to Trp-16, Gly-41 to Phe-46, Ser-55 to
779588	Phe-65.
119300	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
781085	ID NO. 4457 as residues: Leu-19 to Lys-26. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
/01005	ID NO. 4458 as residues: Ala-57 to Ser-64, Lys-69 to Thr-75.
781366	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4460 as residues: Arg-24 to Pro-35, Gly-72 to His-77.
781376	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4461 as residues: Pro-39 to Cys-44, Pro-54 to Gly-65.
782276	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4463 as residues: Ile-1 to Gln-9, Arg-27 to Pro-34, Val-36 to

	Pro 60 Luc 96 to Acr 05 L 100 t 0 112 0 110
	Pro-60, Lys-86 to Asp-95, Lys-102 to Ser-113, Ser-118 to Asn-130, Asp-132 to Lys-143, Asp-151 to Glu-157.
783413	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4465 as residues: Lys-33 to Val-39.
783668	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4466 as residues: Gly-8 to Leu-17, Leu-27 to Ser-36, Pro-41 to Ser-51.
785087	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4468 as residues: Lys-26 to Lys-42.
785465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4470 as residues: Gly-6 to Arg-21.
788626	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4471 as residues: Leu-1 to Lys-21, Asp-26 to Asp-34, Ala-85 to Tyr-90.
788838	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4472 as residues: Ala-14 to Ile-19, Glu-48 to Glu-54, Gln-76 to Glu-89.
789419	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4474 as residues: Pro-16 to Asn-22.
789631	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4475 as residues: Thr-10 to Gly-18.
789872	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4476 as residues: Ser-1 to Phe-16, His-36 to Gly-45, Pro-49 to Pro-71, Pro-77 to Lys-84.
790190	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4477 as residues: Ser-41 to Thr-49.
790547	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4478 as residues: Leu-1 to Gln-19, Glu-24 to Pro-31, Lys-36 to Cys-45.
792557	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4483 as residues: Lys-51 to Arg-58.
792624	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4484 as residues: Ser-15 to Lys-22, Pro-25 to Gly-47, Glu-55 to Thr-64.
793437	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4485 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-7, Thr-9 to Phe-18, Ala-32 to Trp-45, Pro-53 to Leu-60, Thr-66 to Arg-71.
796023	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4488 as residues: Ala-69 to Cys-74, Ile-131 to Glu-136, Gly-161 to Asn-169, Leu-174 to Trp-185.
796181	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4489 as residues: Ser-26 to Arg-32, Ala-81 to Cys-87, Pro-118 to Lys-126.
797079	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4490 as residues: Phe-2 to Cys-8, Ser-30 to His-36.
797477	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4491 as residues: Gly-14 to Leu-24.
797486	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4492 as residues: Ser-18 to Gln-25, Pro-35 to Thr-44, Pro-94 to

	Trp-99, Gln-108 to Ser-120, Pro-182 to Gly-187, Pro-192 to Gly-198, Trp-284 to Thr-292.	
797747	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4493 as residues: Asn-2 to Ala-11, His-35 to Pro-40.	
805448	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4496 as residues: Leu-1 to Tyr-7, Gly-15 to Asn-26.	
806690	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4497 as residues: Gly-34 to Trp-43, Trp-48 to Lys-54.	
810870	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4498 as residues: Val-12 to Ile-21.	
811047	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4499 as residues: Phe-8 to Gly-13, Glu-16 to Asn-34, Ser-179 to Cys-185, Thr-206 to Phe-219.	
812745	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4500 as residues: Gly-50 to His-62, Lys-169 to Arg-174, Thr-200 to Asp-206, Leu-208 to Gly-214, Pro-244 to Glu-254, Asp-304 to Gln-310, Gln-318 to Trp-323, Thr-410 to His-415.	
812871	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4502 as residues: Ser-22 to Arg-29.	
813482	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4503 as residues: Cys-53 to His-65, Glu-71 to Gln-91, Asn-123 to Phe-131, Ala-157 to Pro-171, Gln-197 to Ala-238.	
815696	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4504 as residues: Arg-80 to Glu-86, Pro-102 to Thr-110, Pro-113 to Phe-122, Asn-124 to Tyr-131, Thr-149 to Cys-156, Thr-184 to Pro-196, Ser-203 to Cys-215, Gly-226 to Asp-231, Pro-285 to Gly-290.	
821335	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4505 as residues: Ser-47 to Cys-59.	
827315	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4508 as residues: Asp-29 to Phe-36, Phe-39 to Gly-51.	
827740	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4511 as residues: Ile-22 to Lys-28.	
828180	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4512 as residues: Glu-38 to Arg-52, Ser-56 to Val-62.	
828552	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4513 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-10, Leu-64 to Asp-69, Gly-102 to Arg-107.	
828919	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4515 as residues: Thr-49 to Val-54, Leu-83 to Lys-91, Gly-121 to Thr-130, Asp-165 to Glu-172, Thr-180 to Gly-188.	
829084	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4516 as residues: Glu-37 to Trp-47.	
829148	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4517 as residues: Pro-33 to Lys-40.	
829161	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4518 as residues: Met-5 to Glu-18, Asp-24 to Tyr-30.	
830123	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4519 as residues: Ala-20 to Arg-25.	
830194	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ	

	ID NO. 4521 as residues: Ala-43 to Lys-51, Glu-66 to Leu-74, His-81 to
	Glu-88, Arg-98 to Ser-105, Gly-111 to Gln-116, Leu-166 to Lys-182,
	Leu-261 to Ala-273, Glu-294 to Arg-302, Glu-335 to Asp-347.
830343	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 4524 as residues: Ser-19 to Gly-24, Lys-73 to Leu-94, Ala-101
	to Arg-112, Gly-137 to Ala-143, Glu-160 to Arg-168, Ser-173 to Lys-
}	183.
830347	
650547	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
920202	ID NO. 4525 as residues: Asp-33 to Ala-39.
830382	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4526 as residues: Leu-47 to Val-63, Ser-69 to Ser-76.
830465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4528 as residues: Pro-1 to Thr-8, Ser-54 to Gln-61, Thr-80 to
	Thr-85, Gln-92 to Tyr-98, Gln-154 to Gln-162, Glu-172 to Ile-177, Val-
į.	181 to Lys-188, Lys-213 to Asn-225, Ser-234 to Pro-239, Ile-294 to Lys-
	307, Gly-350 to Asn-355.
830498	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4529 as residues: Pro-39 to Asn-47.
830540	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
050540	ID NO 4530 or regidues. Let 21 be 1 at 27 Aug 40 by 454
830586	ID NO. 4530 as residues: Leu-31 to Lys-37, Arg-48 to Asn-54.
830386	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4533 as residues: Pro-1 to Gln-15, Arg-33 to Leu-40, Arg-72 to
	Ser-78, Leu-98 to Asp-103, Phe-116 to Gly-124, Pro-152 to Arg-158,
1	Thr-193 to Pro-200, Leu-213 to Phe-219, Asp-229 to Lys-237, Lys-246
	to Lys-258, Arg-275 to Thr-280, Thr-306 to Lys-312, Leu-320 to Arg-
	328, Ala-335 to Asn-340, Gly-342 to Trp-349, Cys-364 to Pro-372.
830693	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4535 as residues: Met-2 to Thr-12, Gln-52 to Glu-67, Glu-72 to
	Val-79, Asn-158 to Arg-165, Met-173 to Gln-180, Glu-200 to Arg-206,
	Ala-220 to Ala-228, Arg-232 to Leu-242, Asp-246 to Gln-254, Thr-260
	to Lys-267, Leu-343 to Glu-349.
830723	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4537 as residues: Ile-68 to Thr-75, Asp-106 to Asp-117.
830743	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
050745	Therefore epitopes include those comprising a sequence snown in SEQ
920904	ID NO. 4538 as residues: Pro-11 to Phe-16, Thr-48 to Ser-60.
830804	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4539 as residues: Thr-62 to Gly-70.
830816	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4540 as residues: Thr-51 to Asp-61, Pro-92 to Asn-100, Thr-
	131 to Asn-138, Lys-140 to His-151, Glu-168 to Arg-184, Glu-192 to
	Glu-197, Ala-202 to Leu-212, Tyr-218 to Lys-223, Ala-239 to Leu-246,
	Leu-250 to Gly-256, Pro-289 to Glu-295, Lys-314 to Lys-326, Gln-335
	to Glu-340, Asp-354 to Ser-359.
830829	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4541 as residues: Pro-16 to His-21, Cys-28 to His-35, Val-43 to
	Arg. 40 Pro. 116 to Tyr. 122
920950	Arg-49, Pro-116 to Tyr-123.
830859	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4542 as residues: Gln-13 to His-28, Pro-73 to Gly-80, Pro-87 to
_ _	Asn-92.
830879	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	TD NO 4542
	ID NO. 4543 as residues: Cys-34 to Leu-44, Ser-60 to Gly-69, Asp-118 to Gly-123, Cys-148 to Gln-154.
830901	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4544 as residues: Arg-8 to Ser-16, Val-32 to Thr-38, Glu-139 to Lys-145, Arg-224 to Arg-232.
831019	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4545 as residues: Phe-16 to Ser-21.
831057	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4546 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-14, Thr-19 to Gly-25, Ala-31 to Ala-41, Glu-53 to Ile-62, Val-66 to Glu-75, Ser-103 to Asp-113, Ala-135 to Asp-140.
83 1099	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4547 as residues: Leu-12 to Gly-18, Leu-93 to Ile-98, Lys-165 to Ser-183, Thr-198 to Lys-211, Glu-232 to Gly-237, Pro-239 to Gly-249, Arg-257 to Asp-278, Cys-292 to Glu-297, Arg-306 to Ser-316, Asp-323 to Asn-331, Glu-347 to Gly-354, Thr-365 to Asn-370, Pro-390 to Thr-396, Asn-420 to Ser-433, Val-440 to Gln-451, His-457 to Asp-465, Phe-533 to Met-538, Ala-540 to Tyr-550, Pro-560 to Lys-565.
831117	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4548 as residues: Lys-50 to Tyr-55.
831163	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4549 as residues: Ser-31 to Arg-40.
831212	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4551 as residues: Arg-34 to Gly-45, Pro-50 to Ala-58.
831234	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4552 as residues: Gly-28 to Pro-33, Gln-66 to Gln-72.
831268	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4554 as residues: Ser-16 to Lys-21.
831307	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4555 as residues: Pro-19 to Ile-26, Ala-43 to Thr-49, Ser-52 to Lys-69, Phe-126 to Arg-134, Pro-153 to Phe-161, Ser-192 to Leu-198, Arg-222 to Thr-229.
831390	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4558 as residues: Trp-50 to Gly-55, Leu-109 to Val-119, Phe-146 to Asp-158, Ser-165 to Trp-172, Phe-192 to Ile-197, Leu-241 to Asp-252, Lys-268 to Pro-273, Ser-310 to Lys-315, Asp-334 to Ala-342, Pro-348 to Tyr-353.
831426	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4559 as residues: Gly-8 to Phe-18, His-26 to Phe-41, Glu-56 to Gly-62, Phe-114 to Lys-126, Asn-198 to Ser-203, Asn-234 to Ile-242, Glu-264 to Pro-270.
831453	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4560 as residues: Tyr-34 to His-42, Leu-44 to Leu-49.
831465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4561 as residues: Thr-2 to Ser-9, Pro-23 to Ser-28, Phe-55 to Ala-60, Phe-72 to Ile-77, Leu-124 to Gly-136, Glu-138 to Val-144.
831586	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4563 as residues: Gln-14 to Glu-28.
831664	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4564 as residues: Lys-1 to Asp-42, Arg-71 to Ala-76, Gln-138

	to Phe-145, Lys-170 to Thr-178, Cys-186 to Asp-192.
831687	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4565 as residues: Ala-56 to Tyr-63.
831753	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4567 as residues: His-10 to Gly-16, Gly-30 to Phe-36, Ala-41 to Lys-47, Phe-63 to Trp-72.
831757	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4568 as residues: Val-81 to Lys-86.
831795	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4569 as residues: Asn-23 to Pro-28, Arg-36 to Ser-42.
831796	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4570 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-8.
831880	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4571 as residues: Asp-18 to Ser-24, His-34 to Gly-47.
831899	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4572 as residues: Asp-11 to Trp-16, Pro-37 to Thr-44, Pro-74 to Pro-82, Arg-112 to Gln-119, Cys-126 to Arg-138, Arg-199 to Thr-204.
831910	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4573 as residues: Gly-15 to Trp-21, Ser-84 to Leu-93.
831931	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4574 as residues: Asn-29 to Ser-34.
831942	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4575 as residues: Arg-14 to Trp-19, Pro-29 to Gly-37, Cys-51 to Ala-62, Glu-84 to Glu-91, Ile-101 to Pro-107, Glu-118 to Thr-123, Lys-170 to Gln-175, Thr-197 to Lys-228.
832009	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4577 as residues: Leu-17 to Arg-32.
832010	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4578 as residues: Leu-1 to Lys-21, Glu-39 to Cys-47, Lys-49 to Gln-61, His-64 to Gly-76, Thr-83 to Lys-90, His-92 to Ile-99.
832093	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4580 as residues: Pro-29 to Tyr-35, Phe-37 to His-42.
832187	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4583 as residues: Glu-11 to Pro-24, Gly-90 to Leu-96, Ser-109 to Gly-120.
832575	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4588 as residues: Thr-24 to Arg-29, Ala-55 to Tyr-60, Tyr-77 to Asp-89, Leu-108 to Gly-115, Thr-142 to Gly-149.
832593	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4589 as residues: Glu-13 to Glu-18.
832597	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4590 as residues: Val-3 to Asp-13.
834890	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4591 as residues: Arg-8 to Lys-13, Gly-35 to Lys-42, Ala-48 to Lys-54, Ala-105 to Leu-110, Gly-150 to Val-157, Phe-164 to Asn-173.
835079	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4592 as residues: Ser-53 to Pro-60.
835456	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4593 as residues: Thr-2 to Asn-10, Ser-72 to Lys-78, Gly-95 to

	Thr-101, Phe-134 to Ile-147, Lys-163 to Lys-172, Gln-199 to Glu-206,
	Ala-212 to Trp-224, Lys-230 to His-236, Arg-238 to Glu-244, Asp-249
	to Gly-254, Met-260 to Tyr-266, Arg-272 to Arg-279.
835655	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
055055	ID NO. 4594 as residues: Lys-24 to Asn-36, Glu-55 to Asn-60.
836203	Preferred entropes include these commissions a consumer of the series of
030203	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4595 as residues: Pro-43 to Cys-49, Ser-67 to Glu-76, Lys-105 to Cys-110.
836762	
030702	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
838459	ID NO. 4597 as residues: Arg-252 to Phe-260, Ser-315 to Thr-321.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
920262	ID NO. 4600 as residues: Asp-1 to Lys-14.
839262	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4601 as residues: Lys-29 to Asp-36, Gln-98 to Asp-103, Thr-
	120 to Lys-142, Thr-158 to Ser-170, Ile-188 to Glu-194, Leu-217 to
000000	Gly-223, Tyr-245 to His-252.
839750	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4603 as residues: Gln-27 to Pro-33.
840028	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4604 as residues: Ala-16 to Asn-25, His-32 to Asn-37, Pro-97
	to Ser-103, Pro-114 to Ser-120.
840675	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4606 as residues: Pro-134 to Thr-145.
840708	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4607 as residues: Ala-27 to Ser-36.
840848	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4609 as residues: Arg-77 to Asn-82, Glu-119 to Arg-124, Gln-
	156 to Thr-162, Lys-209 to Lys-215.
840860	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4610 as residues: Ile-27 to Asp-41, Glu-43 to Ala-58, Glu-149
	to Glu-154, Lys-158 to Ile-165, Glu-167 to Gly-189, Glu-242 to Phe-
	247, Arg-259 to Phe-268, Ile-283 to Val-291, Thr-295 to Thr-307, Glu-
	328 to Asp-338, Asp-372 to Gly-387.
841015	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4611 as residues: Tyr-17 to Thr-29, Lys-35 to Glu-40.
841017	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4612 as residues: Gln-1 to Trp-19.
841030	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4613 as residues: Ser-23 to Gln-30.
841241	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
· · -	ID NO. 4614 as residues: Asp-41 to Ile-52, Thr-59 to Lys-64, Glu-75 to
	Asn-89, Thr-99 to Thr-105.
841957	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO 4615 as residues: Gly 7 to The 20 Dec 44 to The 40 Gly
	ID NO. 4615 as residues: Gly-7 to Thr-20, Pro-44 to Thr-49, Gln-55 to Gly-61.
846025	
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4616 as residues: Gly-8 to Gly-28, Glu-113 to Asn-122, Arg-
	144 to Gly-214, Ala-218 to Gly-232, Arg-243 to Glu-248, Glu-356 to
	Ser-366.

846362	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4617 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Phe-66 to Asp-72, Pro-95 to Gly-109, Thr-118 to Ala-126, Gly-128 to Gly-135, Pro-187 to Ser-192, Gly-252 to Arg-258, Asp-270 to Cys-277, Ser-339 to Leu-345, Gly-450 to Ala-468.
846384	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4618 as residues: Gly-3 to Leu-9, Arg-35 to Gly-42, Asp-50 to Thr-55, Ser-98 to Asn-103, Pro-172 to Gly-178, Ser-233 to Pro-243, Ala-289 to Gly-294, Thr-302 to Tyr-309, Glu-341 to Trp-347, Pro-349 to Val-359, Pro-414 to Thr-422, Arg-438 to Glu-443, Gln-507 to Thr-518.
846750	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4619 as residues: Thr-27 to Arg-32, Gly-63 to Gly-71, Ile-95 to Gly-101, Asn-108 to Ser-115.
847598	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4621 as residues: Ser-1 to Thr-27.
848119	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4622 as residues: Pro-5 to Lys-10, Ser-29 to Lys-42, Arg-54 to Arg-66.
848746	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4623 as residues: Pro-61 to Asp-68, Arg-88 to Asp-93.
849084	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4624 as residues: Gly-1 to Pro-8, Ala-48 to Tyr-53, Lys-55 to Arg-62, Glu-67 to Leu-75.
849114	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4625 as residues: Asn-30 to Leu-36, Trp-51 to Phe-56, Pro-62 to Trp-68, Gln-98 to Ser-114, Ile-128 to His-134, Pro-146 to His-151, Asp-153 to Tyr-171, Asp-193 to Trp-198, Pro-222 to Thr-234, Ile-237 to Thr-260, Ile-285 to Gly-296, Arg-301 to Gln-308, Val-311 to Asp-328.
849155	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4627 as residues: Pro-6 to Lys-21, Ala-26 to Val-34, Lys-37 to Ser-46, Phe-73 to Val-81, Pro-86 to Arg-92, Gly-101 to Ser-108, Thr-172 to Pro-178, Met-244 to Lys-255.
849159	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4628 as residues: Thr-28 to Ala-33, Asn-93 to Trp-103, Ile-122 to Pro-130, His-132 to Ile-138.
849244	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4629 as residues: Gln-189 to Glu-196, Glu-206 to Pro-211, Ser-226 to Ile-233, Lys-244 to Ser-253.
849254	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4630 as residues: Ala-5 to Cys-11, Cys-14 to Gly-25, Tyr-32 to Gln-38, Glu-62 to Leu-78, Asp-91 to Tyr-102.
849301	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4631 as residues: Ser-37 to Asp-43, Lys-266 to Ser-272, Glu-304 to Thr-318, Leu-345 to Ser-359, Gln-423 to Ala-439.
849317	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4632 as residues: Pro-42 to Trp-47, Arg-49 to Glu-55, Val-62 to Glu-67, Leu-75 to Leu-90, Leu-102 to Gln-107, Ile-154 to Asp-161.
849332	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4633 as residues: Gln-31 to Ser-38, Gly-60 to Arg-65, Thr-148

	to Thr-155, Cys-180 to Cys-189, Val-224 to Pro-232, Leu-250 to Gln-255.
849422	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4634 as residues: Arg-9 to Arg-14.
849492	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4636 as residues: Ser-5 to Arg-11.
849534	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4637 as residues: Met-8 to His-14.
849565	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4638 as residues: Gly-59 to Ala-67.
849583	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4639 as residues: Pro-13 to Pro-18, Pro-24 to Leu-32, Glu-51 to His-59, Leu-83 to Trp-91, Thr-113 to Gln-120, Pro-133 to Asp-138, Arg-141 to Gln-146, Arg-151 to Ser-156, Tyr-160 to Cys-175, Asn-183 to Asn-188, Trp-221 to Lys-231, Ser-271 to Arg-283, Phe-345 to Gly-350, Ser-381 to Asp-386, Gly-417 to Ser-422, Tyr-462 to Asn-471, Glu-505 to Leu-533, Ser-555 to Asp-561, Thr-566 to His-576, Ser-582 to Gln-587.
849589	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4640 as residues: Ser-16 to Val-25, His-105 to Lys-125, Tyr-147 to Ser-155.
849658	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4641 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-7.
849666	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4642 as residues: Glu-12 to Met-22.
849679	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4643 as residues: Lys-208 to Asp-214, Glu-278 to Gln-289, Glu-296 to Arg-303, Lys-358 to Leu-364.
849741	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4644 as residues: Arg-30 to His-40.
849783	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4645 as residues: Arg-1 to Pro-14, Gln-47 to Cys-52, Asn-57 to Pro-63, Ser-277 to Lys-282, Leu-326 to Ser-332.
850211	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4646 as residues: Asn-8 to Asn-13.
850254	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4647 as residues: Asn-1 to Arg-6.
850264	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4648 as residues: Ala-33 to Gly-47, Glu-73 to Lys-78, Ser-111 to Asp-126, Gln-139 to Ala-147, Cys-206 to Gly-211, Ser-218 to Asn-225, Leu-237 to Pro-242, Arg-277 to Leu-282, Lys-284 to Lys-291, Ala-357 to Asn-363, Asn-380 to Leu-387, His-475 to Arg-489, Pro-494 to Lys-515.
850273	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4649 as residues: Pro-31 to Lys-38.
850371	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4650 as residues: Lys-32 to Thr-38.
850859	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4651 as residues: Phe-18 to Lys-24, Pro-53 to Lys-75, Tyr-115 to Asp-124, Lys-130 to Leu-137.

051066	The Committee of the Co
851066	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4652 as residues: Pro-6 to Asp-12, Arg-28 to Thr-37, Ile-50 to
	Lys-59, Ala-63 to Gly-70, Pro-89 to Tyr-96, Ser-103 to Ile-111, Thr-114
	to Phe-121, Asp-141 to Pro-147, Arg-162 to Thr-172.
851217	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
<u> </u>	ID NO. 4653 as residues: Gln-24 to Asp-36, Ser-54 to Thr-65.
852170	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4654 as residues: Leu-13 to Glu-26.
852387	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4655 as residues: Ala-37 to Thr-43.
852812	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4656 as residues: Pro-27 to Pro-33, Asp-92 to Gly-99, Asp-109
	to Lys-115, Pro-117 to Trp-130, Phe-208 to Thr-215, Ile-219 to Lys-231,
	Arg-251 to Asp-257.
853175	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4657 as residues: Gln-21 to Ser-31, Tyr-74 to Gln-81, Leu-115
1	to Arg-121.
854063	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4659 as residues: Pro-3 to Gly-43.
854073	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
00.075	ID NO. 4660 as residues: Gly 13 to Vol 10. Gly 23 to Vol 40.
	ID NO. 4660 as residues: Glu-13 to Val-19, Gln-32 to Met-40, Asp-49 to Arg-54, Leu-74 to Ser-86.
854987	
054767	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
855130	ID NO. 4661 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-12.
655150	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
856227	ID NO. 4662 as residues: Glu-64 to Tyr-69.
630227	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4663 as residues: Pro-18 to Arg-35, Ala-42 to Gly-54, His-69 to
856243	Gln-76, Asp-105 to Arg-110, Arg-121 to Asp-126, Pro-150 to Gln-160.
830243	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4664 as residues: Ala-1 to Ala-8, Lys-78 to Met-86, Arg-126 to
956254	Lys-137.
856354	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
050170	ID NO. 4665 as residues: Thr-21 to Thr-33.
858178	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 46/0 as residues: Gly-2 to Gln-8, Lys-68 to Gln-76, Pro-200 to
	Gly-208, Ser-246 to Gly-257, Gly-280 to Gly-289, Ala-302 to Gly-308
	Gly-319 to Asn-331, Leu-352 to Ser-361, Glu-378 to Glu-399, Ala-401
	to His-414.
858606	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4671 as residues: Trp-86 to Pro-91.
858894	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4672 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-9.
858958	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4674 as residues: Pro-19 to Ala-25.
859171	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4675 as residues: Lys-12 to Val-18, Leu-32 to Ser-47, Glu-55 to
	Asp-66, Glu-94 to Glu-109, Val-115 to Ile-127, Asp-166 to Ser-177,
	Lys-213 to Glu-225, Glu-241 to Lys-264, Met-322 to Phe-343, Asn-371
	to Glu-379. Ala-396 to Ser_407. Ser_415 to Dro. 422. Dro. 425.4. Dr. 446.
	to Glu-379, Ala-396 to Ser-407, Ser-415 to Pro-422, Pro-435 to Pro-440,

	Ile-459 to Gln-466, Phe-471 to Phe-476.
859352	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
859354	ID NO. 4676 as residues: Thr-11 to Thr-21. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4677 as residues: Arg-60 to Pro-70, Ser-138 to Ser-145, Cys- 157 to Lys-163, Pro-204 to Thr-211, Val-213 to Ser-219. Thr-224 to
859702	Thr-230, Pro-297 to Asp-302, Ile-332 to Glu-339, Glu-385 to Ser-390. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4678 as residues: Lys-7 to Arg-26.
860915	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4679 as residues: Gln-50 to Gly-56.
861209	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4680 as residues: Leu-6 to Thr-15, Pro-85 to Asp-90, Thr-98 to Pro-104.
861534	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4681 as residues: Arg-24 to Ser-30.
861697	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4682 as residues: Gly-8 to Trp-16, Asn-22 to Phe-28, Phe-68 to Arg-75, Ser-93 to Ser-101, Glu-114 to Ile-126, Pro-134 to Phe-143, Gly-165 to Gly-176, Lys-191 to Glu-201, Thr-218 to Lys-227, Tyr-289 to Gln-296.
861826	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4683 as residues: Gly-17 to Pro-23.
861909	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4684 as residues: His-13 to Cys-20, Glu-83 to Cys-93, Pro-131 to Asp-137, Cys-142 to Asn-148, Pro-150 to Gln-155, Pro-160 to Gly-166, Ser-194 to Gly-206, Thr-251 to Ser-258, Gly-267 to Asp-272, Lys-286 to Gly-299, Gln-353 to Leu-366, Thr-368 to Gln-381, Gln-387 to
862237	His-397, Glu-404 to Ala-410, Phe-412 to Ala-418, Phe-424 to Ala-439. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4687 as residues: Cys-20 to Val-27.
862285	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4689 as residues: Ala-26 to Gln-32.
862456	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4691 as residues: Pro-20 to Gly-26, Glu-66 to Trp-76.
862486	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4692 as residues: Cys-36 to Pro-44, His-145 to Asn-151, Asp-186 to Glu-195, Glu-271 to Ile-281, Asp-296 to Pro-302.
863865	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4694 as residues: Gly-1 to Pro-6, Leu-17 to Ala-22, Phe-40 to Ala-45.
863944	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4695 as residues: Glu-102 to Asp-111, Glu-144 to Val-149, Tyr-169 to Lys-180, Arg-239 to Arg-245, Gln-247 to Asp-253, Gly-266 to Asn-278.
864428	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4696 as residues: Thr-1 to Leu-11, Arg-26 to Gly-41, Arg-81 to Asp-91, Asp-144 to Thr-159, Asn-170 to Ala-178, Glu-180 to Lys-191, Cys-249 to Trp-255.
865044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

1	ID NO 4600 as residues. The 174 Cl. 24 B. 664 Cl. 74 B.
	ID NO. 4699 as residues: Thr-17 to Gly-34, Pro-66 to Gly-71, Pro-73 to Val-78.
865421	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4701 as residues: Ala-10 to Glu-16.
866287	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4702 as residues: Val-1 to Leu-6.
866300	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4703 as residues: Thr-28 to Trp-35.
867388	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4707 as residues: Ser-39 to Phe-56, Asp-77 to Arg-84, Glu-103 to Lys-129, Lys-134 to Lys-143, Pro-219 to Gly-227, His-289 to Glu-297, Ala-353 to Arg-360, Pro-409 to Tyr-423, His-433 to Thr-441, Phe-445 to Pro-453, Gln-480 to Leu-488, Pro-526 to Thr-540.
867842	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4708 as residues: Leu-38 to His-44, Leu-46 to Gln-55, Leu-65 to Gln-70, Ile-80 to Arg-88.
867923	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4709 as residues: Leu-17 to Leu-23, Gln-51 to Thr-57.
868035	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4710 as residues: Ser-8 to Pro-13, Pro-21 to Ser-33.
868135	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4711 as residues: Glu-27 to Arg-32, Glu-86 to Gly-93, Ala-117 to Glu-127, Glu-148 to Asn-154, Asp-163 to Ser-174.
868173	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4712 as residues: Thr-6 to Asn-14, Pro-19 to Lys-41.
868224	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4713 as residues: Glu-21 to Glu-31, Arg-37 to Ser-45, Asn-47 to Gly-53, Pro-64 to Arg-70, Ser-97 to Tyr-102, Asp-110 to Val-116.
868655	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4714 as residues: Phe-5 to Ser-21, Ser-24 to Ser-32, Ser-40 to Ser-64, Leu-73 to Glu-81, Pro-122 to Leu-130, Glu-186 to Leu-193, Leu-204 to Trp-213, Ser-278 to Ala-285, Glu-376 to Asp-384, Phe-401 to Val-407.
869698	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4715 as residues: Asp-1 to Ser-6, Glu-16 to Ser-26, Lys-66 to Pro-76, Leu-93 to Arg-99, Val-153 to Lys-164, Glu-177 to Asp-183, Ser-188 to Leu-193, Arg-210 to Ser-220, Thr-229 to Ser-244, Pro-283 to Phe-297.
870190	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4716 as residues: Arg-112 to Lys-118, Gln-168 to His-175.
870349	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4717 as residues: Thr-34 to Ala-39, Ser-42 to Arg-47.
870522	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4719 as residues: Asn-32 to Gly-39, Gly-116 to Lys-124.
870896	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4720 as residues: Leu-21 to Gly-30, Arg-41 to Cys-49, Arg-57 to Phe-62.

871225	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4722 as residues: Pro-23 to Gly-36, Arg-77 to Ile-84.
871428	ID NO. 4723 as residues: Gly-6 to Pro-11.
871498	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4724 as residues: Arg-12 to Ser-18.
871732	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4725 as residues: Ser-56 to Thr-62.
871756	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4726 as residues: Ser-31 to Gly-38.
871821	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4727 as residues: Tyr-25 to Lys-30, Lys-36 to Ile-43, Lys-52 to Gln-69, Glu-76 to Asp-81, Arg-92 to Trp-104, Leu-120 to Lys-126, Ser-129 to Ser-135, Ser-139 to Thr-156, Pro-165 to Glu-178, Ser-181 to Thr-186, Tyr-196 to Lys-201, Cys-225 to Lys-230, Glu-234 to Glu-242.
872354	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4729 as residues: Thr-33 to Lys-43, Lys-81 to Ser-100.
872535	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4730 as residues: Ser-33 to Gly-41, Asn-66 to Asp-73, Cys-136 to Gly-141, Met-187 to Thr-193.
872551	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4731 as residues: Cys-1 to Cys-7, Asp-12 to Arg-27, Pro-49 to Tyr-59, Leu-157 to Leu-163, Ser-243 to Thr-248, Thr-349 to Ser-362, Phe-376 to Ser-385.
872640	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4732 as residues: Tyr-1 to Asp-8, Tyr-33 to Gly-39, Glu-57 to Glu-64, Ser-74 to Val-82, Lys-203 to Arg-214, Gln-229 to Pro-235, Gln-310 to Ala-317, Glu-326 to Asn-331, Gly-366 to Asn-372, Leu-392 to Asn-403, Ala-459 to Gln-466, Asp-494 to His-502, Pro-514 to Leu-522, Glu-614 to Leu-621, Asn-642 to His-651.
872802	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4734 as residues: Ser-1 to Gly-8, Arg-30 to Trp-37.
872852	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4735 as residues: Arg-1 to Gln-7, Arg-22 to Arg-28, Gln-93 to Glu-100.
874307	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4739 as residues: Tyr-1 to Glu-6.
874309	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4741 as residues: Ser-2 to Val-13, Lys-59 to Ser-77.
874310	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4742 as residues: Thr-25 to Thr-31.
874320	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4743 as residues: Ser-1 to Ala-7, Ala-26 to Gly-35, Gly-53 to Phe-59, Arg-67 to Arg-84.
874325	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4744 as residues: Arg-1 to Leu-7, Ser-13 to Val-20, Leu-38 to Glu-44, Leu-79 to Gly-84, Thr-92 to Ala-100, Pro-110 to Ser-119.
874327	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4745 as residues: Asp-45 to Thr-51, Leu-55 to Gly-63, Asp-88 to Phe-97, Gly-185 to Trp-200, Gly-214 to Ser-222, Thr-239 to Val-246.

874329	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4747 as residues: Glu-10 to Ala-16, Asp-32 to His-37.
874348	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4750 as residues: Asn-10 to Thr-15.
874349	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4751 as residues: Pro-1 to Ala-7, Asp-38 to Val-54.
874350	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4752 as residues: Ser-35 to Glu-46, Lys-89 to Asp-94.
874358	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4754 as residues: Phe-34 to Lys-45, Asn-122 to Ser-127, Asp-160 to Lys-165.
874362	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4755 as residues: Ile-1 to Ser-12, His-35 to Glu-47, Glu-55 to Ser-71, Gly-74 to Ser-82, Ala-97 to Ser-139, Lys-153 to Arg-166, Arg-171 to Leu-180, Asp-304 to Gly-309, Glu-373 to Glu-378, Ser-495 to Tyr-500.
874368	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4756 as residues: Ala-14 to Pro-20, Thr-26 to Asn-32, Lys-55 to Ala-61.
874370	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4758 as residues: Arg-48 to Tyr-55, Tyr-64 to Gly-76.
874372	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4759 as residues: Ala-1 to Gly-16, Lys-33 to Thr-44, Leu-52 to Asp-57, Gln-69 to Phe-78, Gly-91 to Cys-104.
874396	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4760 as residues: Leu-39 to Ser-44.
874399	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4761 as residues: Pro-36 to Glu-46, Asn-151 to Asn-170, Tyr-175 to Thr-180, Glu-182 to Glu-190, Thr-202 to Glu-212, Arg-238 to Ser-245, Pro-292 to Gly-302.
874401	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4763 as residues: Gly-10 to Gly-19, Lys-44 to Arg-61, Leu-112 to Lys-117.
874403	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4764 as residues: Phe-20 to Lys-27, Lys-66 to Arg-82.
874413	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4768 as residues: Phe-1 to Asp-11.
874414	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4769 as residues: Ser-54 to Gly-59, Asp-63 to Lys-71.
874416	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4770 as residues: Thr-7 to Ser-14, Pro-28 to Asp-36.
874417	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4771 as residues: Tyr-16 to Ala-26, Ser-43 to Asp-54.
874423	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4773 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-8, Ser-55 to Leu-60.
874427	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4776 as residues: Tyr-64 to Thr-70.
874435	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

874437	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4782 as residues: Glu-15 to Glu-29, Ala-43 to Asp-49, Ile-53 to Asp-65, Lys-86 to Pro-94, Val-102 to Gly-121, Asp-160 to Ser-165, Asn-234 to Lys-241, Glu-309 to Leu-321, Lys-368 to Ala-377, Thr-382
	to Asp-400, Ser-407 to Asn-415, Asp-417 to Leu-448.
874438	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4783 as residues: Pro-19 to Leu-28, Pro-44 to Ser-60.
874447	Desfound on toward in the 1st of
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4784 as residues: Pro-1 to His-6.
874449	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4785 as residues: Glu-10 to Gly-20, Lys-41 to Met-46, Leu-60 to Gln-70.
874455	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4787 as residues: Ile-7 to Lys-15.
874459	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4789 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gly-14, Arg-33 to Pro-41, Pro-58 to Asp-66.
874468	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4793 as residues: Thr-10 to Arg-15.
874469	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4794 as residues: Gln-19 to Lys-26.
874470	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4795 as residues: Arg-3 to Gly-18, Pro-73 to Glu-86, Ser-104 to Pro-117, Gln-143 to Arg-150, Asp-158 to Arg-174, Leu-197 to Ser-222, Ala-235 to Glu-256, Arg-296 to Arg-309.
874473	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4797 as residues: Ser-28 to Arg-37, Arg-83 to Gln-97.
874480	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4801 as residues: Lys-2 to Gly-8, Pro-54 to Asn-65.
874482	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4803 as residues: Lys-52 to Asn-60.
874484	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4804 as residues: Lys-24 to Ser-38.
874486	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4806 as residues: Trp-1 to Pro-10.
874492	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4807 as residues: Arg-33 to Cys-44.
874495	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4808 as residues: Asp-17 to Val-23, Asp-35 to Trp-40, Phe-63 to Arg-68, Ala-150 to Thr-156.
874498	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4809 as residues: Ala-37 to Asn-42, Ala-94 to Glu-106.
874499	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4810 as residues: Met-3 to Pro-10, Pro-18 to Arg-23, Pro-62 to Gly-69.
874503	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4811 as residues: Gln-10 to Glu-21, Ser-28 to Arg-33, Glu-107 to Leu-113, Glu-126 to Ser-133.
874504	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 4812 as residues: Pro-53 to Gly-65, Ala-74 to Lys-96, Lys-107
	to Lys-116.
874506	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4814 as residues: Ile-81 to Arg-91.
874518	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4816 as residues: Pro-16 to Ser-24, Thr-34 to Pro-39.
874519	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
874522	ID NO. 4817 as residues: Asp-19 to Glu-32, Glu-43 to Glu-80. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
874524	ID NO. 4818 as residues: Pro-6 to Pro-12. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
874527	ID NO. 4819 as residues: Asp-16 to Val-21, Leu-33 to Asp-50. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4820 as residues: Val-1 to Thr-11, Lys-60 to His-73, Met-84 to Gln-99, Thr-119 to Asp-126.
874528	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4821 as residues: Pro-14 to Arg-23, Ala-171 to Ser-178.
874529	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4822 as residues: Pro-7 to Arg-15.
874545	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4830 as residues: Gly-1 to Asp-6.
874550	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4832 as residues: Arg-20 to Lys-28, Leu-40 to Ala-45, Lys-76 to Ser-81, Leu-106 to Lys-111.
874552	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4834 as residues: Ser-70 to Gly-76.
874553	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4835 as residues: Lys-70 to His-78, Lys-149 to Asn-154, Gly-209 to Leu-217, Lys-248 to Val-255, Ile-259 to Arg-264, Arg-280 to Ala-287.
874556	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4836 as residues: Pro-73 to Ala-78, Ala-95 to Trp-106, Ala-108 to Gly-121, Lys-132 to Asn-142, Glu-163 to Arg-173, Ser-189 to Glu-194, Val-213 to Leu-229, Gln-244 to Asn-260.
874559	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4837 as residues: Thr-47 to Val-63, Arg-90 to Tyr-102, Val-179 to Pro-187, Asp-189 to Gln-200.
874560	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4838 as residues: Arg-222 to Gly-236, Ser-242 to Ile-250, Leu-254 to Ser-260, Glu-277 to Ser-283.
874561	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4839 as residues: Arg-29 to Gln-45.
874562	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4840 as residues: Pro-65 to Val-75, Pro-101 to Ala-131, Pro-143 to Cys-155, Ser-167 to Pro-179, Thr-205 to Cys-216, Arg-218 to His-236, Gln-241 to Asp-267.
874563	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4841 as residues: Ala-1 to Lys-8.

	ID NO. 4842 as residues: Pro-1 to Cys-8, Glu-48 to His-58, Ser-72 to Glu-78.
874567	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4844 as residues: Met-46 to Leu-55, Leu-93 to Lys-115, Leu-169 to Gly-187, Glu-213 to Gly-219, Lys-224 to Glu-229, Ser-294 to Cys-300, Gln-319 to Leu-328, Ser-345 to Asp-350, Pro-380 to Thr-385, Tyr-387 to Val-393.
874570	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4846 as residues: Pro-3 to Phe-14, Arg-16 to Trp-22, Ser-62 to Leu-74, Asp-86 to Ser-92, Gly-102 to Ser-111, Val-113 to Ser-118.
874571	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4847 as residues: Asp-49 to Asp-59, Asp-110 to Ile-115, Trp-137 to Ser-144.
874573	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4848 as residues: Pro-11 to Ala-35, Phe-47 to Glu-54, Glu-78 to Gly-83, Gln-94 to Ser-106, Ser-114 to Val-120.
874577	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4849 as residues: Leu-1 to Leu-6, Lys-26 to Asp-44, His-50 to Gly-58, Ala-102 to Thr-107.
874580	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4851 as residues: Arg-1 to Val-8, Lys-30 to Tyr-36, Tyr-92 to Gly-101, Lys-116 to Lys-125, Asp-140 to Gly-145, Pro-147 to Ser-167, Ser-170 to Ser-191, Ser-193 to Ile-199, Leu-203 to Arg-215, Ser-220 to Glu-231.
874581	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4852 as residues: Leu-1 to His-8, Pro-74 to Pro-84.
874590	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4855 as residues: Arg-1 to Asn-13, Pro-34 to Pro-41, Val-77 to Thr-84.
874592	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4856 as residues: Val-1 to His-27, Gly-33 to Trp-58, Pro-99 to Cys-105.
874594	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4857 as residues: Lys-18 to Gln-27, Leu-41 to Leu-46.
874601	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4859 as residues: Thr-6 to Gly-14, Gly-20 to Ala-26, Pro-31 to Met-37, Arg-49 to Ser-64, Pro-70 to His-79.
874605	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4861 as residues: Val-5 to Gly-11, Ser-43 to Lys-53, Glu-61 to Thr-68, Thr-99 to Ala-104, Tyr-106 to Asp-120, Asn-139 to Leu-148, Thr-169 to Thr-174, Asn-196 to Asn-202, Asn-223 to Glu-231, Glu-241 to Tyr-247, Ser-265 to Thr-270, Thr-277 to Cys-286, Leu-292 to Asp-298, Asn-347 to Thr-352, Thr-361 to Gly-366, Asn-373 to Thr-383.
874607	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4862 as residues: Pro-1 to Arg-10.
874608	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4863 as residues: Pro-3 to Arg-8, Gly-34 to Thr-53, Asp-60 to Ser-65, Phe-76 to Lys-81.
874609	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4864 as residues: Arg-6 to Arg-13, Phe-25 to Asn-32, Phe-47 to

	Glu-56, Lys-108 to Ala-122.
874610	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4865 as residues: Pro-31 to Trp-39, Pro-101 to Lys-110, Tyr-130 to Ala-137, Val-145 to Lys-154, Pro-174 to Gly-179, Phe-194 to Asn-202, Glu-224 to Gly-240, Thr-259 to Gln-264, Arg-287 to Ser-293,
	Cys-301 to Gln-307.
874611	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4866 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-6, Asp-13 to Glu-27.
874615	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4869 as residues: Pro-13 to Cys-19.
874618	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4870 as residues: Arg-10 to Cys-15, Phe-30 to Pro-36, Arg-53 to Ser-59, Thr-66 to Ser-79.
874619	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4871 as residues: Ala-1 to Pro-7.
874621	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4873 as residues: Glu-4 to Gly-12, Thr-21 to Gln-27, Pro-40 to Ser-47, Pro-50 to Ser-61, Val-101 to Cys-107, Lys-138 to Gly-147, Gln-150 to Tyr-156, Lys-169 to Thr-174.
874622	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4874 as residues: Gln-31 to Lys-39, His-55 to Asp-60.
874623	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4875 as residues: Arg-7 to His-24, Pro-27 to Gly-33.
874624	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4876 as residues: Gln-12 to Ser-22.
874626	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4878 as residues: Leu-4 to Gly-11, Pro-60 to Gln-65.
874628	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4879 as residues: Pro-13 to Thr-20, His-24 to Gly-34, Glu-36 to His-42.
874631	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4881 as residues: Lys-14 to Glu-23, Glu-30 to Ser-43, Ser-45 to His-54, Thr-66 to Tyr-71, Pro-75 to Asp-80, Ile-98 to Thr-120, Glu-125 to Lys-133, Leu-146 to Ala-152, Ala-170 to Ile-176, Asp-180 to Cys-200.
874632	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4882 as residues: His-45 to Gly-50.
874635	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4883 as residues: Pro-1 to Pro-7, Leu-19 to Gly-26, Glu-72 to Asp-78, Lys-93 to Glu-103, Gln-152 to Gly-159, Gln-181 to Asp-190, Phe-232 to Val-237, Asn-282 to Thr-287, Pro-289 to Pro-295, His-341 to Asp-351, Cys-378 to Glu-383, Gln-448 to Gly-453, Ser-518 to His-524, Pro-536 to Glu-541.
874636	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4884 as residues: Glu-1 to Tyr-6, Pro-39 to Asp-46.
874639	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4886 as residues: Pro-7 to Gly-29, Ser-36 to Ala-41, Pro-43 to Asp-54, Pro-59 to Leu-64, Gln-70 to Ile-75, Glu-85 to Lys-94.
874642	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4888 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Gly-26 to Asp-38.

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874644	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4889 as residues: Ser-4 to Leu-10, Thr-25 to Gly-35.
874645	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4890 as residues: Glu-69 to Thr-75.
874650	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4892 as residues: Glu-2 to Glu-14.
874651	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4893 as residues: Arg-1 to His-9.
874652	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4894 as residues: Ser-40 to Asn-45.
874653	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4895 as residues: Thr-1 to Ser-10, Arg-24 to Trp-51, Leu-62 to
874655	Gly-67, Pro-72 to Gly-81, Pro-98 to Gly-103. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4897 as residues: Glu-9 to Cys-14, Ser-38 to Ser-47, Tyr-52 to
874660	Lys-61, His-68 to Lys-78, Lys-93 to Gly-101. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4902 as residues: Leu-13 to Glu-18.
874665	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4904 as residues: Arg-9 to Arg-18, Leu-28 to Phe-36, Pro-49 to Arg-56, His-85 to Asn-103.
874667	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4905 as residues: Leu-47 to Thr-53, Ala-60 to Ser-66.
874670	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4906 as residues: Lys-1 to Leu-6, Pro-9 to Gly-17, Tyr-19 to Glu-25, Arg-30 to Leu-39.
874671	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4907 as residues: Val-5 to Ile-10, Glu-26 to Asp-35, Pro-70 to Pro-80, Tyr-90 to Glu-96.
874673	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4909 as residues: Ser-53 to Ser-63.
874675	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4910 as residues: Ser-33 to Ala-48.
874678	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4911 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-12.
874679	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4912 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-7, Leu-21 to Lys-32, His-56 to Cys-64.
874680	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4913 as residues: Glu-8 to Arg-14, Ile-49 to His-59, Leu-86 to Cys-94.
874683	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4915 as residues: Gly-22 to Thr-28, Glu-43 to Val-48, Ser-64 to Leu-71, Phe-106 to Val-111.
874688	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4917 as residues: Ser-10 to Glu-18, Leu-45 to Arg-54.
874689	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4918 as residues: Asn-13 to Gln-19, Lys-56 to Phe-61, Leu-83 to Ala-90.

074606	
874695	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4919 as residues: Leu-2 to Ser-12, Pro-125 to Asp-133.
874696	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4920 as residues: Asn-58 to Ser-66.
874699	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4922 as residues: Glu-1 to Ser-7.
874700	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4923 as residues: Gly-10 to Ile-16, Ile-50 to Ser-55.
874701	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4924 as residues: Asn-9 to Gly-14, Glu-17 to His-22.
874702	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4925 as residues: Pro-3 to Arg-20, Pro-24 to Arg-34.
874703	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4926 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-7, His-35 to Gln-48, Ser-54 to Asn-59, Lys-69 to Met-74.
874708	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4929 as residues: Ala-145 to Gly-152, Val-177 to Gly-185.
874709	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4930 as residues: Ala-13 to Lys-22, Glu-31 to Arg-49, Ser-59 to Asn-65.
874710	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4931 as residues: Glu-1 to Arg-7, Leu-23 to Arg-39, Lys-46 to Asn-52, Pro-59 to Ser-67.
874711	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4932 as residues: Ile-37 to Ala-45, Glu-56 to Pro-62.
874713	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4933 as residues: His-47 to Gly-53, Ser-163 to Ser-169, Pro-276 to Lys-282.
874714	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4934 as residues: Ser-10 to Glu-18.
874715	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4935 as residues: Ser-13 to Leu-18.
874718	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4937 as residues: Gly-43 to His-54, Phe-126 to Cys-132, Pro-140 to Gln-150, Lys-159 to Ala-164, Ser-187 to Gly-193, Pro-212 to Gly-227.
874719	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4938 as residues: Gly-1 to Pro-7, Asp-45 to Asp-50, Lys-82 to Leu-89, Asp-97 to His-102, Thr-118 to Ser-126, Phe-128 to Asp-136, Gly-142 to His-148, Ser-212 to Gln-217, Arg-237 to Glu-244, Arg-269 to Glu-276, Asp-279 to Tyr-284.
874720	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4939 as residues: Glu-18 to Leu-28, Gly-49 to Gly-56, Ser-68 to Arg-74.
874724	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4941 as residues: Asp-7 to Glu-12.
874726	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4943 as residues: Ser-55 to Phe-60.
874732	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 4946 as residues: Val-10 to Gly-15, Ser-98 to Thr-105.
874737	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4947 as residues: Ala-36 to His-45.
874741	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4948 as residues: Gln-11 to His-19, Val-30 to Ile-36, Pro-63 to
	Ser-69, Gly-78 to Ser-83, Ser-92 to Tyr-97, Gln-155 to Glu-161, Gly-
	237 to Thr-244.
874744	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4949 as residues: Glu-1 to Phe-12, Ser-47 to Gly-52.
874746	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4951 as residues: Asn-34 to Ser-39.
874749	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,1,43	ID NO. 4954 as residues: Asp-1 to Gly-17.
874750	Drafarred enitores included. Asp-1 to Gly-17.
074730	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
874751	ID NO. 4955 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-9.
6/4/31	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
074750	ID NO. 4956 as residues: His-42 to Glu-47.
874752	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4957 as residues: Ile-11 to Gly-17, Gln-26 to Val-32, Gln-41 to
	Asp-52.
874756	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4961 as residues: Ser-1 to His-6.
874757	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4962 as residues: Thr-33 to Phe-38.
874760	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4965 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-8, Ser-23 to Asn-37.
874763	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4966 as residues: Trp-33 to Gln-40, Cys-64 to Ala-70, Ser-148
	to Tyr-160.
874764	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4967 as residues: Lys-1 to Gln-19.
874765	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4968 as residues: Thr-50 to Gln-59, Ser-62 to Lys-68.
874766	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4969 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-21, Leu-37 to Pro-42.
874767	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4970 as residues: Lys-30 to Ala-41, Pro-50 to Asn-56, Glu-141
	to Pro-151, Ser-175 to Ser-189.
874769	
37 1707	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4972 as residues: Lys-13 to Glu-22, Glu-76 to Trp-89, Thr-112
	to Gly-120, Arg-141 to Gly-146, Thr-178 to Val-185, Val-212 to Arg-
974772	223, Pro-225 to Gln-231, Asn-238 to Ala-244, Pro-281 to Glu-287.
874772	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 4973 as residues: Gln-44 to Arg-55, Pro-61 to Ala-66.
874774	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4975 as residues: Pro-19 to Pro-34, Leu-46 to Phe-62.
874776	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 4977 as residues: Pro-7 to Cys-15, Arg-31 to Glu-42, Ala-47 to
	Ser-58.

974770	D.C. 1
874778	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4978 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-6.
874779	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4979 as residues: Ser-23 to Glu-31, Asp-46 to Pro-53.
874783	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4982 as residues: Gly-1 to Asp-12, Gly-29 to Gly-37, Gly-73 to Lys-99.
874784	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4983 as residues: Pro-12 to Gly-18.
874785	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4984 as residues: Lys-24 to Lys-36.
874787	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4986 as residues: Thr-5 to Gly-11, Arg-63 to Lys-73, Gln-92 to Glu-98, Ala-106 to Gly-112.
874788	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4987 as residues: Pro-53 to Asn-59.
874790	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4988 as residues: Ser-4 to Thr-9, Gly-17 to Pro-22, Gly-32 to Pro-37.
874791	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4989 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-6, Pro-20 to Arg-27.
874793	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4990 as residues: Pro-6 to Ala-12, Pro-18 to Thr-28, Pro-31 to Arg-37, Pro-53 to Ile-60.
874795	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4991 as residues: Pro-58 to Leu-72.
874796	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4992 as residues: Thr-4 to Arg-11, Pro-30 to Gly-43, Glu-48 to Glu-56, Met-86 to Ser-92.
874797	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4993 as residues: Gly-52 to Thr-60, Arg-94 to Glu-100.
874800	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4994 as residues: Thr-14 to Tyr-25.
874802	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4996 as residues: Lys-17 to Leu-23.
874803	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 4997 as residues: Glu-7 to Arg-15, Pro-23 to Arg-36, Pro-79 to Ser-96, Ser-119 to Gly-125.
874813	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5004 as residues: Arg-18 to Arg-23, Glu-35 to Asp-50, Ser-67 to Gln-74, Asp-78 to Ser-93.
874815	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5005 as residues: His-38 to Val-46, Ser-97 to Ser-103, Ser-106 to Leu-111, His-191 to Gly-196, Leu-223 to Gly-239, Pro-245 to Ala-250.
874818	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5007 as residues: Tyr-46 to Gly-51.
874819	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5008 as residues: Pro-33 to Gly-40.

874820	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5009 as residues: Ile-18 to Gly-30, Leu-33 to Asn-48.
874821	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5010 as residues: Thr-8 to Ser-16.
874822	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5011 as residues: Asn-9 to Phe-14, Glu-63 to Thr-68.
874827	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5012 as residues: Pro-19 to Ser-24, Val-28 to Glu-34.
874828	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5013 as residues: Lys-17 to Gly-28, Thr-62 to Thr-69, Val-88 to Arg-101, Gln-106 to Pro-112, Arg-127 to Cys-132, Gly-158 to Leu-163.
874830	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5015 as residues: Arg-53 to Thr-58.
874835	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5017 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-11, Ser-16 to Ala-26, Thr-28 to Ser-36, Gln-53 to Trp-59, Lys-72 to Thr-100, Asp-137 to Cys-143.
874836	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5018 as residues: Leu-12 to Asn-17, Phe-25 to Cys-33, Gln-50 to Ser-60, Glu-63 to Pro-68, Pro-83 to Pro-95.
874837	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5019 as residues: Val-35 to Thr-41.
874844	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5021 as residues: Pro-19 to Phe-26, Pro-29 to Gly-34, Pro-50 to Ser-55, Gly-67 to Lys-73.
874845	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5022 as residues: Asn-1 to Leu-6, Phe-14 to Gly-20.
874847	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5023 as residues: Lys-16 to Thr-22, Glu-36 to Arg-42.
874851	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5025 as residues: Asp-58 to Gly-65, Asp-132 to Cys-147, Pro-149 to Pro-157, Pro-218 to Leu-224.
874852	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5026 as residues: Ala-16 to Trp-21.
874854	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5027 as residues: Gly-2 to Glu-8, Met-21 to Trp-26.
874856	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5029 as residues: His-15 to Asp-20, Lys-27 to Asn-33.
874857	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5030 as residues: Lys-35 to Arg-44, Lys-53 to Val-64, Glu-76 to Val-82, Leu-109 to Lys-118.
874864	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5033 as residues: Leu-40 to Cys-51, Glu-80 to Thr-89, Pro-124 to Ser-132, Cys-153 to Cys-160, Glu-203 to Asp-209, Ala-226 to Arg-241.
874865	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5034 as residues: His-1 to Lys-7.
874871	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5038 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-10, Ser-13 to Ile-19, Arg-30 to Leu-37, Pro-39 to Asp-48, Pro-140 to Cys-148, Gln-154 to Cys-162,

	Pro-164 to Ser-170.
874873	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5039 as residues: Cys-6 to Ala-12, Pro-14 to Pro-22, Arg-48 to Arg-53, Ile-75 to Thr-85, Glu-97 to Gln-102, Arg-130 to Arg-135, Ser-147 to Val-152, Lys-175 to Thr-185, Phe-189 to Met-194, Gly-213 to Ser-220, Glu-262 to Leu-268.
.874879	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5043 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-15, His-27 to Thr-39, Gly-43 to Ile-49.
874880	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5044 as residues: Pro-62 to Val-70, Lys-103 to Ile-108.
874881	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5045 as residues: Asp-1 to Gly-9.
874885	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5046 as residues: Lys-49 to Gln-55, Glu-83 to Lys-90, Gly-158 to Gly-164, Lys-185 to Gly-192.
874886	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5047 as residues: Pro-10 to Gly-16, His-128 to Gly-134, His-154 to Asp-160, Leu-182 to Leu-187.
874888	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5048 as residues: Pro-15 to Met-27, Thr-106 to His-118, Arg-128 to Arg-139, Val-248 to Arg-254.
874889	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5049 as residues: Pro-7 to Ile-14, Ser-17 to Gln-22.
874890	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5050 as residues: Gly-25 to Ser-31, Trp-34 to Cys-41.
874891	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5051 as residues: Glu-26 to Ser-33, Thr-82 to Phe-90, Met-107 to Asn-114, Thr-125 to Glu-131, His-175 to Asp-180.
874892	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5052 as residues: Arg-1 to Lys-29, Ile-36 to Lys-47, Lys-52 to Gly-83, Pro-89 to Asp-111.
874893	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5053 as residues: Arg-17 to Ile-22.
874896	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5056 as residues: Arg-21 to Lys-26, Pro-37 to Cys-45
874897	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5057 as residues: Asn-13 to Ala-27, Pro-33 to Lys-42, Asp-61 to Ser-74, Leu-85 to Lys-102.
874898	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5058 as residues: Pro-1 to Leu-9.
874900	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5060 as residues: Lys-3 to Asp-12, Gln-36 to Tyr-47.
874903	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5062 as residues: Pro-9 to Trp-21, Lys-54 to Gln-61, Lys-75 to Phe-87, Glu-97 to Pro-104, Leu-200 to Val-205, Pro-208 to Gly-218, Thr-263 to Leu-278.
874905	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5064 as residues: Tyr-94 to Ile-99.

974006	In contact the second s
874906	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5065 as residues: Glu-4 to Pro-11.
874907	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5066 as residues: Gln-1 to Lys-10, Thr-17 to Asn-32, Lys-54 to Lys-65.
874908	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5067 as residues: Ile-1 to Leu-6, Leu-17 to Ala-23, Ile-27 to Thr-33, Asn-40 to Leu-45.
874909	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5068 as residues: Pro-18 to Ser-28, Ser-55 to Thr-64, Asn-90 to Lys-95, Asn-128 to Ile-159, Pro-171 to Gly-178, Pro-186 to Lys-192.
874917	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5071 as residues: Arg-37 to Thr-42, Pro-50 to Gly-68, Pro-70 to Leu-78, Lys-84 to Lys-89, Asn-95 to Val-105, Asp-117 to Lys-126.
874924	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5072 as residues: Leu-8 to Asn-18, Gly-31 to Ala-39.
874925	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5073 as residues: Ser-3 to Arg-9, Gln-24 to Gly-29.
874926	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5074 as residues: Gly-1 to Pro-22.
874928	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5076 as residues: Pro-15 to Gly-23, Ser-27 to Lys-33, Glu-41 to Lys-46, Pro-48 to Asp-55.
874937	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5084 as residues: Ser-15 to Ser-20.
874938	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5085 as residues: Ser-12 to Asp-18, His-43 to Gly-51.
874939	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5086 as residues: Ser-12 to Gln-21.
874946	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5088 as residues: Ser-1 to Lys-6, Lys-16 to Glu-24, Asn-34 to Lys-47.
874957	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5090 as residues: Ala-12 to Asn-20, Pro-23 to Asn-28, Phe-47 to Val-52, Lys-88 to Gly-93, Tyr-113 to Asn-123, Val-211 to Lys-216.
874958	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5091 as residues: Cys-2 to Leu-9, Pro-37 to Gly-42, Ala-50 to Gly-71, Asn-83 to Ala-94, Leu-109 to Leu-115, Phe-156 to Gly-164, Lys-234 to His-249, Glu-267 to Gly-281, Asn-335 to Asp-356, Glu-378 to Ser-385, Gln-402 to Gly-411, Trp-469 to Lys-477, Glu-481 to Gly-486.
874962	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5092 as residues: Asp-1 to Ser-11, Ser-29 to Ser-37, Gln-100 to Arg-112, Leu-123 to Trp-148, Lys-237 to Glu-242, Ala-261 to Asp-266, Asp-279 to Ser-300, Thr-374 to Glu-384, Thr-426 to Thr-432, Glu-443 to Val-449.
874965	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5093 as residues: Asn-13 to His-23, Ser-43 to Gln-56, Val-60 to Glu-65, Pro-67 to Gly-103, Asn-105 to Asp-110.
874970	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO 5004 or continue D 2 . I 12 III of the
074072	ID NO. 5094 as residues: Pro-3 to Lys-17, Thr-37 to Gly-47.
874972	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5095 as residues: Thr-124 to Thr-129, Gly-136 to Phe-142,
	Asp-164 to His-171, Asp-180 to Tyr-194.
874973	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5096 as residues: Trp-48 to Arg-56, Pro-68 to Ala-74.
874974	Preferred enitones include the second state of the second state of the second s
0/4//4	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
l	ID NO. 5097 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-6, Pro-14 to Ala-26, Ala-42 to
	Lys-47, Pro-66 to Val-82.
874975	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5098 as residues: Ala-18 to Glu-24, Gln-26 to Gln-31.
874976	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO 5000 as recidues: Two 12 to Co. 10 Dec 22 to C1
874981	ID NO. 5099 as residues: Lys-13 to Ser-19, Pro-33 to Gly-41.
0/4901	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
<u> </u>	ID NO. 5104 as residues: Arg-11 to Arg-20.
874983	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5105 as residues: Lys-1 to Thr-9, Ala-43 to Asp-49, Asp-66 to
ĺ	Arg-72, Gln-80 to Asp-87, Arg-97 to Lys-104, Ser-111 to Glu-117, Phe-
	150 to Phe-155, Phe-165 to Ala-177, Tyr-219 to Asn-224, Gln-235 to
	Thr 2/2 Tur 2/4 to The 251 Am 2/7 to The 277 T
	Thr-242, Tyr-244 to Thr-251, Arg-267 to Thr-276, Thr-299 to Ile-306,
074004	Pro-318 to Glu-348, Gly-352 to Leu-370.
874984	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5106 as residues: Thr-40 to Glu-46, Lys-51 to Asn-63.
874991	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5110 as residues: Ser-34 to Gln-40, Met-43 to Asp-70.
874993	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
· .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ID NO. 5112 as residues: Thr-6 to Gly-12.
974004	D. C. J. I. J. St. 12 as residues. Thr-0 to Giy-12.
874994	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5113 as residues: Val-3 to Lys-9.
874995	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5114 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-6, Pro-21 to Thr-27, Lys-41 to
	Thr-48, Gly-202 to Ile-208, Glu-216 to Lys-221, Glu-241 to Lys-247,
	Glu-261 to Leu-267, Pro-269 to Glu-277, Gln-319 to Lys-326.
874996	Preferred enitones include those commission to Lys-320.
0, ,,,,	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5115 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-12, Tyr-15 to Pro-22, Asp-36 to
074000	Thr-48.
874997	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
·	ID NO. 5116 as residues: The-3 to Lys-9, Ser-31 to Trp-40.
874999	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5118 as residues: Lys-11 to Gln-16.
875002	Preferred epitones include these security
0.5002	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
07500	ID NO. 5120 as residues: Lys-6 to His-16.
875004	I Des Farmed and the state of t
8/5004	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
8/5004	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to
875004	ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to
8/3004	ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to Val-77, Ser-81 to Asp-99, Ser-121 to Phe-127, Thr-137 to Lys-146. Lys-
	ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to Val-77, Ser-81 to Asp-99, Ser-121 to Phe-127, Thr-137 to Lys-146, Lys-158 to Ser-164, Phe-185 to Gly-192, Asp-212 to Gln-221.
875004 875005	ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to Val-77, Ser-81 to Asp-99, Ser-121 to Phe-127, Thr-137 to Lys-146, Lys-158 to Ser-164, Phe-185 to Gly-192, Asp-212 to Gln-221. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5122 as residues: Pro-5 to Val-14, Asn-24 to Tyr-35, Ser-70 to Val-77, Ser-81 to Asp-99, Ser-121 to Phe-127, Thr-137 to Lys-146, Lys-158 to Ser-164, Phe-185 to Gly-192, Asp-212 to Gln-221.

	ID NO. 5125 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-6, Val-14 to Asp-21.
875009	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
. 673009	Therefore controllers include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5126 as residues: Val-30 to Arg-37, Glu-57 to Thr-63, Leu-66
075017	to Arg-72.
875017	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5128 as residues: Ser-28 to Leu-34, Glu-55 to Gln-62.
875024	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5132 as residues: Tyr-19 to Tyr-24.
875027	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5134 as residues: Thr-46 to Gly-51.
875029	Professed enitores include the second state of the second
073029	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075024	ID NO. 5135 as residues: Ser-23 to Gly-35.
875034	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5137 as residues: Ser-42 to Trp-53, Glu-71 to Ala-78.
875036	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5139 as residues: Ile-20 to Gly-40.
875037	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5140 as residues: Trp-23 to Gly-28.
875044	Preferred enitones include these annualities and a second
0/3044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975045	ID NO. 5143 as residues: Gln-23 to Cys-42, Arg-66 to Asn-73.
875045	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5144 as residues: Glu-10 to Leu-25, Lys-27 to Cys-57.
875046	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5145 as residues: Phe-14 to Phe-19.
875049	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5148 as residues: Thr-5 to Lys-12.
875053	Preferred enitones include those commissions and the commissions are the commission are the
0,5055	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875056	ID NO. 5149 as residues: Ser-16 to Phe-31.
8/3030	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5151 as residues: Pro-14 to Trp-19.
875058	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5152 as residues: Pro-3 to Gly-20, Gly-24 to Thr-29, Arg-46 to
	Asn-57, Leu-72 to Phe-78, Glu-81 to Gln-86, Ile-103 to Gln-117, Leu-
	127 to Ile-142, Asn-144 to Ser-151, Arg-156 to His-166.
875060	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5154 as residues: Pro-14 to Ser-20, Pro-41 to Arg-46, Asp-70 to
	His-78.
875062	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
873002	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075050	ID NO. 5156 as residues: Cys-10 to Tyr-16.
875063	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5157 as residues: Ala-18 to Pro-28.
875066	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5158 as residues: Glu-144 to Leu-152, Glu-170 to Asp-179,
	Gln-225 to Asp-239, Gly-259 to Ala-265.
875067	
073007	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5159 as residues: Arg-7 to Pro-16, Pro-37 to Ile-44, Thr-50 to
0000	Tyr-72, Pro-88 to Phe-94, Ala-107 to Pro-115.
875068	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5160 as residues: Thr-12 to Trp-23.

875070	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5161 as residues: Asp-17 to Asp-27, Pro-34 to Tyr-40, Glu-52
L	to Glu-57.
875080	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5163 as residues: Val-30 to Met-37, Glu-39 to Gly-45.
875088	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5165 as residues: Thr-1 to Tyr-8, Gln-27 to Glu-33, Gly-42 to
	Ser_49 Arg-56 to Lyg 81 Cym 07 to Lyg 104 TV: 1144 S 122 CV
	Ser-49, Arg-56 to Lys-81, Cys-97 to Lys-104, His-114 to Ser-133, Gln-
	139 to Lys-146, Arg-165 to Glu-173, Asp-180 to Lys-188, Arg-196 to Glu-201.
875092	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5166 as residues: Thr-9 to Asp-17, Leu-70 to Lys-95, Asp-115
	to Leu-124.
875093	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
l .	ID NO. 5167 as residues: Gly-2 to Gly-7, Glu-9 to Gln-16, Cys-24 to
	Gly-30, Ala-35 to Ala-45, Ala-55 to Ala-60, Cys-79 to Leu-90, Asp-95
ļ	to Asp-103.
875094	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5168 as residues: His-80 to Glu-87.
875100	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5170 as residues: Thr-18 to Glu-23.
875102	Preferred enitones include these semanticing a semanticing and the semanticing as a semanti
0,0102	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5172 as residues: Ser-10 to Gly-16, Pro-24 to Arg-35, Lys-39 to Ala-51.
875103	
0/5105	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875105	ID NO. 5173 as residues: Arg-35 to Ala-41.
8/3103	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975106	ID NO. 5174 as residues: Phe-70 to His-75.
875106	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
925112	ID NO. 5175 as residues: His-45 to Gly-55.
875113	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5177 as residues: Thr-27 to Thr-53.
875114	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5178 as residues: Gly-2 to Arg-7.
875118	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	1D NO. 5180 as residues: Pro-21 to Leu-26, Val-62 to Phe-70, Pro-81 to
	Asp-89.
875121	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5181 as residues: Phe-19 to Leu-36, Glu-38 to Pro-45.
875123	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
J	ID NO. 5182 as residues: Ser-44 to Pro-49, Arg-54 to Gly-64, Leu-94 to
	Asp-100, Ser-107 to Gly-113, Lys-143 to Tyr-150.
875126	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5185 as residues: His-22 to Ser-27, Cys-34 to Ser-40.
875133	Preferred enitones include those commission a series and the serie
0,3133	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5187 as residues: His-1 to Gly-9, Gly-19 to Pro-28, Pro-36 to
875134	Tyr-42, Gly-44 to Gly-65.
6/3134	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
Ļ	ID NO. 5188 as residues: Gly-10 to Lys-19, Met-21 to Pro-32.

00000	
875143	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5190 as residues: Arg-17 to Ser-23.
875144	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5191 as residues: Asn-14 to Thr-19.
875151	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5193 as residues: Arg-10 to Trp-15, Lys-90 to Ile-95, Asn-103 to Ile-109, Asn-131 to Leu-137, Asn-153 to Arg-163.
875160	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5197 as residues: Val-20 to Asn-27.
875165	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5198 as residues: Thr-5 to Gly-13, Cys-24 to Lys-33.
875177	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5200 as residues: Ala-37 to Asp-44.
875182	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5202 as residues: Pro-25 to Ser-33, Gln-113 to Ser-122, Trp-147 to Tyr-158, Ser-187 to Ala-198, His-201 to Gly-209, Pro-223 to Gly-228, Glu-233 to Gly-238.
875194	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5205 as residues: Ser-16 to Ser-21, Gln-34 to Thr-41.
875200	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5208 as residues: Gln-12 to Cys-19.
875203	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5209 as residues: Arg-1 to Trp-6, Pro-9 to Leu-14.
875205	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5210 as residues: Leu-22 to Ala-27, Ser-31 to Ser-36, Pro-77 to Cys-83.
875206	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5211 as residues: Pro-69 to Pro-75.
875208	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5212 as residues: Asn-25 to Gly-30, Asn-34 to Asn-39.
875209	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5213 as residues: Asn-11 to Ser-18, His-20 to Arg-26, Val-31 to Trp-41.
875210	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5214 as residues: Leu-37 to Thr-52.
875214	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5216 as residues: Ala-7 to Leu-33.
875215	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5217 as residues: Gln-18 to Leu-29, Asp-52 to Ile-57.
875223	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5218 as residues: Thr-2 to Gln-7.
875226	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5219 as residues: Arg-1 to Gln-7, Lys-21 to Gln-31, Leu-41 to Ser-84, Asp-87 to Arg-98, Leu-102 to Lys-115, Leu-129 to Lys-139.
875228	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5220 as residues: Ser-1 to His-10, Pro-84 to Arg-98, His-108 to Asn-113.
875240	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5224 as residues: Ser-31 to Arg-43.

875246	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5225 as residues: Phe-29 to Leu-37.
875261	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5228 as residues: Ser-10 to Asp-24.
875270	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5230 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-11, Gln-64 to Gln-69, Arg-117 to Pro-128, Pro-135 to Asp-140, Gly-147 to Arg-160, Lys-168 to Val-173, Asn-181 to Lys-191, Glu-200 to Gly-205, Gly-215 to Lys-224.
875271	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5231 as residues: Phe-12 to Lys-17.
875275	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5232 as residues: Pro-9 to Gly-20.
875277	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5234 as residues: Arg-6 to Ser-18.
875278	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5235 as residues: Thr-45 to Lys-50.
875282	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5239 as residues: Thr-14 to Lys-31.
875287	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5240 as residues: Lys-15 to Trp-31, Val-44 to Cys-51.
875288	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5241 as residues: Pro-28 to Gly-39, Ser-42 to Ser-50, Arg-61 to Arg-70, Gln-75 to Gly-86.
875296	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5243 as residues: Glu-26 to Ala-32, Thr-81 to Ser-90.
875303	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5244 as residues: Glu-2 to Met-9, Asp-17 to Asn-22, Leu-27 to Val-35.
875306	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5247 as residues: Thr-17 to Phe-22.
875307	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5248 as residues: Pro-1 to Tyr-22.
875308	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5249 as residues: Pro-36 to Pro-41.
875309	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5250 as residues: Pro-1 to Ala-9, Gly-42 to Gln-51.
875312	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5253 as residues: Leu-7 to Tyr-14, Glu-41 to Leu-49.
875313	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5254 as residues: Gln-23 to Leu-34, Asp-45 to Arg-60.
875316	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5255 as residues: Asn-25 to Tyr-31.
875319	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5256 as residues: Asp-10 to Lys-16, Lys-35 to Asn-41, Tyr-55 to Leu-62, Glu-145 to Thr-153, Ser-169 to Lys-175, Thr-184 to His-192, Gly-224 to Trp-234, Ala-251 to Leu-256, Glu-276 to Asp-281.
875336	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5261 as residues: Tyr-3 to Leu-10.
875338	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5262 as residues: Pro-9 to Ile-14, Glu-81 to Gln-90.
875346	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5264 as residues: Gly-29 to Arg-44.
875347	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5265 as residues: Ile-3 to Ser-14, Ala-32 to Ser-44, Ser-60 to
	Leu-67.
875360	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5268 as residues: Pro-14 to Leu-19, Ile-37 to Ala-46, Ser-58 to
	Asn-65, Pro-71 to Gly-77.
875364	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5269 as residues: Val-38 to Phe-47, Asn-64 to Phe-69.
875367	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,000,	ID NO. 5271 as residues: Gly-14 to Leu-21, Asn-31 to Met-37.
875371	Professed entenne includes. Gly-14 to Leu-21, Asn-31 to Met-3/.
0/33/1	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5272 as residues: Pro-12 to Glu-23, Lys-29 to Pro-34, Pro-54 to
975272	Leu-66.
875372	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0755	ID NO. 5273 as residues: Ala-7 to Arg-12.
875373	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5274 as residues: Tyr-54 to Cys-61, Asn-73 to Pro-78, Pro-84 to
	Asn-93, Gln-99 to Asp-105.
875378	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5276 as residues: Leu-42 to Lys-53, Cys-100 to Asn-110, Pro-
	137 to Gly-144, Pro-190 to Ala-205.
875379	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5277 as residues: Asp-5 to Ala-10, Ala-19 to Ile-25, Val-39 to
	Ser-44, Gln-74 to Cys-90, Leu-94 to Glu-99, Leu-108 to Phe-116.
875381	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5279 as residues: Cys-46 to Leu-51.
875382	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5280 as residues: Pro-11 to Thr-16, Pro-23 to Gly-33, Ala-51 to
	Arg-61.
875384	
013304	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875385	ID NO. 5281 as residues: Gln-15 to Gly-28, Asp-83 to Tyr-92.
(12303	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075200	ID NO. 5282 as residues: Leu-3 to Asp-8, Gln-30 to His-36.
875388	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
07/202	D NO. 5283 as residues: Thr-2 to Ser-9, Pro-23 to Arg-30.
875391	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5284 as residues: Lys-1 to Arg-10, Lys-53 to Tyr-62.
875397	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5285 as residues: Arg-7 to Gly-29, Arg-37 to Glu-47, Asp-78 to
	Thr-83, Gly-173 to Val-180, Glu-188 to Glu-202, Pro-208 to Thr-216,
	Thr-227 to Glu-242, Arg-250 to Gly-281, Lys-288 to Thr-296, Glu-301
	to Arg-311, Ala-313 to Lys-318, Lys-357 to Thr-367, Pro-376 to Ser-
i	387, Pro-416 to Lys-428, Pro-486 to Thr-491, Ser-497 to Arg-516, Lys-
'	522 to Lys-532, Arg-537 to Met-557.
875402	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

975406	In C. I iii
875406	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5288 as residues: Pro-5 to Ala-19.
875410	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5289 as residues: Ala-4 to Pro-14, Pro-23 to Thr-28, Thr-40 to
	Gln-45, Tyr-60 to Gln-69, Pro-88 to Leu-93, Glu-108 to Ala-113, Val-
	119 to Gly-131, Arg-146 to Arg-155, Ala-164 to Lys-171, Thr-190 to
	Met-201.
875415	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5290 as residues: Arg-18 to Trp-23, Gly-25 to Gly-32, Lys-34
	to Arg-42, Gly-52 to Thr-59, Ala-86 to Lys-92.
875416	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5291 as residues: Lys-9 to Gly-37.
875417	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5292 as residues: Glu-2 to Cys-14.
875419	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,5,115	ID NO. 5294 as residues: Thr-2 to Tyr-11.
875423	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075425	ID NO 5295 as regidues. The 12 to 12
875428	ID NO. 5295 as residues: Lys-13 to Ile-24, Phe-28 to Val-35.
073420	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5298 as residues: Gly-2 to Thr-7, Gly-20 to Thr-29, Asn-69 to
875429	Arg-77.
673429	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075422	ID NO. 5299 as residues: Phe-4 to Pro-9, Pro-13 to Gln-18.
875433	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075404	ID NO. 5300 as residues: Lys-78 to Met-83.
875434	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
076407	ID NO. 5301 as residues: Thr-34 to Glu-39.
875437	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5302 as residues: Glu-1 to Gln-7.
875440	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5303 as residues: Arg-11 to Met-17, Ile-66 to Trp-71, Asp-91 to
	Leu-97, Ala-102 to Lys-111, Trp-113 to Glu-120, Pro-132 to Asn-141,
	Thr-144 to Glu-153, Glu-159 to Glu-172, Pro-177 to Lys-192.
875441	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5304 as residues: Cys-28 to Cys-34.
875442	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5305 as residues: Pro-18 to Lys-23.
875446	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5306 as residues: Pro-8 to Phe-18.
875452	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5307 as residues: Ala-6 to Cys-17.
875458	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5308 as residues: Glu-40 to Glu-46, Arg-51 to Ser-67.
875462	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5311 as residues: Ser-2 to Ser-14, Arg-75 to Asn-85.
875468	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
3.3100	ID NO. 5313 as residues: Thr-35 to Thr-49.
875474	Preferred enitores include the accompany to 1 mr-49.
0/37/4	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5314 as residues: Asp-1 to Asp-13, Arg-40 to Arg-56, Ser-72 to

	Asp-84, Ala-88 to Arg-96, Lys-115 to Phe-121, Asp-133 to Lys-139, Leu-203 to Leu-210, Asp-264 to Arg-269.
875475	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5315 as residues: Pro-12 to Gly-19.
875479	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5318 as residues: His-32 to Lys-40.
875481	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5319 as residues: Arg-22 to Ser-39, Val-42 to Thr-54, Gln-61 to His-69, Glu-83 to Gly-109, Pro-111 to Gly-118.
875490	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5322 as residues: Cys-75 to Thr-81.
875491	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5323 as residues: Gln-8 to His-15, Ser-32 to Gln-43, Leu-51 to Glu-70.
875499	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5329 as residues: Asn-36 to Leu-55.
875500	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5330 as residues: Thr-31 to Arg-39.
875501	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5331 as residues: Asp-52 to Asn-59.
875508	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5334 as residues: Pro-1 to Ile-18, Asp-28 to Lys-33, Leu-50 to Gln-55, Glu-85 to Ala-94, Leu-121 to Ser-130, Lys-143 to Gly-150, Leu-173 to Asp-179, Lys-183 to Asp-192, Lys-196 to Glu-202, Asn-219 to Asn-227, Glu-235 to Glu-248.
875512	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5335 as residues: Asp-10 to Trp-16, Glu-33 to Asn-43.
875514	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5336 as residues: Asp-11 to Tyr-32, Gln-43 to Thr-58, His-70 to Arg-79, Ser-101 to Ala-108, Met-110 to Ser-124.
875515	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5337 as residues: Met-1 to Arg-8, Met-10 to His-17.
875516	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5338 as residues: Leu-2 to Ser-8, Gln-41 to Gly-46, Asp-70 to Gln-80, Pro-82 to Gly-97.
875518	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5340 as residues: Arg-1 to Trp-11, Ser-28 to Leu-42, Gly-65 to Gly-70, Ala-72 to Gln-77, Gly-89 to Lys-98, Asp-126 to Thr-136, Gln-218 to Gly-226, Lys-261 to Gly-282.
875520	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5341 as residues: Arg-5 to Ser-18, Arg-36 to Gly-42, Gln-45 to Gly-56, Val-69 to Arg-75.
875525	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5343 as residues: Arg-6 to Thr-22, Arg-31 to His-38.
875527	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5344 as residues: Gly-24 to Leu-31, Ser-64 to Val-70, Arg-93 to Trp-100.
875528	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5345 as residues: Thr-6 to Ile-13.

875534	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5347 as residues: Arg-1 to Thr-14, Arg-28 to Asp-34, Gln-51 to
1	Ser-60, Lys-69 to Gly-78, Val-110 to Val-115, Asn-135 to Glu-141,
	Asn-167 to Pro-179, Lys-203 to Lys-214, Gly-267 to Pro-279.
875538	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5348 as residues: Thr-1 to Arg-6.
875544	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5351 as residues: Gln-1 to Asn-8.
875545	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5352 as residues: Cys-2 to Gly-16, Glu-35 to Leu-40, Pro-61 to
<u> </u>	Gln-66.
875547	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5354 as residues: Leu-37 to His-43.
875548	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5355 as residues: Val-15 to Asp-21, Cys-29 to Ser-36.
875550	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5356 as residues: Arg-81 to Gln-93, Leu-103 to Val-116.
875551	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075550	ID NO. 5357 as residues: Glu-11 to Lys-22, Glu-36 to Gly-41.
875553	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5359 as residues: Arg-6 to Lys-11, Phe-16 to Ile-21, Thr-48 to
875554	Leu-56, Pro-64 to Arg-70.
873334	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875559	ID NO. 5360 as residues: Tyr-2 to Ser-10, Asn-69 to Leu-80.
8/3339	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5363 as residues: Pro-123 to Asn-130.
875563	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,5505	ID NO. 5365 as residues: Pro-35 to Gly-62.
875565	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5367 as residues: Pro-2 to Asp-7, Gln-13 to Gln-29, Pro-35 to
	Trp-41.
875570	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5369 as residues: Leu-1 to Ser-6, Ser-45 to Lys-56, Asn-66 to
	Lys-78.
875574	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5372 as residues: Pro-10 to Gln-15, Cys-25 to Ile-30, Ser-42 to
	Lys-47.
875583	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5374 as residues: Lys-6 to Lys-37, Arg-43 to Leu-49, Met-53 to
075500	Val-59.
875590	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975504	ID NO. 5380 as residues: Cys-128 to Pro-134.
875594	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975506	ID NO. 5381 as residues: Gly-40 to Ser-45.
875596	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975507	ID NO. 5382 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-10.
875597	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875604	ID NO. 5383 as residues: His-3 to Ser-9.
875604	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5386 as residues: Lys-7 to Ser-20, Arg-67 to Ser-74.
975605	
875605	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5387 as residues: Gly-17 to Ser-24, Met-42 to Arg-48.
875606	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5388 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gly-13, Glu-32 to Asp-43, Ser-55 to
	Ile-62, Pro-119 to Asn-131.
875609	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5390 as residues: Thr-12 to Ser-20, Leu-60 to Ala-66.
875610	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5391 as residues: Cys-41 to Ser-47.
875613	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0/3013	ID NO. 5394 as residues: Leu-12 to Lys-18.
975635	
875625	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5395 as residues: Asp-8 to Leu-25, Arg-94 to Ala-102, Glu-133
	to Ala-138.
875628	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5396 as residues: Ser-17 to Gly-23.
875629	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5397 as residues: Glu-1 to Glu-11, Arg-21 to Ser-27.
875631	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5399 as residues: Val-37 to Asn-43, Glu-62 to Pro-69, Gln-118
	to Tyr-131, Ser-144 to Trp-150.
875633	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
673033	TO NO. 5401 as residues. A set 11 de A se 16
075604	ID NO. 5401 as residues: Asn-11 to Arg-16.
875634	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5402 as residues: Ile-1 to Gly-10, Asp-24 to Arg-29.
875635	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5403 as residues: Phe-1 to Ile-8, Thr-21 to Leu-38, Glu-55 to
	Lys-70, Lys-76 to Leu-82, Lys-84 to Glu-89, Ile-93 to Ser-98.
875636	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5404 as residues: Pro-30 to Asp-35.
875638	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5405 as residues: Asp-1 to Gly-7, Arg-13 to Arg-18, Arg-48 to
	Ser-54.
875640	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875040	ID NO. 5407 or residues. The 24 to Core 47
975642	ID NO. 5407 as residues: Thr-36 to Cys-47.
875642	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5409 as residues: Arg-2 to Thr-8, Thr-46 to His-51.
875646	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5410 as residues: Ala-4 to Arg-10, Cys-22 to Lys-27.
875650	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5411 as residues: Glu-29 to Lys-34, Leu-151 to Tyr-156, Glu-
	162 to Arg-170.
875651	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
5.505.	ID NO. 5412 as residues: Leu-119 to Gln-125, Arg-128 to Ser-139,
075753	Gln-145 to Pro-158.
875653	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5413 as residues: Pro-1 to Gln-14.
875654	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5414 as residues: Arg-34 to Gly-66.
875658	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
]	ID NO. 5415 as residues: His-19 to Tyr-30, Ala-53 to Ala-59, Ala-90 to
l	Pro-101, Lys-132 to Lys-139, Ala-152 to Arg-158, Phe-168 to Leu-175,
]	Arg-178 to Lys-186.
875661	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,5001	ID NO. 5416 as reciduos. The 2 to See 9. The 16 to 41- 25
975762	ID NO. 5416 as residues: Tyr-2 to Ser-8, Thr-15 to Ala-25.
875662	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5417 as residues: Gly-5 to Cys-12, Phe-40 to Thr-47.
875663	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5418 as residues: Thr-4 to Ser-12.
875665	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5419 as residues: Lys-2 to Lys-7.
875669	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5420 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-11.
875677	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,30,,	ID NO. 5423 or residues. Chi has the 7. Val. 10 as Phys. 17. A 62.
	ID NO. 5423 as residues: Gly-1 to His-7, Val-10 to Phe-17, Asp-62 to
975 (70	Arg-67.
875678	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5424 as residues: Ile-2 to Ile-9, Asn-76 to Gln-82.
875681	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5426 as residues: Glu-1 to Asn-12, Pro-20 to Ala-26, Thr-42 to
_	Ser-50.
875683	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5428 as residues: Val-60 to Pro-69.
875687	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,000,	ID NO. 5429 as residues: Asp-18 to Phe-24.
875688	Description of the state of the
673066	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075400	ID NO. 5430 as residues: Glu-8 to Glu-13.
875689	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5431 as residues: Lys-24 to Lys-30.
875690	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5432 as residues: Gly-3 to Leu-20, Trp-38 to Arg-44, Lys-58 to
	Lys-64.
875698	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5434 as residues: Tyr-43 to Lys-52, Glu-60 to Arg-66, Gln-84
	to Cys-89, Gln-106 to Lys-117, Thr-140 to Asp-168, Gln-170 to Arg-
	177.
875704	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
3,3,04	ID NO. 5438 as residues: Gly-24 to Thr-30, Ser-103 to Gly-109.
875717	
0/3/1/	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5441 as residues: Cys-12 to Cys-34, Pro-36 to Thr-45, Arg-75
	to Asn-85.
875719	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5442 as residues: Asn-1 to Tyr-7.
875722	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5443 as residues: Leu-2 to Phe-7.
875724	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,0,27	ID NO. 5444 as residues: Asn-86 to Ser-91.
	10 110. 5774 as residues. Asin-80 to Ser-91.

875725	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5445 as residues: Thr-9 to Thr-17, Arg-33 to Val-41.
875727	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5446 as residues: Thr-16 to Pro-23, Pro-39 to Trp-48, Arg-50 to
	Lys-55, Gly-73 to Gly-79.
875734	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5451 as residues: Ser-12 to Thr-18, Pro-20 to Pro-25.
875736	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 5452 as residues: Phe-10 to Arg-15, Ile-48 to Thr-53, Ser-64 to
	Asn-69.
875737	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5453 as residues: Leu-1 to Cys-6, Ala-74 to Gly-87, Gln-106 to
	Gly-111.
875738	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5454 as residues: Glu-11 to Asp-19, Gly-40 to Thr-47, Pro-66
	to Arg-71.
875739	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5455 as residues: Gly-45 to Asp-50.
875740	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5456 as residues: Glu-1 to Gln-22.
875746	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5457 as residues: Leu-55 to Gln-64.
875751	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5459 as residues: Phe-21 to Leu-26, Gly-81 to His-87.
875752	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5460 as residues: Ser-11 to Asn-16, Trp-33 to Arg-49.
875753	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5461 as residues: Glu-1 to Ile-17, Leu-54 to Asn-59.
875754	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5462 as residues: Arg-53 to Val-58.
875760	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
<u> </u>	ID NO. 5463 as residues: Phe-45 to Asn-51.
875765	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5465 as residues: Pro-7 to Gly-12.
875766	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5466 as residues: Gly-21 to Phe-28.
875769	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5468 as residues: Lys-7 to Gly-12.
875772	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5469 as residues: Arg-19 to Pro-45, Gly-60 to Leu-72, Leu-90
	to Asn-109.
875774	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5471 as residues: Ile-27 to Val-33, Val-63 to Ser-68.
875779	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5473 as residues: Gln-54 to Ser-63, Glu-84 to Lys-92, Val-100
	to Gln-105.
875781	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5475 as residues: Glu-72 to Ala-80.
875783	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	1 springes metade those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5477 as residues: Gly-1 to Asn-15.
875784	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5478 as residues: Glu-17 to Asp-22, Asn-30 to Cys-35, Leu-39
	to Lys-49.
875786	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5480 as residues: Arg-8 to Thr-17.
875787	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5481 as residues: Ser-3 to Pro-16, Asp-38 to Ser-43, Arg-53 to
	Gln-62, Trp-78 to Ser-84.
875789	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5482 as residues: Arg-1 to Ile-8, Pro-50 to Thr-62.
875794	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5484 as residues: Thr-8 to Val-13, Tyr-39 to Arg-46.
875800	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5486 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gln-12, Gly-17 to Cys-26, Trp-37 to
	Asn-43, Leu-46 to Gly-51.
875804	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5488 as residues: Asp-54 to Gly-67.
875805	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0.000	ID NO. 5489 as residues: Ser-1 to Thr-9.
875809	
0.5005	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5491 as residues: Asn-16 to Leu-30, Ala-48 to Thr-53, Arg-109
	to Asp-114, Arg-120 to Gly-126, Pro-153 to Asp-161, Asn-177 to Lys-186, Ser-253 to Ser-260.
875810	Preferred emitares in 1.1.1.41
075010	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5492 as residues: Pro-1 to Lys-11, Pro-31 to Leu-39, Thr-67 to Lys-77.
875814	
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875815	ID NO. 5493 as residues: His-1 to Gly-14, Ala-21 to Arg-30.
0.0015	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875817	ID NO. 5494 as residues: Ile-14 to Leu-35, Pro-37 to Thr-51.
0.5017	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5496 as residues: Ser-15 to Ile-24, Asn-56 to Lys-67, Ser-80 to Lys-95, Gly-148 to Pro-165.
875820	
3,3320	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5498 as residues: Phe-2 to Ser-9, Cys-12 to Ser-23, Glu-37 to Pro-48, Glu-56 to Asp-64.
875821	Preferred enitones include the
0,3021	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875822	ID NO. 5499 as residues: Gly-98 to Ala-110.
313022	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5500 as residues: Ala-7 to Pro-18, Ser-57 to Ser-64, Phe-94 to
875825	Gln-105, Leu-129 to Gly-141.
8/3823	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5502 as residues: Lys-1 to Lys-19, Glu-66 to Gln-73, Asn-75 to
975930	Asn-80, Met-112 to Asn-118, Val-122 to Thr-134.
875828	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5504 as residues: His-1 to Leu-12, Leu-16 to Cys-30, Thr-46 to
005000	Asn-30.
875832	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	Tentra de la constanta de la c
	ID NO. 5505 as residues: Lys-1 to Arg-9, Cys-32 to Tyr-39, Lys-53 to Gly-64, Phe-86 to Asn-92.
875836	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5508 as residues: His-79 to Ser-92.
875837	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5509 as residues: Ser-47 to Arg-54.
875838	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5510 as residues: Ser-1 to Phe-8.
875839	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5511 as residues: Gln-1 to Gly-22, Pro-36 to Arg-42, Arg-89 to Gln-94.
875840	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5512 as residues: Thr-6 to Asn-16, Gln-50 to Lys-66.
875841	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5513 as residues: Ala-44 to Arg-51, Val-71 to Ser-76.
875845	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5514 as residues: Gly-1 to Lys-6, Ser-54 to Ser-60.
875846	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5515 as residues: Ser-28 to Gly-33.
875855	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5521 as residues: Glu-13 to Asn-18, Asn-53 to Lys-59.
875856	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5522 as residues: Ala-28 to Ser-33.
875858	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5523 as residues: His-1 to Asn-17, Gly-21 to Arg-28, Lys-43 to Asn-49, Ser-64 to His-80, Ala-91 to Asp-130, Gly-144 to Ser-158.
875863	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5524 as residues: Pro-23 to Asp-28, Pro-40 to Gln-47.
875864	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5525 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-15, Leu-27 to Lys-32, Arg-39 to Ser-53, Thr-58 to Glu-81, Gly-87 to Leu-92, Val-96 to Glu-106, Lys-114 to Ile-131, Asp-134 to Lys-140, Asn-142 to Lys-149, Lys-155 to Gly-168.
875865	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5526 as residues: His-11 to Cys-23, Ala-29 to Gln-35, His-43 to Arg-50.
875868	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5527 as residues: Arg-33 to Glu-42, Arg-45 to Gly-64, Ala-79 to Asn-117, Thr-130 to Lys-143, Ser-222 to Lys-233, Val-235 to Asn-240, Leu-289 to Met-294.
875871	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5528 as residues: Gln-1 to Ala-17, Gln-43 to Asp-48.
875874	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5529 as residues: Glu-40 to Thr-50.
875884	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5530 as residues: Ser-14 to Cys-19, Lys-53 to Asn-58, Ser-63 to Ser-70, Gly-118 to Cys-123, Cys-132 to Gly-138.
875886	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5531 as residues: Asn-46 to Glu-51.
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875888	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5532 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-17, Arg-56 to Gln-61, Gln-82 to Pro-89.
875891	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5533 as residues: Tyr-4 to Gly-11, Phe-33 to Asn-38.
875894	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5534 as residues: Arg-11 to Glu-24, Arg-39 to Glu-52, His-70 to Gly-82, His-98 to Arg-124, His-126 to Ser-142, His-154 to Gly-166.
875897	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5535 as residues: Pro-1 to Lys-8, Phe-49 to Pro-67, Leu-88 to Trp-100.
875905	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5539 as residues: Pro-19 to Cys-28, Leu-40 to Thr-49, Glu-57 to Pro-69, Phe-82 to Asn-89.
875908	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5542 as residues: Val-27 to Gly-34.
875912	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5543 as residues: Lys-5 to Gln-11, Ser-16 to Lys-28, Pro-39 to Phe-44, Thr-136 to Lys-148, Cys-182 to His-189, Val-197 to Tyr-202, Ser-273 to Gly-300.
875914	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5545 as residues: Ser-7 to Lys-13, Met-16 to Trp-21, Pro-54 to Gly-60, Ser-112 to Gly-117.
875923	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5547 as residues: Asn-1 to Lys-10, Glu-29 to Thr-35, Glu-41 to Glu-57, Glu-78 to Arg-83, Ala-97 to Trp-102.
875924	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5548 as residues: Gln-1 to Asn-8, Arg-22 to Leu-28, Ser-30 to Phe-48, Ser-51 to Glu-56, Gln-70 to Leu-88, Phe-101 to Asn-111, Arg-113 to Tyr-121, Ser-130 to Asn-135, Glu-141 to Gln-152, Asn-169 to Trp-191.
875925	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5549 as residues: Ser-45 to Ala-50.
875926	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5550 as residues: Leu-4 to Ser-13.
875927	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5551 as residues: Arg-2 to Lys-21.
875932	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5552 as residues: Asp-27 to Gln-33.
875933	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5553 as residues: Gly-1 to Gln-8, Met-19 to Ser-24.
875935	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5555 as residues: Asn-20 to Thr-25, Ser-30 to Pro-35.
875936	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5556 as residues: Gly-12 to Lys-18, Arg-46 to Glu-56, Leu-67 to Gly-73, Ala-91 to Ser-102.
875937	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5557 as residues: Arg-4 to Thr-10, Arg-61 to Glu-71, Leu-82 to Gly-88, Ala-106 to Lys-142.

875939	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5559 as residues: Arg-3 to Leu-15, Arg-17 to Asn-24.
875940	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5560 as residues: Gly-28 to Phe-34, Gly-36 to Cys-41, Arg-46
	to Arg-54, Pro-75 to Arg-90.
875941	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,3311	ID NO. 5561 as residues: Gln-24 to Glu-35, Lys-53 to Gln-67, Pro-85 to
	Trp-98.
875942	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5562 as residues: Cys-74 to Ala-84.
875946	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5563 as residues: Gly-34 to Pro-48, Arg-86 to Gly-91.
875951	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5565 as residues: Pro-31 to Leu-41.
875955	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5568 as residues: His-19 to Asn-24, Pro-39 to Lys-45.
875967	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5569 as residues: Arg-30 to Arg-38.
875971	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5570 as residues: Ser-1 to Asp-8, Asn-16 to Ser-35, Asn-47 to
	Pro-70.
875972	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
İ	ID NO. 5571 as residues: Pro-14 to Arg-23, Phe-41 to Gly-49, His-69 to
	His-76, Tyr-84 to Asn-90.
875976	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075004	ID NO. 5573 as residues: Tyr-3 to Gly-10.
875984	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
075001	ID NO. 5576 as residues: Ser-2 to Gln-15.
875991	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
975005	ID NO. 5579 as residues: Thr-47 to Gly-53.
875995	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
875999	ID NO. 5581 as residues: Pro-3 to Glu-8.
6/3999	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876006	ID NO. 5584 as residues: Gly-11 to Ala-16, Gln-70 to His-78.
870000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5586 as residues: Pro-12 to Thr-22.
876008	
0,000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5588 as residues: Cys-2 to Asn-10.
876012	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
073012	ID NO. 5590 as residues: Trp-30 to Thr-43.
876018	
0,0010	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5592 as residues: Pro-52 to Asn-63, Pro-70 to Ile-79, Arg-93 to
	Gln-111.
876021	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,3021	ID NO. 5594 as residues: Ala-59 to Ser-72, Ser-84 to Leu-94, Thr-98 to
	Lys-105, Val-109 to Glu-119, Asn-124 to Leu-139, Pro-146 to Ala-155,
	Ser-161 to Thr-190, Glu-216 to His-221, Asn-229 to Gly-240, Ile-258 to
J	Gly-269, Thr-300 to Thr-310, Thr-312 to Ser-317.
876022	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
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	ID NO. 5595 as residues: Leu-2 to Tyr-11, Glu-55 to Thr-60.
876023	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5596 as residues: Lys-45 to Phe-58, Pro-99 to Gly-105, Arg-124
	to Arg-130.
876024	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5597 as residues: Cys-7 to Arg-12, Pro-32 to Ser-49, Arg-59 to
	Gly-70, Ala-74 to Arg-82.
876028	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5601 as residues: Gly-46 to Gly-51.
876029	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5602 as residues: Ala-4 to Thr-9, Gln-17 to Thr-40.
876044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5606 as residues: Asn-6 to Lys-12, His-32 to Phe-41.
876045	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5607 as residues: Thr-5 to Glu-14, Pro-23 to Tyr-28, Arg-42 to
	Pro-49, Lys-87 to Ser-95.
876048	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5608 as residues: Gln-1 to Asp-11, Arg-18 to Gly-23, Thr-31 to
	Pro-38.
876057	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5611 as residues: Glu-17 to Ser-42.
876059	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5612 as residues: Pro-34 to His-49.
876065	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5614 as residues: Ser-28 to Val-33, Gln-41 to Gln-46, Gln-53 to
	Gln-63, Ala-76 to His-84, Ile-88 to Ser-93, Pro-99 to Ala-105, Pro-114
	to Ser-122, Pro-145 to Thr-153, Pro-197 to Gln-206.
876078	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5616 as residues: Arg-71 to Trp-80, Arg-88 to Arg-99.
876079	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5617 as residues: Cys-16 to His-21, Lys-23 to Asp-31.
876081	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5618 as residues: Pro-6 to Cys-12.
876086	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5620 as residues: Cys-66 to Ser-74, Arg-81 to His-90.
876089	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5622 as residues: Ser-2 to Gly-11.
876090	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5623 as residues: Gln-1 to Glu-13, Lys-25 to Ser-34, Asp-49 to
	Gln-54.
876091	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5624 as residues: Phe-14 to Tyr-19, Arg-24 to Arg-32.
876093	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5625 as residues: Ser-1 to Glu-8, Asp-30 to Gly-37, Val-44 to
	Glu-58.
876094	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5626 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-7, Ile-23 to Ala-29, Phe-40 to
	Gln-45.
876095	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5627 as residues: Lys-1 to Lys-6, Pro-8 to Glu-19.
876097	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5628 as residues: Arg-30 to Ser-37.
876098	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5629 as residues: Leu-18 to Leu-23.
876101	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5630 as residues: Gly-56 to Asp-62.
876104	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5631 as residues: Gln-1 to Glu-7, Ala-31 to Glu-48.
876107	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5633 as residues: Gly-13 to Gln-19, Arg-58 to Gly-63, Leu-129 to Pro-134.
876118	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5637 as residues: Pro-35 to Gly-42, Pro-62 to Arg-74, Val-87 to Ala-93, Leu-119 to Ala-124.
876121	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5638 as residues: Pro-2 to Pro-35, Ser-40 to Leu-57, Thr-83 to Thr-93, His-96 to Thr-105, Leu-114 to Gly-125, Asp-128 to Asp-133, Lys-146 to Ser-156.
876140	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5644 as residues: Ala-39 to Leu-47, Val-49 to Lys-55, Thr-66 to Asp-75, Thr-85 to Gly-104, Ala-114 to Gly-147, Pro-176 to Thr-199, Ser-205 to Ser-221, Glu-233 to Lys-240, Lys-246 to Asp-251, Glu-256 to Ser-267, Ser-291 to Leu-302, Thr-305 to Asp-324, Cys-336 to Val-345, Phe-367 to Cys-375.
876151	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5648 as residues: Gly-101 to Arg-106.
876152	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5649 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-12, His-33 to Leu-42.
876155	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5651 as residues: Phe-26 to Lys-51, Gln-61 to Asp-75, Gly-86 to Asn-92, Asn-101 to Cys-106, Lys-119 to Leu-124, Pro-126 to Tyr-135, Ser-137 to Ser-150, His-161 to Ser-168, Asp-175 to Ser-182, Asn-189 to Lys-207, Pro-225 to Thr-234, His-240 to Gly-259, Glu-266 to Val-271, Asp-285 to Ala-290, Asn-321 to Ile-353.
876156	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5652 as residues: Lys-21 to Gly-26.
876170	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5656 as residues: Arg-15 to Arg-21.
876172	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5657 as residues: Trp-73 to Trp-80, Tyr-90 to Lys-97, Lys-100 to Trp-111.
876174	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5658 as residues: Gly-7 to Glu-12, Ser-16 to Gln-25.
876177	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5659 as residues: Phe-9 to Tyr-15.
876182	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5661 as residues: Pro-28 to Arg-34, His-66 to Pro-81, Ser-83 to Ala-93, Gly-98 to Lys-114.



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876184	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5663 as residues: Asn-35 to Cys-40, Ser-75 to Phe-84.
876192	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5665 as residues: Thr-4 to Ser-14, Ile-83 to Ala-94.
876198	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5667 as residues: Pro-7 to Thr-17.
876200	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5668 as residues: Leu-43 to Pro-50.
876201	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5669 as residues: Pro-28 to Glu-37.
876206	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5670 as residues: Gly-29 to Asp-39.
876207	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5671 as residues: Arg-54 to Lys-95.
876208	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5672 as residues: Ser-44 to Leu-49, Lys-52 to Pro-57, Gly-65 to Phe-71, Asp-94 to Trp-99, Gly-137 to Asp-149, Ser-154 to Glu-159, Glu-168 to Ile-173.
876209	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5673 as residues: Gly-101 to Arg-107, Ser-112 to Cys-117.
876215	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5675 as residues: Phe-27 to Ile-34.
876224	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5677 as residues: Ser-58 to Gly-63, Thr-69 to Gly-76, Ser-107 to Thr-115, Ser-144 to Gly-151, Leu-175 to Trp-181.
876226	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5678 as residues: Arg-57 to Thr-62.
876228	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5679 as residues: Glu-7 to Ser-25, Lys-39 to Leu-46.
876229	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5680 as residues: Phe-48 to Ser-58.
876232	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5681 as residues: Thr-3 to Thr-8.
876238	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5683 as residues: Asn-30 to Lys-43, Pro-58 to Glu-65, Arg-77 to Asn-85.
876239	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5684 as residues: Thr-7 to Pro-15.
876259	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5685 as residues: Lys-1 to Gln-7, Gly-39 to Ile-50, Ile-68 to Cys-84, Leu-92 to Glu-99, Glu-109 to Glu-121, Pro-156 to Cys-172, Pro-174 to Thr-189, Arg-212 to Gln-227.
876260	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5686 as residues: Ala-40 to Ala-45.
876261	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5687 as residues: Arg-18 to Thr-31, Ala-39 to Gly-50, Ser-71 to Val-76.
876265	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5688 as residues: Thr-4 to Ser-9.

876266	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5689 as residues: Leu-26 to Lys-39.
876270	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5691 as residues: Pro-20 to Arg-27.
876274	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5692 as residues: Asn-52 to Ile-58.
876277	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5694 as residues: Arg-21 to Arg-30.
876280	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5696 as residues: His-16 to Phe-21.
876281	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5697 as residues: Gln-1 to Ser-8, Val-41 to Arg-47.
876282	Desferred enitenes include these services and to Aig-7.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5698 as residues: Gln-1 to Val-6, Asp-8 to Thr-16.
876284	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5699 as residues: Ala-24 to Arg-30, Thr-88 to Pro-107.
876306	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
27/200	ID NO. 5702 as residues: Gly-1 to Val-9, Pro-47 to His-57.
876308	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 5703 as residues: Lys-28 to Ser-42, Gln-49 to Lys-57, Ser-76 to
	Gly-83, Glu-99 to Val-106, Gln-132 to His-142, Ala-202 to Trp-210,
	His-271 to Ile-287.
876309	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5704 as residues: His-58 to Ala-63, Arg-86 to Gly-92.
876322	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5705 as residues: Pro-33 to Arg-38, Thr-82 to Asp-88, Ala-103
	to Lys-111, Lys-117 to Phe-122.
876326	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,0520	ID NO. 5706 as residues: Ser-15 to Asp-28, Glu-37 to Gly-42.
876330	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5708 as residues: Arg-41 to Lys-56.
876335	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5711 as residues: Glu-8 to Cys-16, Pro-22 to Gln-32, Lys-40 to
	Pro-49.
876340	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 5712 as residues: Pro-1 to Glu-18, Gly-26 to Pro-33, Pro-66 to
	Gly-75.
876345	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0.05.5	ID NO. 5713 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-10.
876354	Preferred enitones include those commissions a commission and the commission of the
0,0354	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5714 as residues: Pro-12 to Thr-18.
876361	
8/0301	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
076264	ID NO. 5715 as residues: Arg-14 to Val-29.
876364	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5716 as residues: Gln-22 to Gly-28.
876370	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5717 as residues: Gly-4 to Arg-12, Gly-33 to Cys-46.
876372	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5718 as residues: Lys-30 to Glu-35.

876374	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5719 as residues: Ser-2 to Ser-8, Glu-26 to His-33, Ser-56 to
	Gly-61.
876380	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5722 as residues: Ser-11 to Pro-16.
876382	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5724 as residues: Glu-15 to Ser-20.
876383	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5725 as residues: Tyr-16 to Thr-21, Lys-33 to Gln-39.
876385	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5726 as residues: Leu-11 to Phe-16.
876395	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5729 as residues: Arg-7 to Ser-26.
876397	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5730 as residues: Pro-19 to Gln-25, Thr-41 to Pro-47.
876398	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5731 as residues: Glu-1 to Arg-7.
876400	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5733 as residues: Gln-13 to Trp-20, Gly-60 to Phe-65, Cys-69
	to Trp-77.
876401	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5734 as residues: Gly-25 to Trp-30, Arg-37 to Gly-44, Ser-46 to
	Arg-59, Ser-70 to Ser-76, Leu-106 to Gly-112.
876404	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
—	ID NO. 5736 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gly-17.
876405	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5737 as residues: Tyr-1 to Ala-6, Trp-30 to Ser-36, Asp-48 to
876408	Ile-62, Ile-91 to Ile-100, Asn-119 to Asn-128, Glu-146 to Glu-152.
870408	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876409	ID NO. 5738 as residues: Gly-7 to Leu-15.
8/0409	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876418	ID NO. 5739 as residues: Gly-10 to Asn-15.
870418	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5740 as residues: Pro-57 to Asp-63.
876420	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
3,0420	ID NO. 5742 as residues: Pro-6 to Ser-12.
876426	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
3,0.20	ID NO. 5745 as residues: Phe-2 to Thr-12.
876428	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5747 as residues: Thr-4 to Trp-10, Pro-25 to Ala-31.
876431	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5748 as residues: Thr-1 to Gln-6, Lys-15 to Glu-23, Pro-39 to
	Ile-44, Asn-63 to Gln-71, Gln-101 to Arg-111, Leu-118 to Ser-124, Leu-
	141 to Val-146, Pro-154 to Pro-161, Ser-187 to Pro-192, Arg-207 to
	Met-245, Ala-253 to Ser-263.
876432	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5749 as residues: Lys-45 to Asn-55.
876435	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5750 as residues: Asp-84 to Asn-91.

876436	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5751 as residues: Pro-81 to His-89.
876440	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5752 as residues: Asp-1 to Leu-6, Glu-55 to Ser-60.
876441	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5753 as residues: Pro-14 to Leu-21, Cys-34 to Gly-39.
876448	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5756 as residues: Thr-1 to Glu-11, Thr-19 to Lys-30, Asn-32 to Glu-39, Leu-60 to Tyr-111, Ala-127 to Phe-132, Pro-184 to Thr-306.
876451	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5757 as residues: Thr-52 to Lys-59.
876452	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5758 as residues: Asn-1 to Arg-11, Val-23 to Ser-28, Asp-35 to Thr-40, Glu-116 to Arg-122, Leu-163 to Ser-170, Ile-267 to Ser-272.
876464	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5761 as residues: Thr-6 to Lys-11, Pro-58 to Ile-72, Ser-81 to Gly-94.
876465	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5762 as residues: Pro-2 to Trp-11, Pro-26 to Ala-32.
876469.	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5763 as residues: Trp-1 to Leu-17.
876470	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5764 as residues: Pro-30 to Glu-41, Cys-62 to Trp-68, Leu-78 to Asn-97, Arg-131 to Asn-136.
876471	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5765 as residues: Val-7 to Leu-13, Glu-26 to Gln-32.
876472	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5766 as residues: Ser-91 to Gly-101.
876473	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5767 as residues: His-12 to His-22.
876476	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5770 as residues: Phe-2 to Trp-7, Cys-35 to Asn-46, Pro-55 to Asn-70, Pro-131 to Cys-137, Phe-141 to Thr-154, Ala-166 to Phe-177.
876481	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5772 as residues: Ala-87 to Ser-94, Asp-104 to Arg-112, Leu-114 to Asp-119, Ser-186 to Thr-202.
876483	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5773 as residues: Gly-1 to Pro-6.
876484	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5774 as residues: Met-2 to Leu-9, Lys-11 to Pro-28, Asp-57 to Leu-68, Gln-81 to Phe-118.
876487	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5775 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-7.
876490	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5776 as residues: Glu-12 to Asp-17, Thr-26 to His-34, Asn-48 to Tyr-57.
876491	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5777 as residues: Arg-1 to Gln-11.
876494	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5778 as residues: Asn-40 to Thr-45, His-210 to Pro-215, Glu-369 to Thr-375, Lys-383 to Leu-397, Pro-438 to Ile-447, Pro-510 to Tyr-520, Arg-528 to Arg-533, Thr-549 to Thr-555.
876495	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5779 as residues: Arg-11 to Arg-29, Arg-99 to Gly-105
876496	ID NO. 5780 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-10.
876498	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5781 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-14.
876499	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5782 as residues: Pro-19 to Tyr-25.
876504	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5784 as residues: His-7 to Asp-12, Glu-21 to Lys-26, Gln-79 to Ser-87.
876507	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5785 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-12, Leu-26 to Gly-54, Thr-61 to Ala-73.
876513	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5787 as residues: Ser-3 to Gly-39, Trp-89 to Asp-96, Glu-103 to Asn-111, Leu-138 to Pro-145.
876518	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5788 as residues: Met-31 to Pro-38.
876524	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5789 as residues: Pro-26 to Gln-32.
876526	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5790 as residues: Met-7 to Tyr-13.
876530	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5791 as residues: Tyr-37 to Val-45.
876533	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5792 as residues: Lys-41 to Lys-47, His-52 to Gln-58, Gln-100 to Cys-106.
876535	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5794 as residues: Asp-1 to Asp-12.
876536	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5795 as residues: Gly-11 to Gly-28, Glu-35 to Ala-40, Leu-42 to Gly-51, Ser-65 to Cys-70.
876538	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5796 as residues: Tyr-5 to Thr-12.
876543	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5798 as residues: Gln-1 to Ala-9, Cys-56 to Gly-61, Trp-105 to Thr-110, Arg-150 to Thr-155, Leu-189 to Lys-195.
876544	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5799 as residues: Thr-15 to Asp-27.
876545	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5800 as residues: Arg-1 to Asp-7, Leu-19 to Lys-33, Ser-45 to Thr-54.
876546	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5801 as residues: Thr-15 to Lys-25, Pro-35 to Phe-42, Glu-58 to Thr-72, Glu-115 to Met-126, Gln-131 to Thr-139, Ser-142 to Glu-157,

	Pro-165 to Gln-188, Phe-284 to Lys-301.
876553	Professed enitones included to LyS-301.
6/0333	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5805 as residues: Arg-14 to Arg-19, Asn-27 to Val-32, Glu-68
1	to Inr-//, Gly-85 to Asp-90, Asp-221 to Gln-229, Thr-236 to Val-242
	1 hr-259 to 1rp-266, Ser-268 to Asn-273, Asn-283 to Gly-288
876558	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5807 as residues: Arg-22 to Gln-34.
876559	Preferred enitones include these commissions are as a second
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5808 as residues: Asn-15 to Ser-20, Arg-100 to Phe-107, Glu-
976669	111 to Asp-118, Ile-122 to Val-127, Cys-219 to Val-227.
876560	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5809 as residues: Pro-7 to Ser-14, Thr-26 to Cys-51, Leu-55 to
	Tyr-64.
876572	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5810 as residues: Lys-16 to Lys-21.
876575	Preferred enitones include the
370373	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5811 as residues: Pro-10 to Trp-19, Glu-47 to Gly-52, Tyr-75 to
024570	Gly-88, Met-119 to Asp-131.
876579	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	I D NO. 3813 as residues: Ser-2 to Pro-21.
876581	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5815 as residues: Gly-32 to Gly-44, Pro-52 to Cys-60, Asp-63
	to Leu-68, Lys-148 to Asn-160.
876583	Preferred enitones include these
0,000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876595	ID NO. 5816 as residues: Glu-19 to Cys-30.
670393	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
05505	ID NO. 3821 as residues: Asn-1 to Arg-8, Glu-64 to Thr-70
876596	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SFO
	ID NO. 5822 as residues: Lys-61 to His-66, Glu-70 to Tyr-78, Pro-90 to
	Ile-95, Val-118 to Asp-127, Asp-192 to Phe-199, Asn-274 to Met-279,
	Ser-281 to Arg-291, Thr-306 to Tyr-315, Lys-338 to Gln-343, Lys-350
	to Asp-356, Pro-374 to Asp-380, Gly-398 to Pro-405, Lys-438 to Asp-
	446.
876597	
010371	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
07//00	ID NO. 3823 as residues: His-1 to Ser-6. Glu-14 to Gly-22
876600	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5824 as residues: Asp-22 to Pro-30, Ser-49 to Asn-57, Thr-76
	to Ala-91.
876601	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5825 as residues: Leu-31 to Ser-41.
876602	Preferred enitones include these committees.
0,0002	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5826 as residues: Leu-11 to Arg-19, Arg-33 to Ala-38, Ala-40
	to Gin-46, Pro-5 / to Gly-62, Ser-70 to Arg-76, Thr-97 to Arg-103, Lys-
	119 to Lys-124.
876608	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5827 as residues: Val-10 to Gln-18.
876609	Preferred enitones include these annuality
0.000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ı	11) N(1) 5000
876610	ID NO. 5828 as residues: Leu-39 to Gln-52. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 5829 as residues: Ser-11 to Glu-20.
876612	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5830 as residues: Lys-1 to Asn-8, Glu-10 to Thr-15, Ser-22 to
	Gly-28, Pro-49 to His-54.
876622	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5832 as residues: Pro-46 to Leu-51.
876630	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5833 as residues: Gln-41 to Pro-46.
876633	Preferred enitones include these securities
0.0055	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876638	ID NO. 5835 as residues: Ala-1 to Leu-9, Ala-48 to Asp-55.
070030	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5837 as residues: Gln-1 to Arg-12, Asp-22 to Pro-44, Lys-52 to
	Asp-62, Pro-68 to Lys-93, Pro-99 to Pro-129, Ala-138 to Ser-150, Lys-
	156 to Val-194, Ile-197 to Glu-210, Ala-213 to Ala-287, Leu-289 to
	Lys-327, Lys-330 to Gly-340, Asp-344 to Gln-360, Ile-396 to Thr-401,
	Lys-409 to Asp-418, Met-450 to Ala-460, Glu-468 to Asp-481, Ala-490
075510	to Ser-517, Asp-523 to Ser-555.
876643	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
· 	D NO. 5838 as residues: Gln-1 to Ser-13.
876645	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5839 as residues: Gly-1 to Gln-20, Gly-22 to Glu-27. Arg-46 to
	Phe-52, Thr-64 to His-72, Pro-94 to Lys-109, Ser-143 to Ser-151
876646	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5840 as residues: Ser-29 to Glu-34.
876647	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5841 as residues: Trp-41 to Ser-46, Glu-59 to Lys-66, Lys-75 to
	His-80.
876652	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5844 as residues: Phe-23 to Val-42.
876656	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5845 as residues: Ser-38 to Cys-51, Asn-93 to Asp-100.
876657	Preferred enitones include these security
0.000.	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5846 as residues: Pro-112 to Gly-118.
876660	Preferred enitones included the
3,0000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5847 as residues: Glu-20 to Arg-26, Leu-30 to Cys-36, Gln-49
876666	to Ser-55, Lys-82 to Thr-90.
870000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5848 as residues: Val-39 to Asn-46, Ser-95 to Asp-101, Lys-
07//77	118 to Val-124.
876677	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5851 as residues: Asn-1 to Val-6, Phe-76 to Tyr-83, Gly-129 to
	Gln-135, Thr-145 to Asp-153, Ser-210 to Gln-220, Thr-230 to Asn-236.
	Lys-242 to Ala-248.
876680	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5852 as residues: Ser-1 to Thr-9, Ala-32 to Asn-37, Thr-40 to
	Tyr-49, Gln-71 to Thr-80.
876683	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5853 as residues: Pro-18 to Gly-29, Lys-67 to Lys-89.
876685	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -

ID NO. 5854 as residues: Lys-19 to Asn-25, Leu-27 to Leu-38, Val	-61
to Val-68, Leu-152 to Tyr-159, Glu-222 to Cys-228, Asp-260 to Let	u-
265	
876687 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	EO
ID NO. 5855 as residues: Ala-60 to Arg-65, Ala-82 to Arg-87.	
876689 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in Si	EO
ID NO. 5856 as residues: Arg-1 to Asn-9, Gln-20 to Asn-27, His-29	ot e
Arg-34.	
876690 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in Sl	FΩ
ID NO. 5857 as residues: Pro-15 to Asn-25, Glu-48 to Phe-59, Ser-	60 ta
Arg-74, Ala-77 to Ser-82, Leu-99 to Asn-105, Ala-108 to Pro-124, S	Ser_
137 to Phe-150, Ser-173 to Gly-178, Pro-186 to Pro-191, Ala-199 to))
Lys-213, Val-229 to Asp-238, Arg-272 to Asn-290.	,
876693 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SI	<u> </u>
ID NO. 5858 as residues: Glu-3 to Gly-12, Arg-20 to Gln-30, Leu-3	CQ MAA
Gln-39, Asp-51 to Arg-58, Gln-69 to Val-77, Gly-105 to Lys-117.	94 10
876696 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SI	PO
ID NO. 5859 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-7, Gly-72 to Asp-78, Lys-83	EQ
Gln-90.	3 10
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	EQ
ID NO. 5861 as residues: Thr-22 to Lys-31. 876716 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SI	
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	EQ
ID NO. 5862 as residues: Tyr-28 to Leu-33, Ala-70 to Lys-87, Glu-	106
to Gly-124, Gly-127 to Glu-160, Leu-179 to Asp-194. 876719 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SF	
Land a series of the series of	EQ.
ID NO. 5863 as residues: Asn-19 to Ser-25, Gln-57 to Leu-66, Asp-	-76
to Ser-81, Glu-101 to Gln-106, Phe-121 to Asp-127, Ser-133 to Asp-	•
146, Thr-186 to Lys-197, Arg-259 to Leu-266, Asn-268 to Leu-274. 876725 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SF	
I L	EQ.
ID NO. 5865 as residues: Thr-23 to Pro-34, Glu-39 to Asp-83, Asn-	89
to Lys-99, Asp-118 to Asp-128, Asn-135 to Glu-150, Glu-153 to Gly	/ -
168, Gly-181 to Thr-187, Arg-200 to Asp-205, Arg-273 to Ile-279, T	hr-
295 to Asp-300, Thr-316 to Cys-321.	
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	Q
ID NO. 5866 as residues: Tyr-17 to Gly-22, Lys-29 to Tyr-34, Asp-	39
to Asp-44, Leu-71 to Glu-76, Pro-164 to Gly-171.	
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	Q
ID NO. 5869 as residues: Ser-1 to Gln-6, Leu-57 to Phe-62, Arg-86	to
Glu-91.	
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	Q
ID NO. 5871 as residues: Thr-98 to Ser-104, Thr-115 to Tyr-126, G	ln-
149 to Glu-164.	
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	Q
ID NO. 5872 as residues: His-1 to Gln-7, Trp-14 to Gln-29, Arg-41	to
Pro-48, Leu-91 to His-97, Pro-99 to Ser-114, Ser-119 to Gly-124.	
876747 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	Q
ID NO. 5873 as residues: Ala-13 to Arg-35, Pro-58 to Met-75, Asn-	104
to Ser-119, Pro-144 to Ile-167, Lys-183 to Phe-224, Cys-246 to Gly-2	252,
Lys-304 to Gly-320.	ļ
876750 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SE	0

	ID NO. 5874 as residues: Ala-1 to Ser-6, Ser-29 to Ser-37, Gln-52 to Tyr-58.
876752	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5875 as residues: Pro-44 to Gly-51.
876753	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5876 as residues: Arg-5 to Arg-12.
876760	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5877 as residues: Thr-11 to Ala-16, Thr-85 to Glu-92, Asn-114 to Glu-122, Asp-150 to Gly-156.
876762	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5878 as residues: Pro-14 to Ile-24, Thr-35 to Pro-46.
876771	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5881 as residues: His-28 to Gly-33.
876773	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5882 as residues: Gly-3 to Thr-9, Glu-39 to Lys-48, Arg-134 to Lys-139, Pro-147 to Val-152, Thr-167 to Glu-172, His-190 to Gln-196.
876791	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5885 as residues: Pro-1 to Glu-20, Leu-79 to Ser-87, Lys-90 to Gly-96, Gln-109 to Thr-121, Val-133 to Gly-139.
876798	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5887 as residues: Thr-25 to Val-31, Lys-47 to Asp-62.
876802	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5888 as residues: Leu-2 to Thr-8, Asp-15 to Gly-26, Phe-64 to Ser-70, Pro-77 to Trp-82, Pro-85 to Lys-90.
876807	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5890 as residues: Lys-12 to Ser-18, Tyr-26 to Thr-33, Leu-71 to Thr-76, Pro-102 to Ser-110, Asp-114 to Gln-119, Glu-137 to Asp-159, Gly-162 to His-172, Thr-179 to Gly-194, Ala-198 to Asp-229.
876809	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5891 as residues: Arg-7 to Lys-13, Pro-28 to Cys-34, Gly-100 to Asn-109, Cys-155 to Arg-162, Glu-214 to Gln-219, Glu-240 to Asp-246, Gly-254 to His-265.
876817	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5894 as residues: Pro-22 to Asn-28, Pro-47 to Asn-57, Glu-92 to Gly-98, Pro-120 to Ile-135, Ala-138 to Cys-155, Pro-161 to Val-181, Ala-185 to Asp-196, Val-207 to Asn-213, Asn-219 to Asn-236, Asn-242 to Asn-250, Leu-252 to Asn-274, Ala-281 to Cys-295, Pro-297 to Cys-311, Pro-317 to Asn-339, Thr-417 to Tyr-423, Gln-443 to Gly-458, Thr-471 to His-476, Thr-484 to Gln-490, Asp-497 to Trp-511.
876823	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5896 as residues: Arg-1 to Trp-23, Pro-37 to Gly-47, Gly-50 to His-56, Phe-64 to Gly-74, Pro-76 to Ala-81, Pro-84 to Gly-95, Pro-101 to Pro-112, Lys-135 to Lys-146, Lys-159 to Asp-176.
876829	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5897 as residues: Pro-51 to His-56, Glu-69 to Asn-74, Gly-190 to Lys-199.
876830	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5898 as residues: Asp-27 to Gly-39.
876842	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5902 as residues: Glu-8 to Arg-13, Leu-17 to Val-23.

Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5903 as residues: Glu-63 to Asn-73, Pro-114 to Tyr-122, Ser-194 to Glu-201, Ile-263 to Ser-269.
200 201, 110 200 10 001 200.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5904 as residues: Asn-1 to Val-6, Lys-9 to Gln-16, Asn-47 to
Glu-53, Asn-116 to Ser-121, Pro-130 to Thr-139, His-159 to Glu-165
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
ID NO. 5905 as residues: Leu-26 to Asp-39, Asp-47 to Arg-54, Glu-62
to Val-72.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
Lys-110.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5907 as residues: Ser-25 to Trp-32.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5908 as residues: Gln-21 to Met-26, Gln-50 to Lys-61.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
ID NO. 5909 as residues: Ala-8 to Arg-14, Ile-64 to Thr-69 Val-94 to
Asp-101, His-112 to Gln-117, Tyr-139 to Glu-145, Tyr-195 to Cys-208
Gly-216 to Gly-223, Asp-297 to Ser-307, Gly-378 to Leu-383, Ile-391 to
Pro-404, Asn-451 to Ser-466.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ID NO. 5910 as residues: Pro-32 to Arg-41
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
id NO. 3911 as residues: Thr-4 to Gly-13, Asp-20 to Val-25, Ala-46 to
Asn-65, Gly-69 to Gly-75, Pro-82 to Gly-113, Pro-119 to Pro-174 Gly-
181 to Gly-18/, Tyr-190 to Tyr-212.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
D NO. 5912 as residues: Ser-9 to Arg-22, Gln-28 to Trp-34, Gly-36 to
Leu-43, Arg-45 to Trp-52, Asp-56 to Leu-61, Ala-65 to Tyr-72, Leu-102
o Gly-109, Pro-111 to Ala-116, Ala-120 to Arg-125, His-129 to Gln-
34, Pro-136 to Gly-145, Pro-167 to Thr-172, Glu-232 to Lys-239, Lys-
253 to Asn-258, Leu-357 to Gly-362, Leu-371 to Gly-376.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ D NO. 5913 as residues: Glu-31 to Asp-39.
referred enitones include these services.
Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
D NO. 5914 as residues: Glu-91 to Pro-100, Tyr-122 to Thr-127, Thr-68 to Val-173, Thr-210 to Asp-215, Leu-219 to Gly-224, Gly-232 to
/al-237.
referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
D NO. 5915 as residues: Ser-8 to Ser-20.
referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
O NO. 5916 as residues: Tyr-130 to Glu-136, Arg-148 to His-159, Pro-
14 to Leu-221. His-224 to Gly-229. Gly-238 to Gly 246. Gl- 221.
14 to Leu-221, His-224 to Gly-229, Glu-238 to Glu-246, Gln-331 to
14 to Leu-221, His-224 to Gly-229, Glu-238 to Glu-246, Gln-331 to гр-343.
referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ NO. 5918 as residues: Val-61 to Gln-69, Gln-106 to Thr-111
referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO

	Glu-294 to Pro-301, Ala-321 to Tyr-327, Arg-367 to Pro-373, Glu-396
	to Asn-405, Gly-411 to Arg-418, Asn-433 to Lys-441.
876909	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5920 as residues: Ala-32 to Ala-40, Glu-93 to Phe-103, Lys-17:
	to Thr-189.
876912	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5921 as residues: Glu-40 to Pro-47, Lys-56 to Trp-62.
876920	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5923 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-15, Ser-42 to Trp-51, Pro-59 to
	Arg-64.
876921	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5924 as residues: Tyr-1 to Leu-6.
876923	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5925 as residues: Pro-6 to Cys-14, Glu-33 to Leu-38, Val-209
	to Lys-216, Pro-270 to Gln-278, His-321 to Thr-330.
876936	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5928 as residues: Ala-54 to His-67, Pro-69 to Lys-86.
876940	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5930 as residues: Ala-1 to Asp-29, Pro-51 to His-59, Asn-67 to
	Asp-73.
876941	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5931 as residues: Pro-16 to Arg-28.
876942	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5932 as residues: Glu-1 to Gln-6, Val-8 to Trp-15.
876943	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5933 as residues: Gly-1 to Gln-9, Asn-11 to Arg-16, Cys-28 to
	His-33, Pro-51 to Pro-57, Glu-66 to Glu-72, Pro-84 to Asp-89, Pro-104
	to Asp-109, Glu-122 to Thr-132.
876944	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5934 as residues: Arg-3 to Gly-11.
876945	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-	ID NO. 5935 as residues: Pro-15 to Pro-24.
876946	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5936 as residues: Ser-8 to Ser-14.
876947	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5937 as residues: Gly-27 to Ala-34.
876949	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5938 as residues: Pro-5 to His-14, Arg-38 to Gln-43, Leu-80 to
	Arg-86.
876952	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5939 as residues: Ser-8 to Thr-18, Pro-52 to Ala-61, Pro-67 to
	Gly-72, Ala-81 to Thr-88, Glu-105 to Thr-120.
876953	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5940 as residues: Gly-1 to Asp-12, Ser-64 to Trp-74, Met-82 to
	Tyr-88, Phe-101 to Cys-106, Tyr-120 to Lys-132.
876954	Preferred enitones include these security
0,0/34	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5941 as residues: Pro-1 to Ile-12, Asp-30 to Tyr-35, Leu-38 to
	Pro-45, Lys-54 to Thr-60, Thr-75 to Leu-80, Asp-92 to Tyr-100, Ile-133
	to Thr-138, Thr-194 to Glu-199, Asp-233 to Leu-239, Met-243 to Ala-

	251, Asp-254 to Glu-261.
876957	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5942 as residues: Lys-71 to Asn-88, Ala-115 to Cys-130, Ala-
	175 to Arg-182.
876958	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5943 as residues: Gln-1 to Pro-8.
876963	
0.000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5946 as residues: Val-16 to Ser-21, Ala-60 to Lys-72.
876964	Preferred entence include the control of the contro
0,000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5947 as residues: Thr-6 to Lys-13, Met-16 to Glu-36, Lys-59 to
876966	Phe-65, Leu-71 to Gln-77.
870900	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5949 as residues: Lys-13 to Trp-19, Ser-25 to Gln-32, Glu-53 to
076067	Gln-58, Arg-108 to Gly-113.
876967	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5950 as residues: Lys-1 to Asp-9, Arg-16 to Gly-21, Cys-51 to
	Val-59, Asp-65 to Ser-71, Thr-79 to Asn-90, Asn-99 to Asn-111, Ser-
	149 to Pro-156.
876968	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5951 as residues: Asn-44 to Tyr-49, Gly-71 to Glu-79.
876969	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 5952 as residues: Arg-74 to Arg-79.
876975	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5954 as residues: Phe-12 to Ile-19, Arg-25 to Arg-31.
876976	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5955 as residues: Asn-78 to Gln-92.
876977	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5956 as residues: Asn-1 to Glu-8, Ala-38 to Gly-46, Gln-58 to
	Asp-71, Ala-75 to Cys-103, Met-106 to Ala-140, Gln-153 to Ile-159.
876981	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5959 as residues: Gln-40 to Lys-45.
876983	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5960 as residues: Leu-37 to Pro-42.
876984	Preferred enitones include these commissions are all the commissions are all t
0,0,04	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
876985	ID NO. 5961 as residues: His-5 to Thr-11, Arg-71 to Pro-77.
070703	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 5962 as residues: Tyr-7 to Gly-28, Arg-38 to Asp-65, Asp-78 to
	Ser-90, Ser-92 to Ser-115, Asp-117 to Ser-132, Val-148 to Leu-153,
876987	Lys-155 to His-168.
0/098/	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
07/000	ID NO. 5963 as residues: Lys-30 to Thr-35, Ser-49 to Tyr-55.
876989	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ì	ID NO. 5964 as residues: Gly-4 to Gly-10, Glu-17 to Gly-28, Met-35 to
	Asp-41, Glu-79 to Gln-85, Gln-102 to Gly-110.
876992	Asp-41, Glu-79 to Gln-85, Gln-102 to Gly-110. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
876992	Asp-41, Glu-79 to Gln-85, Gln-102 to Gly-110. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
876992 876993	Asp-41, Glu-79 to Gln-85, Gln-102 to Gly-110. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5967 as residues: Ser-15 to Pro-21.
	Asp-41, Glu-79 to Gln-85, Gln-102 to Gly-110. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO

876994	Professed enitones include these commissions and the CEO
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5969 as residues: Leu-28 to Glu-33, Met-54 to Cys-60.
876998	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5971 as residues: Glu-I to Pro-25, Gly-30 to Ala-54, Asn-65 to
055000	Asn-82, Leu-89 to Ser-97.
877000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5972 as residues: Ala-1 to Asn-6, Val-8 to Tyr-20.
877002	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5974 as residues: Ser-32 to Gly-53, Thr-61 to Ser-70.
877005	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5976 as residues: Gly-12 to Gly-22.
877006	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5977 as residues: Glu-8 to Ser-14, Thr-26 to Asn-40.
877007	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5978 as residues: Glu-31 to Leu-38.
877008	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5979 as residues: Ser-37 to Ser-47, Gln-58 to Thr-69, Val-72 to Gln-77, Gly-125 to Lys-155.
877010	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5981 as residues: Gly-20 to Ser-29.
877011	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5982 as residues: Ser-30 to Trp-36.
877014	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5985 as residues: Asp-1 to Arg-31, Lys-35 to Lys-44, Glu-55 to Leu-61, Thr-71 to Asp-76, Ile-82 to Asn-101.
877015	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5986 as residues: Lys-1 to His-12, Ser-26 to Thr-31, His-54 to Val-60.
877018	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5987 as residues: Gly-9 to Glu-16, Asn-46 to Glu-54.
877019	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5988 as residues: Lys-24 to Glu-38, Arg-48 to Ala-54, Gly-61 to Ala-67.
877022	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5990 as residues: Arg-10 to Gly-15, Thr-55 to Lys-64.
877024	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5992 as residues: Thr-19 to Pro-26.
877025	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5993 as residues: Gly-19 to Asn-27.
877026	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5994 as residues: Met-27 to Asn-34, Val-57 to Glu-84, Glu-86 to Ala-100, Asp-122 to Ala-128.
877027	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5995 as residues: Gln-36 to Ser-42.
877030	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 5997 as residues: Glu-30 to Ala-35, Leu-39 to Ser-44, Pro-50 to Asp-57.
877037	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6001 as residues: Gln-61 to Lys-67.

055044	
877044	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6003 as residues: Arg-22 to Gly-27, Ser-34 to Gly-39.
877046	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,,040	ID NO. 6004 as residues: Phe-65 to Trp-73, Arg-87 to Gly-92, Gly-107
1	
	to Lys-112, Pro-177 to Thr-186, Glu-251 to Arg-256, Phe-282 to Lys-287.
877047	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6005 as residues: Tyr-2 to Gly-8.
877049	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6006 as residues: Pro-2 to Pro-11.
877050	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6007 as residues: Ser-36 to Lys-42.
877051	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6008 as residues: Gln-5 to Arg-12, Tyr-32 to Ser-43.
877056	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6010 as residues: Pro-52 to Val-57, Asp-59 to Gln-69.
877058	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6012 as residues: Thr-13 to Pro-20.
877059	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6013 as residues: Leu-30 to Ser-38.
877063	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
07.7005	ID NO. 6014 as residues: Asp-4 to Ala-15.
877066	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
377000	ID NO. 6016 as residues: Gln-1 to Trp-11, Pro-47 to Tyr-53.
877067	Droformed enitories include these security in 1975.
077007	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
877068	ID NO. 6017 as residues: Pro-11 to Asp-16, Arg-23 to Gln-29.
8//008	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
077070	ID NO. 6018 as residues: Lys-26 to Arg-32.
877070	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
055051	ID NO. 6020 as residues: Arg-33 to Leu-40.
877071	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
000000	ID NO. 6021 as residues: Pro-23 to Asn-31, Leu-33 to Phe-38.
877073	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6022 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-17.
877087	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6027 as residues: Arg-1 to Met-6, Thr-34 to Glu-54, Glu-58 to
	Asn-63.
877088	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6028 as residues: Thr-6 to Gly-13, Trp-20 to Thr-36.
877092	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6029 as residues: Arg-17 to Gly-23.
877093	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6030 as residues: Pro-33 to Cys-43.
877094	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
İ	ID NO. 6031 as residues: Pro-9 to Tyr-17, Gln-29 to Tyr-38, Ala-47 to
	Glu-55.
877096	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6033 as residues: Lys-9 to Ser-17.
877097	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	1 Proper merce those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6034 as residues: Phe-34 to Ser-39, Glu-63 to Phe-74, Leu-78 to Pro-83.
877098	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6035 as residues: Lys-1 to Asp-8.
877099	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6036 as residues: Pro-10 to Gly-17, Tyr-23 to Ser-28.
877101	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6037 as residues: Asp-22 to Cys-28, Gly-87 to Leu-93, Lys-128 to Asn-151.
877105	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6039 as residues: Pro-48 to Cys-53.
877106	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6040 as residues: Gln-3 to Ile-12.
877110	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6041 as residues: Val-6 to Ala-13.
877111	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6042 as residues: Phe-56 to Asn-72, Gln-84 to Leu-93, Ser-96 to Pro-109, Pro-116 to Glu-126.
877114	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6044 as residues: Lys-13 to Lys-21.
877119	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6045 as residues: Ala-16 to Ser-22.
877120	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6046 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-14, Gly-33 to Ser-40, Gln-80 to Ser-101.
877121	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6047 as residues: Arg-34 to Ser-40.
877123	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6049 as residues: Thr-33 to Asp-38.
877126	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6050 as residues: Gly-10 to Leu-22, Gly-47 to Lys-62.
877132	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6054 as residues: Ser-2 to Lys-8.
877133	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6055 as residues: Thr-1 to Asp-8.
877135	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6057 as residues: Leu-7 to Leu-13, Pro-15 to Cys-28, Ser-50 to Lys-56.
877137	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6058 as residues: Glu-65 to Arg-72.
877138	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6059 as residues: Lys-15 to Thr-21.
877140	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6061 as residues: Ile-45 to Phe-51.
877142	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6062 as residues: Thr-5 to Ser-12.
877143	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6063 as residues: Arg-1 to Leu-6.
877148	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6067 as residues: Leu-32 to Trp-37.
877149	Preferred enitones include these servicines and a servici
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6068 as residues: Lys-72 to Gln-86.
877153	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6069 as residues: Cys-40 to Cys-46.
877154	Desformed enitenes included
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6070 as residues: Asn-24 to Phe-29, Thr-45 to Lys-50.
877165	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6074 as residues: Arg-6 to Lys-11, His-20 to Asn-25.
877166	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6075 as residues: Tyr-1 to Arg-7.
877167	Desferred emittenes included
6//10/	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
077160	ID NO. 6076 as residues: Glu-25 to Asn-34.
877168	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6077 as residues: Tyr-1 to Ile-6, Val-17 to Ser-23, Thr-35 to His-40.
877169	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6078 as residues: Pro-1 to Met-12.
877170	Preferred enitones include these commissions and the second
077170	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6079 as residues: Ser-4 to Lys-9.
877171	Professed enitance include the second include the s
677171	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
077177	ID NO. 6080 as residues: Val-10 to Leu-15, Arg-34 to Leu-40.
877173	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6081 as residues: Pro-18 to Gly-31.
877174	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6082 as residues: Lys-16 to Gln-21.
877175	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6083 as residues: Glu-2 to Ser-9.
877181	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0.,.0.	ID NO. 6085 as residues: Glu-16 to Glu-23.
877187	Preferred enitones include these commissions are a service as a servic
0,,10,	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6088 as residues: Asp-41 to Ile-50, Thr-73 to Val-89, Gln-118 to Asp-123.
877194	
0//1/4	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
977106	ID NO. 6091 as residues: Gly-53 to Asp-63.
877195	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6092 as residues: Pro-17 to Ile-24, Pro-28 to Phe-34.
877200	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6093 as residues: Thr-29 to Lys-35, Asp-44 to Cys-49.
877202	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6094 as residues: Gly-17 to Ala-23, Leu-52 to Asn-58.
877205	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6095 as residues: Lys-12 to Asp-18, Leu-40 to Arg-67, Val-75
	to Asp-84.
877207	
0//20/	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
077000	ID NO. 6097 as residues: Ala-19 to Arg-29.
	Preferred enitones include those comprising a convene above.
877208	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6098 as residues: Tyr-4 to Gln-9.

	I ID NO 6000 as residues: Asp 12 to Asp 17 Asp 244, Cl. 42 A 70
	ID NO. 6099 as residues: Asp-12 to Arg-17, Asp-34 to Gln-43, Asn-78
I	to Glu-84, Ser-99 to Ala-105, Ser-108 to His-113, Ile-115 to Gly-122,
ļ	Phe-132 to Arg-148.
877212	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
02.2	ID NO. 6100 as residues: Gln-1 to Ser-9.
077212	
877213	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6101 as residues: Arg-42 to Gln-53, His-56 to Ala-62, Asn-73
	to Pro-81.
877214	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6102 as residues: Ser-15 to Cys-23.
877218	Professed enitones include these securities and the securities and the securities and the securities and the securities and the securities and the securities and the securities and the securities are securities and the securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities are securities and the securities are securities are securities and the securities are securities and the securities are securities are securities are securities and the securities are securities
077210	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ļ	ID NO. 6104 as residues: Lys-33 to Phe-40, Pro-64 to Arg-72, Arg-105
	to Gly-110.
877220	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6105 as residues: Gly-1 to Thr-14, Ala-27 to Leu-32, Pro-47 to
	Pro-54.
877230	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
3.7230	ID NO. 6108 as residues: Thr-1 to Asn-8.
877231	
0//231	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6109 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-20, Phe-29 to Asn-37, Asn-55 to
	Tyr-64, Ala-69 to Asp-78, Tyr-82 to Ala-91, Lys-100 to Glu-122.
877232	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6110 as residues: Lys-41 to Ile-47.
877233	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
077233	ID NO. 6111 or residues. The 11 to Physics a sequence snown in SEQ
077224	ID NO. 6111 as residues: Ile-11 to Phe-16, Tyr-27 to Pro-33.
877234	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6112 as residues: Ala-13 to His-18, Gly-24 to Thr-29, Pro-31 to
	Gly-39, Pro-49 to Asp-56, Trp-64 to Asp-72, Pro-74 to Asp-80.
877235	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6113 as residues: Thr-6 to Gly-12, Pro-41 to Asp-48, Gly-54 to
1	Phe-62, His-94 to Tyr-102, Ser-108 to Gly-123, Gln-130 to Asn-136,
	Tyr-169 to His-175, Phe-188 to Arg-195, Trp-232 to Ile-237.
877240	Dreferred criteries in 1, 1, 4
077240	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ļ	ID NO. 6115 as residues: His-1 to Leu-8, Ala-42 to Arg-50, His-74 to
	Tyr-81.
877242	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6116 as residues: Asp-25 to Asn-30.
877250	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6118 as residues: Thr-11 to Cys-22, Gly-29 to Gly-37, Arg-74
1	to App 01 Dbo 110 to Dec 110 The 1444 Ct. 140 m 1467
j	to Asn-91, Phe-110 to Pro-119, Thr-144 to Gln-149, Tyr-165 to Gly-
	171, Pro-190 to Ser-196.
877251	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6119 as residues: Ala-5 to Ser-11, Thr-32 to Thr-37, Gln-46 to
	Asp-57, Ala-70 to Gly-78.
877254	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
J., 20 T	ID NO. 6120 as residues. Vol. 60 to The 65 of the 65 of
. 1	ID NO. 6120 as residues: Val-50 to Tyr-55, Thr-63 to Thr-68, Phe-77 to
	Gly-92, Arg-112 to Lys-119.
0	Preferred enitones include the service in the servi
877258	referred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6124 as residues: Thr-1 to Ser-6, Thr-40 to Trp-49, Asn-65 to

877263	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6126 as residues: Asp-1 to Ser-16, Pro-21 to Glu-26, Pro-46 to Asn-55, Thr-74 to Leu-86, Ser-96 to Asp-105.
877264	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6127 as residues: Thr-1 to Arg-6, Ser-14 to Arg-20.
877272	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6128 as residues: Ile-55 to Leu-69, Thr-84 to Pro-94, Pro-104 to His-120.
877274	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6129 as residues: Glu-50 to Pro-58, Ile-88 to Gly-97, Pro-107 to Gly-116, Gln-136 to Gly-142, Asp-164 to Glu-176.
877275	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6130 as residues: Pro-1 to Gln-19, Cys-27 to Thr-34, Ile-49 to Trp-56.
877281	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6132 as residues: Lys-17 to Thr-23.
877282	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6133 as residues: Ala-1 to Lys-7, Asp-12 to Phe-17, Ile-24 to Glu-43.
877283	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6134 as residues: Lys-18 to Ile-23.
877284	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6135 as residues: Ile-41 to Trp-46, Glu-64 to Gly-80, Glu-134 to Gly-141, Phe-143 to Ser-158, Gln-207 to Asp-212.
877285	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6136 as residues: His-1 to Leu-11.
877290	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6140 as residues: Pro-34 to Tyr-40, Ser-67 to Trp-73, Asp-103 to Phe-109, Gln-130 to Gly-135, Trp-188 to Trp-197, Leu-327 to Asn-333, Gly-401 to Asn-407, Asn-473 to Val-483, Ser-523 to Gln-529, Arg-538 to Ser-544, Ala-563 to Ser-573, Gln-581 to Thr-592.
877295	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6141 as residues: Gln-54 to Leu-66, Pro-74 to Asp-79, Val-104 to Leu-112, Asn-114 to Asn-122, Glu-141 to Lys-152, Pro-265 to Leu-271, Phe-275 to Ser-280, Glu-298 to Ala-304, Arg-317 to Leu-323, Gln-332 to Tyr-337, Gln-342 to Arg-352.
877298	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6142 as residues: Ser-60 to Gly-66.
877301	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6144 as residues: Gln-17 to Lys-24, Ala-28 to Cys-35.
877310	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6145 as residues: Met-2 to Leu-12, Ser-16 to Asp-23, Gly-38 to Lys-45.
877319	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6146 as residues: Ala-30 to Glu-44.
877321	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6148 as residues: Gln-1 to Arg-7.
877326	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6150 as residues: Thr-25 to Asp-31.

877327	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6151 as residues: Thr-3 to Ser-10.
877332	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6154 as residues: Gly-26 to Arg-43.
877333	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6155 as residues: Pro-10 to Trp-19.
877334	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6156 as residues: Ala-18 to Ala-32, Thr-52 to Ser-60.
877336	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6157 as residues: Cys-10 to Phe-17.
877340	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6160 as residues: Ser-32 to Arg-38, Ala-72 to Lys-79, Arg-103 to Phe-111.
877344	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6161 as residues: His-41 to Thr-48.
877346	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6162 as residues: Ala-66 to Gln-78.
877355	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6165 as residues: Ser-12 to His-21, Pro-59 to Asp-69.
877356	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6166 as residues: Ser-12 to His-21, Pro-59 to Glu-68.
877361	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6168 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-7, Thr-45 to Leu-63, Arg-113 to Thr-118, Pro-172 to Gly-182.
877370	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6170 as residues: Asp-17 to Gly-23, Lys-89 to Asp-94, Lys-129 to Asp-134, Leu-195 to Glu-204, Asn-325 to Val-336.
877373	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6171 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Gln-56 to Arg-61, Arg-160 to Pro-170, Ala-200 to Ser-212, His-225 to Lys-231, Gly-245 to Lys-254, Tyr-257 to Tyr-277, Pro-279 to Thr-287, Pro-305 to Gly-327, Tyr-342 to Glu-348.
877375	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6172 as residues: Gln-1 to Ser-22, Lys-40 to Phe-48, Leu-52 to His-57.
877377	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6173 as residues: Ser-27 to Thr-42, Lys-71 to Lys-85, Gly-99 to Arg-105.
877378	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6174 as residues: Lys-25 to Lys-39, Gly-53 to Arg-59, Ser-172 to Val-181.
877380	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6175 as residues: Glu-7 to Arg-20, Thr-28 to Trp-44, Ser-110 to Lys-118, Pro-124 to Arg-130, Ala-137 to Asn-147.
877384	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6176 as residues: Thr-2 to Leu-9, Thr-12 to Gly-17, Glu-26 to Ser-61, Asn-70 to Cys-80, Cys-84 to Ala-91, Lys-111 to Ser-119, Asn-170 to Gln-183, Ser-203 to Lys-210, Gln-216 to Pro-229, Arg-238 to Trp-255, Ile-257 to Phe-269.

033303	
877387	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6177 as residues: Asp-12 to Tyr-18, Pro-57 to Leu-63, Glu-90
	to Ala-96, Gly-102 to Val-111, Gln-123 to Ile-129, Asp-143 to Ala-150.
	Lys-156 to Arg-161, Thr-213 to Cys-220, Arg-256 to Tyr-261, Ser-265
	to Asp-274, Asp-290 to Ser-297, Val-307 to Arg-313, Asp-324 to Lys-
	337, Ser-438 to Arg-443, Asn-580 to Glu-585.
877388	357, 361-350 to Aig-443, ASI-380 to Gill-383.
0//300	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6178 as residues: Gly-15 to Asn-22.
877390	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6179 as residues: Cys-7 to Gly-24, Thr-31 to Val-53, Trp-102
	to Glu-108, Thr-118 to Gly-124.
877393	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6180 as residues: Glu-4 to Trp-9.
877406	Professed enitones included at a second
077400	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6182 as residues: Asn-1 to Glu-27, Lys-37 to Lys-46, Arg-59 to
	Lys-83, Asn-89 to Phe-95, His-102 to Asn-107, Ser-155 to Ile-168, Pro-
	175 to Gln-188, Asn-201 to Pro-211, Ala-234 to Ile-239, Asn-249 to
	Val-257, Pro-261 to Gly-275.
877408	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6183 as residues: Gln-1 to Pro-16, Pro-21 to Pro-30, Gly-47 to
	Gly-65, Tyr-78 to Leu-86, Glu-88 to Pro-104, Glu-118 to Ala-131, Ala-
	143 to Trp-150, Asp-152 to Ser-157, Ser-180 to Trp-187, Ser-190 to
	Pro 107 Alo 211 to Arr 210 Arr 253 to X 257 TV 257
877411	Pro-197, Ala-211 to Asn-219, Asp-252 to Leu-257, Thr-287 to Val-295.
6//411.	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6184 as residues: His-20 to Gln-25, Asn-36 to Ser-56.
877630	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6186 as residues: Gln-40 to Phe-45.
878274	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6191 as residues: Pro-6 to Trp-14, Tyr-19 to Leu-26, Pro-56 to
	His-66, Tyr-70 to Arg-80, Thr-83 to Leu-100, Cys-107 to Phe-112, Lys-
	137 to Arg-148, Pro-155 to Leu-162.
878374	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO 6192 as regidues. Are 20 to Low 20 Pl 577 to 20
878403	ID NO. 6192 as residues: Arg-20 to Leu-28, Phe-57 to Arg-79.
0/0403	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
070.444	ID NO. 6193 as residues: Ser-2 to Thr-8.
878433	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6194 as residues: Asn-17 to His-24, Pro-97 to Glu-111.
878436	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6195 as residues: Ser-18 to Thr-25.
878560	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0,0000	ID NO. 6196 as residues. The 22 to Day 40 to 62
	ID NO. 6196 as residues: Thr-33 to Pro-40, Asp-62 to Glu-67, Ser-104
070000	to Phe-109.
878800	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6197 as residues: Leu-24 to Arg-30.
878909	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6198 as residues: Pro-14 to Ser-19, His-40 to Trp-49.
878917	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
0.021,	ID NO 6100 as residues. Clu 264 771 222 2
	ID NO. 6199 as residues: Glu-26 to Thr-32, Ser-41 to Pro-46, Leu-107
	to Glu-115.
879009	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6201 as residues: Trp-60 to His-68, Pro-99 to Gly-106.
879234	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
017237	ID NO. 6202 as residues: Ser-46 to Thr-64, Thr-69 to Gly-79, Ser-102
	to Arg 115 I av 127 to The 144 Al- 1464 P 150 P 160 P
	to Arg-115, Leu-137 to Thr-144, Ala-146 to Pro-153, Pro-163 to Arg-
070006	180, Cys-209 to His-229.
879386	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6203 as residues: Pro-3 to Cys-11, Pro-70 to Phe-83, Ser-101 to
	Leu-107, Glu-110 to Pro-116, Lys-153 to Arg-158.
879484	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6204 as residues: Lys-44 to His-50, Thr-110 to Pro-116, Lys-
	178 to Gln-183, Pro-196 to Lys-205, Arg-214 to Thr-220, Asp-295 to
	Leu-301, Pro-316 to Glu-324, Glu-331 to Tyr-336, Gly-347 to Val-354.
879595	Professed eniteness in all de als assessment of tyle-330, Gly-347 to Val-334.
677373	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6205 as residues: Pro-7 to Ser-15, Gly-49 to Ala-55, Gln-74 to
070664	Pro-86.
879661	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6206 as residues: Arg-10 to Arg-20, Gly-48 to Val-53, Glu-69
	to Asp-76, Glu-116 to Glu-122, Glu-132 to Trp-143, Asp-166 to Asp-
	175, Arg-191 to Asn-197, Gln-205 to Gly-233, Lys-235 to Ala-274.
880071	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6208 as residues: Ser-36 to Ser-41, Ser-77 to Gln-83.
880074	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
••••	ID NO 6200 as residues: See 7 to Cla 13 Cla 25 to Cla 24 Cla 25
	ID NO. 6209 as residues: Ser-7 to Gln-12, Gly-25 to Gly-31, Gly-71 to
990410	Gly-84, Leu-147 to Glu-164, Trp-172 to Leu-180.
880418	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
000444	ID NO. 6210 as residues: Ser-56 to Val-64, Lys-66 to Cys-73.
880649	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6212 as residues: His-28 to Gly-35, Gln-141 to His-147, Glu-
	232 to Gln-237, Ala-264 to Glu-269.
880694	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6213 as residues: Glu-21 to Glu-27, Arg-34 to Ile-41, Leu-83 to
	Ala-93, Pro-120 to Glu-130.
880747	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-	ID NO. 6214 as residues: Pro-16 to Phe-23, Gln-45 to Cys-50, Asn-66
	to Asp.73. Re.08 to Uic 105. Dec 102 to Pro 100 vr. 200 to 200
	to Asn-73, Ile-98 to His-105, Pro-183 to Pro-190, His-206 to Ser-212,
990004	Thr-295 to Pro-316, Ser-364 to Trp-370, Gln-385 to Asn-396.
880994	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
00112	ID NO. 6216 as residues: Ile-32 to Tyr-47.
881105	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	1D NO. 6220 as residues: Arg-9 to Gln-35, Ile-113 to Gly-120.
881219	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6221 as residues: Ser-17 to Thr-25, Lys-39 to Thr-48, His-53 to
	Arg-60, Pro-67 to Asn-72, Thr-157 to Phe-165, Gln-212 to Glu-221,
	Gly-241 to Ser-260. Thr-204 to Dhe 200. The 210 to The 200 of the
i	Gly-241 to Ser-260, Thr-294 to Phe-300, Ile-319 to Lys-328, Ser-338 to
	Lys-343, Leu-383 to Phe-388, Gly-430 to Asp-441, Ser-466 to Glu-475,
i	Gin-541 to Pro-554, Val-583 to Thr-595, Leu-598 to Arg-603, Gln-608
	to Gln-614, Asp-639 to Asn-648, Asp-654 to Phe-667, Lys-676 to Val-
	704, Lys-725 to Ser-731, Pro-739 to Ala-763, Asp-772 to Gly-778.
881221	704, Lys-725 to Ser-731, Pro-739 to Ala-763, Asp-772 to Gly-778. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6222 as residues: Ile-1 to Lys-11, Asn-59 to Phe-65, Phe-70 to

	Acr 70 Lya 156 to Ch. 162 Pr. 168 to A. 175 P. 200
	Asn-79, Lys-156 to Glu-162, Pro-168 to Asp-175, Pro-213 to Leu-219,
882330	Asn-246 to Leu-266, Ser-275 to Asp-286, Gln-334 to Leu-345.
802330	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
882715	ID NO. 6223 as residues: Arg-20 to Ser-27, Glu-40 to Glu-50.
002/13	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6224 as residues: Glu-4 to Asn-14, Gln-66 to Gly-73, Leu-88 to
992720	Leu-97, Val-101 to Gln-107.
882729	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
Į	ID NO. 6225 as residues: Arg-7 to Gly-12, Met-42 to Ser-58, Gln-65 to
	Asn-73, Glu-91 to Ala-99, Pro-103 to Tyr-109, Arg-174 to Ala-179, His-
992762	189 to Gln-196, Asn-208 to Pro-219.
882762	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6226 as residues: Arg-8 to Asn-30, Ser-37 to Gln-42, His-74 to
202172	Leu-82, Arg-92 to His-97, Gln-114 to Leu-119, Gly-131 to Gly-137.
883172	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
200000	ID NO. 6227 as residues: His-1 to Arg-10.
883371	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6230 as residues: Asp-24 to Trp-41, Tyr-106 to Lys-114, Ala-
	161 to Glu-167, Pro-182 to Leu-190, Ala-193 to Pro-200, Leu-205 to
	Tyr-212, Pro-240 to Lys-252, Pro-254 to Lys-262, Leu-293 to Leu-303.
883753	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
<u> </u>	ID NO. 6231 as residues: Gly-156 to Met-161, Cys-186 to Lys-197.
883799	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6232 as residues: Ser-1 to Glu-18, Val-79 to Glu-88.
883945	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6233 as residues: Ser-21 to Arg-28.
883971	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6234 as residues: Ser-19 to Gly-24, Gly-54 to Ser-59.
884038	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6235 as residues: Pro-18 to Asn-25, Ala-44 to Asn-50, Arg-56
	to Lys-64, Gly-76 to Gly-85, Lys-92 to Leu-98, Gly-116 to Gly-121,
	Gln-132 to His-138, Thr-159 to Asp-167.
884095	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6236 as residues: Arg-50 to Thr-56, Pro-116 to Arg-121, Lys-
	129 to Phe-136, Glu-139 to Leu-144, Lys-156 to Leu-162.
884161	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6237 as residues: Asn-16 to Tyr-23, Glu-47 to Trp-56, Ser-90 to
	Lys-96, Ala-126 to Glu-136, Pro-138 to Lys-149, Glu-181 to Gly-186,
	Trp-208 to Lys-219, Arg-347 to Ala-358, Leu-370 to Lys-381, Thr-408
	to Ile-415, Pro-425 to Leu-437, Gln-450 to Asn-455.
884168	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6238 as residues: Glu-94 to Tyr-102, Pro-105 to Asn-112, Thr-
	121 to Gly-137, Glu-157 to Gly-162, Glu-179 to Phe-186, Cys-211 to
	Thr-222, Ser-240 to Lys-245, Thr-262 to Asn-279, Arg-288 to Pro-306.
	Asn-332 to Gln-339, Ser-375 to Leu-382, Arg-408 to Gly-415, Asp-423
	to Thr-428, Ser-471 to Asn-476, Pro-545 to Gly-551, Ser-606 to Pro-
	616, Ala-662 to Gly-667, Thr-675 to Tyr-682, Glu-714 to Trp-720, Pro-
	722 to Val-732, Pro-787 to Thr-795, Arg-811 to Glu-816, Gln-880 to
	Thr-891.
884215	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

ł	ID NO. 6239 as residues: Met-10 to Gln-18, Pro-23 to Leu-31, Glu-46
	to Arg-51, Phe-135 to Pro-143, His-218 to Asp-227, Pro-244 to Met-
	250, Lys-258 to Asp-263, Pro-266 to Leu-276, Pro-286 to Asp-293.
884529	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6241 as residues: Arg-8 to Ser-15, Gln-89 to Gln-95, Leu-109
	to Tyr-115, Glu-126 to Arg-133.
884719	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6242 as residues: Arg-4 to Ala-10, Arg-40 to Gly-45, Asp-86 to
	Tyr-91, Pro-100 to Phe-113.
885350	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6243 as residues: Arg-15 to Pro-21, Cys-29 to Cys-41, Pro-52
	to Leu-63, Pro-98 to Ser-108, Tyr-113 to Cys-118, Cys-124 to Asp-129,
1	Cys-180 to Gln-187, Cys-247 to Cys-259, Ser-279 to Trp-286, Cys-296
Į.	to Cys-302, Pro-304 to Cys-309, Ser-343 to His-348, Gln-367 to Lys-
	373
885476	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6244 as residues: Lys-28 to Glu-51, Lys-123 to Leu-133.
885484	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6245 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-10, Gly-22 to Gly-27.
886505	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6248 as residues: Ser-64 to Gln-70, Ala-75 to Leu-80, His-82 to
	Gly-87, Ser-121 to Lys-137.
886788	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6250 as residues: Lys-60 to Lys-65, Lys-78 to Lys-94, Leu-116
	to Gln-123.
887098	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6252 as residues: Pro-1 to Ala-9, Val-56 to Val-63, Gly-86 to
	Glu-91.
887114	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6253 as residues: Glu-38 to Arg-52, Ser-56 to Val-62.
887155	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6254 as residues: Thr-3 to Pro-9, Pro-18 to Gly-25, Ala-30 to
	Gly-36, Arg-41 to Asp-56, Ala-60 to Pro-68, Met-99 to Leu-128, Thr-
007170	143 to Phe-157.
887172	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
007100	ID NO. 6255 as residues: Cys-5 to Ser-14, Val-83 to Ser-88.
887192	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6256 as residues: Glu-29 to Cys-39, Val-46 to Ser-52, Asn-58
	to Gly-65, Cys-68 to His-82, Tyr-84 to Gly-94, Leu-122 to Trp-138,
	Ala-158 to Leu-170, Gly-175 to Arg-182, Tyr-203 to Ser-210, Gly-246
007000	to Met-258, Arg-288 to Gln-296.
887280	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6257 as residues: Asn-1 to Gly-15, Pro-18 to Asn-28, Gln-35 to
007200	Glu-40, Arg-60 to Arg-69.
887399	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6258 as residues: Pro-8 to Gly-18, Ala-94 to Gly-99, Asn-107
	to Arg-112, Phe-161 to Arg-166, Thr-196 to Phe-201, Tyr-309 to Gly-
00555	316, Leu-326 to Arg-331.
887535	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6261 as residues: Glu-26 to Gly-32, His-73 to Arg-79.

887803	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6262 as residues: Ala-1 to Gln-7, Lys-24 to Ser-30, Pro-44 to
007067	Ser-49, Ser-99 to Ser-105.
887857	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6263 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-6, Pro-25 to Cys-31, Arg-142 to
	Lys-150, Pro-223 to Gly-230, Ala-233 to Val-247.
887892	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6264 as residues: Ser-10 to Ile-15, Val-60 to Arg-66, Tyr-114 to
	Leu-128.
887936	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
00,750	ID NO 6365 so residues. Les 145 Con 6 Les 4645 The 63. Al. 664
	ID NO. 6265 as residues: Leu-1 to Cys-6, Lys-46 to Thr-53, Ala-56 to
007006	Glu-63.
887996	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6266 as residues: Ala-1 to Gly-6, Pro-9 to Pro-24, Gln-70 to
	Tyr-82, Glu-127 to Ser-134.
888051	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
l .	ID NO. 6268 as residues: Trp-45 to Trp-56, Thr-58 to Asp-73, Thr-126
	to Arg-133, Phe-148 to Ser-155, Val-208 to Gly-223.
888153	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6270 as residues: Gly-5 to Leu-12, Tyr-18 to Asp-25, Ile-88 to
İ	Ala-125, Ser-129 to Tyr-141, Gln-191 to Gln-196, Thr-290 to Asn-296,
	The 201 to The 200 Law 200 to Ale 205 Law 207 to Change By
	Thr-301 to Thr-309, Leu-360 to Ala-365, Leu-367 to Gly-378, Pro-398
000400	to Gly-418, Pro-443 to Gly-454.
888402	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6272 as residues: Leu-11 to Asn-16, Gly-164 to Glu-171, Leu-
	181 to Ser-186, Asp-193 to Ser-201, Glu-222 to Leu-229, Gln-238 to
ľ	Tyr-245, Leu-256 to Asp-267, Gly-286 to Gln-301, Ser-311 to Ala-319,
	Glu-345 to Gly-351, Phe-361 to Asp-367, Thr-436 to Arg-443, Ile-460
	to Gln-467, Gln-510 to Glu-533, Ala-541 to Ala-548, Gln-561 to Glu-
ļ	571, Leu-581 to Ala-590, Phe-639 to Ser-652.
888708	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6275 as residues: Ile-27 to Val-33, Ala-63 to Ser-69, Pro-128 to
	Ser-135.
888720	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
} 000720	ID NO 6276 no residues. Pho 24 to Che 44. Che 111 to Cl. 100
888950	ID NO. 6276 as residues: Phe-34 to Glu-44, Glu-111 to Gly-122.
000930	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6278 as residues: Lys-56 to Gln-64, Pro-172 to Gly-183, Asp-
l	208 to Asn-216, Glu-227 to Gly-232, Pro-259 to Arg-269, Asn-281 to
	His-286.
889136	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6279 as residues: Arg-1 to Lys-14, Glu-19 to His-26.
889263	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6280 as residues: Gly-18 to Gly-30.
889299	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6281 as residues: Leu-5 to Ser-12.
889300	
00/300	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6282 as residues: Glu-15 to Gly-22, Asn-45 to Pro-51, Glu-141
	to Asn-146, Asp-154 to Gln-163, Glu-185 to Ser-191, Arg-200 to Pro-
	206, Asp-220 to Asn-225, Glu-231 to Asn-237, Ser-262 to Gly-269, Pro-
L	276 to Ala-281, Glu-314 to Thr-320, Ser-416 to His-424, Gly-426 to

	Ala-438, Pro-445 to Phe-450, Arg-464 to Leu-469.
889323	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
00,525	ID NO 6283 as residues: Pro 1 to Ch. 11 Pro 12 a AV. 40 at 150
	ID NO. 6283 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-11, Pro-13 to His-42, Arg-55 to
000000	Arg-66, Arg-84 to Gly-91, Gly-96 to Pro-101, His-112 to Pro-118.
889368	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6284 as residues: Pro-1 to Asn-9.
889467	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6285 as residues: Asp-10 to Asp-19, Ala-63 to Asp-68.
889494	Professed enitones included. Asp-10 to Asp-17, Ala-03 to Asp-08.
007474	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
000000	ID NO. 6286 as residues: Arg-1 to Ser-6.
889700	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6287 as residues: Ala-4 to Gly-14, Pro-20 to Cys-27, Leu-88 to
	Gly-94, Gly-106 to Lys-120, Pro-144 to Leu-150.
889782	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6288 as residues: Val-103 to Ser-108.
990064	D 100. 0288 as residues: Val-103 to Ser-108.
889954	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6289 as residues: Glu-21 to Tyr-33, Ile-90 to Ser-95, Pro-103 to
	Val-111, Ala-133 to His-140, Asn-153 to Trp-159, Gln-187 to Glu-192,
	Lys-214 to Arg-224.
889994	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO 6291 as residues: Ale 1 to Cla 7 I as 244 Cla 20 P
	ID NO. 6291 as residues: Ala-1 to Gln-7, Lys-24 to Ser-30, Pro-44 to
000666	Ser-49.
890666	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	1D NO. 6292 as residues: Pro-36 to Trp-51, Arg-96 to Gly-104, Glu-134
	to Asn-144, Pro-203 to His-210, Cys-228 to Asp-235, Gly-278 to Tyr-
	284, Ser-309 to Pro-316, Thr-325 to Ala-333, Ser-337 to Glu-357, Tyr-
	390 to Gly-403, Tyr-409 to Gly-421.
890698	Preferred enitones include the
0,000	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
000774	ID NO. 6293 as residues: Ser-37 to Asp-43.
890776	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6296 as residues: Ser-4 to Trp-13, Pro-276 to Ala-282, Ala-341
	to Arg-347.
890801	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6297 as residues: Asn-9 to Arg-15.
890820	Drofomod anitoman 1 1 1 1
070020	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	[ID NO. 6298 as residues: Arg-110 to Asp-115, Leu-185 to Gln-193
	Ser-201 to Asp-208, Arg-215 to Arg-221, Arg-242 to Tyr-250, Thr-315
	to Thr-320, Lys-359 to Val-367, Ser-395 to Tyr-401, Met-406 to Lys-
	411.
891264	
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
001007	ID NO. 6302 as residues: Asp-1 to Gly-15, Ala-22 to Tyr-28.
001205	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
891305	
891305	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44. Thr-46 to Asp-55 Ser-78
891305	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78
	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87.
891305 892113	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
892113	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6305 as residues: Gln-15 to Gln-22, Leu-216 to Lys-223.
	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6305 as residues: Gln-15 to Gln-22, Leu-216 to Lys-223. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
892113	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6305 as residues: Gln-15 to Gln-22, Leu-216 to Lys-223. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
892113	ID NO. 6303 as residues: Asp-39 to Tyr-44, Thr-46 to Asn-55, Ser-78 to Ala-87. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6305 as residues: Gln-15 to Gln-22, Leu-216 to Lys-223.

892367	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
900560	ID NO. 6308 as residues: Ser-31 to Gln-40.
892563	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6310 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-23.
892820	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6311 as residues: Pro-8 to Thr-19.
893457	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6313 as residues: Lys-12 to Thr-18.
893827	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6314 as residues: Glu-37 to Asn-42, Ser-48 to Thr-54, Pro-101 to Glu-106.
893842	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6315 as residues: Asp-1 to Tyr-7, His-71 to Pro-78.
893866	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6316 as residues: Ala-12 to Lys-28, Ala-88 to Gly-95, Thr-100 to Cys-109.
894012	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6318 as residues: Ser-39 to Gln-48, Ala-61 to Pro-69.
894051	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6319 as residues: Arg-52 to Glu-66.
894121	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6320 as residues: Gly-28 to Ser-36, Trp-38 to Pro-60, Pro-98 to Thr-104, Pro-113 to Tyr-118, Phe-133 to Gly-140, Pro-186 to Leu-192, Glu-239 to Gly-246, Pro-257 to Lys-269, Lys-273 to Lys-279.
894341	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6321 as residues: Asn-18 to Asp-29.
894631	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6323 as residues: Met-1 to Gly-17, Pro-22 to Gly-30, Gly-72 to His-82, Leu-89 to Lys-95.
894806	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6324 as residues: Leu-99 to Ser-104.
894811	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6325 as residues: Asn-1 to Asn-8, Phe-49 to Asn-54, Glu-57 to Ser-63.
894820	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6327 as residues: Leu-8 to Gly-15.
894824	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6328 as residues: Ser-8 to Asp-13, Arg-19 to Ser-25.
894827	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6329 as residues: Arg-5 to Lys-11.
894830	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6330 as residues: Thr-102 to Gln-132.
894831	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6331 as residues: Ile-132 to Gly-138, Phe-149 to Thr-154.
894832	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6332 as residues: Pro-6 to Lys-17, Ser-66 to Pro-72, Pro-84 to Val-93.
894842	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6333 as residues: Ser-65 to Asp-70.

894878	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6334 as residues: Arg-9 to Trp-27, Pro-39 to Asn-44.
895122	ID NO. 6335 as residues: Thr-11 to Pro-34, Asn-151 to Glu-157, Asp-302 to Phe-309, Tyr-333 to Gly-339.
895303	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6336 as residues: His-1 to Asp-9, Leu-11 to Glu-24, Pro-59 to Gln-65.
895372	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6337 as residues: Asn-7 to Ser-19, Arg-81 to Asn-94, Lys-99 to Asp-104.
895675	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6338 as residues: Asn-47 to Gly-52, Pro-67 to Asp-72, Pro-100 to Leu-105, Ser-115 to Asp-120, Leu-128 to Asn-135.
895927	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6340 as residues: Asn-3 to Trp-18, Gly-30 to Ser-35, Pro-41 to Ser-51, Ser-132 to Tyr-143.
896008	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6341 as residues: Pro-5 to Thr-28, Val-65 to Gly-71, Thr-82 to Gly-96.
897234	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6342 as residues: Ala-1 to Asp-10, Leu-24 to Phe-30, Pro-36 to Ser-42.
897524	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6343 as residues: Thr-1 to Cys-24, Lys-26 to Ser-32, Gln-83 to Thr-91, Thr-131 to Gly-137, Lys-170 to Asp-177, Asp-190 to Pro-198.
897898	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6344 as residues: Pro-23 to Arg-31, Gln-79 to Gln-85, Cys-93 to Cys-107.
898087	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6345 as residues: Ser-49 to Asp-59, Arg-69 to Tyr-87.
898136	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6346 as residues: Ser-12 to Ser-19, Ala-47 to Lys-52, Arg-96 to His-105.
898192	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6348 as residues: His-9 to Ile-14, Tyr-58 to Phe-64, Thr-75 to Phe-81.
898355	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6349 as residues: Pro-5 to Gly-18, Pro-21 to Asn-31, Gln-38 to Glu-43, Arg-63 to Arg-78.
898427	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6351 as residues: Gly-6 to Ile-11, Pro-13 to Arg-38, Glu-68 to Lys-74, Asp-88 to Ser-93, Glu-122 to Gly-130, Glu-145 to Glu-150, Thr-156 to Asp-174, Glu-200 to Arg-208, Ala-226 to Leu-240.
898541	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6352 as residues: His-1 to Leu-11, Arg-37 to Ile-43, Gln-111 to Pro-120, Asp-133 to Asn-138, Arg-159 to Cys-165, Val-241 to Lys-265, Glu-326 to Tyr-331, Pro-365 to Asn-382, Asn-418 to Asp-430, Ala-434 to Ser-441, Tyr-479 to Gly-496, Pro-498 to Ser-505.
898651	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6353 as residues: Ser-6 to Pro-11, Pro-27 to Glu-32, Pro-65 to
	Trp-71, Val-208 to Pro-215, His-220 to Thr-225.
898946	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6355 as residues: Thr-4 to Arg-14, Glu-34 to Pro-46.
899130	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6356 as residues: Pro-10 to His-19, Leu-47 to Tyr-55, Phe-93 to
	Gly-105, Ser-220 to Trp-227, Phe-295 to Thr-301, Thr-309 to Trp-315,
	Arg-326 to Phe-334, Arg-458 to Pro-466.
899224	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6357 as residues: Ser-3 to Gly-28, Gly-46 to Pro-56, Gly-70 to
	Ile-92, Gln-102 to Ser-117, Ala-123 to Pro-129, Pro-135 to Leu-140,
	Pro-150 to Asp-158, Pro-165 to Pro-177, Gln-188 to Asp-205, Ile-230 to
	Arg-245, His-251 to Trp-260, Asp-262 to Cys-267, Asn-296 to Arg-307,
	Glu-322 to Pro-330, Ile-351 to Asn-357, Asp-363 to Leu-369, Glu-386
899632	to Phe-391, Lys-415 to Ser-420.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6358 as residues: Thr-11 to Ser-16, Gly-25 to Asn-40.
899661	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ĺ	ID NO. 6360 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Pro-35 to Trp-41, Arg-51 to
	Asp-64, Asp-69 to Gln-74, Gly-83 to Asn-96, Pro-107 to Lys-116, Glu-
000000	149 to Ser-171, Ile-177 to Ile-186.
899776	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6361 as residues: Met-36 to Arg-49, Pro-72 to Gly-82, Glu-89
900005	to Gly-96, Tyr-129 to Thr-135.
899885	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6363 as residues: His-65 to Gly-74, Asp-85 to Ser-97, Leu-133
	to Glu-138, Glu-144 to Asp-153, Arg-170 to Ser-175, Gly-184 to Arg-
899913	189, Gln-202 to Tyr-208.
0,,,,,,	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6364 as residues: Lys-1 to Tyr-16.
900015	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6365 as residues: Lys-23 to His-36, Asp-52 to Leu-68.
900162	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6366 as residues: Gly-1 to Leu-9, Gly-48 to Gln-53, Cys-74 to
	Pro-79, Thr-118 to Val-128.
900555	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6368 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Cys-131 to Gly-136, Thr-198
	to Asn-203, Pro-231 to Asp-236.
900696	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6369 as residues: Arg-11 to Ser-23, Arg-72 to Pro-84, Asp-90
}	to Ser-103, Gly-172 to Glu-179, Pro-190 to Phe-197, Val-210 to Arg-
	216, Pro-228 to Leu-233.
900777	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6370 as residues: Pro-5 to Arg-16, Thr-21 to Gly-27, Ser-35 to
	Gln-40, Arg-103 to Lys-112, Gly-172 to Pro-188, Gln-190 to Met-198.
900784	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6371 as residues: Gln-36 to Trp-52, Gly-164 to Gly-175, Ile-
l	210 to Arg-215, Asn-417 to Val-422, Val-426 to Gln-431, Val-439 to
ł	Gly-444, Lys-470 to Leu-481, Phe-500 to Ser-511, Met-553 to Gly-563,
L	Glu-691 to Thr-700, Ile-714 to Gly-723, Ala-750 to Gly-762, Leu-788 to

	Phe-794, Ser-798 to Gln-803, Thr-811 to Lys-816, Ser-824 to Phe-835, Thr-882 to Glu-892, Leu-901 to Gln-907, Gln-937 to Met-944.
900838	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6372 as residues: Pro-9 to Gly-15, Pro-47 to Pro-69, Pro-113 to
	Cys-122.
900966	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6374 as residues: Arg-34 to Gly-42, Gly-53 to Ser-59, Ala-74 to
1	Gly-81, Glu-89 to Gly-103, Gly-108 to Gly-113, His-120 to Gly-223,
j	Asp-225 to Gly-243, Pro-247 to Gly-312, Gly-317 to Asp-322.
901111	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
, , , , , ,	ID NO. 6377 as residues: Pro-17 to Asp-36, Pro-102 to Glu-108, Pro-
	122 to Lys-128, His-150 to Gly-155, Asn-162 to Tyr-168, Pro-186 to
	Gln-193, Ser-205 to Pro-211, Gln-305 to Gly-317.
901128	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
"""	ID NO. 6379 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-8, Pro-38 to Pro-45, Thr-103 to
	Ser-109, Cys-112 to Trp-119, Ala-201 to His-210, Glu-230 to Asn-241,
]	Trp-263 to Ala-269.
901202	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6380 as residues: Pro-1 to Leu-17, Gly-36 to Gly-49.
901253	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6381 as residues: Gly-13 to Met-26, Arg-34 to Gly-39, Ile-60 to
	Ser-80, Ala-85 to Thr-98.
901276	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6382 as residues: Gln-1 to Arg-24, Gln-41 to Ala-48, Ser-70 to
	Gly-82, Glu-104 to Phe-112, Lys-126 to Ser-132, Pro-276 to Ile-281.
901333	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6383 as residues: Gln-48 to Lys-64, Glu-175 to Thr-183.
901375	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6384 as residues: Pro-3 to Lys-8, Phe-43 to Gly-51, Lys-55 to
	Ala-62, Ser-92 to Gln-98, Asp-106 to Trp-113, Ser-125 to Asn-134, Ser-
	150 to Phe-160.
901421	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6386 as residues: Arg-29 to Leu-38, Lys-47 to Arg-53, Asp-70
	to Thr-75, Glu-116 to Leu-124, Gln-134 to Ser-143, Ser-158 to Trp-163,
	Pro-168 to Asp-180.
901472	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6387 as residues: Arg-1 to Val-7, Ala-156 to Phe-162.
901473	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6388 as residues: Leu-39 to Ile-47, Val-92 to Arg-98, Tyr-146
	to Leu-160, Asp-185 to Phe-192, Phe-195 to Gly-207.
901494	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6389 as residues: Pro-11 to Trp-16, Gln-25 to Ser-37, Pro-99 to
	Gly-104, Pro-109 to Gly-115, Trp-201 to Thr-209.
901515	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6390 as residues: Gln-46 to Leu-51, Asp-58 to Asn-65, Lys-70
	to Gln-75, Pro-111 to Thr-117, Gly-176 to Gly-185, Asp-205 to Gly-
	213, Thr-247 to Ile-263, Leu-269 to Lys-279.
901567	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6391 as residues: Phe-3 to Ala-8, Pro-17 to Gly-24, Asn-162 to
	Gln-179, Asn-195 to Asp-201, Glu-207 to Leu-213.

901578	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6392 as residues: Leu-1 to Glu-13, Ile-34 to Arg-40, Lys-46 to
	Arg-57, Ala-77 to Ile-88, Pro-103 to Asp-111, Phe-127 to Ser-138.
901621	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6393 as residues: Gln-7 to Gly-12, Leu-60 to Pro-65, Arg-85 to
	Lys-99, Ser-132 to Pro-145, Pro-150 to Asp-155, Pro-183 to Asn-193,
	Arg-200 to Tyr-206.
901875	
7010/3	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6394 as residues: Gly-13 to Met-26, Arg-34 to Gly-39, Ile-60 to
Ī	Ser-80, Ala-85 to Thr-98, Asn-109 to Val-140, Lys-150 to Thr-157, Gly-
	174 to Ala-201, Thr-204 to Lys-212, Thr-237 to Gly-243, Pro-251 to
	Pro-261, Ala-263 to Lys-277, Phe-281 to Arg-286, Arg-333 to Asp-341,
ł	Glu-407 to Asp-412, Gly-424 to Gly-430, Gly-570 to Trp-583, Gln-614
	to Gly-619.
HCRMU56	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6396 as residues: Leu-7 to Leu-13, Pro-15 to Gln-27.
HKCSA70R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6398 as residues: Leu-29 to Val-34, Gln-42 to Gly-52.
HWLOB10	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6399 as residues: Gly-49 to Pro-54.
HCQCG26R	Preferred enitones include these commissions and in the commission of the commission
I I CQC G Z G R	
ļ	ID NO. 6400 as residues: Gly-1 to Asp-6, Asp-16 to Ser-21, Val-36 to
HOENF69R	Cys-43, Ser-51 to Leu-60, Ile-65 to Lys-70.
HOENFOSK	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
}	ID NO. 6404 as residues: Ala-15 to Ser-32, Ser-34 to Gly-43, Thr-57 to
	Gly-65.
HWLQY33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6406 as residues: Gln-17 to Lys-22.
HCRNF08R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6407 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-13, Asn-33 to Arg-39.
HKCSZ69R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6408 as residues: Thr-32 to Lys-37.
HCQAG23	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6409 as residues: Arg-22 to Thr-28.
H2LAF75R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6411 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-6.
H2LAT73R	Professed enitenes included the
, MEDITION	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
шшыла	ID NO. 6413 as residues: Thr-3 to Ser-10.
HUUAQ45	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6422 as residues: Arg-13 to Asn-22, Lys-42 to Glu-48.
HWLWQ51	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6423 as residues: Ala-18 to Asn-24, Thr-65 to Arg-71, Val-84
	to Thr-96.
HKLAB44R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
•	ID NO. 6424 as residues: Val-7 to Trp-19, Ser-73 to Ser-79, Lys-86 to
	Ser-94.
HOCDAGE	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
LIZEDAUNK	A LEGISLA CONTROL BUCHLUE HOUSE COMMITTICING A COMPANA CHAUM IN CLAY
H2CBA06R	ID NO 6425 as residues. At 12 as a 22 as
112CDAUOK	ID NO. 6425 as residues: Ala-12 to Asp-20, Glu-30 to Arg-40, Gln-51 to Arg-57, Arg-79 to Tyr-88.

HCNAH60	Description in the first state of the state
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6427 as residues: Arg-19 to Gly-32.
HWMBJ68	Preferred enitones include these assertions assert
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6432 as residues: Glu-10 to Gly-16, Asp-62 to Arg-69.
HELGR96R	Preferred enitages include these accomplishes a special or angular design of the second or angular design or angular design or angular design of the second or angular design of the second or angular design of the second or angular design or angular design or angular design or angular d
TIELORSOR	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6435 as residues: Leu-31 to Gln-39.
HCRQM72	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6437 as residues: Asn-5 to Lys-14, Glu-25 to Gly-33, Arg-48 to
	Thr-74.
HWLMH52	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6440 as residues: Glu-24 to Leu-30.
H2CBU03R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6441 as residues: Thr-2 to Ser-9.
HCQDR91R	
	ID NO. 6443 as residues: Gly-14 to Arg-19.
HWMBN34	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6444 as residues: Lys-7 to Thr-12, Pro-25 to Lys-30, Leu-38 to
	Asp-43, Ser-84 to Ala-95, Asp-108 to Ser-117.
HCRNF81R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6447 as residues: Pro-12 to His-17, Gln-57 to Asp-62, Thr-79 to
	Lys-101, Thr-117 to Ser-129.
HOHCI31R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6448 as residues: Leu-16 to Ser-22, Lys-24 to Glu-38.
HSKKC10R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6449 as residues: Glu-4 to Gly-10.
H2CBC52R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6452 as residues: Pro-18 to Ser-30, Pro-37 to Pro-43.
HWLMC24	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6454 as residues: Pro-4 to Gly-34.
HWLUR40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6455 as residues: Phe-3 to Lys-12.
HHAOD46	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6457 as residues: Lys-23 to Ala-40, Pro-67 to Ala-72, Val-102
HCYBA83R	to Thr-110.
I TO I BASSK	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6458 as residues: Trp-13 to Ile-21, Pro-59 to Thr-68, Ala-85 to
HCROZ77R	Lys-92, Thr-102 to Gly-113. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-10102771	ID NO. 6459 as residues: Asp-1 to Arg-8, Lys-13 to Leu-18, Gly-32 to
]	Glu-49, Lys-60 to Ala-75, Ser-84 to Asp-99, Glu-107 to Ser-119, Ala-
l	132 to Gly-141.
HCQCP20R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6461 as residues: Leu-18 to Gln-25, Lys-37 to Phe-45.
HWLNF84	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6463 as residues: Lys-17 to Asn-22, Glu-31 to Lys-36, Gln-38
	to Arg-44, Thr-81 to Thr-88.
HCRQI10R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
,	ID NO. 6468 as residues: Asp-56 to Lys-63, Lys-78 to Asn-86, Phe-92
	to Lys-99.

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HULCD94R	i i manage manage and a seduction 300 Mill III OFO
	ID NO. 6470 as residues: Lys-7 to Thr-13, Asp-24 to Thr-30, Gly-39 to
	Glu-52, Leu-70 to Arg-76, Phe-87 to Tyr-92.
HHMMF84	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6471 as residues: Lys-30 to His-37.
HCRPO08R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6472 as residues: Val-33 to Lys-38.
HWLMQ74	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6475 as residues: Pro-9 to Gly-21.
H2LAB80R	Preferred enitones include these commissions and the CEC
110221100010	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6478 as residues: Thr-14 to Val-32.
HCQDO33	Professed enitence in the state of the state
R R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6480 as residues: Trp-10 to Gly-18, Arg-34 to Pro-39.
HKAFL06R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6482 as residues: Pro-1 to Gly-14, Cys-18 to Gly-24, Ala-39 to
	Arg-55, Gly-63 to Glu-76, Gln-106 to Arg-115.
HWLOO35	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6486 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-7, Arg-13 to Glu-19.
HWLVL77	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6487 as residues: Arg-13 to Gly-40.
HBJMG15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6489 as residues: Ser-14 to Glu-27, Ile-40 to Ile-54.
H2CBH29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6490 as residues: Ser-16 to Glu-21.
H2LBB21R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6494 as residues: Phe-50 to Tyr-55, Thr-63 to Trp-69, Pro-74 to
	Arg-80.
H2LAT69R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6495 as residues: Thr-2 to Ser-11.
HLWCJ40R	Preferred enitones include the
IIL W CJ40K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HOGDQ57	ID NO. 6496 as residues: Tyr-28 to Pro-40.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6498 as residues: Pro-1 to Gln-8, Met-20 to Leu-26, Gly-42 to
77777 01 610	Ser-49, Ile-63 to Pro-73, Gly-80 to Ala-87.
HWLQM12	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6499 as residues: Pro-45 to Gly-52.
H2CBG89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6501 as residues: Met-2 to Asp-31, Leu-67 to Asp-74, Gly-93 to
	Ser-98.
HWLWQ68	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6502 as residues: Ser-21 to Glu-38.
HCYBM79	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6503 as residues: Glu-11 to Lys-22, Asp-31 to Trp-50.
HMUBO53	Preferred enitones include these commissions and the second secon
RA	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO 6504 as regidues. Cludes A 6 6 6 7 7
	ID NO. 6504 as residues: Glu-1 to Asp-6, Asn-92 to Leu-97.
HWLVN81	ID NO. 6504 as residues: Glu-1 to Asp-6, Asn-92 to Leu-97. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
HWLVN81 R	ID NO. 6504 as residues: Glu-1 to Asp-6, Asn-92 to Leu-97. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6506 as residues: Arg-6 to Val-14.
HWLVN81	ID NO. 6504 as residues: Glu-1 to Asp-6, Asn-92 to Leu-97. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO

[177]	
HDPMJ48R	I
1	ID NO. 6511 as residues: Thr-1 to Trp-14, Lys-27 to Leu-44, Glu-59 to
	Arg-73, Lys-87 to Phe-95.
HWLNJ72R	1
	ID NO. 6512 as residues: Ala-21 to Pro-30, Thr-43 to Glu-51.
HOFME52	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6513 as residues: Pro-7 to Phe-14, Glu-22 to Lys-28, Ala-31 to
	Glu-39, Lys-47 to Asp-54.
HCRMG55	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6515 as residues: Pro-4 to Gly-10, Lys-28 to Thr-37, Glu-45 to
	Glu-55.
HCRNZ49R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6516 as residues: Pro-1 to Ala-14.
H2LAD43R	
112D1D43K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCQCB53R	ID NO. 6518 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-6, Pro-20 to Trp-31.
псосвая	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TICOCT 22D	ID NO. 6522 as residues: Pro-8 to Asn-18.
HCQCL32R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TICO CD 477	ID NO. 6525 as residues: Arg-3 to Asn-18.
HCQCP47R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6526 as residues: Thr-4 to Ser-11.
HCQDC76R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6527 as residues: Asp-1 to Lys-6, Lys-11 to Ser-17.
HCQDH59	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6528 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-8.
HCQDK53	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6531 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-8.
HCQDP62R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6535 as residues: Gly-1 to Gly-8.
HKCAA76	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6543 as residues: Ser-31 to Tyr-36, Pro-64 to Gly-72.
HCRNF45R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6546 as residues: Pro-8 to Glu-13, Pro-27 to Pro-33.
HCROB90R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6555 as residues: Arg-63 to Gly-69.
HCRNI50R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
noid liber	ID NO 6556 as residues: See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15 to 110 24 Acre 56 to 120 67 See 15
	ID NO. 6556 as residues: Ser-15 to Ile-24, Asn-56 to Lys-67, Ser-80 to Lys-95.
HCRPJ34R	
HCRF 154K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCODLOSD	ID NO. 6557 as residues: Val-5 to Gln-11.
HCQBL95R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
VIIIV 65.55	ID NO. 6558 as residues: Ser-4 to Pro-10, Glu-18 to Cys-23.
HWLOR95	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6559 as residues: Ser-23 to Ala-28, Pro-64 to Glu-74, Ala-100
	to Lys-106.
HKCSI32R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
[ID NO. 6560 as residues: Ala-4 to Gln-14, Gly-36 to Gln-42, Gly-70 to
	Leu-77.
HBCJN86R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	The state of the s

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	ID NO. 6565 as residues: Pro-6 to Tyr-17, Val-39 to Gln-45.
HWLMZ47	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6567 as residues: Ile-45 to Gly-50.
HCRPD88R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6569 as residues: Asn-15 to Phe-27, His-39 to Ser-44, Glu-49 to
<u></u>	Ala-55.
HCQDC47R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6571 as residues: Asp-1 to Asn-7, Pro-22 to Ser-28, Leu-54 to
	Asn-59, Gly-95 to Arg-101.
H2CBR33R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6573 as residues: Ile-2 to Leu-8.
HWLXV36	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6574 as residues: Lys-14 to Gln-24, Pro-32 to Ile-40.
HWLRE24	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6575 as residues: Lys-20 to Gly-38, Val-42 to Thr-53, Ala-88 to
	Ala-99
HWMBA27	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6576 as residues: Gly-35 to Glu-62.
HWMBK08	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6577 as residues: Asp-2 to Cys-8.
HCQCT96R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6582 as residues: Pro-1 to Glu-14.
HWLXR95	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6584 as residues: Lys-22 to Ser-33, Ala-39 to Glu-48, Lys-70 to
	Lys-75.
HEPAD45R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6586 as residues: Met-42 to Arg-53.
HCRNP41R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6587 as residues: Arg-25 to Asn-34, Lys-54 to Glu-60.
HCYBK83	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6588 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-6.
HCRND59R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6589 as residues: Phe-88 to Pro-93, Thr-102 to Pro-113.
HCRMA15	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6592 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Glu-41.
HCRMJ42R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6593 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Glu-41.
HCRMO88	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6595 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Glu-41, Phe-57 to
	Asn-62.
HCRNB87R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6596 as residues: Arg-17 to His-22.
HCRNL44R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6598 as residues: Ser-2 to Ala-7.
HCRPK46R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6603 as residues: Tyr-3 to Gly-10, Ala-17 to Tyr-24.
HCRPK48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6604 as residues: Asn-1 to Arg-9.
HCRQG02R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6606 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gly-14.
HCRQM26	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6607 as residues: Tyr-1 to Gly-16.
HHMMA34	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6609 as residues: Gly-4 to Leu-11.
HHMMA44	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6610 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Glu-41.
ННММС42	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6611 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10.
ННММС86	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6612 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Pro-43.
HHMME38	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	D NO. 6614 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Lys-43.
ННММЕ80	
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6618 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10, Gln-36 to Lys-43.
HHMMF79	Preferred enitones include these personal include these personal include these personal include these personal include these personal include these personal include these personal include the personal include the personal include the personal include the personal include the personal include the personal include the personal include the personal includes the personal incl
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HOCTA39R	ID NO. 6620 as residues: Val-2 to Gly-9.
HOCTASSK	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
THE COST	ID NO. 6621 as residues: Lys-7 to Lys-19.
HULCG37R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
111171 2 600=	ID NO. 6623 as residues: Ile-2 to Ser-15, Gln-30 to Asp-38.
HWLMQ27	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6629 as residues: Pro-16 to Tyr-23.
HWLMQ65	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6632 as residues: Gln-37 to Arg-42.
HWLNZ20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6634 as residues: Pro-12 to Glu-21.
HWLNZ35	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6635 as residues: Pro-16 to Gly-35.
HWLNZ44	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6636 as residues: Pro-13 to Glu-22.
HWLOW58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6639 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-10.
HWMBS18	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6653 as residues: Pro-10 to Trp-21.
HCRPY45R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6662 as residues: Lys-7 to Lys-20, Gln-46 to Glu-51.
HHMMF44	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6667 as residues: Gly-8 to Leu-15, Gln-40 to Lys-48.
HTWEL13	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
RA	ID NO. 6668 as residues: Cys-6 to Ser-12.
HCRMH46	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6674 as residues: Gln-19 to Glu-24.
HWLND45	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R R	ID NO. 6676 as residues: Gly-4 to Lys-11.
HWLWG95	
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R HCDO22B	ID NO. 6677 as residues: Arg-21 to Arg-36.
HCRQO33R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6679 as residues: Pro-6 to Asp-21.

HCRMJ70R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6682 as residues: Leu-18 to Asp-41.
HWLMM72	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6683 as residues: Asp-42 to Asn-47.
HCRMD32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6684 as residues: Ala-17 to Lys-28, Glu-51 to Gln-56, Ser-64 to
	Lys-72.
НКАНМ80	
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6688 as residues: Lys-10 to Ala-17, Glu-27 to Leu-37, Met-74
	to Lys-80, Pro-94 to Gln-108.
H2CBM60R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6689 as residues: His-23 to Arg-30, Asp-61 to Asn-73, Phe-89
	to Gln-97.
HWLXR73	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6692 as residues: Arg-1 to Pro-11, Gly-16 to Gly-21, Gly-28 to
	Gly-43.
HWLOI59R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
112015	ID NO. 6693 as residues: Val-9 to Leu-20, Lys-44 to Pro-51.
HWLUX53	Professed enitones include these commissions are the CEC.
_	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6694 as residues: Gly-1 to Glu-10.
HARMO20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6696 as residues: Arg-2 to Val-18.
HCQDM81	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6699 as residues: Arg-2 to Val-18.
HFUB15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6703 as residues: Pro-26 to Gln-32.
HACCH14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6704 as residues: Thr-1 to Tyr-7.
HCRPV08R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6708 as residues: Val-26 to Val-33, Phe-41 to Ser-55, Val-62 to
	Gly-72.
HWMBB77	
1	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6709 as residues: Gln-7 to Leu-17, Lys-110 to Cys-116, Asn-
THIEDI 40D	133 to Asn-138.
HHEPL48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6710 as residues: Thr-2 to Met-11, Cys-15 to Pro-20, Asp-28 to
	Ser-33, Lys-40 to Gly-45.
HCRPT53R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6711 as residues: Tyr-9 to Phe-14, Glu-30 to Lys-39.
HTXJU67R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6714 as residues: Ile-10 to Gln-15, Pro-22 to Asn-28.
HWMCL33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6715 as residues: Ala-83 to Ala-88.
HCQCO67R	
11CQCCO/K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TIME THOOP	ID NO. 6717 as residues: Cys-15 to Ser-30, Ser-39 to Met-45.
HWLVI33R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6719 as residues: Arg-32 to Gly-38.
HWMBA55	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6720 as residues: Thr-1 to Gln-7, Thr-26 to Leu-36, Ala-86 to

	Asp-104, Ser-114 to Val-121.
HCRON89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6725 as residues: Ala-15 to Gly-22.
HLDDP53R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6727 as residues: Ala-25 to Asp-32.
HWLME23	
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6728 as residues: Ala-9 to Arg-15.
HWLVP88	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6729 as residues: Arg-21 to Ser-28, Gly-115 to Gln-142.
HWLMG29	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6739 as residues: Ser-16 to Lys-21, Pro-34 to Lys-41.
HCQCF55R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6740 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-26, Ser-42 to Tyr-50, Glu-60 to Cys-69.
HWLWB88	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6742 as residues: Pro-6 to Glu-13.
HWLXR58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6747 as residues: Glu-4 to Asp-12, Glu-19 to Lys-29, Ser-32 to
	Glu-40, Glu-51 to Thr-56, Ile-58 to Ser-79, Ser-86 to Glu-95.
HCYBO60R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6750 as residues: His-8 to Gly-18, Gly-26 to Pro-35, Pro-58 to
	Asp-64.
HE2BG62R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6751 as residues: Phe-10 to Tyr-15.
HCRMW12	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6752 as residues: Gly-21 to Asn-31, Cys-62 to Lys-68, Pro-76
	to Thr-81, Cys-105 to Arg-124, Lys-139 to Gln-145, Gly-151 to Gly-
	158.
HWLVF61	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6755 as residues: Tyr-12 to Ile-17, Pro-28 to Asn-33, Arg-45 to Asp-53.
HWMBP47	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6757 as residues: Val-1 to Val-10.
HWLQF89	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6760 as residues: Pro-8 to Pro-25, Asp-72 to Thr-78, Glu-81 to
	Ser-87.
HWMCC54	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6763 as residues: Gln-66 to Ser-71, Ser-80 to Gly-92.
HCQAS76R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6767 as residues: Thr-34 to Ser-40.
HKLRA71R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6768 as residues: Ile-1 to Ser-9.
HWMCJ58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6769 as residues: Pro-10 to Arg-18.
HWLMJ20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6770 as residues: Pro-56 to Trp-61.
HWLMU79	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6773 as residues: Trp-4 to Lys-11.
HWLNN06	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 6775 as residues: Gln-27 to Ser-32, Trp-57 to Ser-65, Glu-72 to
	Ser-85, Lys-103 to Ser-117.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6776 as residues: Asn-43 to His-64.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1	ID NO. 6777 as residues: His-61 to Gly-68.
HWLVU11	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6778 as residues: Val-65 to Thr-74, Ser-84 to Asn-101.
HCQDW90	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6785 as residues: Arg-18 to Ser-24.
HCYBM34	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6786 as residues: Arg-22 to Ser-28.
HCYBM57	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6787 as residues: Arg-31 to Thr-38.
HCQCK49	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6789 as residues: Phe-14 to Ser-22.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6792 as residues: Lys-13 to Asp-24.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6793 as residues: Phe-47 to Ser-52.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6794 as residues: Tyr-6 to Gly-13, Asn-35 to Thr-42, Pro-47 to
	Glu-56.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6796 as residues: Leu-7 to Arg-13.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6797 as residues: Asp-18 to Arg-29.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6798 as residues: Lys-12 to Asn-18, Glu-24 to Glu-31, Ile-40 to
17777 0 4 00	Ala-53, Pro-65 to Asp-75.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6799 as residues: Arg-10 to Ser-18, Pro-27 to Lys-36.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6802 as residues: Ser-1 to Arg-9, Thr-40 to Trp-47, Ser-84 to Asp-95, Leu-113 to Asn-127, Pro-140 to Arg-151.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6803 as residues: Ala-11 to Pro-20, Asn-39 to Val-46.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6805 as residues: Val-1 to Met-8.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6811 as residues: Arg-41 to Glu-46.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6814 as residues: Lys-1 to Thr-6.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6818 as residues: Leu-32 to Glu-59, Lys-67 to Lys-89.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6820 as residues: Phe-48 to Gly-56, Ile-60 to Glu-65, Pro-73 to
	Trp-80, Ser-100 to Lys-117, Lys-126 to Ser-138.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

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	ID NO. 6824 as residues: Asp-46 to Lys-51.
HOCTA19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6827 as residues: Ser-3 to Ala-12, Gly-71 to Val-84.
HWLOM88	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6829 as residues: Glu-11 to Cys-17, Ala-26 to Trp-31, Ser-43 to
	Glu-55, Gly-127 to Ala-132.
H2CBI14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6830 as residues: Lys-21 to Lys-29.
HCRNI08R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
i	ID NO. 6831 as residues: Glu-10 to Val-16, Thr-59 to Ser-66, Asp-112
	to Ala-121, Pro-147 to Ala-157.
HFPBS29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6832 as residues: Pro-22 to His-30.
HCQCB43R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6834 as residues: Asn-4 to Tyr-9.
HCQDB27R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6836 as residues: Asn-4 to Tyr-9.
HCQCR82R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6838 as residues: Glu-9 to Gly-17.
HWLWH33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6842 as residues: Arg-10 to Arg-15, Val-25 to Gly-33, Pro-45
	to Asp-51.
HCYBJ83R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6843 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-6, Arg-60 to Gly-65.
HWLRE17	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6844 as residues: Gln-34 to Gly-46, Gly-54 to Arg-61, Pro-67
	to Gly-82, Glu-91 to Asn-114.
HWLOM10	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6846 as residues: Glu-1 to Arg-11, Thr-18 to Ser-39, Ala-51 to
	Leu-56, Pro-69 to Gly-78, Glu-88 to Ala-93, Pro-114 to Lys-126, Leu-
	133 to Thr-141.
H2LBA48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6848 as residues: Thr-13 to Thr-23.
HCRPZ16R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ĺ	ID NO. 6849 as residues: Ala-14 to Cys-32, Lys-34 to Arg-40, Ser-46 to
	Trp-52, Arg-59 to Gly-64.
HKCSA80R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6850 as residues: Asn-39 to Gln-44.
HCRPH64R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6852 as residues: Arg-38 to Ser-46.
HDTBZ03R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6853 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-28, Thr-50 to Leu-57, Glu-70 to
	Trp-90, Pro-93 to Asp-100.
HLYED39R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6854 as residues: Arg-2 to Thr-9.
HCQCB85R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6855 as residues: Gly-9 to Ser-14, Gln-26 to Gly-37.
HCRNF48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6858 as residues: Glu-29 to Leu-34, Thr-40 to Pro-45, Ser-68 to

	Met-73.
HWLQA11	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6860 as residues: His-60 to Cys-69.
HWLXJ34R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6863 as residues: Arg-13 to Leu-22, Ser-25 to Glu-30, Leu-32
	to Ala-43, Thr-49 to Pro-55, Ala-69 to Tyr-76, Pro-83 to Ser-91, Glu-
	104 to Ser-115.
HCRQN67R	
	ID NO. 6865 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-12, Arg-20 to Gln-25, Pro-80 to
	Arg-86.
HCYBH30R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6866 as residues: Thr-19 to Lys-27.
HCROE26R	Preferred enitones include these commissions at the commission of
IICKOE20K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6869 as residues: Arg-25 to Val-33, Ser-43 to Gly-48, Ala-54 to
HOHBE57R	Gly-59.
попрез/К	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6870 as residues: Asp-1 to Gln-14, Thr-34 to Pro-40, Asn-42 to
IIIVA AD DOA	Asp-57, Ala-112 to Gly-117.
HWMBB94	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6872 as residues: Ser-53 to Val-62.
HUVHA17	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6873 as residues: Glu-34 to Thr-41.
HLTIJ91R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6874 as residues: Glu-11 to Leu-21, Glu-42 to Gln-50,
HCRMC40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6875 as residues: Arg-37 to Val-48.
HWLQD31	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6878 as residues: Ala-37 to Lys-42, Pro-55 to Asp-62.
HOSBE19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6880 as residues: Asp-25 to Ile-31.
HWLQG37	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6882 as residues: Ala-10 to Lys-16, Lys-19 to Val-27.
HSAMB82	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6883 as residues: Gln-1 to Arg-11.
HWLWE05	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6884 as residues: Thr-5 to Thr-14.
HFVKA92R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6893 as residues: Asp-28 to Arg-34.
HKLSA82R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6894 as residues: Phe-1 to Glu-12, Gln-21 to Asp-28, Asp-30 to
	Pro-35.
HWLNK27	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6896 as residues: Gln-2 to Trp-8.
HCRNT24R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6897 as residues: Arg-13 to Thr-21, Ser-43 to Ala-49.
ICQAW95	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	referred ephopes include mose comprising a sequence snown in SEQ
- 1	ID NO 6898 as residues: The 2 to I am 7 I am 12 to Direction
R	ID NO. 6898 as residues: Thr-2 to Lys-7, Lys-12 to Pro-21. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

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HCQCQ84R	ID NO. 6903 as residues: Gly-1 to Ala-10.
HWMBC92 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6905 as residues: Leu-49 to Asn-62, Pro-65 to Leu-84.
HWLQQ35 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6908 as residues: Arg-6 to Ala-19, Asn-26 to Thr-50, Phe-57 to Ser-62, Asp-68 to Glu-96, Ser-102 to Gly-137.
HCRNZ02R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6911 as residues: Asn-1 to Lys-9, Cys-51 to Ala-65, Thr-74 to Arg-86.
HCQDW65 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6916 as residues: Lys-19 to Ser-27.
HCQDN27 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6918 as residues: Glu-6 to Gln-21.
HCQCI92R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6919 as residues: Pro-19 to Lys-40.
HCROT79R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6922 as residues: Gly-12 to Glu-18.
H2CAA07R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6923 as residues: Glu-8 to Ala-16, Tyr-25 to Trp-32.
H2LAD20R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6924 as residues: Ser-1 to Leu-6, Ser-22 to Leu-31.
HWLQZ32 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6925 as residues: Pro-1 to Leu-7, Gly-49 to Gly-69, Glu-100 to Ala-106.
HCRQK79 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6929 as residues: Lys-7 to Gly-14, Ala-31 to Gly-37.
HCQAD53 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6930 as residues: Thr-1 to Thr-13.
HKCUD58 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6931 as residues: Ser-21 to Cys-28.
HCRNR93R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6932 as residues: Lys-54 to Leu-64.
HWLQH13 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6933 as residues: Asp-12 to Ser-19, Leu-52 to Gln-57, Leu-79 to Glu-86, Asn-97 to Phe-109, Gln-134 to Asn-142, Arg-151 to Gly-156.
H2CBQ60R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6934 as residues: Ala-23 to Asp-32, Thr-42 to Gly-47, Pro-59 to Glu-67, Phe-77 to Ser-84.
H2LAW43 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6935 as residues: Thr-3 to Ser-12.
HWLVJ22R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6936 as residues: Gln-7 to Ser-23, Pro-63 to Lys-86.
H2CAA28R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6938 as residues: Glu-17 to Cys-22.
H2CAA36R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6939 as residues: Asp-1 to Arg-9.

H2CBJ35R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6942 as residues: Val-3 to Ala-11, Ala-38 to Leu-51, Ser-53 to
	Pro-70, Gln-88 to Gly-94, Ser-106 to Ser-113.
H2CBK71R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6944 as residues: Pro-18 to Pro-24, Arg-31 to Thr-41.
H2CBN87R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6945 as residues: Asp-1 to Ser-6.
H2CBP73R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6946 as residues: Ala-2 to Ser-9, Pro-40 to Gly-54.
H2CBS94R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6947 as residues: Gly-39 to Gln-45.
H2CBV81R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
III OD VOIN	ID NO. 6949 as residues: Arg-1 to Trp-8.
H2CBW73	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
RB	ID NO. 6050 as regidues. Ten 1 to See 9. Pro 17 to Oke 27. Oke 27.
I AU	ID NO. 6950 as residues: Trp-1 to Ser-8, Pro-17 to Glu-27, Gln-41 to Val-54, Asp-65 to Pro-76.
H2LAZ29R	
HZLAZZ9K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
İ	ID NO. 6953 as residues: Asp-8 to Gly-18, Ala-21 to Arg-26, Glu-31 to
TIOL A ZOOD	Lys-36, Ser-61 to Gly-66.
H2LAZ92R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TION DOOR	ID NO. 6954 as residues: His-10 to Phe-16, Thr-64 to Arg-79.
H2LBB20R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6956 as residues: Pro-17 to Arg-29, Gly-49 to Ala-62, Gly-70 to
	Lys-81.
HBAHC91R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6960 as residues: Gln-21 to Ala-27.
HCEOM04	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6962 as residues: Thr-2 to Lys-11.
HCFOE14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6963 as residues: Glu-20 to Tyr-25, Phe-43 to Glu-48.
HCHOX67	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 6964 as residues: Ser-16 to His-21, Ala-29 to Thr-35.
HCQAB27R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6965 as residues: Lys-1 to Val-13.
HCQAB44R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6968 as residues: Thr-19 to Thr-31.
HCQAB53R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	ID NO. 6969 as residues: Ile-34 to His-39.
HCQAC03R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-	ID NO. 6970 as residues: Ser-51 to Gly-60.
HCQAD62	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6976 as residues: Ala-1 to Val-8, Arg-24 to Gly-36.
HCQAE39R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 6981 as residues: Thr-3 to Arg-19.
HCQAG32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 6986 as residues: Arg-1 to Tyr-6.
HCQAI15R	
ACIMOON	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6994 as residues: Gly-1 to Ala-8.
HCOAVIC	
HCQAK16	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

R	ID NO 6008 as regidues. Ch. 1 v. C.
HCQAK17	ID NO. 6998 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-9.
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 6999 as residues: Ala-1 to Arg-7.
HCQAL71R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7001 as residues: Val-2 to His-12.
HCQAM57 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7004 as residues: Arg-1 to Thr-8.
HCQAN95	Professed enitence includes. Alg-1 to 1111-6.
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7012 as residues: Phe-11 to Ser-17, Leu-42 to Gly-47.
HCQAR63R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7016 as residues: Thr-5 to Arg-11.
HCQAS25R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7019 as residues: His-4 to His-10.
HCQAT12R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7025 as residues: Trp-2 to Gly-9.
HCQAV66	Preferred enitones include these associations and a second
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7032 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-8.
HCQAW40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R .	ID NO. 7036 as residues: His-1 to Ile-26, Leu-30 to Ser-37, Ala-59 to Leu-66.
HCQBA47R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7038 as residues: Ser-8 to Arg-14.
HCQBE19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7043 as residues: Glu-25 to Ser-30.
HCQBL61R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7049 as residues: Arg-38 to Asn-43.
HCQBM58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7052 as residues: Gln-7 to Glu-16.
HCQCC50R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
-	ID NO. 7067 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-8, Pro-11 to Asn-21, Gln-28 to Lys-36.
HCQCD10R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
UCOCDACE	ID NO. 7072 as residues: Ser-33 to Tyr-42, Val-51 to Ser-56.
HCQCD46R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7073 as residues: Arg-14 to Thr-21.
HCQCE46R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7079 as residues: Ala-2 to Asp-10.
HCQCE83R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7085 as residues: Arg-14 to Thr-20.
HCQCF77R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7092 as residues: Lys-8 to Asn-19.
HCQCH16R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7104 as residues: Leu-31 to Thr-37, Gly-54 to Glu-61.
HCQCH47R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7108 as residues: Pro-13 to Glu-18.
HCQCJ42R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7126 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-13.
HCQCJ51R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

HCOCHTAD	In contact the second
HCQCJ77R	ID NO. 7132 as residues: Asn-1 to Thr-6.
HCQCJ89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7134 as residues: Phe-16 to Asn-27.
HCQCK81 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7145 as residues: Glu-15 to Glu-20.
HCQCK90 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7146 as residues: Pro-2 to Thr-10.
HCQCL01R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7147 as residues: Ser-10 to Gly-15.
HCQCL05R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7148 as residues: Thr-24 to Thr-33.
HCQCL14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7151 as residues: Arg-3 to Gly-13.
HCQCL48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7159 as residues: Ala-1 to Thr-13.
HCQCL51R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7160 as residues: Pro-9 to Asn-19.
HCQCL55R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7162 as residues: Pro-8 to Asn-18.
HCQCL65R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7165 as residues: Lys-1 to Gly-6, Glu-8 to Arg-13.
HCQCL78R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7169 as residues: Lys-15 to Asn-23.
HCQCL79R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7170 as residues: Pro-1 to Pro-8, Pro-17 to Asp-44.
HCQCO30R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7174 as residues: Ala-17 to Asn-28.
HCQCO53R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7175 as residues: Asn-1 to Gly-11, Gly-16 to Arg-22.
HCQCO66R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7177 as residues: Phe-2 to Asn-11.
HCQCO79R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7178 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-7.
HCQCP19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7183 as residues: Arg-8 to Met-13, Leu-16 to Leu-24.
HCQCP30R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7186 as residues: Lys-1 to His-7.
HCQCP89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7193 as residues: Leu-42 to Ser-47.
HCQCR44R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7198 as residues: Lys-34 to Asn-40.
HCQCT38R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7200 as residues: Arg-18 to Arg-26.
HCQCU08R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7204 as residues: Lys-3 to Trp-8.
HCQCU57R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7208 as residues: Lys-1 to Lys-10.
HCQCU67R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 7210 as residues: Phe-5 to Leu-13.
HCQCV50	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 7215 as residues: Thr-8 to Lys-14, Glu-38 to Thr-50, Arg-56 to
	Asp-62.
HCQCV91	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7218 as residues: Lys-1 to Phe-11.
HCQCX90	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7225 as residues: Leu-5 to Tyr-11.
HCQDA28	Preferred enitones include these assumptions
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCQDA36	ID NO. 7228 as residues: Glu-48 to Lys-57.
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCQDA66	ID NO. 7229 as residues: Met-6 to Ser-14, Ser-24 to Lys-29.
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7232 as residues: Ala-10 to Thr-15, Arg-20 to Glu-34.
HCQDB17R	
	I D NO. 1234 as residues: Ala-2 to Gly-15, Cys-20 to Asn-29, Gln-35 to
IICODD 41D	Lys-41, Phe-47 to Lys-59.
HCQDB41R	
HOOPPis	ID NO. 7237 as residues: Gly-1 to Ala-8.
HCQDB49R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7239 as residues: Phe-8 to Gly-13, Pro-16 to Asn-26, Gln-33 to
	1hr-38.
HCQDB52R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7240 as residues: Leu-13 to Ser-20.
HCQDB54R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
	D NO. 7241 as residues: Pro-5 to Trp-17.
HCQDC12R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SFO
	ID NO. 7245 as residues: Glu-8 to Asn-13, Arg-16 to Ala-28.
HCQDD35	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 7255 as residues: Asn-26 to Tyr-32.
HCQDE68R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7269 as residues: Pro-8 to Asn-18, Leu-27 to Cys-33.
HCQDF44R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7271 as residues: Ser-6 to Val-15.
HCQDF69R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7274 as residues: Ser-19 to Arg-25.
HCQDG40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7278 as residues: Asn-2 to Val-8, Phe-25 to Leu-30.
HCQDG71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7280 as residues: Lys-8 to Phe-13.
HCQDG80	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7281 as residues: Ser-4 to Tyr-10.
HCQDH18	Preferred enitones include the analysis of the second seco
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCQDH60	ID NO. 7283 as residues: Asn-31 to Ser-37.
R R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	D NO. 1288 as residues: Pro-9 to Asn-19, Gln-26 to Ser-34.
HCQDJ22R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
1000	D NO. 7306 as residues: Gly-9 to Asn-14.
HCQDK50	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

R	ID NO. 7320 as residues: Lys-38 to Asp-43.
HCQDK58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7322 as residues: Lys-1 to Trp-6.
HCQDL36R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7327 as residues: Arg-12 to Ser-20.
HCQDL57R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7331 as residues: Ser-25 to Asp-32.
HCQDL96R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7333 as residues: Ser-8 to Ala-18.
HCQDM58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7338 as residues: Phe-5 to Ala-10.
HCQDN78	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7342 as residues: Asn-1 to Gly-6, Pro-9 to Ser-14.
HCQDP14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
4	ID NO. 7351 as residues: Gly-1 to Tyr-13.
HCQDQ80	Preferred enitones include these company in the second in
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7359 as residues: Pro-34 to Ser-40.
HCQDS61R	Preferred enitones include the control of the contr
-10QD301K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCQDU60	ID NO. 7372 as residues: Ile-17 to Val-24.
R R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7387 as residues: Pro-9 to Asn-19.
HCQDU94	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R HCODY44	ID NO. 7390 as residues: Pro-7 to His-19.
HCQDV44	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7393 as residues: Thr-19 to Thr-26, Ala-38 to Arg-43.
HCRMB19	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7419 as residues: His-23 to Gln-29.
HCRMB44	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7420 as residues: Ser-1 to Ser-8.
HCRMB82	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7422 as residues: Pro-1 to Ser-9.
HCRMD33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7429 as residues: Pro-14 to Asn-21, Pro-23 to Asn-34.
HCRMD57	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SFO
R	ID NO. 7430 as residues: Arg-14 to Ser-30.
HCRMD77	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 7431 as residues: Asn-4 to Asn-10.
HCRMF07	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7436 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-10, Glu-16 to Gln-21.
HCRMF33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7439 as residues: Pro-3 to Thr-8.
HCRMF93	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7447 as residues: Leu-2 to Arg-9, Glu-23 to His-34.
HCRMG20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7449 as residues: Ser-15 to His-22.
HCRMI33R	Preferred enitones include those commission
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7457 as residues: Phe-4 to Ala-10.
HCRMI60R	Preferred enitones include these seconds
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7460 as residues: Glu-21 to Gly-41, Ala-75 to Gly-80.

HCRMJ54R	1
	ID NO. 7463 as residues: Pro-13 to Phe-23.
HCRMJ81R	
Į.	ID NO. 7465 as residues: Phe-15 to Phe-24, Asn-63 to Ala-69, Leu-80
	to Pro-85.
HCRMP32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
RA RA	ID NO. 7472 as residues: Arg-5 to Glu-14, Arg-31 to Gly-36.
HCRMS48	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7477 as residues: Arg-42 to Lys-50.
HCRMT03	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7480 as residues: Phe-5 to Ser-13.
HCRMU21	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7483 as residues: Ser-20 to Glu-28.
HCRMW62	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7497 as residues: Cys-53 to Ser-60.
HCRMY29	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7502 as residues: Arg-1 to Thr-6.
HCRMZ36	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7505 as residues: Pro-7 to Ser-27.
HCRMZ71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7507 as residues: Gly-1 to Cys-7, Thr-33 to Lys-38.
HCRMZ92	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7508 as residues: Gly-45 to Ile-56.
HCRNB85R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCRNC23R	ID NO. 7519 as residues: His-1 to Arg-9.
IICKIVC25K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ŀ	ID NO. 7520 as residues: Lys-3 to Arg-11, Pro-19 to Gly-24, Ser-74 to Trp-79.
HCRNE15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
I CIGIDISK	ID NO. 7527 as residues: Arg-7 to Ser-12.
HCRNE60R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
11010101010	ID NO. 7532 as residues: Glu-1 to Ser-11.
HCRNF01R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7533 as residues: Gly-46 to Thr-52.
HCRNH02R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7538 as residues: Asn-46 to Gly-57.
HCRNI71R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7540 as residues: Lys-1 to Trp-10.
HCRNJ25R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7541 as residues: Asp-10 to His-16, Arg-24 to Trp-29, Lys-40
	to Phe-46, Leu-83 to Trp-90, Pro-92 to His-97.
HCRNK40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7543 as residues: Ile-49 to Asn-55, Ser-69 to His-79.
HCRNK94	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7544 as residues: Met-34 to Pro-48.
HCRNL38R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7546 as residues: Ser-11 to Ser-16, Ala-52 to Glu-60.
HCRNL55R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7548 as residues: Thr-7 to Thr-15.

HCD) B 460	
HCRNM50 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7553 as residues: Ser-18 to Asn-26.
HCRNO49R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7559 as residues: Gly-24 to Arg-36, Pro-57 to Arg-65.
HCRNV70 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7571 as residues: Asn-1 to Lys-6, Ser-14 to Gly-26.
HCRNW29 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7573 as residues: Gly-23 to Ser-28.
HCRNX03 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7577 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-9.
HCRNZ22R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7581 as residues: Leu-24 to Asp-32.
HCROE81R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7592 as residues: Gly-1 to Thr-8.
HCROE89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7593 as residues: Gly-13 to His-18.
HCROF67R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7595 as residues: Lys-1 to Asn-19, Thr-61 to Ala-68.
HCROG58R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7599 as residues: Pro-44 to Gly-49.
HCROG62R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7600 as residues: Ser-19 to Pro-26.
HCROH29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7602 as residues: Thr-34 to Ser-40, Arg-102 to Trp-109.
HCROJ88R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7613 as residues: Arg-26 to Gly-33, Arg-39 to Arg-60.
HCROK42 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7619 as residues: Arg-20 to Met-28.
HCROK47 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7620 as residues: Arg-8 to Pro-13.
HCROM53 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7631 as residues: Val-11 to Gln-17, Pro-41 to Thr-47, Arg-66 to Glu-75.
HCROM56 R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7632 as residues: Arg-12 to Asn-17, Cys-26 to Gln-36.
HCRON01R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7636 as residues: Asp-4 to Thr-10.
HCRON04R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7637 as residues: Thr-1 to Pro-9.
HCRON70R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7641 as residues: Gly-1 to Arg-12.
HCROO46R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7643 as residues: Gln-47 to Ser-58.
HCROQ92R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7653 as residues: Ser-16 to Ser-28.
HCROR76R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7656 as residues: Ser-6 to Gly-11.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

HCDOTICD	In Contract to the second
HCROT15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCDCTCAD	ID NO. 7662 as residues: Pro-26 to Lys-39, Asn-42 to Asn-49.
HCROT84R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
WOD GUIVE	ID NO. 7666 as residues: Pro-22 to Gly-28, Gly-37 to Lys-44.
HCROW69	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7674 as residues: Arg-1 to Gly-8, Leu-19 to Pro-25.
HCROX18	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7676 as residues: Gly-1 to Arg-9.
HCROX38	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7678 as residues: Gly-3 to Val-9.
HCROZ45R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7683 as residues: Thr-1 to Gln-9, Thr-19 to Ser-31, Pro-36 to
	Glu-42, Leu-53 to Ala-63, Asn-92 to Gly-98, Leu-124 to Leu-131.
HCRPA19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7689 as residues: Phe-62 to His-68.
HCRPA91R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7692 as residues: Gln-15 to Asn-26.
HCRPC30R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7695 as residues: Val-1 to Gly-6.
HCRPC56R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7698 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-11, Val-27 to Val-35.
HCRPC58R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7699 as residues: Ala-4 to Thr-9.
HCRPE32R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7705 as residues: Asp-1 to Asp-18, Ser-41 to Arg-52.
HCRPE74R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
776777767	ID NO. 7706 as residues: Met-6 to Gln-17.
HCRPF62R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
*********	ID NO. 7708 as residues: Cys-16 to Lys-33.
HCRPG28R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7715 as residues: Pro-26 to Ser-32.
HCRPG37R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TYCERE	ID NO. 7716 as residues: Arg-3 to Arg-9.
HCRPH31R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HODDIIGO	ID NO. 7719 as residues: Pro-35 to Gly-40.
HCRPH50R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
A	ID NO. 7720 as residues: Pro-2 to His-8.
HCRPH58R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
A	ID NO. 7721 as residues: Arg-14 to Val-19.
HCRPJ68R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
A HODDI COD	ID NO. 7727 as residues: Trp-29 to Asn-42.
HCRPL63R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7733 as residues: Ser-10 to Leu-21, Phe-31 to Lys-36, Ala-54 to
YVOD DE COL	Leu-67.
HCRPL79R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
TION DI CO	ID NO. 7734 as residues: Arg-1 to Leu-6.
HCRPM51	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7737 as residues: Gly-14 to Thr-19, Gly-42 to Trp-48, Asp-63
	to Ala-71.

HCRPN29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7740 as residues: Lys-7 to Cys-12.
HCRPN49R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7742 as residues: Ser-6 to Thr-11, Pro-14 to His-28, Pro-34 to
]	Asp-42, Pro-51 to Thr-60.
HCRPN73R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7743 as residues: Asn-16 to Ala-21.
HCRPO31R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
"Old Osik	ID NO. 7746 as residues: Gly-25 to Arg-30.
HCRPQ72R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
none Q'zic	ID NO. 7754 as residues: Pro-12 to Ser-17, Trp-30 to Ala-35, Gln-49 to
1	Gln-55.
HCRPR62R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HOIG ROZR	ID NO. 7757 as residues: Cys-14 to His-20.
HCRPR70R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCKI K/OK	
HCRPR91R	ID NO. 7758 as residues: Arg-16 to His-24.
IICKIKSIK	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCRPT82R	ID NO. 7759 as residues: Tyr-1 to Ile-6, Gln-16 to Asp-24.
IICKF 182K	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
LICERTIOOR	ID NO. 7767 as residues: Lys-1 to Lys-7.
HCRPU09R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HCDDV01D	ID NO. 7769 as residues: Phe-20 to Thr-25.
HCRPV91R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7775 as residues: Glu-19 to Ala-31, Glu-52 to Thr-82, Leu-104
TYON DIVERS	to Gln-110, Arg-125 to Arg-130.
HCRPX71R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HORRIGAR	ID NO. 7779 as residues: Pro-5 to Ala-11.
HCRPY01R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7780 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-10, Ala-23 to Phe-33, Gln-59 to
HODDIG	Ser-64.
HCRPY91R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7782 as residues: His-9 to Thr-17, Thr-25 to His-31.
HCRQB75R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
VION 6 55 5	ID NO. 7785 as residues: Arg-11 to Gly-23.
HCRQC36R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7786 as residues: Arg-53 to Arg-60.
HCRQD29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7788 as residues: Pro-7 to Ala-15, Ser-32 to Lys-40.
HCRQD47R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7790 as residues: Ser-57 to Arg-64, Glu-71 to Gly-84, Arg-95
	to Trp-100.
HCRQJ26R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7804 as residues: Asn-1 to Gly-9.
HCRQL13R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7808 as residues: Glu-22 to Gly-27.
HCRQL65R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7809 as residues: Arg-6 to Thr-11.
HCRQM37	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7810 as residues: Ala-42 to Pro-47, Pro-59 to Ser-66, Leu-79 to

	Arg-84, Gly-114 to Thr-119, Pro-132 to Gly-139.
HCRQM58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7812 as residues: Glu-1 to Thr-7, Leu-12 to Asn-18.
HCRQM59	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7813 as residues: Glu-6 to Gly-13, Pro-64 to Ala-70.
HCYBA36R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ľ	ID NO. 7818 as residues: Tyr-40 to Ser-48.
HCYBD19R	
	ID NO. 7820 as residues: Ala-18 to Glu-26, Lys-39 to Glu-44, Phe-50
	to Ser-55.
HCYBE34R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7822 as residues: Glu-27 to Pro-34, Ser-49 to Gln-54, Ser-56 to
	Thr-62, Asp-102 to Lys-107, Gly-113 to Glu-119.
HCYBH89R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7826 as residues: Pro-33 to Pro-47.
HCYBH93R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7827 as residues: Ser-11 to Thr-19, Arg-59 to Asp-65.
HDPPE11R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7830 as residues: Pro-1 to Ala-14, Pro-44 to Gly-51.
HDTDS96R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7835 as residues: Ser-17 to Pro-22.
HE8AE77R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7840 as residues: Ile-3 to Asn-9.
HEONL43R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7842 as residues: Arg-1 to Val-10.
HFKHA60R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7845 as residues: Pro-13 to Arg-18, Phe-27 to Glu-37, Ala-45 to
l	Leu-53, Gln-61 to Glu-69, Ser-75 to Ser-82, Gln-84 to Gly-94, Ala-96 to
	Pro-112.
HFRBW76	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7847 as residues: Thr-2 to Gly-13.
HGBBA17R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7849 as residues: Asp-16 to Asn-22.
HHEQA63R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7853 as residues: Thr-13 to Ser-19, Ile-52 to Thr-59.
HHEWA82	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7854 as residues: Cys-10 to Glu-15.
ННММА39	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7856 as residues: Arg-15 to Pro-21.
HHMMB13	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7861 as residues: Glu-35 to Val-42.
HHMME20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7870 as residues: Thr-11 to Ala-17.
HJMBH59R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7881 as residues: Ser-8 to Phe-24.
HKCSB18R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7885 as residues: Arg-12 to Lys-19.
HKCSF11R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7889 as residues: Pro-18 to Ser-26.
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HKCSJ63R	Preferred epitop s include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
*****	ID NO. 7892 as residues: Pro-6 to Gly-12.
HKCTB80R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7898 as residues: Ser-7 to Val-13, Arg-54 to Pro-62.
HKCTD27R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7900 as residues: Thr-9 to Gly-16.
HKLRA55R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7904 as residues: Arg-41 to Arg-47.
HKLSB04R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7912 as residues: Ser-27 to Leu-36, Glu-45 to Gly-52.
HKLSB05R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7913 as residues: Asn-1 to Phe-7, Val-15 to Met-20.
HKLSB41R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7914 as residues: Phe-13 to Ala-27, Gly-70 to Glu-77.
HKLSB76R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 7915 as residues: Phe-1 to Gln-10.
HKLSC29R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
IIKESCZIK	ID NO. 7917 as residues: Ala-4 to Ser-12.
HKLSD79R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7922 as residues: Ser-8 to Gly-15.
HKLSD93R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7923 as residues: Gly-11 to Gly-17.
HNBTH48R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
Ì	ID NO. 7928 as residues: Thr-7 to Ser-13.
HNTCO26R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7931 as residues: Arg-1 to Lys-10, Asn-18 to Thr-28.
HOCTA23R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7933 as residues: Phe-17 to Gly-22, Thr-40 to Val-47, Pro-58 to
	Gly-72, Pro-92 to Trp-109.
HOCTB19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7936 as residues: Gln-13 to Ser-34.
HOCTB32R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7937 as residues: Arg-1 to Lys-8, Phe-30 to Lys-35.
HOCTC38R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7941 as residues: Ser-6 to Ser-14, Val-16 to Gln-23, Gly-39 to
	Ser-45, Thr-52 to Ser-58.
HOCTD35R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7946 as residues: Cys-2 to Val-7.
HOCTE12R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7950 as residues: Asn-1 to Val-6, Pro-22 to Phe-29.
HOCTF43R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
110011451	ID NO. 7953 as residues: Asp-22 to Gly-27, Arg-35 to Pro-43, Asp-63
1	to Ser-68.
HOHAS78R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HOHAS/6K	ID NO. 7959 as residues: Ala-1 to Cys-20, Arg-29 to Ser-37, Leu-48 to
	Phe-54.
HOSNW54	
1	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R UDCDD42B	ID NO. 7961 as residues: Pro-1 to Asp-8, Asn-28 to Ser-33.
HPCRD42R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

	ID NO. 7963 as residues: Arg-1 to Glu-6, Arg-52 to Arg-57.
HPFCN76R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7965 as residues: Ser-1 to Cys-16, Pro-30 to Asp-40.
HPJBZ88R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7966 as residues: Pro-17 to Gly-27, Gly-30 to His-36, Phe-44 to
	Gly-54, Pro-56 to Ala-61.
HSIFC66R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7968 as residues: Glu-8 to Asn-13, Arg-16 to Thr-29.
HSOBF88R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7969 as residues: Asp-1 to Tyr-8.
HSODE15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7970 as residues: Leu-8 to Ser-15, Gly-21 to Ser-27.
HTXRF56R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 7974 as residues: Glu-1 to Arg-6, Ala-14 to Gly-27, Arg-31 to
,	His-37.
HTYND19	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
RA	ID NO. 7975 as residues: Glu-1 to Thr-15, Val-21 to Leu-27, Ser-37 to
10.	Arg-58, Met-82 to Asn-91.
HWLMA60	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7981 as residues: Leu-10 to Arg-16.
HWLMB42	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7984 as residues: Arg-24 to Arg-41.
HWLMC65	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7985 as residues: Phe-18 to Trp-23.
HWLMC79	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7986 as residues: Thr-30 to Thr-39.
HWLME59	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7989 as residues: Asp-26 to Cys-32.
HWLME69	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7990 as residues: Arg-11 to Gly-17.
HWLME71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7991 as residues: Gln-1 to Gly-6.
HWLMG12	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R R	ID NO. 7994 as residues: Asn-1 to Gly-10.
HWLMG15	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 7995 as residues: Pro-10 to Thr-16, Arg-39 to Gly-44.
HWLMG57	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R R	ID NO. 8000 as residues: Ser-7 to Gly-17, Asn-35 to His-46.
HWLMG84	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R R	ID NO. 8002 as residues: Ser-3 to Ala-23, Pro-25 to Gly-31, Ala-59 to
K	Cly 90 Pro 92 to Uio 01 Cly 00 to Cly 110 Pro 112 to Try 122
HWLMH50	Gly-80, Pro-83 to His-91, Gly-99 to Gly-110, Pro-112 to Trp-123. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	
HWLMJ80	ID NO. 8006 as residues: Ile-2 to Gln-7, Glu-21 to Gly-27.
	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8010 as residues: Leu-65 to Thr-80.
HWLMK20	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8011 as residues: Ser-8 to Pro-19.
HWLMK25	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8012 as residues: Lys-1 to Ser-6.

HWLMK31	Deferred enitenes include the control of the contro
1 _	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8013 as residues: Arg-1 to Trp-10, Arg-15 to Gly-24.
HWLMK62	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8014 as residues: Gly-1 to Ala-10, Pro-42 to Pro-53.
HWLMM68	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8015 as residues: His-10 to Asn-16.
HWLMQ01	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8023 as residues: Asn-3 to Lys-12.
HWLMR23	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8025 as residues: Gly-9 to Lys-17.
HWLMR69	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8026 as residues: Asp-6 to Glu-13, Leu-63 to Gln-70.
HWLMS31	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8027 as residues: Pro-2 to Leu-7.
HWLMT64	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8030 as residues: Asp-1 to Gln-6.
HWLMU26	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8033 as residues: Pro-21 to Val-26, Val-28 to Val-37, Ser-44 to
ļ	Tyr-49, Phe-53 to Leu-65.
HWLMV60	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8036 as residues: Ser-27 to Glu-39, Leu-43 to Gln-48.
HWLNH76	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8050 as residues: Cys-8 to His-24, Ser-36 to Arg-44.
HWLNL41	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
r R	ID NO. 8055 as residues: Pro-1 to Glu-22, Ala-31 to Asp-39, Glu-65 to
	Pro-72.
HWLNP65	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8061 as residues: Val-12 to Trp-17, Ile-22 to Ser-28.
HWLNR26	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8063 as residues: Glu-10 to Gly-28.
HWLNY40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8080 as residues: Pro-1 to Arg-18.
HWLOA09	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8083 as residues: Tyr-13 to Phe-18, Gln-22 to Tyr-27, Pro-74 to
	Met- <u>81</u> .
HWLOC65	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8087 as residues: Arg-41 to Asn-50.
HWLOF46	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8090 as residues: Arg-11 to Val-19, Thr-28 to Ala-39.
HWLOI17R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8097 as residues: His-21 to Gly-29.
HWLOJ19R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8102 as residues: Ser-20 to Leu-37.
HWLOK12	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8105 as residues: Arg-24 to Asn-29.
HWLOK45	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8107 as residues: His-20 to Pro-26.
HWLON66	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8112 as residues: Phe-1 to Gln-11.
-`	2. C. C. La do residues. Alle A to Olif-11.

HWLON71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8113 as residues: Ala-1 to Tyr-8.
HWLOQ52	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8115 as residues: Cys-2 to Asn-8.
HWLOR15	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8117 as residues: Asp-1 to Gly-10, Thr-53 to Asp-59.
HWLOR65	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8118 as residues: Gly-16 to Gln-26, Gly-31 to Lys-37.
HWLOX29	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8132 as residues: Ser-16 to Ser-22.
HWLOY73	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8135 as residues: Pro-1 to Val-11, Pro-13 to Gln-20, Pro-39 to
	Pro-46, Gln-51 to Ala-73.
HWLOZ87	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8137 as residues: Gln-20 to Ser-27, Gln-42 to Ser-48.
HWLQA28	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 8140 as residues: Lys-40 to Asn-55.
HWLQD30	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEO
R	ID NO. 8147 as residues: Pro-6 to Pro-13, Gly-19 to Lys-39.
HWLQD40	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8148 as residues: Pro-14 to Asn-19, Glu-51 to Asn-57, Ser-67
	to Pro-75.
HWLQD46	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8151 as residues: Gly-28 to Leu-33.
HWLQD89	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8152 as residues: Lys-2 to Lys-7.
HWLQH32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8164 as residues: Asn-19 to Thr-27.
HWLQH58	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8165 as residues: Pro-45 to Asp-52.
HWLQM69	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8169 as residues: Glu-6 to Pro-12.
HWLQP18	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8175 as residues: Ser-2 to Ala-11.
HWLQQ83	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8177 as residues: Ser-26 to Gly-37, Pro-44 to Ser-50.
HWLQR90	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8178 as residues: Gln-1 to Trp-9, Val-17 to Glu-22.
HWLQT52	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8182 as residues: Gly-1 to Ser-10, Arg-16 to Met-22, Ser-24 to
[Trp-29, Gly-37 to Arg-44, Gly-52 to Ser-59, Arg-67 to Ser-85, Thr-107
	to Gly-114.
HMLQU50	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8185 as residues: Tyr-26 to Cys-34, Thr-45 to Asn-50.
HWLRB15	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8191 as residues: Leu-8 to His-14, Ser-17 to Trp-31, Thr-44 to
	Gln-50, Ala-53 to Ala-61, Thr-72 to Ala-90, Val-116 to Leu-123.
HWLRE01	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8194 as residues: Ser-9 to Asn-19, Asn-34 to Cys-41.

HWLRO35 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in	SEQ
R ID NO. 8206 as residues: Ile-20 to Thr-29, Lys-39 to Ala-46.	
HWLRV63 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in	SEQ
R ID NO. 8218 as residues: Glu-15 to Cys-26, Arg-34 to Ile-58.	
HWLUG53 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in	SEQ
R ID NO. 8222 as residues: Asn-17 to Lys-27.	
HWLUH72 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEO
R ID NO. 8225 as residues: Asp-58 to Cys-72, Gln-81 to Glu-89.	`
HWLUJ19R Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEO
ID NO. 8231 as residues: Ser-49 to Ser-55.	•
HWLUL47 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8236 as residues: Lys-18 to Lys-24.	
HWLUL65 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8237 as residues: Asp-1 to His-8.	•
HWLUQ87 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8254 as residues: Cys-34 to Arg-41.	
HWLUR41 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8256 as residues: Ser-24 to Trp-30.	•
HWLUU88 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8261 as residues: Pro-9 to Gly-20.	_
HWLUV67 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8264 as residues: Pro-5 to Arg-13.	
HWLUZ07 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8269 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-8.	
HWLVD26 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8275 as residues: Arg-11 to Asp-16.	_
HWLVD74 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8278 as residues: His-1 to Thr-10.	
HWLVE21 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8279 as residues: Leu-33 to Glu-40, Lys-52 to Lys-62.	
HWLVF34 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8282 as residues: Arg-54 to His-62.	
HWLVJ15R Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
ID NO. 8289 as residues: Phe-38 to Phe-44.	
HWLVJ84R Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
ID NO. 8290 as residues: Asn-2 to Gly-33, Ser-35 to Phe-63.	
HWLVK62 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8292 as residues: Ser-1 to Glu-13.	
HWLVL10 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8295 as residues: Arg-1 to Thr-8.	
HWLVM05 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8298 as residues: Ala-8 to Asn-15.	
HWLVN12 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8301 as residues: Gln-1 to Tyr-6.	
HWLVV06 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8310 as residues: Arg-1 to Arg-14.	
HWLVW89 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	SEQ
R ID NO. 8317 as residues: Asn-6 to Gly-11.	
HWLVY14 Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in S	_

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R	ID NO. 8320 as residues: Ser-1 to Trp-7.
HWLWA14	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8324 as residues: Thr-1 to Trp-9.
HWLWA82	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8325 as residues: Val-1 to Ser-8, Arg-52 to Gly-58.
HWLWB71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8331 as residues: Cys-28 to Trp-42.
HWLWB77	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8333 as residues: Cys-40 to Trp-47.
HWLWD32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8334 as residues: Gly-13 to Ala-21.
HWLWD60	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8336 as residues: Tyr-16 to Phe-22.
HWLWE80	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8339 as residues: Gly-1 to Trp-6.
HWLWJ36	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8346 as residues: Asp-11 to Asn-25.
HWLWO57	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8353 as residues: Ser-1 to Phe-6.
HWLWP08	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8357 as residues: Arg-4 to Val-12.
HWLWS28	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8369 as residues: Arg-4 to Tyr-9.
HWLWU27	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8373 as residues: Ala-16 to Phe-21.
HWLWW4	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
6R	ID NO. 8374 as residues: Ser-6 to Ser-16.
HWLXA13	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8380 as residues: Asp-8 to Ser-17.
HWLXA23	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8381 as residues: Pro-10 to Ile-20.
HWLXJ59R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8388 as residues: Pro-7 to Ser-13.
HWLXN33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8391 as residues: Glu-1 to Gly-7.
HWLXP33	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8395 as residues: Thr-3 to Lys-13.
HWLXP45	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8396 as residues: Gly-10 to Gly-22, Pro-27 to Arg-35.
HWLXR49	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8403 as residues: Gly-10 to Pro-15.
HWLXT31	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8405 as residues: Gly-10 to Glu-15, Ser-31 to Lys-36.
HWMBC46	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8410 as residues: Phe-11 to Lys-17.
HWMBD22	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8411 as residues: Pro-11 to Ala-18.
HWMBD71	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8413 as residues: Asp-4 to Leu-9.
	1 21 21 0 1 1 1 2 40 1 00 1 4 40 0 . / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /

HWMBE36	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8415 as residues: Tyr-12 to Met-18.
HWMBF87	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8416 as residues: Gly-1 to Arg-6.
HWMBG63	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8417 as residues: Glu-1 to Ser-9.
HWMBI08	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8420 as residues: Arg-29 to His-37, Trp-43 to Arg-48.
HWMBK47	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8423 as residues: Asn-6 to His-11, Asn-25 to Cys-30.
HWMBL29	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8425 as residues: Leu-11 to Phe-16.
HWMBL57	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8426 as residues: Glu-46 to Tyr-57.
HWMBL82	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8427 as residues: Leu-27 to Thr-67, His-74 to Asn-79, Ser-83 to
, A	Luc 04 Cln 100 to Luc 115 Apr 122 to Thr-07, HIS-74 to ASh-79, Ser-83 to
	Lys-94, Gln-109 to Lys-115, Asp-122 to Tyr-131, Leu-138 to Arg-145, Glu-149 to Lys-154.
HWMBM67	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8430 as recidues. Gly 22 to Are 27. Als 41 to Are 47.
HWMBM83	ID NO. 8430 as residues: Gly-32 to Arg-37, Ala-41 to Asp-47. Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8431 as residues: Thr-21 to Asn-31.
HWMBN52	
R WMBN32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HWMBP01	ID NO. 8435 as residues: Thr-21 to Glu-34, Leu-50 to Cys-56.
R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
HWMBR40	ID NO. 8437 as residues: Ser-9 to Ile-17.
1	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8443 as residues: Pro-8 to Glu-19.
HWMBR68	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8446 as residues: Tyr-1 to Trp-6.
HWMBR77	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
RA	ID NO. 8448 as residues: Lys-1 to Val-8.
HWMBT23	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8454 as residues: Val-3 to Arg-14.
HWMBV48	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8458 as residues: Pro-51 to Ser-57, Gln-65 to Leu-76.
HWMBW5	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
4R	ID NO. 8460 as residues: Pro-55 to Glu-63.
HWMBY90	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8466 as residues: Thr-1 to Arg-6.
HWMCB93	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8473 as residues: His-1 to Ala-13.
HWMCE24	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8480 as residues: Asn-6 to Lys-12.
HWMCF45	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8482 as residues: Pro-10 to Phe-16.
HWMCH47	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8484 as residues: Pro-16 to Ser-24.
HWMCH76	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ

R	ID NO. 8485 as residues: Thr-5 to Val-10.
HWMCI32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8498 as residues: Lys-5 to Glu-12.
HWMCL55	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8521 as residues: Pro-3 to Asn-8.
HWMCM32	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8528 as residues: Ser-9 to Thr-16.
HWMCM80	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8534 as residues: Pro-2 to Ala-8.
H2CBK69R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8540 as residues: Thr-1 to Ile-6, Gly-35 to Ser-42, Ile-68 to
	Arg-76.
H2CBD14R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8541 as residues: Asp-57 to Leu-62.
HDTEO77R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8547 as residues: Glu-9 to Gly-17.
HCRNC15R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
ļ	ID NO. 8548 as residues: Asp-26 to Gln-33, Leu-61 to Cys-66, Thr-143
	to Asp-155.
HWLRD05	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8549 as residues: Glu-108 to Asp-119.
HPWBS43R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8550 as residues: Thr-8 to Ala-14.
H2CBU94R	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
	ID NO. 8551 as residues: Gln-7 to Lys-15, Cys-23 to Tyr-31, His-40 to
	Glu-47, Arg-66 to Cys-79, Lys-91 to Arg-98.
HWMCC56	Preferred epitopes include those comprising a sequence shown in SEQ
R	ID NO. 8554 as residues: Pro-30 to Ser-35, Arg-37 to Cys-42, Pro-47 to
	Gly-53, Arg-61 to Gln-66.

The present application is also directed to proteins containing polypeptides at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% identical to the polypeptide sequence set forth. In preferred embodiments, the application is directed to proteins containing polypeptides at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% identical to polypeptides having the amino acid sequence of the specific N- and C-terminal deletions. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

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Preferably, the polynucleotide fragments of the invention encode a polypeptide which demonstrates a functional activity. By a polypeptide demonstrating a "functional activity" is meant, a polypeptide capable of displaying one or more known functional activities associated with a full-length (complete) protein. Such functional activities include, but are not limited to, biological activity, antigenicity [ability to bind (or compete with a polypeptide for binding) to an anti-polypeptide antibody], immunogenicity (ability to generate antibody which binds to a cancer specific polypeptide), ability to form multimers with polypeptides of the invention, and ability to bind to a receptor or ligand for a polypeptide.

The functional activity of the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides, and fragments, variants derivatives, and analogs thereof, can be assayed by various methods.

For example, in one embodiment where one is assaying for the ability to bind or compete with full-length polypeptide of the present invention for binding to anti-polypetide antibody, various immunoassays known in the art can be used, including but not limited to, and non-competitive assay systems using techniques such radioimmunoassays, ELISA (enzyme linked immunosorbent assay), "sandwich" immunoassays, immunoradiometric assays, gel diffusion precipitation reactions, immunodiffusion assays, in situ immunoassays (using colloidal gold, enzyme or radioisotope labels, for example), western blots, precipitation reactions, agglutination assays (e.g., gel agglutination assays, hemagglutination assays), complement fixation assays, immunofluorescence assays, protein A assays, and immunoelectrophoresis assays, etc. In one embodiment, antibody binding is detected by detecting a label on the primary antibody. In another embodiment, the primary antibody is detected by detecting binding of a secondary antibody or reagent to the primary antibody. In a further embodiment, the secondary antibody is labeled. Many means are known in the art for detecting binding in an immunoassay and are within the scope of the present invention.

1892

In another embodiment, where a ligand is identified, or the ability of a polypeptide fragment, variant or derivative of the invention to multimerize is being evaluated, binding can be assayed, e.g., by means well-known in the art, such as, for example, reducing and non-reducing gel chromatography, protein affinity chromatography, and affinity blotting. See generally, Phizicky, E., et al., 1995, Microbiol. Rev. 59:94-123. In another embodiment, physiological correlates polypeptide of the present invention binding to its substrates (signal transduction) can be assayed.

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In addition, assays described herein (see Examples) and otherwise known in the art may routinely be applied to measure the ability of polypeptides of the present invention and fragments, variants derivatives and analogs thereof to elicit polypeptide related biological activity (either in vitro or in vivo). Other methods will be known to the skilled artisan and are within the scope of the invention.

Among the especially preferred fragments of the invention are fragments characterized by structural or functional attributes of polypeptides of the present invention. Such fragments include amino acid residues that comprise alpha-helix and alpha-helix forming regions ("alpha-regions"), beta-sheet and beta-sheet-forming regions ("betaregions"), turn and turn-forming regions ("turn-regions"), coil and coil-forming regions ("coil-regions"), hydrophilic regions, hydrophobic regions, alpha amphipathic regions, beta amphipathic regions, surface forming regions, and high antigenic index regions (i.e., containing four or more contiguous amino acids having an antigenic index of greater than or equal to 1.5, as identified using the default parameters of the Jameson-Wolf program) of complete (i.e., full-length) SEQ ID NO:Y. Certain preferred regions include, but are not limited to, regions of the aforementioned types identified by analysis of the amino acid sequence, such preferred regions include; Garnier-Robson predicted alpha-regions, betaregions, turn-regions, and coil-regions; Chou-Fasman predicted alpha-regions, beta-regions, turn-regions, and coil-regions; Kyte-Doolittle predicted hydrophilic and hydrophobic regions; Eisenberg alpha and beta amphipathic regions; Emini surface-forming regions; and Jameson-Wolf high antigenic index regions, as predicted using the default parameters of these predictive algorithms. Polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides are also encompassed by the invention.

In additional embodiments, the polynucleotides of the invention encode functional attributes of the polypeptides of the present invention. Preferred embodiments of the

1893

invention in this regard include fragments that comprise alpha-helix and alpha-helix forming regions ("alpha-regions"), beta-sheet and beta-sheet forming regions ("beta-regions"), turn and turn-forming regions ("turn-regions"), coil and coil-forming regions ("coil-regions"), hydrophilic regions, hydrophobic regions, alpha amphipathic regions, beta amphipathic regions, flexible regions, surface-forming regions and high antigenic index regions of polypeptides of the present invention. Polypeptide fragments of SEQ ID NO:Y falling within conserved domains are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Moreover, polynucleotide fragments encoding these domains are also contemplated.

Other preferred polypeptide fragments are biologically active fragments. Biologically active fragments are those exhibiting activity similar, but not necessarily identical, to an activity of the polypeptide of the present invention. The biological activity of the fragments may include an improved desired activity, or a decreased undesirable activity.

Epitopes & Antibodies

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The present invention encompasses colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides comprising, or alternatively consisting of, an epitope of the polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y, or an epitope of the polypeptide sequence encoded by a polynucleotide sequence contained in a clone deposited with the ATCC or encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the complement of the sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y or contained in a deposited clone under stringent hybridization conditions or lower stringency hybrization conditions as defined supra.

The present invention further encompasses polynucleotide sequences encoding an epitope of a polypeptide sequence of the invention (such as, for example, the sequence disclosed in SEQ ID NO:X) polynucleotide sequences of the complementary strand of a polynucleotide sequence encoding an epitope of the invention, and polynucleotide sequences which hybridize to the complementary strand under stringent hybridization conditions or lower stringency hybridization conditions defined supra.

The term "epitopes," as used herein, refers to portions of a polypeptide having antigenic or immunogenic activity in an animal, preferably a mammal, and most preferably in a human. In a preferred embodiment, the present invention encompasses a polypeptide comprising an epitope, as well as the polynucleotide encoding this polypeptide. An "immunogenic epitope," as used herein, is defined as a portion of a protein that elicits an

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antibody response in an animal, as determined by any method known in the art, for example, by the methods for generating antibodies described infra. (See, for example, Geysen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:3998- 4002 (1983)). The term "antigenic epitope," as used herein, is defined as a portion of a protein to which an antibody can immunospecifically bind its antigen as determined by any method well known in the art, for example, by the immunoassays described herein. Immunospecific binding excludes non-specific binding but does not necessarily exclude cross- reactivity with other antigens. Antigenic epitopes need not necessarily be immunogenic.

Fragments which function as epitopes may be produced by any conventional means. (See, e.g., Houghten, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82:5131-5135 (1985), further described in U.S. Patent No. 4,631,211).

In the present invention, antigenic epitopes preferably contain a sequence of at least 4, at least 5, at least 6, at least 7, more preferably at least 8, at least 9, at least 10, at least 11, at least 12, at least 13, at least 14, at least 15, at least 20, at least 25, at least 30, at least 40, at least 50, and, most preferably, between about 15 to about 30 amino acids. Preferred polypeptides comprising immunogenic or antigenic epitopes are at least 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, or 100 amino acid residues in length. Additional non-exclusive preferred antigenic epitopes include the antigenic epitopes disclosed herein, as well as portions thereof. Antigenic epitopes are useful, for example, to raise antibodies, including monoclonal antibodies, that specifically bind the epitope. Preferred antigenic epitopes include the antigenic epitopes disclosed herein, as well as any combination of two, three, four, five or more of these antigenic epitopes. Antigenic epitopes can be used as the target molecules in immunoassays. (See, for instance, Wilson et al., Cell 37:767-778 (1984); Sutcliffe et al., Science 219:660-666 (1983)).

Non-limiting examples of antigenic polypeptides or peptides that can be used to generate colon cancer antigen-specific antibodies include a polypeptide comprising the portion(s) of SEQ ID NO:Y specified in Table 8. These polypeptide fragments have been determined to bear antigenic epitopes of the colon and/or colon cancer related proteins of the invention by the analysis of the Jameson-Wolf antigenic index which is included in the DNAStar suite of computer programs. Thus, an antigenic portion of a colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide of the invention may comprise the portion of SEQ ID NO:Y shown in Table 8 or may comprise the portion shown in Table 8. By "comprise" it is

intended that an antigenic polypeptide may contain the portion of the polypeptide shown in Table 8 but it may contain additional flanking residues on either the amino or carboxyl termini of the recited portion. Such additional flanking sequences are preferrably sequences naturally found adjacent to the portion; i.e., contiguous sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:Y. Said flanking sequence may, however, be sequences from a heterologous polypeptide, such as from another colon and/or colon cancer related protein described herein or from a heterologous polypeptide not described herein.

Similarly, immunogenic epitopes can be used, for example, to induce antibodies according to methods well known in the art. (See, for instance, Sutcliffe et al., supra; Wilson et al., supra; Chow et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82:910-914; and Bittle et al., J. Gen. Virol. 66:2347-2354 (1985). Preferred immunogenic epitopes include the immunogenic epitopes disclosed herein, as well as any combination of two, three, four, five or more of these immunogenic epitopes. The polypeptides comprising one or more immunogenic epitopes may be presented for eliciting an antibody response together with a carrier protein, such as an albumin, to an animal system (such as rabbit or mouse), or, if the polypeptide is of sufficient length (at least about 25 amino acids), the polypeptide may be presented without a carrier. However, immunogenic epitopes comprising as few as 8 to 10 amino acids have been shown to be sufficient to raise antibodies capable of binding to, at the very least, linear epitopes in a denatured polypeptide (e.g., in Western blotting).

Epitope-bearing polypeptides of the present invention may be used to induce antibodies according to methods well known in the art including, but not limited to, in vivo immunization, in vitro immunization, and phage display methods. See, e.g., Sutcliffe et al., supra; Wilson et al., supra, and Bittle et al., J. Gen. Virol., 66:2347-2354 (1985). If in vivo immunization is used, animals may be immunized with free peptide; however, anti-peptide antibody titer may be boosted by coupling the peptide to a macromolecular carrier, such as keyhole limpet hemacyanin (KLH) or tetanus toxoid. For instance, peptides containing cysteine residues may be coupled to a carrier using a linker such as maleimidobenzoyl- N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (MBS), while other peptides may be coupled to carriers using a more general linking agent such as glutaraldehyde. Animals such as rabbits, rats and mice are immunized with either free or carrier- coupled peptides, for instance, by intraperitoneal and/or intradermal injection of emulsions containing about 100 μg of peptide or carrier protein and Freund's adjuvant or any other adjuvant known for stimulating an immune

response. Several booster injections may be needed, for instance, at intervals of about two weeks, to provide a useful titer of anti-peptide antibody which can be detected, for example, by ELISA assay using free peptide adsorbed to a solid surface. The titer of anti-peptide antibodies in serum from an immunized animal may be increased by selection of anti-peptide antibodies, for instance, by adsorption to the peptide on a solid support and elution of the selected antibodies according to methods well known in the art.

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As one of skill in the art will appreciate, and as discussed above, the polypeptides of the present invention comprising an immunogenic or antigenic epitope can be fused to other polypeptide sequences. For example, the polypeptides of the present invention may be fused with the constant domain of immunoglobulins (IgA, IgE, IgG, IgM), or portions thereof (CH1, CH2, CH3, or any combination thereof and portions thereof), or albumin (including but not limited to recombinant albumin (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,876,969, issued March 2, 1999, EP Patent 0 413 622, and U.S. Patent No. 5,766,883, issued June 16, 1998, herein incorporated by reference in their entirety)), resulting in chimeric polypeptides. Such fusion proteins may facilitate purification and may increase half-life in vivo. This has been shown for chimeric proteins consisting of the first two domains of the human CD4-polypeptide and various domains of the constant regions of the heavy or light chains of mammalian immunoglobulins. See, e.g., EP 394,827; Traunecker et al., Nature, 331:84-86 (1988). Enhanced delivery of an antigen across the epithelial barrier to the immune system has been demonstrated for antigens (e.g., insulin) conjugated to an FcRn binding partner such as IgG or Fc fragments (see, e.g., PCT Publications WO 96/22024 and WO 99/04813). IgG Fusion proteins that have a disulfide-linked dimeric structure due to the IgG portion desulfide bonds have also been found to be more efficient in binding and neutralizing other molecules than monomeric polypeptides or fragments thereof alone. See, e.g., Fountoulakis et al., J. Biochem., 270:3958-3964 (1995). Nucleic acids encoding the above epitopes can also be recombined with a gene of interest as an epitope tag (e.g., the hemagglutinin ("HA") tag or flag tag) to aid in detection and purification of the expressed polypeptide. For example, a system described by Janknecht et al. allows for the ready purification of non-denatured fusion proteins expressed in human cell lines (Janknecht et al., 1991, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:8972-897). In this system, the gene of interest is subcloned into a vaccinia recombination plasmid such that the open reading frame of the gene is translationally fused to an amino-terminal tag consisting of six histidine residues. The tag serves as a matrix

1897

binding domain for the fusion protein. Extracts from cells infected with the recombinant vaccinia virus are loaded onto Ni2+ nitriloacetic acid-agarose column and histidine-tagged proteins can be selectively eluted with imidazole-containing buffers.

Additional fusion proteins of the invention may be generated through the techniques of gene-shuffling, motif-shuffling, exon-shuffling, and/or codon-shuffling (collectively referred to as "DNA shuffling"). DNA shuffling may be employed to modulate the activities of polypeptides corresponding to SEQ ID NO:Y, such methods can be used to generate polypeptides with altered activity, as well as agonists and antagonists of the polypeptides. See, generally, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,605,793; 5,811,238; 5,830,721; 5,834,252; and 5,837,458, and Patten et al., Curr. Opinion Biotechnol. 8:724-33 (1997); Harayama, Trends Biotechnol. 16(2):76-82 (1998); Hansson, et al., J. Mol. Biol. 287:265-76 (1999); and Lorenzo and Blasco, Biotechniques 24(2):308- 13 (1998) (each of these patents and publications are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety).

In one embodiment, alteration of polynucleotides corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides may be achieved by DNA shuffling. DNA shuffling involves the assembly of two or more DNA segments by homologous or site-specific recombination to generate variation in the polynucleotide sequence. In another embodiment, polynucleotides of the invention, or the encoded polypeptides, may be altered by being subjected to random mutagenesis by error-prone PCR, random nucleotide insertion or other methods prior to recombination. In another embodiment, one or more components, motifs, sections, parts, domains, fragments, etc., of a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of the invention may be recombined with one or more components, motifs, sections, parts, domains, fragments, etc. of one or more heterologous molecules.

25 Antibodies

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Further polypeptides of the invention relate to antibodies and T-cell antigen receptors (TCR) which immunospecifically bind a polypeptide, polypeptide fragment, or variant of SEQ ID NO:Y, and/or an epitope, of the present invention (as determined by immunoassays well known in the art for assaying specific antibody-antigen binding). Antibodies of the invention include, but are not limited to, polyclonal, monoclonal, multispecific, human, humanized or chimeric antibodies, single chain antibodies, Fab fragments, F(ab') fragments, fragments produced by a Fab expression library, anti-idiotypic (anti-Id) antibodies

(including, e.g., anti-Id antibodies to antibodies of the invention), and epitope-binding fragments of any of the above. The term "antibody," as used herein, refers to immunoglobulin molecules and immunologically active portions of immunoglobulin molecules, i.e., molecules that contain an antigen binding site that immunospecifically binds an antigen. The immunoglobulin molecules of the invention can be of any type (e.g., IgG, IgE, IgM, IgD, IgA and IgY), class (e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA1 and IgA2) or subclass of immunoglobulin molecule. In preferred embodiments, the immunoglobulin molecules of the invention are IgG1. In other preferred embodiments, the immunoglobulin molecules of the invention are IgG4.

Most preferably the antibodies are human antigen-binding antibody fragments of the present invention and include, but are not limited to, Fab, Fab' and F(ab')2, Fd, single-chain Fvs (scFv), single-chain antibodies, disulfide-linked Fvs (sdFv) and fragments comprising either a VL or VH domain. Antigen-binding antibody fragments, including single-chain antibodies, may comprise the variable region(s) alone or in combination with the entirety or a portion of the following: hinge region, CH1, CH2, and CH3 domains. Also included in the invention are antigen-binding fragments also comprising any combination of variable region(s) with a hinge region, CH1, CH2, and CH3 domains. The antibodies of the invention may be from any animal origin including birds and mammals. Preferably, the antibodies are human, murine (e.g., mouse and rat), donkey, ship rabbit, goat, guinea pig, camel, horse, or chicken. As used herein, "human" antibodies include antibodies having the amino acid sequence of a human immunoglobulin and include antibodies isolated from human immunoglobulin libraries or from animals transgenic for one or more human immunoglobulin and that do not express endogenous immunoglobulins, as described infra and, for example in, U.S. Patent No. 5,939,598 by Kucherlapati et al.

The antibodies of the present invention may be monospecific, bispecific, trispecific or of greater multispecificity. Multispecific antibodies may be specific for different epitopes of a polypeptide of the present invention or may be specific for both a polypeptide of the present invention as well as for a heterologous epitope, such as a heterologous polypeptide or solid support material. See, e.g., PCT publications WO 93/17715; WO 92/08802; WO 91/00360; WO 92/05793; Tutt, et al., J. Immunol. 147:60-69 (1991); U.S. Patent Nos. 4,474,893; 4,714,681; 4,925,648; 5,573,920; 5,601,819; Kostelny et al., J. Immunol. 148:1547-1553 (1992).

Antibodies of the present invention may be described or specified in terms of the epitope(s) or portion(s) of a polypeptide of the present invention which they recognize or specifically bind. The epitope(s) or polypeptide portion(s) may be specified as described herein, e.g., by N-terminal and C-terminal positions, by size in contiguous amino acid residues, or listed in the Tables and Figures. Preferred epitopes of the invention include those shown in Table 8, as well as polynucleotides that encode these epitopes. Antibodies which specifically bind any epitope or polypeptide of the present invention may also be excluded. Therefore, the present invention includes antibodies that specifically bind polypeptides of the present invention, and allows for the exclusion of the same.

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Antibodies of the present invention may also be described or specified in terms of their cross-reactivity. Antibodies that do not bind any other analog, ortholog, or homolog of a polypeptide of the present invention are included. Antibodies that bind polypeptides with at least 95%, at least 90%, at least 85%, at least 80%, at least 75%, at least 70%, at least 65%, at least 60%, at least 55%, and at least 50% identity (as calculated using methods known in the art and described herein) to a polypeptide of the present invention are also included in the present invention. In specific embodiments, antibodies of the present invention cross-react with murine, rat and/or rabbit homologs of human proteins and the corresponding epitopes thereof. Antibodies that do not bind polypeptides with less than 95%, less than 90%, less than 85%, less than 80%, less than 75%, less than 70%, less than 65%, less than 60%, less than 55%, and less than 50% identity (as calculated using methods known in the art and described herein) to a polypeptide of the present invention are also included in the present invention. In a specific embodiment, the above-described cross-reactivity is with respect to any single specific antigenic or immunogenic polypeptide, or combination(s) of 2, 3, 4, 5, or more of the specific antigenic and/or immunogenic polypeptides disclosed herein. Further included in the present invention are antibodies which bind polypeptides encoded by polynucleotides which hybridize to a polynucleotide of the present invention under stringent hybridization conditions (as described herein). Antibodies of the present invention may also be described or specified in terms of their binding affinity to a polypeptide of the invention. Preferred binding affinities include those with a dissociation constant or Kd less than 5 X 10⁻² M, 10⁻² M, 5 X 10^{-3} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 X 10^{-4} M, 10^{-4} M, 5 X 10^{-5} M, 10^{-5} M, 5 X 10^{-6} M, 10^{-6} M, 5 X 10^{-7} M, 10^7 M, 5×10^{-8} M, 10^{-8} M, 5×10^{-9} M, 10^{-9} M, 5×10^{-10} M, 10^{-10} M, 5×10^{-11} M, 10^{-11} M, 5 X 10^{-12} M, $^{10-12}$ M, 5 X 10^{-13} M, 10^{-13} M, 5 X 10^{-14} M, 10^{-14} M, 5 X 10^{-15} M, or 10^{-15} M.

The invention also provides antibodies that competitively inhibit binding of an antibody to an epitope of the invention as determined by any method known in the art for determining competitive binding, for example, the immunoassays described herein. In preferred embodiments, the antibody competitively inhibits binding to the epitope by at least 95%, at least 90%, at least 85 %, at least 80%, at least 75%, at least 70%, at least 60%, or at least 50%.

Antibodies of the present invention may act as agonists or antagonists of the polypeptides of the present invention. For example, the present invention includes antibodies which disrupt the receptor/ligand interactions with the polypeptides of the invention either partially or fully. Preferrably, antibodies of the present invention bind an antigenic epitope disclosed herein, or a portion thereof. The invention features both receptor-specific antibodies and ligand-specific antibodies. The invention also features receptor-specific antibodies which do not prevent ligand binding but prevent receptor activation. Receptor activation (i.e., signaling) may be determined by techniques described herein or otherwise known in the art. For example, receptor activation can be determined by detecting the phosphorylation (e.g., tyrosine or serine/threonine) of the receptor or its substrate by immunoprecipitation followed by western blot analysis (for example, as described supra). In specific embodiments, antibodies are provided that inhibit ligand activity or receptor activity by at least 95%, at least 90%, at least 85%, at least 80%, at least 75%, at least 70%, at least 60%, or at least 50% of the activity in absence of the antibody.

The invention also features receptor-specific antibodies which both prevent ligand binding and receptor activation as well as antibodies that recognize the receptor-ligand complex, and, preferably, do not specifically recognize the unbound receptor or the unbound ligand. Likewise, included in the invention are neutralizing antibodies which bind the ligand and prevent binding of the ligand to the receptor, as well as antibodies which bind the ligand, thereby preventing receptor activation, but do not prevent the ligand from binding the receptor. Further included in the invention are antibodies which activate the receptor. These antibodies may act as receptor agonists, i.e., potentiate or activate either all or a subset of the biological activities of the ligand-mediated receptor activation, for example, by inducing dimerization of the receptor. The antibodies may be specified as agonists, antagonists or inverse agonists for biological activities comprising the specific biological activities of the peptides of the invention disclosed herein. The above antibody agonists can be made using

1901

methods known in the art. See, e.g., PCT publication WO 96/40281; U.S. Patent No. 5,811,097; Deng et al., Blood 92(6):1981-1988 (1998); Chen et al., Cancer Res. 58(16):3668-3678 (1998); Harrop et al., J. Immunol. 161(4):1786-1794 (1998); Zhu et al., Cancer Res. 58(15):3209-3214 (1998); Yoon et al., J. Immunol. 160(7):3170-3179 (1998); Prat et al., J. Cell. Sci. 111(Pt2):237-247 (1998); Pitard et al., J. Immunol. Methods 205(2):177-190 (1997); Liautard et al., Cytokine 9(4):233-241 (1997); Carlson et al., J. Biol. Chem. 272(17):11295-11301 (1997); Taryman et al., Neuron 14(4):755-762 (1995); Muller et al., Structure 6(9):1153-1167 (1998); Bartunek et al., Cytokine 8(1):14-20 (1996) (which are all incorporated by reference herein in their entireties).

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Antibodies of the present invention may be used, for example, but not limited to, to purify, detect, and target the polypeptides of the present invention, including both in vitro and in vivo diagnostic and therapeutic methods. For example, the antibodies have use in immunoassays for qualitatively and quantitatively measuring levels of the polypeptides of the present invention in biological samples. See, e.g., Harlow et al., Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2nd ed. 1988) (incorporated by reference herein in its entirety).

As discussed in more detail below, the antibodies of the present invention may be used either alone or in combination with other compositions. The antibodies may further be recombinantly fused to a heterologous polypeptide at the N- or C-terminus or chemically conjugated (including covalently and non-covalently conjugations) to polypeptides or other compositions. For example, antibodies of the present invention may be recombinantly fused or conjugated to molecules useful as labels in detection assays and effector molecules such as heterologous polypeptides, drugs, radionuclides, or toxins. See, e.g., PCT publications WO 92/08495; WO 91/14438; WO 89/12624; U.S. Patent No. 5,314,995; and EP 396,387.

The antibodies of the invention include derivatives that are modified, i.e, by the covalent attachment of any type of molecule to the antibody such that covalent attachment does not prevent the antibody from generating an anti-idiotypic response. For example, but not by way of limitation, the antibody derivatives include antibodies that have been modified, e.g., by glycosylation, acetylation, pegylation, phosphylation, amidation, derivatization by known protecting/blocking groups, proteolytic cleavage, linkage to a cellular ligand or other protein, etc. Any of numerous chemical modifications may be carried out by known techniques, including, but not limited to specific chemical cleavage, acetylation, formylation,

1902

metabolic synthesis of tunicamycin, etc. Additionally, the derivative may contain one or more non-classical amino acids.

The antibodies of the present invention may be generated by any suitable method known in the art. Polyclonal antibodies to an antigen-of- interest can be produced by various procedures well known in the art. For example, a polypeptide of the invention can be administered to various host animals including, but not limited to, rabbits, mice, rats, etc. to induce the production of sera containing polyclonal antibodies specific for the antigen. Various adjuvants may be used to increase the immunological response, depending on the host species, and include but are not limited to, Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels such as aluminum hydroxide, surface active substances such as lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, keyhole limpet hemocyanins, dinitrophenol, and potentially useful human adjuvants such as BCG (bacille Calmette-Guerin) and corynebacterium parvum. Such adjuvants are also well known in the art.

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Monoclonal antibodies can be prepared using a wide variety of techniques known in the art including the use of hybridoma, recombinant, and phage display technologies, or a combination thereof. For example, monoclonal antibodies can be produced using hybridoma techniques including those known in the art and taught, for example, in Harlow et al., Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2nd ed. 1988); Hammerling, et al., in: Monoclonal Antibodies and T-Cell Hybridomas 563-681 (Elsevier, N.Y., 1981) (said references incorporated by reference in their entireties). The term "monoclonal antibody" as used herein is not limited to antibodies produced through hybridoma technology. The term "monoclonal antibody" refers to an antibody that is derived from a single clone, including any eukaryotic, prokaryotic, or phage clone, and not the method by which it is produced.

Methods for producing and screening for specific antibodies using hybridoma technology are routine and well known in the art and are discussed in detail in the Examples. In a non-limiting example, mice can be immunized with a polypeptide of the invention or a cell expressing such peptide. Once an immune response is detected, e.g., antibodies specific for the antigen are detected in the mouse serum, the mouse spleen is harvested and splenocytes isolated. The splenocytes are then fused by well known techniques to any suitable myeloma cells, for example cells from cell line SP20 available from the ATCC. Hybridomas are selected and cloned by limited dilution. The hybridoma clones are then

1903

assayed by methods known in the art for cells that secrete antibodies capable of binding a polypeptide of the invention. Ascites fluid, which generally contains high levels of antibodies, can be generated by immunizing mice with positive hybridoma clones.

Accordingly, the present invention provides methods of generating monoclonal antibodies as well as antibodies produced by the method comprising culturing a hybridoma cell secreting an antibody of the invention wherein, preferably, the hybridoma is generated by fusing splenocytes isolated from a mouse immunized with an antigen of the invention with myeloma cells and then screening the hybridomas resulting from the fusion for hybridoma clones that secrete an antibody able to bind a polypeptide of the invention.

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Antibody fragments which recognize specific epitopes may be generated by known techniques. For example, Fab and F(ab')2 fragments of the invention may be produced by proteolytic cleavage of immunoglobulin molecules, using enzymes such as papain (to produce Fab fragments) or pepsin (to produce F(ab')2 fragments). F(ab')2 fragments contain the variable region, the light chain constant region and the CH1 domain of the heavy chain.

For example, the antibodies of the present invention can also be generated using various phage display methods known in the art. In phage display methods, functional antibody domains are displayed on the surface of phage particles which carry the polynucleotide sequences encoding them. In a particular embodiment, such phage can be utilized to display antigen binding domains expressed from a repertoire or combinatorial antibody library (e.g., human or murine). Phage expressing an antigen binding domain that binds the antigen of interest can be selected or identified with antigen, e.g., using labeled antigen or antigen bound or captured to a solid surface or bead. Phage used in these methods are typically filamentous phage including fd and M13 binding domains expressed from phage with Fab, Fv or disulfide stabilized Fv antibody domains recombinantly fused to either the phage gene III or gene VIII protein. Examples of phage display methods that can be used to make the antibodies of the present invention include those disclosed in Brinkman et al., J. Immunol. Methods 182:41-50 (1995); Ames et al., J. Immunol. Methods 184:177-186 (1995); Kettleborough et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 24:952-958 (1994); Persic et al., Gene 187 9-18 (1997); Burton et al., Advances in Immunology 57:191-280 (1994); PCT application No. PCT/GB91/01134; PCT publications WO 90/02809; WO 91/10737; WO 92/01047; WO 92/18619; WO 93/11236; WO 95/15982; WO 95/20401; and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,698,426; 5,223,409; 5,403,484; 5,580,717; 5,427,908; 5,750,753; 5,821,047; 5,571,698; 5,427,908;

1904

5,516,637; 5,780,225; 5,658,727; 5,733,743 and 5,969,108; each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

As described in the above references, after phage selection, the antibody coding regions from the phage can be isolated and used to generate whole antibodies, including human antibodies, or any other desired antigen binding fragment, and expressed in any desired host, including mammalian cells, insect cells, plant cells, yeast, and bacteria, e.g., as described in detail below. For example, techniques to recombinantly produce Fab, Fab' and F(ab')2 fragments can also be employed using methods known in the art such as those disclosed in PCT publication WO 92/22324; Mullinax et al., BioTechniques 12(6):864-869 (1992); and Sawai et al., AJRI 34:26-34 (1995); and Better et al., Science 240:1041-1043 (1988) (said references incorporated by reference in their entireties).

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Examples of techniques which can be used to produce single-chain Fvs and antibodies include those described in U.S. Patents 4,946,778 and 5,258,498; Huston et al., Methods in Enzymology 203:46-88 (1991); Shu et al., PNAS 90:7995-7999 (1993); and Skerra et al., Science 240:1038-1040 (1988). For some uses, including in vivo use of antibodies in humans and in vitro detection assays, it may be preferable to use chimeric, humanized, or human antibodies. A chimeric antibody is a molecule in which different portions of the antibody are derived from different animal species, such as antibodies having a variable region derived from a murine monoclonal antibody and a human immunoglobulin constant region. Methods for producing chimeric antibodies are known in the art. See e.g., Morrison, Science 229:1202 (1985); Oi et al., BioTechniques 4:214 (1986); Gillies et al., (1989) J. Immunol. Methods 125:191-202; U.S. Patent Nos. 5,807,715; 4,816,567; and 4,816397, which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. Humanized antibodies are antibody molecules from non-human species antibody that binds the desired antigen having one or more complementarity determining regions (CDRs) from the non-human species and a framework regions from a human immunoglobulin molecule. Often, framework residues in the human framework regions will be substituted with the corresponding residue from the CDR donor antibody to alter, preferably improve, antigen binding. These framework substitutions are identified by methods well known in the art, e.g., by modeling of the interactions of the CDR and framework residues to identify framework residues important for antigen binding and sequence comparison to identify unusual framework residues at particular positions. (See, e.g., Queen et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,585,089; Riechmann et al.,

1905

Nature 332:323 (1988), which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.) Antibodies can be humanized using a variety of techniques known in the art including, for example, CDR-grafting (EP 239,400; PCT publication WO 91/09967; U.S. Patent Nos. 5,225,539; 5,530,101; and 5,585,089), veneering or resurfacing (EP 592,106; EP 519,596; Padlan, Molecular Immunology 28(4/5):489-498 (1991); Studnicka et al., Protein Engineering 7(6):805-814 (1994); Roguska. et al., PNAS 91:969-973 (1994)), and chain shuffling (U.S. Patent No. 5,565,332).

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Completely human antibodies are particularly desirable for therapeutic treatment of human patients. Human antibodies can be made by a variety of methods known in the art including phage display methods described above using antibody libraries derived from human immunoglobulin sequences. See also, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,444,887 and 4,716,111; and PCT publications WO 98/46645, WO 98/50433, WO 98/24893, WO 98/16654, WO 96/34096, WO 96/33735, and WO 91/10741; each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Human antibodies can also be produced using transgenic mice which are incapable of expressing functional endogenous immunoglobulins, but which can express human immunoglobulin genes. For example, the human heavy and light chain immunoglobulin gene complexes may be introduced randomly or by homologous recombination into mouse embryonic stem cells. Alternatively, the human variable region, constant region, and diversity region may be introduced into mouse embryonic stem cells in addition to the human heavy and light chain genes. The mouse heavy and light chain immunoglobulin genes may be rendered non-functional separately or simultaneously with the introduction of human immunoglobulin loci by homologous recombination. In particular, homozygous deletion of the JH region prevents endogenous antibody production. The modified embryonic stem cells are expanded and microinjected into blastocysts to produce chimeric mice. The chimeric mice are then bred to produce homozygous offspring which express human antibodies. The transgenic mice are immunized in the normal fashion with a selected antigen, e.g., all or a portion of a polypeptide of the invention. Monoclonal antibodies directed against the antigen can be obtained from the immunized, transgenic mice using conventional hybridoma technology. The human immunoglobulin transgenes harbored by the transgenic mice rearrange during B cell differentiation, and subsequently undergo class switching and somatic mutation. Thus, using such a technique, it is possible to produce therapeutically

1906

useful IgG, IgA, IgM and IgE antibodies. For an overview of this technology for producing human antibodies, see Lonberg and Huszar, Int. Rev. Immunol. 13:65-93 (1995). For a detailed discussion of this technology for producing human antibodies and human monoclonal antibodies and protocols for producing such antibodies, see, e.g., PCT publications WO 98/24893; WO 92/01047; WO 96/34096; WO 96/33735; European Patent No. 0 598 877; U.S. Patent Nos. 5,413,923; 5,625,126; 5,633,425; 5,569,825; 5,661,016; 5,545,806; 5,814,318; 5,885,793; 5,916,771; and 5,939,598, which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety. In addition, companies such as Abgenix, Inc. (Freemont, CA) and Genpharm (San Jose, CA) can be engaged to provide human antibodies directed against a selected antigen using technology similar to that described above.

Completely human antibodies which recognize a selected epitope can be generated using a technique referred to as "guided selection." In this approach a selected non-human monoclonal antibody, e.g., a mouse antibody, is used to guide the selection of a completely human antibody recognizing the same epitope. (Jespers et al., Bio/technology 12:899-903 (1988)).

Further, antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention can, in turn, be utilized to generate anti-idiotype antibodies that "mimic" polypeptides of the invention using techniques well known to those skilled in the art. (See, e.g., Greenspan & Bona, FASEB J. 7(5):437-444; (1989) and Nissinoff, J. Immunol. 147(8):2429-2438 (1991)). For example, antibodies which bind to and competitively inhibit polypeptide multimerization and/or binding of a polypeptide of the invention to a ligand can be used to generate anti-idiotypes that "mimic" the polypeptide multimerization and/or binding domain and, as a consequence, bind to and neutralize polypeptide and/or its ligand. Such neutralizing anti-idiotypes or Fab fragments of such anti-idiotypes can be used in therapeutic regimens to neutralize polypeptide ligand. For example, such anti-idiotypic antibodies can be used to bind a polypeptide of the invention and/or to bind its ligands/receptors, and thereby block its biological activity.

Polynucleotides Encoding Antibodies

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The invention further provides polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an antibody of the invention and fragments thereof. The invention also encompasses polynucleotides that hybridize under stringent or lower stringency hybridization conditions, e.g., as defined supra, to polynucleotides that encode an antibody, preferably, that

1907

specifically binds to a polypeptide of the invention, preferably, an antibody that binds to a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y.

The polynucleotides may be obtained, and the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotides determined, by any method known in the art. For example, if the nucleotide sequence of the antibody is known, a polynucleotide encoding the antibody may be assembled from chemically synthesized oligonucleotides (e.g., as described in Kutmeier et al., BioTechniques 17:242 (1994)), which, briefly, involves the synthesis of overlapping oligonucleotides containing portions of the sequence encoding the antibody, annealing and ligating of those oligonucleotides, and then amplification of the ligated oligonucleotides by PCR.

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Alternatively, a polynucleotide encoding an antibody may be generated from nucleic acid from a suitable source. If a clone containing a nucleic acid encoding a particular antibody is not available, but the sequence of the antibody molecule is known, a nucleic acid encoding the immunoglobulin may be chemically synthesized or obtained from a suitable source (e.g., an antibody cDNA library, or a cDNA library generated from, or nucleic acid, preferably poly A+ RNA, isolated from, any tissue or cells expressing the antibody, such as hybridoma cells selected to express an antibody of the invention) by PCR amplification using synthetic primers hybridizable to the 3' and 5' ends of the sequence or by cloning using an oligonucleotide probe specific for the particular gene sequence to identify, e.g., a cDNA clone from a cDNA library that encodes the antibody. Amplified nucleic acids generated by PCR may then be cloned into replicable cloning vectors using any method well known in the art.

Once the nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of the antibody is determined, the nucleotide sequence of the antibody may be manipulated using methods well known in the art for the manipulation of nucleotide sequences, e.g., recombinant DNA techniques, site directed mutagenesis, PCR, etc. (see, for example, the techniques described in Sambrook et al., 1990, Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, 2d Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY and Ausubel et al., eds., 1998, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, NY, which are both incorporated by reference herein in their entireties), to generate antibodies having a different amino acid sequence, for example to create amino acid substitutions, deletions, and/or insertions.

In a specific embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the heavy and/or light chain variable domains may be inspected to identify the sequences of the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) by methods that are well know in the art, e.g., by comparison to known amino acid sequences of other heavy and light chain variable regions to determine the regions of sequence hypervariability. Using routine recombinant DNA techniques, one or more of the CDRs may be inserted within framework regions, e.g., into human framework regions to humanize a non-human antibody, as described supra. The framework regions may be naturally occurring or consensus framework regions, and preferably human framework regions (see, e.g., Chothia et al., J. Mol. Biol. 278: 457-479 (1998) for a listing of human framework regions). Preferably, the polynucleotide generated by the combination of the framework regions and CDRs encodes an antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide of the invention. Preferably, as discussed supra, one or more amino acid substitutions may be made within the framework regions, and, preferably, the amino acid substitutions improve binding of the antibody to its antigen. Additionally, such methods may be used to make amino acid substitutions or deletions of one or more variable region cysteine residues participating in an intrachain disulfide bond to generate antibody molecules lacking one or more intrachain disulfide bonds. Other alterations to the polynucleotide are encompassed by the present invention and within the skill of the art.

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In addition, techniques developed for the production of "chimeric antibodies" (Morrison et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 81:851-855 (1984); Neuberger et al., Nature 312:604-608 (1984); Takeda et al., Nature 314:452-454 (1985)) by splicing genes from a mouse antibody molecule of appropriate antigen specificity together with genes from a human antibody molecule of appropriate biological activity can be used. As described supra, a chimeric antibody is a molecule in which different portions are derived from different animal species, such as those having a variable region derived from a murine mAb and a human immunoglobulin constant region, e.g., humanized antibodies.

Alternatively, techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies (U.S. Patent No. 4,946,778; Bird, Science 242:423- 42 (1988); Huston et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:5879-5883 (1988); and Ward et al., Nature 334:544-54 (1989)) can be adapted to produce single chain antibodies. Single chain antibodies are formed by linking the heavy and light chain fragments of the Fv region via an amino acid bridge, resulting in a single

1909

chain polypeptide. Techniques for the assembly of functional Fv fragments in E. coli may also be used (Skerra et al., Science 242:1038-1041 (1988)).

Methods of Producing Antibodies

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The antibodies of the invention can be produced by any method known in the art for the synthesis of antibodies, in particular, by chemical synthesis or preferably, by recombinant expression techniques.

Recombinant expression of an antibody of the invention, or fragment, derivative or analog thereof, (e.g., a heavy or light chain of an antibody of the invention or a single chain antibody of the invention), requires construction of an expression vector containing a polynucleotide that encodes the antibody. Once a polynucleotide encoding an antibody molecule or a heavy or light chain of an antibody, or portion thereof (preferably containing the heavy or light chain variable domain), of the invention has been obtained, the vector for the production of the antibody molecule may be produced by recombinant DNA technology using techniques well known in the art. Thus, methods for preparing a protein by expressing a polynucleotide containing an antibody encoding nucleotide sequence are described herein. Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art can be used to construct expression vectors containing antibody coding sequences and appropriate transcriptional and translational control signals. These methods include, for example, in vitro recombinant DNA techniques, synthetic techniques, and in vivo genetic recombination. The invention, thus, provides replicable vectors comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an antibody molecule of the invention, or a heavy or light chain thereof, or a heavy or light chain variable domain, operably linked to a promoter. Such vectors may include the nucleotide sequence encoding the constant region of the antibody molecule (see, e.g., PCT Publication WO 86/05807; PCT Publication WO 89/01036; and U.S. Patent No. 5,122,464) and the variable domain of the antibody may be cloned into such a vector for expression of the entire heavy or light chain.

The expression vector is transferred to a host cell by conventional techniques and the transfected cells are then cultured by conventional techniques to produce an antibody of the invention. Thus, the invention includes host cells containing a polynucleotide encoding an antibody of the invention, or a heavy or light chain thereof, or a single chain antibody of the invention, operably linked to a heterologous promoter. In preferred embodiments for the expression of double-chained antibodies, vectors encoding both the heavy and light chains

1910

may be co-expressed in the host cell for expression of the entire immunoglobulin molecule, as detailed below.

A variety of host-expression vector systems may be utilized to express the antibody molecules of the invention. Such host-expression systems represent vehicles by which the coding sequences of interest may be produced and subsequently purified, but also represent cells which may, when transformed or transfected with the appropriate nucleotide coding sequences, express an antibody molecule of the invention in situ. These include but are not limited to microorganisms such as bacteria (e.g., E. coli, B. subtilis) transformed with recombinant bacteriophage DNA, plasmid DNA or cosmid DNA expression vectors containing antibody coding sequences; yeast (e.g., Saccharomyces, Pichia) transformed with recombinant yeast expression vectors containing antibody coding sequences; insect cell systems infected with recombinant virus expression vectors (e.g., baculovirus) containing antibody coding sequences; plant cell systems infected with recombinant virus expression vectors (e.g., cauliflower mosaic virus, CaMV; tobacco mosaic virus, TMV) or transformed with recombinant plasmid expression vectors (e.g., Ti plasmid) containing antibody coding sequences; or mammalian cell systems (e.g., COS, CHO, BHK, 293, 3T3 cells) harboring recombinant expression constructs containing promoters derived from the genome of mammalian cells (e.g., metallothionein promoter) or from mammalian viruses (e.g., the adenovirus late promoter; the vaccinia virus 7.5K promoter). Preferably, bacterial cells such as Escherichia coli, and more preferably, eukaryotic cells, especially for the expression of whole recombinant antibody molecule, are used for the expression of a recombinant antibody molecule. For example, mammalian cells such as Chinese hamster ovary cells (CHO), in conjunction with a vector such as the major intermediate early gene promoter element from human cytomegalovirus is an effective expression system for antibodies (Foecking et al., Gene 45:101 (1986); Cockett et al., Bio/Technology 8:2 (1990)).

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In bacterial systems, a number of expression vectors may be advantageously selected depending upon the use intended for the antibody molecule being expressed. For example, when a large quantity of such a protein is to be produced, for the generation of pharmaceutical compositions of an antibody molecule, vectors which direct the expression of high levels of fusion protein products that are readily purified may be desirable. Such vectors include, but are not limited, to the E. coli expression vector pUR278 (Ruther et al., EMBO J. 2:1791 (1983)), in which the antibody coding sequence may be ligated

WO 01/22920

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individually into the vector in frame with the lac Z coding region so that a fusion protein is produced; pIN vectors (Inouye & Inouye, Nucleic Acids Res. 13:3101-3109 (1985); Van Heeke & Schuster, J. Biol. Chem. 24:5503-5509 (1989)); and the like. pGEX vectors may also be used to express foreign polypeptides as fusion proteins with glutathione S-transferase (GST). In general, such fusion proteins are soluble and can easily be purified from lysed cells by adsorption and binding to matrix glutathione-agarose beads followed by elution in the presence of free glutathione. The pGEX vectors are designed to include thrombin or factor Xa protease cleavage sites so that the cloned target gene product can be released from the GST moiety.

1911

PCT/US00/26524

In an insect system, Autographa californica nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcNPV) is used as a vector to express foreign genes. The virus grows in *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells. The antibody coding sequence may be cloned individually into non-essential regions (for example the polyhedrin gene) of the virus and placed under control of an AcNPV promoter (for example the polyhedrin promoter).

In mammalian host cells, a number of viral-based expression systems may be utilized. In cases where an adenovirus is used as an expression vector, the antibody coding sequence of interest may be ligated to an adenovirus transcription/translation control complex, e.g., the late promoter and tripartite leader sequence. This chimeric gene may then be inserted in the adenovirus genome by in vitro or in vivo recombination. Insertion in a non- essential region of the viral genome (e.g., region E1 or E3) will result in a recombinant virus that is viable and capable of expressing the antibody molecule in infected hosts. (e.g., see Logan & Shenk, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:355-359 (1984)). Specific initiation signals may also be required for efficient translation of inserted antibody coding sequences. These signals include the ATG initiation codon and adjacent sequences. Furthermore, the initiation codon must be in phase with the reading frame of the desired coding sequence to ensure translation of the entire insert. These exogenous translational control signals and initiation codons can be of a variety of origins, both natural and synthetic. The efficiency of expression may be enhanced by the inclusion of appropriate transcription enhancer elements, transcription terminators, etc. (see Bittner et al., Methods in Enzymol. 153:51-544 (1987)).

In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen which modulates the expression of the inserted sequences, or modifies and processes the gene product in the specific fashion desired. Such modifications (e.g., glycosylation) and processing (e.g., cleavage) of protein

1912

products may be important for the function of the protein. Different host cells have characteristic and specific mechanisms for the post-translational processing and modification of proteins and gene products. Appropriate cell lines or host systems can be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein expressed. To this end, eukaryotic host cells which possess the cellular machinery for proper processing of the primary transcript, glycosylation, and phosphorylation of the gene product may be used. Such mammalian host cells include but are not limited to CHO, VERY, BHK, Hela, COS, MDCK, 293, 3T3, WI38, and in particular, breast cancer cell lines such as, for example, BT483, Hs578T, HTB2, BT20 and T47D, and normal mammary gland cell line such as, for example, CRL7030 and Hs578Bst.

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For long-term, high-yield production of recombinant proteins, stable expression is preferred. For example, cell lines which stably express the antibody molecule may be engineered. Rather than using expression vectors which contain viral origins of replication, host cells can be transformed with DNA controlled by appropriate expression control elements (e.g., promoter, enhancer, sequences, transcription terminators, polyadenylation sites, etc.), and a selectable marker. Following the introduction of the foreign DNA, engineered cells may be allowed to grow for 1-2 days in an enriched media, and then are switched to a selective media. The selectable marker in the recombinant plasmid confers resistance to the selection and allows cells to stably integrate the plasmid into their chromosomes and grow to form foci which in turn can be cloned and expanded into cell lines. This method may advantageously be used to engineer cell lines which express the antibody molecule. Such engineered cell lines may be particularly useful in screening and evaluation of compounds that interact directly or indirectly with the antibody molecule.

A number of selection systems may be used, including but not limited to the herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase (Wigler et al., Cell 11:223 (1977)), hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase (Szybalska & Szybalski, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 48:202 (1992)), and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase (Lowy et al., Cell 22:817 (1980)) genes can be employed in tk-, hgprt- or aprt- cells, respectively. Also, antimetabolite resistance can be used as the basis of selection for the following genes: dhfr, which confers resistance to methotrexate (Wigler et al., Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:357 (1980); O'Hare et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:1527 (1981)); gpt, which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid (Mulligan & Berg, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2072 (1981)); neo, which confers

1913

resistance to the aminoglycoside G-418 Clinical Pharmacy 12:488-505; Wu and Wu, Biotherapy 3:87-95 (1991); Tolstoshev, Ann. Rev. Pharmacol. Toxicol. 32:573-596 (1993); Mulligan, Science 260:926-932 (1993); and Morgan and Anderson, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 62:191-217 (1993); May, 1993, TIB TECH 11(5):155-215); and hygro, which confers resistance to hygromycin (Santerre et al., Gene 30:147 (1984)). Methods commonly known in the art of recombinant DNA technology may be routinely applied to select the desired recombinant clone, and such methods are described, for example, in Ausubel et al. (eds.), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, NY (1993); Kriegler, Gene Transfer and Expression, A Laboratory Manual, Stockton Press, NY (1990); and in Chapters 12 and 13, Dracopoli et al. (eds.), Current Protocols in Human Genetics, John Wiley & Sons, NY (1994); Colberre-Garapin et al., J. Mol. Biol. 150:1 (1981), which are incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

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The expression levels of an antibody molecule can be increased by vector amplification (for a review, see Bebbington and Hentschel, The use of vectors based on gene amplification for the expression of cloned genes in mammalian cells in DNA cloning, Vol.3. (Academic Press, New York, 1987)). When a marker in the vector system expressing antibody is amplifiable, increase in the level of inhibitor present in culture of host cell will increase the number of copies of the marker gene. Since the amplified region is associated with the antibody gene, production of the antibody will also increase (Crouse et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 3:257 (1983)).

The host cell may be co-transfected with two expression vectors of the invention, the first vector encoding a heavy chain derived polypeptide and the second vector encoding a light chain derived polypeptide. The two vectors may contain identical selectable markers which enable equal expression of heavy and light chain polypeptides. Alternatively, a single vector may be used which encodes, and is capable of expressing, both heavy and light chain polypeptides. In such situations, the light chain should be placed before the heavy chain to avoid an excess of toxic free heavy chain (Proudfoot, Nature 322:52 (1986); Kohler, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:2197 (1980)). The coding sequences for the heavy and light chains may comprise cDNA or genomic DNA.

Once an antibody molecule of the invention has been produced by an animal, chemically synthesized, or recombinantly expressed, it may be purified by any method known in the art for purification of an immunoglobulin molecule, for example, by

chromatography (e.g., ion exchange, affinity, particularly by affinity for the specific antigen after Protein A, and sizing column chromatography), centrifugation, differential solubility, or by any other standard technique for the purification of proteins. In addition, the antibodies of the present invention or fragments thereof can be fused to heterologous polypeptide sequences described herein or otherwise known in the art, to facilitate purification.

The present invention encompasses antibodies recombinantly fused or chemically conjugated (including both covalently and non-covalently conjugations) to a polypeptide (or portion thereof, preferably at least 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 amino acids of the polypeptide) of the present invention to generate fusion proteins. The fusion does not necessarily need to be direct, but may occur through linker sequences. The antibodies may be specific for antigens other than polypeptides (or portion thereof, preferably at least 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 amino acids of the polypeptide) of the present invention. For example, antibodies may be used to target the polypeptides of the present invention to particular cell types, either in vitro or in vivo, by fusing or conjugating the polypeptides of the present invention to antibodies specific for particular cell surface receptors. Antibodies fused or conjugated to the polypeptides of the present invention may also be used in in vitro immunoassays and purification methods using methods known in the art. See e.g., Harbor et al., supra, and PCT publication WO 93/21232; EP 439,095; Naramura et al., Immunol. Lett. 39:91-99 (1994); U.S. Patent 5,474,981; Gillies et al., PNAS 89:1428-1432 (1992); Fell et al., J. Immunol. 146:2446-2452(1991), which are incorporated by reference in their entireties.

The present invention further includes compositions comprising the polypeptides of the present invention fused or conjugated to antibody domains other than the variable regions. For example, the polypeptides of the present invention may be fused or conjugated to an antibody Fc region, or portion thereof. The antibody portion fused to a polypeptide of the present invention may comprise the constant region, hinge region, CH1 domain, CH2 domain, and CH3 domain or any combination of whole domains or portions thereof. The polypeptides may also be fused or conjugated to the above antibody portions to form multimers. For example, Fc portions fused to the polypeptides of the present invention can form dimers through disulfide bonding between the Fc portions. Higher multimeric forms can be made by fusing the polypeptides to portions of IgA and IgM. Methods for fusing or conjugating the polypeptides of the present invention to antibody portions are known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,336,603; 5,622,929; 5,359,046; 5,349,053; 5,447,851;

5,112,946; EP 307,434; EP 367,166; PCT publications WO 96/04388; WO 91/06570; Ashkenazi et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:10535-10539 (1991); Zheng et al., J. Immunol. 154:5590-5600 (1995); and Vil et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:11337-11341(1992) (said references incorporated by reference in their entireties).

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As discussed, supra, the polypeptides corresponding to a polypeptide, polypeptide fragment, or a variant of SEO ID NO:Y may be fused or conjugated to the above antibody portions to increase the in vivo half life of the polypeptides or for use in immunoassays using methods known in the art. Further, the polypeptides corresponding to SEQ ID NO:Y may be fused or conjugated to the above antibody portions to facilitate purification. One reported example describes chimeric proteins consisting of the first two domains of the human CD4polypeptide and various domains of the constant regions of the heavy or light chains of mammalian immunoglobulins. (EP 394,827; Traunecker et al., Nature 331:84-86 (1988). The polypeptides of the present invention fused or conjugated to an antibody having disulfide- linked dimeric structures (due to the IgG) may also be more efficient in binding and neutralizing other molecules, than the monomeric secreted protein or protein fragment alone. (Fountoulakis et al., J. Biochem. 270:3958-3964 (1995)). In many cases, the Fc part in a fusion protein is beneficial in therapy and diagnosis, and thus can result in, for example, improved pharmacokinetic properties. (EP A 232,262). Alternatively, deleting the Fc part after the fusion protein has been expressed, detected, and purified, would be desired. For example, the Fc portion may hinder therapy and diagnosis if the fusion protein is used as an antigen for immunizations. In drug discovery, for example, human proteins, such as hIL-5, have been fused with Fc portions for the purpose of high-throughput screening assays to identify antagonists of hIL-5. (See, Bennett et al., J. Molecular Recognition 8:52-58 (1995); Johanson et al., J. Biol. Chem. 270:9459-9471 (1995).

Moreover, the antibodies or fragments thereof of the present invention can be fused to marker sequences, such as a peptide to facilitate purification. In preferred embodiments, the marker amino acid sequence is a hexa-histidine peptide, such as the tag provided in a pQE vector (QIAGEN, Inc., 9259 Eton Avenue, Chatsworth, CA, 91311), among others, many of which are commercially available. As described in Gentz et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:821-824 (1989), for instance, hexa-histidine provides for convenient purification of the fusion protein. Other peptide tags useful for purification include, but are not limited to, the

1916

"HA" tag, which corresponds to an epitope derived from the influenza hemagglutinin protein (Wilson et al., Cell 37:767 (1984)) and the "flag" tag.

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The present invention further encompasses antibodies or fragments thereof conjugated to a diagnostic or therapeutic agent. The antibodies can be used diagnostically to, for example, monitor the development or progression of a tumor as part of a clinical testing procedure to, e.g., determine the efficacy of a given treatment regimen. Detection can be facilitated by coupling the antibody to a detectable substance. Examples of detectable substances include various enzymes, prosthetic groups, fluorescent materials, luminescent materials, bioluminescent materials, radioactive materials, positron emitting metals using various positron emission tomographies, and nonradioactive paramagnetic metal ions. The detectable substance may be coupled or conjugated either directly to the antibody (or fragment thereof) or indirectly, through an intermediate (such as, for example, a linker known in the art) using techniques known in the art. See, for example, U.S. Patent No. 4,741,900 for metal ions which can be conjugated to antibodies for use as diagnostics according to the present invention. Examples of suitable enzymes include horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, beta-galactosidase, or acetylcholinesterase; examples of suitable prosthetic group complexes include streptavidin/biotin and avidin/biotin; examples of suitable fluorescent materials include umbelliferone, fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, dichlorotriazinylamine fluorescein, dansyl chloride or phycoerythrin; an example of a luminescent material includes luminol; examples of bioluminescent materials include luciferase, luciferin, and aequorin; and examples of suitable radioactive material include 125I, 131I, 111In or 99Tc.

Further, an antibody or fragment thereof may be conjugated to a therapeutic moiety such as a cytotoxin, e.g., a cytostatic or cytocidal agent, a therapeutic agent or a radioactive metal ion, e.g., alpha-emitters such as, for example, 213Bi. A cytotoxin or cytotoxic agent includes any agent that is detrimental to cells. Examples include paclitaxol, cytochalasin B, gramicidin D, ethidium bromide, emetine, mitomycin, etoposide, tenoposide, vincristine, vinblastine, colchicin, doxorubicin, daunorubicin, dihydroxy anthracin dione, mitoxantrone, mithramycin, actinomycin D, 1-dehydrotestosterone, glucocorticoids, procaine, tetracaine, lidocaine, propranolol, and puromycin and analogs or homologs thereof. Therapeutic agents include, but are not limited to, antimetabolites (e.g., methotrexate, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, cytarabine, 5-fluorouracil decarbazine), alkylating agents (e.g.,

1917

mechlorethamine, thioepa chlorambucil, melphalan, carmustine (BSNU) and lomustine (CCNU), cyclothosphamide, busulfan, dibromomannitol, streptozotocin, mitomycin C, and cis- dichlorodiamine platinum (II) (DDP) cisplatin), anthracyclines (e.g., daunorubicin (formerly daunomycin) and doxorubicin), antibiotics (e.g., dactinomycin (formerly actinomycin), bleomycin, mithramycin, and anthramycin (AMC)), and anti-mitotic agents (e.g., vincristine and vinblastine).

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The conjugates of the invention can be used for modifying a given biological response, the therapeutic agent or drug moiety is not to be construed as limited to classical chemical therapeutic agents. For example, the drug moiety may be a protein or polypeptide possessing a desired biological activity. Such proteins may include, for example, a toxin such as abrin, ricin A, pseudomonas exotoxin, or diphtheria toxin; a protein such as tumor necrosis factor, a-interferon, β-interferon, nerve growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, tissue plasminogen activator, an apoptotic agent, e.g., TNF-alpha, TNF-beta, AIM I (See, International Publication No. WO 97/33899), AIM II (See, International Publication No. WO 97/34911), Fas Ligand (Takahashi et al., Int. Immunol., 6:1567-1574 (1994)), VEGI (See, International Publication No. WO 99/23105), a thrombotic agent or an anti- angiogenic agent, e.g., angiostatin or endostatin; or, biological response modifiers such as, for example, lymphokines, interleukin-1 ("IL-1"), interleukin-2 ("IL-2"), interleukin-6 ("IL-6"), granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor ("GM-CSF"), granulocyte colony stimulating factor ("G-CSF"), or other growth factors.

Antibodies may also be attached to solid supports, which are particularly useful for immunoassays or purification of the target antigen. Such solid supports include, but are not limited to, glass, cellulose, polyacrylamide, nylon, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride or polypropylene.

Techniques for conjugating such therapeutic moiety to antibodies are well known, see, e.g., Amon et al., "Monoclonal Antibodies For Immunotargeting Of Drugs In Cancer Therapy", in Monoclonal Antibodies And Cancer Therapy, Reisfeld et al. (eds.), pp. 243-56 (Alan R. Liss, Inc. 1985); Hellstrom et al., "Antibodies For Drug Delivery", in Controlled Drug Delivery (2nd Ed.), Robinson et al. (eds.), pp. 623-53 (Marcel Dekker, Inc. 1987); Thorpe, "Antibody Carriers Of Cytotoxic Agents In Cancer Therapy: A Review", in Monoclonal Antibodies '84: Biological And Clinical Applications, Pinchera et al. (eds.), pp. 475-506 (1985); "Analysis, Results, And Future Prospective Of The Therapeutic Use Of

1918

PCT/US00/26524

Radiolabeled Antibody In Cancer Therapy", in Monoclonal Antibodies For Cancer Detection And Therapy, Baldwin et al. (eds.), pp. 303-16 (Academic Press 1985), and Thorpe et al., "The Preparation And Cytotoxic Properties Of Antibody-Toxin Conjugates", Immunol. Rev. 62:119-58 (1982).

Alternatively, an antibody can be conjugated to a second antibody to form an antibody heteroconjugate as described by Segal in U.S. Patent No. 4,676,980, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

An antibody, with or without a therapeutic moiety conjugated to it, administered alone or in combination with cytotoxic factor(s) and/or cytokine(s) can be used as a therapeutic.

Immunophenotyping

WO 01/22920

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The antibodies of the invention may be utilized for immunophenotyping of cell lines and biological samples. The translation product of the gene of the present invention may be useful as a cell specific marker, or more specifically as a cellular marker that is differentially expressed at various stages of differentiation and/or maturation of particular cell types. Monoclonal antibodies directed against a specific epitope, or combination of epitopes, will allow for the screening of cellular populations expressing the marker. Various techniques can be utilized using monoclonal antibodies to screen for cellular populations expressing the marker(s), and include magnetic separation using antibody-coated magnetic beads, "panning" with antibody attached to a solid matrix (i.e., plate), and flow cytometry (See, e.g., U.S. Patent 5,985,660; and Morrison et al., Cell, 96:737-49 (1999)).

These techniques allow for the screening of particular populations of cells, such as might be found with hematological malignancies (i.e. minimal residual disease (MRD) in acute leukemic patients) and "non-self" cells in transplantations to prevent Graft-versus-Host Disease (GVHD). Alternatively, these techniques allow for the screening of hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells capable of undergoing proliferation and/or differentiation, as might be found in human umbilical cord blood.

30 Assays For Antibody Binding

The antibodies of the invention may be assayed for immunospecific binding by any method known in the art. The immunoassays which can be used include but are not limited

to competitive and non-competitive assay systems using techniques such as western blots, radioimmunoassays, ELISA (enzyme linked immunosorbent assay), "sandwich" immunoassays, immunoprecipitation assays, precipitin reactions, gel diffusion precipitin reactions, immunodiffusion assays, agglutination assays, complement-fixation assays, immunoradiometric assays, fluorescent immunoassays, protein A immunoassays, to name but a few. Such assays are routine and well known in the art (see, e.g., Ausubel et al, eds, 1994, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety). Exemplary immunoassays are described briefly below (but are not intended by way of limitation).

Immunoprecipitation protocols generally comprise lysing a population of cells in a lysis buffer such as RIPA buffer (1% NP-40 or Triton X- 100, 1% sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS, 0.15 M NaCl, 0.01 M sodium phosphate at pH 7.2, 1% Trasylol) supplemented with protein phosphatase and/or protease inhibitors (e.g., EDTA, PMSF, aprotinin, sodium vanadate), adding the antibody of interest to the cell lysate, incubating for a period of time (e.g., 1-4 hours) at 4° C, adding protein A and/or protein G sepharose beads to the cell lysate, incubating for about an hour or more at 4° C, washing the beads in lysis buffer and resuspending the beads in SDS/sample buffer. The ability of the antibody of interest to immunoprecipitate a particular antigen can be assessed by, e.g., western blot analysis. One of skill in the art would be knowledgeable as to the parameters that can be modified to increase the binding of the antibody to an antigen and decrease the background (e.g., preclearing the cell lysate with sepharose beads). For further discussion regarding immunoprecipitation protocols see, e.g., Ausubel et al, eds, 1994, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York at 10.16.1.

Western blot analysis generally comprises preparing protein samples, electrophoresis of the protein samples in a polyacrylamide gel (e.g., 8%- 20% SDS-PAGE depending on the molecular weight of the antigen), transferring the protein sample from the polyacrylamide gel to a membrane such as nitrocellulose, PVDF or nylon, blocking the membrane in blocking solution (e.g., PBS with 3% BSA or non-fat milk), washing the membrane in washing buffer (e.g., PBS-Tween 20), blocking the membrane with primary antibody (the antibody of interest) diluted in blocking buffer, washing the membrane in washing buffer, blocking the membrane with a secondary antibody (which recognizes the primary antibody, e.g., an antihuman antibody) conjugated to an enzymatic substrate (e.g., horseradish peroxidase or

1920

alkaline phosphatase) or radioactive molecule (e.g., 32P or 125I) diluted in blocking buffer, washing the membrane in wash buffer, and detecting the presence of the antigen. One of skill in the art would be knowledgeable as to the parameters that can be modified to increase the signal detected and to reduce the background noise. For further discussion regarding western blot protocols see, e.g., Ausubel et al, eds, 1994, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York at 10.8.1.

ELISAs comprise preparing antigen, coating the well of a 96 well microtiter plate with the antigen, adding the antibody of interest conjugated to a detectable compound such as an enzymatic substrate (e.g., horseradish peroxidase or alkaline phosphatase) to the well and incubating for a period of time, and detecting the presence of the antigen. In ELISAs the antibody of interest does not have to be conjugated to a detectable compound; instead, a second antibody (which recognizes the antibody of interest) conjugated to a detectable compound may be added to the well. Further, instead of coating the well with the antigen, the antibody may be coated to the well. In this case, a second antibody conjugated to a detectable compound may be added following the addition of the antigen of interest to the coated well. One of skill in the art would be knowledgeable as to the parameters that can be modified to increase the signal detected as well as other variations of ELISAs known in the art. For further discussion regarding ELISAs see, e.g., Ausubel et al, eds, 1994, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York at 11.2.1.

The binding affinity of an antibody to an antigen and the off-rate of an antibody-antigen interaction can be determined by competitive binding assays. One example of a competitive binding assay is a radioimmunoassay comprising the incubation of labeled antigen (e.g., 3H or 125I) with the antibody of interest in the presence of increasing amounts of unlabeled antigen, and the detection of the antibody bound to the labeled antigen. The affinity of the antibody of interest for a particular antigen and the binding off-rates can be determined from the data by scatchard plot analysis. Competition with a second antibody can also be determined using radioimmunoassays. In this case, the antigen is incubated with antibody of interest conjugated to a labeled compound (e.g., 3H or 125I) in the presence of increasing amounts of an unlabeled second antibody.

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The present invention is further directed to antibody-based therapies which involve administering antibodies of the invention to an animal, preferably a mammal, and most preferably a human, patient for treating one or more of the disclosed diseases, disorders, or conditions. Therapeutic compounds of the invention include, but are not limited to, antibodies of the invention (including fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof as described herein) and nucleic acids encoding antibodies of the invention (including fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof and anti-idiotypic antibodies as described herein). The antibodies of the invention can be used to treat, inhibit or prevent diseases, disorders or conditions associated with aberrant expression and/or activity of a polypeptide of the invention, including, but not limited to, any one or more of the diseases, disorders, or conditions described herein. The treatment and/or prevention of diseases, disorders, or conditions associated with aberrant expression and/or activity of a polypeptide of the invention includes, but is not limited to, alleviating symptoms associated with those diseases, disorders or conditions. Antibodies of the invention may be provided in pharmaceutically acceptable compositions as known in the art or as described herein.

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A summary of the ways in which the antibodies of the present invention may be used therapeutically includes binding polynucleotides or polypeptides of the present invention locally or systemically in the body or by direct cytotoxicity of the antibody, e.g. as mediated by complement (CDC) or by effector cells (ADCC). Some of these approaches are described in more detail below. Armed with the teachings provided herein, one of ordinary skill in the art will know how to use the antibodies of the present invention for diagnostic, monitoring or therapeutic purposes without undue experimentation.

The antibodies of this invention may be advantageously utilized in combination with other monoclonal or chimeric antibodies, or with lymphokines or hematopoietic growth factors (such as, e.g., IL-2, IL-3 and IL-7), for example, which serve to increase the number or activity of effector cells which interact with the antibodies.

The antibodies of the invention may be administered alone or in combination with other types of treatments (e.g., radiation therapy, chemotherapy, hormonal therapy, immunotherapy and anti-tumor agents). Generally, administration of products of a species origin or species reactivity (in the case of antibodies) that is the same species as that of the patient is preferred. Thus, in a preferred embodiment, human antibodies, fragments

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derivatives, analogs, or nucleic acids, are administered to a human patient for therapy or prophylaxis.

PCT/US00/26524

It is preferred to use high affinity and/or potent in vivo inhibiting and/or neutralizing antibodies against polypeptides or polynucleotides of the present invention, fragments or regions thereof, for both immunoassays directed to and therapy of disorders related to polynucleotides or polypeptides, including fragments thereof, of the present invention. Such antibodies, fragments, or regions, will preferably have an affinity for polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention, including fragments thereof. Preferred binding affinities include those with a dissociation constant or Kd less than 5 X 10⁻² M, 10⁻² M, 5 X 10⁻³ M, 10⁻³ M, 5 X 10⁻⁴ M, 10⁻⁴ M, 5 X 10⁻⁵ M, 10⁻⁵ M, 5 X 10⁻⁶ M, 10⁻⁶ M, 5 X 10⁻⁷ M, 10⁻⁷ M, 5 X 10⁻¹⁸ M, 10⁻⁸ M, 5 X 10⁻⁹ M, 10⁻⁹ M, 5 X 10⁻¹⁰ M, 10⁻¹⁰ M, 5 X 10⁻¹¹ M, 10⁻¹¹ M, 5 X 10⁻¹² M, 10⁻¹² M, 5 X 10⁻¹³ M, 5 X 10⁻¹³ M, 5 X 10⁻¹⁴ M, 10⁻¹⁴ M, 5 X 10⁻¹⁵ M, and 10⁻¹⁵ M.

Gene Therapy

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In a specific embodiment, nucleic acids comprising sequences encoding antibodies or functional derivatives thereof, are administered to treat, inhibit or prevent a disease or disorder associated with aberrant expression and/or activity of a polypeptide of the invention, by way of gene therapy. Gene therapy refers to therapy performed by the administration to a subject of an expressed or expressible nucleic acid. In this embodiment of the invention, the nucleic acids produce their encoded protein that mediates a therapeutic effect.

Any of the methods for gene therapy available in the art can be used according to the present invention. Exemplary methods are described below.

For general reviews of the methods of gene therapy, see Goldspiel et al., Clinical Pharmacy 12:488-505 (1993); Wu and Wu, Biotherapy 3:87-95 (1991); Tolstoshev, Ann. Rev. Pharmacol. Toxicol. 32:573-596 (1993); Mulligan, Science 260:926-932 (1993); and Morgan and Anderson, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 62:191-217 (1993); May, TIBTECH 11(5):155-215 (1993). Methods commonly known in the art of recombinant DNA technology which can be used are described in Ausubel et al. (eds.), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, NY (1993); and Kriegler, Gene Transfer and Expression, A Laboratory Manual, Stockton Press, NY (1990).

In a preferred aspect, the compound comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding an antibody, said nucleic acid sequences being part of expression vectors that express the

1923

antibody or fragments or chimeric proteins or heavy or light chains thereof in a suitable host. In particular, such nucleic acid sequences have promoters operably linked to the antibody coding region, said promoter being inducible or constitutive, and, optionally, tissue-specific. In another particular embodiment, nucleic acid molecules are used in which the antibody coding sequences and any other desired sequences are flanked by regions that promote homologous recombination at a desired site in the genome, thus providing for intrachromosomal expression of the antibody encoding nucleic acids (Koller and Smithies, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:8932-8935 (1989); Zijlstra et al., Nature 342:435-438 (1989). In specific embodiments, the expressed antibody molecule is a single chain antibody; alternatively, the nucleic acid sequences include sequences encoding both the heavy and light chains, or fragments thereof, of the antibody.

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Delivery of the nucleic acids into a patient may be either direct, in which case the patient is directly exposed to the nucleic acid or nucleic acid- carrying vectors, or indirect, in which case, cells are first transformed with the nucleic acids in vitro, then transplanted into the patient. These two approaches are known, respectively, as in vivo or ex vivo gene therapy.

In a specific embodiment, the nucleic acid sequences are directly administered in vivo, where it is expressed to produce the encoded product. This can be accomplished by any of numerous methods known in the art, e.g., by constructing them as part of an appropriate nucleic acid expression vector and administering it so that they become intracellular, e.g., by infection using defective or attenuated retrovirals or other viral vectors (see U.S. Patent No. 4,980,286), or by direct injection of naked DNA, or by use of microparticle bombardment (e.g., a gene gun; Biolistic, Dupont), or coating with lipids or cell-surface receptors or transfecting agents, encapsulation in liposomes, microparticles, or microcapsules, or by administering them in linkage to a peptide which is known to enter the nucleus, by administering it in linkage to a ligand subject to receptor-mediated endocytosis (see, e.g., Wu and Wu, J. Biol. Chem. 262:4429-4432 (1987)) (which can be used to target cell types specifically expressing the receptors), etc. In another embodiment, nucleic acidligand complexes can be formed in which the ligand comprises a fusogenic viral peptide to disrupt endosomes, allowing the nucleic acid to avoid lysosomal degradation. In yet another embodiment, the nucleic acid can be targeted in vivo for cell specific uptake and expression, by targeting a specific receptor (see, e.g., PCT Publications WO 92/06180; WO 92/22635;

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WO92/20316; WO93/14188, WO 93/20221). Alternatively, the nucleic acid can be introduced intracellularly and incorporated within host cell DNA for expression, by homologous recombination (Koller and Smithies, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:8932-8935 (1989); Zijlstra et al., Nature 342:435-438 (1989)).

In a specific embodiment, viral vectors that contains nucleic acid sequences encoding an antibody of the invention are used. For example, a retroviral vector can be used (see Miller et al., Meth. Enzymol. 217:581-599 (1993)). These retroviral vectors contain the components necessary for the correct packaging of the viral genome and integration into the host cell DNA. The nucleic acid sequences encoding the antibody to be used in gene therapy are cloned into one or more vectors, which facilitates delivery of the gene into a patient. More detail about retroviral vectors can be found in Boesen et al., Biotherapy 6:291-302 (1994), which describes the use of a retroviral vector to deliver the mdrl gene to hematopoietic stem cells in order to make the stem cells more resistant to chemotherapy. Other references illustrating the use of retroviral vectors in gene therapy are: Clowes et al., J. Clin. Invest. 93:644-651 (1994); Kiem et al., Blood 83:1467-1473 (1994); Salmons and Gunzberg, Human Gene Therapy 4:129-141 (1993); and Grossman and Wilson, Curr. Opin. in Genetics and Devel. 3:110-114 (1993).

Adenoviruses are other viral vectors that can be used in gene therapy. Adenoviruses are especially attractive vehicles for delivering genes to respiratory epithelia. Adenoviruses naturally infect respiratory epithelia where they cause a mild disease. Other targets for adenovirus-based delivery systems are liver, the central nervous system, endothelial cells, and muscle. Adenoviruses have the advantage of being capable of infecting non-dividing cells. Kozarsky and Wilson, Current Opinion in Genetics and Development 3:499-503 (1993) present a review of adenovirus-based gene therapy. Bout et al., Human Gene Therapy 5:3-10 (1994) demonstrated the use of adenovirus vectors to transfer genes to the respiratory epithelia of rhesus monkeys. Other instances of the use of adenoviruses in gene therapy can be found in Rosenfeld et al., Science 252:431-434 (1991); Rosenfeld et al., Cell 68:143-155 (1992); Mastrangeli et al., J. Clin. Invest. 91:225-234 (1993); PCT Publication WO94/12649; and Wang, et al., Gene Therapy 2:775-783 (1995). In a preferred embodiment, adenovirus vectors are used.

Adeno-associated virus (AAV) has also been proposed for use in gene therapy (Walsh et al., Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 204:289-300 (1993); U.S. Patent No. 5,436,146).

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Another approach to gene therapy involves transferring a gene to cells in tissue culture by such methods as electroporation, lipofection, calcium phosphate mediated transfection, or viral infection. Usually, the method of transfer includes the transfer of a selectable marker to the cells. The cells are then placed under selection to isolate those cells that have taken up and are expressing the transferred gene. Those cells are then delivered to a patient.

In this embodiment, the nucleic acid is introduced into a cell prior to administration in vivo of the resulting recombinant cell. Such introduction can be carried out by any method known in the art, including but not limited to transfection, electroporation, microinjection, infection with a viral or bacteriophage vector containing the nucleic acid sequences, cell fusion, chromosome-mediated gene transfer, microcell-mediated gene transfer, spheroplast fusion, etc. Numerous techniques are known in the art for the introduction of foreign genes into cells (see, e.g., Loeffler and Behr, Meth. Enzymol. 217:599-618 (1993); Cohen et al., Meth. Enzymol. 217:618-644 (1993); Cline, Pharmac. Ther. 29:69-92m (1985) and may be used in accordance with the present invention, provided that the necessary developmental and physiological functions of the recipient cells are not disrupted. The technique should provide for the stable transfer of the nucleic acid to the cell, so that the nucleic acid is expressible by the cell and preferably heritable and expressible by its cell progeny.

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The resulting recombinant cells can be delivered to a patient by various methods known in the art. Recombinant blood cells (e.g., hematopoietic stem or progenitor cells) are preferably administered intravenously. The amount of cells envisioned for use depends on the desired effect, patient state, etc., and can be determined by one skilled in the art.

Cells into which a nucleic acid can be introduced for purposes of gene therapy encompass any desired, available cell type, and include but are not limited to epithelial cells, endothelial cells, keratinocytes, fibroblasts, muscle cells, hepatocytes; blood cells such as Tlymphocytes, Blymphocytes, monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils, eosinophils, megakaryocytes, granulocytes; various stem or progenitor cells, in particular hematopoietic stem or progenitor cells, e.g., as obtained from bone marrow, umbilical cord blood, peripheral blood, fetal liver, etc.

In a preferred embodiment, the cell used for gene therapy is autologous to the patient.

In an embodiment in which recombinant cells are used in gene therapy, nucleic acid sequences encoding an antibody are introduced into the cells such that they are expressible

1926

by the cells or their progeny, and the recombinant cells are then administered in vivo for therapeutic effect. In a specific embodiment, stem or progenitor cells are used. Any stem and/or progenitor cells which can be isolated and maintained in vitro can potentially be used in accordance with this embodiment of the present invention (see e.g. PCT Publication WO 94/08598; Stemple and Anderson, Cell 71:973-985 (1992); Rheinwald, Meth. Cell Bio. 21A:229 (1980); and Pittelkow and Scott, Mayo Clinic Proc. 61:771 (1986)).

In a specific embodiment, the nucleic acid to be introduced for purposes of gene therapy comprises an inducible promoter operably linked to the coding region, such that expression of the nucleic acid is controllable by controlling the presence or absence of the appropriate inducer of transcription.

Demonstration of Therapeutic or Prophylactic Activity

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The compounds or pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are preferably tested in vitro, and then in vivo for the desired therapeutic or prophylactic activity, prior to use in humans. For example, in vitro assays to demonstrate the therapeutic or prophylactic utility of a compound or pharmaceutical composition include, the effect of a compound on a cell line or a patient tissue sample. The effect of the compound or composition on the cell line and/or tissue sample can be determined utilizing techniques known to those of skill in the art including, but not limited to, rosette formation assays and cell lysis assays. In accordance with the invention, in vitro assays which can be used to determine whether administration of a specific compound is indicated, include in vitro cell culture assays in which a patient tissue sample is grown in culture, and exposed to or otherwise administered a compound, and the effect of such compound upon the tissue sample is observed.

25 Therapeutic/Prophylactic Administration and Composition

The invention provides methods of treatment, inhibition and prophylaxis by administration to a subject of an effective amount of a compound or pharmaceutical composition of the invention, preferably an antibody of the invention. In a preferred aspect, the compound is substantially purified (e.g., substantially free from substances that limit its effect or produce undesired side-effects). The subject is preferably an animal, including but not limited to animals such as cows, pigs, horses, chickens, cats, dogs, etc., and is preferably a mammal, and most preferably human.

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Formulations and methods of administration that can be employed when the compound comprises a nucleic acid or an immunoglobulin are described above; additional appropriate formulations and routes of administration can be selected from among those described herein below.

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Various delivery systems are known and can be used to administer a compound of the invention, e.g., encapsulation in liposomes, microparticles, microcapsules, recombinant cells capable of expressing the compound, receptor-mediated endocytosis (see, e.g., Wu and Wu, J. Biol. Chem. 262:4429-4432 (1987)), construction of a nucleic acid as part of a retroviral or other vector, etc. Methods of introduction include but are not limited to intradermal, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intravenous, subcutaneous, intranasal, epidural, and oral routes. The compounds or compositions may be administered by any convenient route, for example by infusion or bolus injection, by absorption through epithelial or mucocutaneous linings (e.g., oral mucosa, rectal and intestinal mucosa, etc.) and may be administered together with other biologically active agents. Administration can be systemic or local. In addition, it may be desirable to introduce the pharmaceutical compounds or compositions of the invention into the central nervous system by any suitable route, including intraventricular and intrathecal injection; intraventricular injection may be facilitated by an intraventricular catheter, for example, attached to a reservoir, such as an Ommaya reservoir. Pulmonary administration can also be employed, e.g., by use of an inhaler or nebulizer, and formulation with an aerosolizing agent.

In a specific embodiment, it may be desirable to administer the pharmaceutical compounds or compositions of the invention locally to the area in need of treatment; this may be achieved by, for example, and not by way of limitation, local infusion during surgery, topical application, e.g., in conjunction with a wound dressing after surgery, by injection, by means of a catheter, by means of a suppository, or by means of an implant, said implant being of a porous, non-porous, or gelatinous material, including membranes, such as sialastic membranes, or fibers. Preferably, when administering a protein, including an antibody, of the invention, care must be taken to use materials to which the protein does not absorb.

In another embodiment, the compound or composition can be delivered in a vesicle, in particular a liposome (see Langer, Science 249:1527-1533 (1990); Treat et al., in Liposomes in the Therapy of Infectious Disease and Cancer, Lopez-Berestein and Fidler

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(eds.), Liss, New York, pp. 353-365 (1989); Lopez-Berestein, ibid., pp. 317-327; see generally ibid.)

In yet another embodiment, the compound or composition can be delivered in a controlled release system. In one embodiment, a pump may be used (see Langer, supra; Sefton, CRC Crit. Ref. Biomed. Eng. 14:201 (1987); Buchwald et al., Surgery 88:507 (1980); Saudek et al., N. Engl. J. Med. 321:574 (1989)). In another embodiment, polymeric materials can be used (see Medical Applications of Controlled Release, Langer and Wise (eds.), CRC Pres., Boca Raton, Florida (1974); Controlled Drug Bioavailability, Drug Product Design and Performance, Smolen and Ball (eds.), Wiley, New York (1984); Ranger and Peppas, J., Macromol. Sci. Rev. Macromol. Chem. 23:61 (1983); see also Levy et al., Science 228:190 (1985); During et al., Ann. Neurol. 25:351 (1989); Howard et al., J.Neurosurg. 71:105 (1989)). In yet another embodiment, a controlled release system can be placed in proximity of the therapeutic target, i.e., the brain, thus requiring only a fraction of the systemic dose (see, e.g., Goodson, in Medical Applications of Controlled Release, supra, vol. 2, pp. 115-138 (1984)).

Other controlled release systems are discussed in the review by Langer (Science 249:1527-1533 (1990)).

In a specific embodiment where the compound of the invention is a nucleic acid encoding a protein, the nucleic acid can be administered in vivo to promote expression of its encoded protein, by constructing it as part of an appropriate nucleic acid expression vector and administering it so that it becomes intracellular, e.g., by use of a retroviral vector (see U.S. Patent No. 4,980,286), or by direct injection, or by use of microparticle bombardment (e.g., a gene gun; Biolistic, Dupont), or coating with lipids or cell-surface receptors or transfecting agents, or by administering it in linkage to a homeobox-like peptide which is known to enter the nucleus (see e.g., Joliot et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:1864-1868 (1991)), etc. Alternatively, a nucleic acid can be introduced intracellularly and incorporated within host cell DNA for expression, by homologous recombination.

The present invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions. Such compositions comprise a therapeutically effective amount of a compound, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In a specific embodiment, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" means approved by a regulatory agency of the Federal or a state government or listed in the U.S. Pharmacopeia or other generally recognized pharmacopeia for use in animals, and more

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particularly in humans. The term "carrier" refers to a diluent, adjuvant, excipient, or vehicle with which the therapeutic is administered. Such pharmaceutical carriers can be sterile liquids, such as water and oils, including those of petroleum, animal, vegetable or synthetic origin, such as peanut oil, soybean oil, mineral oil, sesame oil and the like. Water is a preferred carrier when the pharmaceutical composition is administered intravenously. Saline solutions and aqueous dextrose and glycerol solutions can also be employed as liquid carriers, particularly for injectable solutions. Suitable pharmaceutical excipients include starch, glucose, lactose, sucrose, gelatin, malt, rice, flour, chalk, silica gel, sodium stearate, glycerol monostearate, talc, sodium chloride, dried skim milk, glycerol, propylene, glycol, water, ethanol and the like. The composition, if desired, can also contain minor amounts of wetting or emulsifying agents, or pH buffering agents. These compositions can take the form of solutions, suspensions, emulsion, tablets, pills, capsules, powders, sustained-release formulations and the like. The composition can be formulated as a suppository, with traditional binders and carriers such as triglycerides. Oral formulation can include standard carriers such as pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, etc. Examples of suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in "Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences" by E.W. Martin. Such compositions will contain a therapeutically effective amount of the compound. preferably in purified form, together with a suitable amount of carrier so as to provide the form for proper administration to the patient. The formulation should suit the mode of administration.

In a preferred embodiment, the composition is formulated in accordance with routine procedures as a pharmaceutical composition adapted for intravenous administration to human beings. Typically, compositions for intravenous administration are solutions in sterile isotonic aqueous buffer. Where necessary, the composition may also include a solubilizing agent and a local anesthetic such as lignocaine to ease pain at the site of the injection. Generally, the ingredients are supplied either separately or mixed together in unit dosage form, for example, as a dry lyophilized powder or water free concentrate in a hermetically sealed container such as an ampoule or sachette indicating the quantity of active agent. Where the composition is to be administered by infusion, it can be dispensed with an infusion bottle containing sterile pharmaceutical grade water or saline. Where the

1930

composition is administered by injection, an ampoule of sterile water for injection or saline can be provided so that the ingredients may be mixed prior to administration.

The compounds of the invention can be formulated as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts include those formed with anions such as those derived from hydrochloric, phosphoric, acetic, oxalic, tartaric acids, etc., and those formed with cations such as those derived from sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, ferric hydroxides, isopropylamine, triethylamine, 2-ethylamino ethanol, histidine, procaine, etc.

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The amount of the compound of the invention which will be effective in the treatment, inhibition and prevention of a disease or disorder associated with aberrant expression and/or activity of a polypeptide of the invention can be determined by standard clinical techniques. In addition, in vitro assays may optionally be employed to help identify optimal dosage ranges. The precise dose to be employed in the formulation will also depend on the route of administration, and the seriousness of the disease or disorder, and should be decided according to the judgment of the practitioner and each patient's circumstances. Effective doses may be extrapolated from dose-response curves derived from in vitro or animal model test systems.

For antibodies, the dosage administered to a patient is typically 0.1 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg of the patient's body weight. Preferably, the dosage administered to a patient is between 0.1 mg/kg and 20 mg/kg of the patient's body weight, more preferably 1 mg/kg to 10 mg/kg of the patient's body weight. Generally, human antibodies have a longer half-life within the human body than antibodies from other species due to the immune response to the foreign polypeptides. Thus, lower dosages of human antibodies and less frequent administration is often possible. Further, the dosage and frequency of administration of antibodies of the invention may be reduced by enhancing uptake and tissue penetration (e.g., into the brain) of the antibodies by modifications such as, for example, lipidation.

The invention also provides a pharmaceutical pack or kit comprising one or more containers filled with one or more of the ingredients of the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention. Optionally associated with such container(s) can be a notice in the form prescribed by a governmental agency regulating the manufacture, use or sale of pharmaceuticals or biological products, which notice reflects approval by the agency of manufacture, use or sale for human administration.

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Diagnosis and Imaging

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Labeled antibodies, and derivatives and analogs thereof, which specifically bind to a polypeptide of interest can be used for diagnostic purposes to detect, diagnose, or monitor diseases, disorders, and/or conditions associated with the aberrant expression and/or activity of a polypeptide of the invention. The invention provides for the detection of aberrant expression of a polypeptide of interest, comprising (a) assaying the expression of the polypeptide of interest in cells or body fluid of an individual using one or more antibodies specific to the polypeptide interest and (b) comparing the level of gene expression with a standard gene expression level, whereby an increase or decrease in the assayed polypeptide gene expression level compared to the standard expression level is indicative of aberrant expression.

The invention provides a diagnostic assay for diagnosing a disorder, comprising (a) assaying the expression of the polypeptide of interest in cells or body fluid of an individual using one or more antibodies specific to the polypeptide interest and (b) comparing the level of gene expression with a standard gene expression level, whereby an increase or decrease in the assayed polypeptide gene expression level compared to the standard expression level is indicative of a particular disorder. With respect to cancer, the presence of a relatively high amount of transcript in biopsied tissue from an individual may indicate a predisposition for the development of the disease, or may provide a means for detecting the disease prior to the appearance of actual clinical symptoms. A more definitive diagnosis of this type may allow health professionals to employ preventative measures or aggressive treatment earlier thereby preventing the development or further progression of the cancer.

Antibodies of the invention can be used to assay protein levels in a biological sample using classical immunohistological methods known to those of skill in the art (e.g., see Jalkanen, et al., J. Cell. Biol. 101:976-985 (1985); Jalkanen, et al., J. Cell. Biol. 105:3087-3096 (1987)). Other antibody-based methods useful for detecting protein gene expression include immunoassays, such as the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and the radioimmunoassay (RIA). Suitable antibody assay labels are known in the art and include enzyme labels, such as, glucose oxidase; radioisotopes, such as iodine (125I, 121I), carbon (14C), sulfur (35S), tritium (3H), indium (112In), and technetium (99Tc); luminescent labels, such as luminol; and fluorescent labels, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, and biotin.

1932

One aspect of the invention is the detection and diagnosis of a disease or disorder associated with aberrant expression of a polypeptide of interest in an animal, preferably a mammal and most preferably a human. In one embodiment, diagnosis comprises: a) administering (for example, parenterally, subcutaneously, or intraperitoneally) to a subject an effective amount of a labeled molecule which specifically binds to the polypeptide of interest; b) waiting for a time interval following the administering for permitting the labeled molecule to preferentially concentrate at sites in the subject where the polypeptide is expressed (and for unbound labeled molecule to be cleared to background level); c) determining background level; and d) detecting the labeled molecule in the subject, such that detection of labeled molecule above the background level indicates that the subject has a particular disease or disorder associated with aberrant expression of the polypeptide of interest. Background level can be determined by various methods including, comparing the amount of labeled molecule detected to a standard value previously determined for a particular system.

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It will be understood in the art that the size of the subject and the imaging system used will determine the quantity of imaging moiety needed to produce diagnostic images. In the case of a radioisotope moiety, for a human subject, the quantity of radioactivity injected will normally range from about 5 to 20 millicuries of 99mTc. The labeled antibody or antibody fragment will then preferentially accumulate at the location of cells which contain the specific protein. In vivo tumor imaging is described in S.W. Burchiel et al., "Immunopharmacokinetics of Radiolabeled Antibodies and Their Fragments." (Chapter 13 in Tumor Imaging: The Radiochemical Detection of Cancer, S.W. Burchiel and B. A. Rhodes, eds., Masson Publishing Inc. (1982).

Depending on several variables, including the type of label used and the mode of administration, the time interval following the administration for permitting the labeled molecule to preferentially concentrate at sites in the subject and for unbound labeled molecule to be cleared to background level is 6 to 48 hours or 6 to 24 hours or 6 to 12 hours. In another embodiment the time interval following administration is 5 to 20 days or 5 to 10 days.

In an embodiment, monitoring of the disease or disorder is carried out by repeating the method for diagnosing the disease or disease, for example, one month after initial diagnosis, six months after initial diagnosis, one year after initial diagnosis, etc.

1933

Presence of the labeled molecule can be detected in the patient using methods known in the art for in vivo scanning. These methods depend upon the type of label used. Skilled artisans will be able to determine the appropriate method for detecting a particular label. Methods and devices that may be used in the diagnostic methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, computed tomography (CT), whole body scan such as position emission tomography (PET), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), and sonography.

In a specific embodiment, the molecule is labeled with a radioisotope and is detected in the patient using a radiation responsive surgical instrument (Thurston et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,441,050). In another embodiment, the molecule is labeled with a fluorescent compound and is detected in the patient using a fluorescence responsive scanning instrument. In another embodiment, the molecule is labeled with a positron emitting metal and is detected in the patent using positron emission-tomography. In yet another embodiment, the molecule is labeled with a paramagnetic label and is detected in a patient using magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).

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Kits

The present invention provides kits that can be used in the above methods. In one embodiment, a kit comprises an antibody of the invention, preferably a purified antibody, in one or more containers. In a specific embodiment, the kits of the present invention contain a substantially isolated polypeptide comprising an epitope which is specifically immunoreactive with an antibody included in the kit. Preferably, the kits of the present invention further comprise a control antibody which does not react with the polypeptide of interest. In another specific embodiment, the kits of the present invention contain a means for detecting the binding of an antibody to a polypeptide of interest (e.g., the antibody may be conjugated to a detectable substrate such as a fluorescent compound, an enzymatic substrate, a radioactive compound or a luminescent compound, or a second antibody which recognizes the first antibody may be conjugated to a detectable substrate).

In another specific embodiment of the present invention, the kit is a diagnostic kit for use in screening serum containing antibodies specific against proliferative and/or cancerous polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such a kit may include a control antibody that does not react with the polypeptide of interest. Such a kit may include a substantially isolated polypeptide antigen comprising an epitope which is specifically immunoreactive with at least

1934

one anti-polypeptide antigen antibody. Further, such a kit includes means for detecting the binding of said antibody to the antigen (e.g., the antibody may be conjugated to a fluorescent compound such as fluorescein or rhodamine which can be detected by flow cytometry). In specific embodiments, the kit may include a recombinantly produced or chemically synthesized polypeptide antigen. The polypeptide antigen of the kit may also be attached to a solid support.

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In a more specific embodiment the detecting means of the above-described kit includes a solid support to which said polypeptide antigen is attached. Such a kit may also include a non-attached reporter-labeled anti-human antibody. In this embodiment, binding of the antibody to the polypeptide antigen can be detected by binding of the said reporter-labeled antibody.

In an additional embodiment, the invention includes a diagnostic kit for use in screening serum containing antigens of the polypeptide of the invention. The diagnostic kit includes a substantially isolated antibody specifically immunoreactive with polypeptide or polynucleotide antigens, and means for detecting the binding of the polynucleotide or polypeptide antigen to the antibody. In one embodiment, the antibody is attached to a solid support. In a specific embodiment, the antibody may be a monoclonal antibody. The detecting means of the kit may include a second, labeled monoclonal antibody. Alternatively, or in addition, the detecting means may include a labeled, competing antigen.

In one diagnostic configuration, test serum is reacted with a solid phase reagent having a surface-bound antigen obtained by the methods of the present invention. After binding with specific antigen antibody to the reagent and removing unbound serum components by washing, the reagent is reacted with reporter-labeled anti-human antibody to bind reporter to the reagent in proportion to the amount of bound anti-antigen antibody on the solid support. The reagent is again washed to remove unbound labeled antibody, and the amount of reporter associated with the reagent is determined. Typically, the reporter is an enzyme which is detected by incubating the solid phase in the presence of a suitable fluorometric, luminescent or colorimetric substrate (Sigma, St. Louis, MO).

The solid surface reagent in the above assay is prepared by known techniques for attaching protein material to solid support material, such as polymeric beads, dip sticks, 96-well plate or filter material. These attachment methods generally include non-specific adsorption of the protein to the support or covalent attachment of the protein, typically

1935

through a free amine group, to a chemically reactive group on the solid support, such as an activated carboxyl, hydroxyl, or aldehyde group. Alternatively, streptavidin coated plates can be used in conjunction with biotinylated antigen(s).

Thus, the invention provides an assay system or kit for carrying out this diagnostic method. The kit generally includes a support with surface-bound recombinant antigens, and a reporter-labeled anti-human antibody for detecting surface-bound anti-antigen antibody.

Fusion Proteins

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Any colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide of the invention can be used to generate fusion proteins. For example, a colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide, when fused to a second protein, can be used as an antigenic tag. Antibodies raised against the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide can be used to indirectly detect the second protein by binding to the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide. Moreover, because secreted proteins target cellular locations based on trafficking signals, the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides can be used as targeting molecules once fused to other proteins.

Examples of domains that can be fused to colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides include not only heterologous signal sequences, but also other heterologous functional regions. The fusion does not necessarily need to be direct, but may occur through linker sequences.

Moreover, fusion proteins may also be engineered to improve characteristics of the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide. For instance, a region of additional amino acids, particularly charged amino acids, may be added to the N-terminus of the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide to improve stability and persistence during purification from the host cell or subsequent handling and storage. Also, peptide moieties may be added to the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide to facilitate purification. Such regions may be removed prior to final preparation of the colon and/or colon cancer related protein. The addition of peptide moieties to facilitate handling of polypeptides are familiar and routine techniques in the art.

As one of skill in the art will appreciate, polypeptides of the present invention and the epitope-bearing fragments thereof described above, can be combined with heterologous polypeptide sequences. For example, the polypeptides of the present invention may be fused with heterologous polypeptide sequences, for example, the polypeptides of the present

1936

invention may be fused with parts of the constant domain of immunoglobulins (IgA, IgE, IgG, IgM) or portions thereof (CH1, CH2, CH3, and any combination thereof, including both entire domains and portions thereof), resulting in chimeric polypeptides. These fusion proteins facilitate purification and show an increased half-life in vivo. One reported example describes chimeric proteins consisting of the first two domains of the human CD4-polypeptide and various domains of the constant regions of the heavy or light chains of mammalian immunoglobulins. (EP A 394,827; Traunecker et al., Nature 331:84-86 (1988).) Fusion proteins having disulfide-linked dimeric structures (due to the IgG) can also be more efficient in binding and neutralizing other molecules, than the monomeric secreted protein or protein fragment alone. (Fountoulakis et al., J. Biochem. 270:3958-3964 (1995).)

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Similarly, EP-A-O 464 533 (Canadian counterpart 2045869) discloses fusion proteins comprising various portions of constant region of immunoglobulin molecules together with another human protein or part thereof. In many cases, the Fc part in a fusion protein is beneficial in therapy and diagnosis, and thus can result in, for example, improved pharmacokinetic properties. (EP-A 0232 262.) Alternatively, deleting the Fc part after the fusion protein has been expressed, detected, and purified, would be desired. For example, the Fc portion may hinder therapy and diagnosis if the fusion protein is used as an antigen for immunizations. In drug discovery, for example, human proteins, such as hIL-5, have been fused with Fc portions for the purpose of high-throughput screening assays to identify antagonists of hIL-5. (See, D. Bennett et al., J. Molecular Recognition 8:52-58 (1995); K. Johanson et al., J. Biol. Chem. 270:9459-9471 (1995).)

Moreover, the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides can be fused to marker sequences, such as a peptide which facilitates purification of any colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide. In preferred embodiments, the marker amino acid sequence is a hexahistidine peptide, such as the tag provided in a pQE vector (QIAGEN, Inc., 9259 Eton Avenue, Chatsworth, CA, 91311), among others, many of which are commercially available. As described in Gentz et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:821-824 (1989), for instance, hexa-histidine provides for convenient purification of the fusion protein. Another peptide tag useful for purification, the "HA" tag, corresponds to an epitope derived from the influenza hemagglutinin protein. (Wilson et al., Cell 37:767 (1984).)

Thus, any of these above fusions can be engineered using the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides or the polypeptides.

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Vectors, Host Cells, and Protein Production

The present invention also relates to vectors containing the polynucleotide of the present invention, host cells, and the production of polypeptides by recombinant techniques. The vector may be, for example, a phage, plasmid, viral, or retroviral vector. Retroviral vectors may be replication competent or replication defective. In the latter case, viral propagation generally will occur only in complementing host cells.

The colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides may be joined to a vector containing a selectable marker for propagation in a host. Generally, a plasmid vector is introduced in a precipitate, such as a calcium phosphate precipitate, or in a complex with a charged lipid. If the vector is a virus, it may be packaged in vitro using an appropriate packaging cell line and then transduced into host cells.

The polynucleotide insert should be operatively linked to an appropriate promoter, such as the phage lambda PL promoter, the E. coli lac, trp, phoA and tac promoters, the SV40 early and late promoters and promoters of retroviral LTRs, to name a few. Other suitable promoters will be known to the skilled artisan. The expression constructs will further contain sites for transcription initiation, termination, and, in the transcribed region, a ribosome binding site for translation. The coding portion of the transcripts expressed by the constructs will preferably include a translation initiating codon at the beginning and a termination codon (UAA, UGA or UAG) appropriately positioned at the end of the polypeptide to be translated.

As indicated, the expression vectors will preferably include at least one selectable marker. Such markers include dihydrofolate reductase, G418 or neomycin resistance for eukaryotic cell culture and tetracycline, kanamycin or ampicillin resistance genes for culturing in E. coli and other bacteria. Representative examples of appropriate hosts include, but are not limited to, bacterial cells, such as E. coli, Streptomyces and Salmonella typhimurium cells; fungal cells, such as yeast cells (e.g., Saccharomyces cerevisiae or Pichia pastoris (ATCC Accession No. 201178)); insect cells such as Drosophila S2 and Spodoptera Sf9 cells; animal cells such as CHO, COS, 293, and Bowes melanoma cells; and plant cells. Appropriate culture mediums and conditions for the above-described host cells are known in the art.

Among vectors preferred for use in bacteria include pQE70, pQE60 and pQE-9, available from QIAGEN, Inc.; pBluescript vectors, Phagescript vectors, pNH8A, pNH16a,

1938

pNH18A, pNH46A, available from Stratagene Cloning Systems, Inc.; and ptrc99a, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pDR540, pRIT5 available from Pharmacia Biotech, Inc. Among preferred eukaryotic vectors are pWLNEO, pSV2CAT, pOG44, pXT1 and pSG available from Stratagene; and pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG and pSVL available from Pharmacia. Preferred expression vectors for use in yeast systems include, but are not limited to pYES2, pYD1, pTEF1/Zeo, pYES2/GS, pPICZ, pGAPZ, pGAPZalph, pPIC9, pPIC3.5, pHIL-D2, pHIL-S1, pPIC3.5K, pPIC9K, and PAO815 (all available from Invitrogen, Carlbad, CA). Other suitable vectors will be readily apparent to the skilled artisan.

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Introduction of the construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE-dextran mediated transfection, cationic lipid-mediated transfection, electroporation, transduction, infection, or other methods. Such methods are described in many standard laboratory manuals, such as Davis et al., Basic Methods In Molecular Biology (1986). It is specifically contemplated that the polypeptides of the present invention may in fact be expressed by a host cell lacking a recombinant vector.

A polypeptide of this invention can be recovered and purified from recombinant cell cultures by well-known methods including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation, acid extraction, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography and lectin chromatography. Most preferably, high performance liquid chromatography ("HPLC") is employed for purification.

Polypeptides of the present invention can also be recovered from: products purified from natural sources, including bodily fluids, tissues and cells, whether directly isolated or cultured; products of chemical synthetic procedures; and products produced by recombinant techniques from a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host, including, for example, bacterial, yeast, higher plant, insect, and mammalian cells. Depending upon the host employed in a recombinant production procedure, the polypeptides of the present invention may be glycosylated or may be non-glycosylated. In addition, polypeptides of the invention may also include an initial modified methionine residue, in some cases as a result of host-mediated processes. Thus, it is well known in the art that the N-terminal methionine encoded by the translation initiation codon generally is removed with high efficiency from any protein after translation in all eukaryotic cells. While the N-terminal methionine on most proteins also is efficiently removed in most prokaryotes, for some proteins, this prokaryotic removal

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process is inefficient, depending on the nature of the amino acid to which the N-terminal methionine is covalently linked.

In one embodiment, the yeast Pichia pastoris is used to express any colon and/or colon cancer related protein of the invention in a eukaryotic system. Pichia pastoris is a methylotrophic yeast which can metabolize methanol as its sole carbon source. A main step in the methanol metabolization pathway is the oxidation of methanol to formaldehyde using O₂. This reaction is catalyzed by the enzyme alcohol oxidase. In order to metabolize methanol as its sole carbon source, Pichia pastoris must generate high levels of alcohol oxidase due, in part, to the relatively low affinity of alcohol oxidase for O2. Consequently, in a growth medium depending on methanol as a main carbon source, the promoter region of one of the two alcohol oxidase genes (AOXI) is highly active. In the presence of methanol, alcohol oxidase produced from the AOXI gene comprises up to approximately 30% of the total soluble protein in Pichia pastoris. See, Ellis, S.B., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 5:1111-21 (1985); Koutz, P.J, et al., Yeast 5:167-77 (1989); Tschopp, J.F., et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 15:3859-76 (1987). Thus, a heterologous coding sequence, such as, for example, a colon and/or colon cancer relatedpolynucleotide of the present invention, under the transcriptional regulation of all or part of the AOX1 regulatory sequence is expressed at exceptionally high levels in Pichia yeast grown in the presence of methanol.

In one example, the plasmid vector pPIC9K is used to express DNA encoding a colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide of the invention, as set forth herein, in a *Pichea* yeast system essentially as described in "*Pichia* Protocols: Methods in Molecular Biology," D.R. Higgins and J. Cregg, eds. The Humana Press, Totowa, NJ, 1998. This expression vector allows expression and secretion of a colon and/or colon cancer related protein of the invention by virtue of the strong *AOX1* promoter linked to the *Pichia pastoris* alkaline phosphatase (PHO) secretory signal peptide (i.e., leader) located upstream of a multiple cloning site.

Many other yeast vectors could be used in place of pPIC9K, such as, pYES2, pYD1, pTEF1/Zeo, pYES2/GS, pPICZ, pGAPZ, pGAPZalpha, pPIC9, pPIC3.5, pHIL-D2, pHIL-S1, pPIC3.5K, and PAO815, as one skilled in the art would readily appreciate, as long as the proposed expression construct provides appropriately located signals for transcription, translation, secretion (if desired), and the like, including an in-frame AUG as required.

In another embodiment, high-level expression of a heterologous coding sequence, such as, for example, a colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide of the present invention, may be achieved by cloning the heterologous polynucleotide of the invention into an expression vector such as, for example, pGAPZ or pGAPZalpha, and growing the yeast culture in the absence of methanol.

In addition to encompassing host cells containing the vector constructs discussed herein, the invention also encompasses primary, secondary, and immortalized host cells of vertebrate origin, particularly mammalian origin, that have been engineered to delete or replace endogenous genetic material (e.g., coding sequence), and/or to include genetic material (e.g., heterologous polynucleotide sequences) that is operably associated with polynucleotides of the invention, and which activates, alters, and/or amplifies endogenous polynucleotides. For example, techniques known in the art may be used to operably associate heterologous control regions (e.g., promoter and/or enhancer) and endogenous polynucleotide sequences via homologous recombination (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,641,670, issued June 24, 1997; International Publication No. WO 96/29411, published September 26, 1996; International Publication No. WO 94/12650, published August 4, 1994; Koller et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:8932-8935 (1989); and Zijlstra et al., Nature 342:435-438 (1989), the disclosures of each of which are incorporated by reference in their entireties).

In addition, polypeptides of the invention can be chemically synthesized using techniques known in the art (e.g., see Creighton, 1983, Proteins: Structures and Molecular Principles, W.H. Freeman & Co., N.Y., and Hunkapiller et al., Nature, 310:105-111 (1984)). For example, a polypeptide corresponding to a fragment of a polypeptide can be synthesized by use of a peptide synthesizer. Furthermore, if desired, nonclassical amino acids or chemical amino acid analogs can be introduced as a substitution or addition into the polypeptide sequence. Non-classical amino acids include, but are not limited to, to the D-isomers of the common amino acids, 2,4-diaminobutyric acid, a-amino isobutyric acid, 4-aminobutyric acid, Abu, 2-amino butyric acid, g-Abu, e-Ahx, 6-amino hexanoic acid, Aib, 2-amino isobutyric acid, 3-amino propionic acid, ornithine, norleucine, norvaline, hydroxyproline, sarcosine, citrulline, homocitrulline, cysteic acid, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, phenylglycine, cyclohexylalanine, b-alanine, fluoro-amino acids, designer amino acids such as b-methyl amino acids, Ca-methyl amino acids, Na-methyl amino acids.

1941

and amino acid analogs in general. Furthermore, the amino acid can be D (dextrorotary) or L (levorotary).

The invention encompasses polypeptides of the present invention which are differentially modified during or after translation, e.g., by glycosylation, acetylation, phosphorylation, amidation, derivatization by known protecting/blocking groups, proteolytic cleavage, linkage to an antibody molecule or other cellular ligand, etc. Any of numerous chemical modifications may be carried out by known techniques, including but not limited, to specific chemical cleavage by cyanogen bromide, trypsin, chymotrypsin, papain, V8 protease, NaBH₄; acetylation, formylation, oxidation, reduction; metabolic synthesis in the presence of tunicamycin; etc.

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Additional post-translational modifications encompassed by the invention include, for example, e.g., N-linked or O-linked carbohydrate chains, processing of N-terminal or C-terminal ends), attachment of chemical moieties to the amino acid backbone, chemical modifications of N-linked or O-linked carbohydrate chains, and addition or deletion of an N-terminal methionine residue as a result of procaryotic host cell expression. The polypeptides may also be modified with a detectable label, such as an enzymatic, fluorescent, isotopic or affinity label to allow for detection and isolation of the protein.

Also provided by the invention are chemically modified derivatives of the polypeptides of the invention which may provide additional advantages such as increased solubility, stability and circulating time of the polypeptide, or decreased immunogenicity (see U.S. Patent No. 4,179,337). The chemical moieties for derivitization may be selected from water soluble polymers such as polyethylene glycol, ethylene glycol/propylene glycol copolymers, carboxymethylcellulose, dextran, polyvinyl alcohol and the like. The polypeptides may be modified at random positions within the molecule, or at predetermined positions within the molecule and may include one, two, three or more attached chemical moieties.

The polymer may be of any molecular weight, and may be branched or unbranched. For polyethylene glycol, the preferred molecular weight is between about 1 kDa and about 100 kDa (the term "about" indicating that in preparations of polyethylene glycol, some molecules will weigh more, some less, than the stated molecular weight) for ease in handling and manufacturing. Other sizes may be used, depending on the desired therapeutic profile (e.g., the duration of sustained release desired, the effects, if any on biological activity, the

ease in handling, the degree or lack of antigenicity and other known effects of the polyethylene glycol to a therapeutic protein or analog). For example, the polyethylene glycol may have an average molecular weight of about 200, 500, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500, 7000, 7500, 8000, 8500, 9000, 9500, 10,000, 10,500, 11,000, 11,500, 12,000, 12,500, 13,000, 13,500, 14,000, 14,500, 15,000, 15,500, 16,000, 16,500, 17,000, 17,500, 18,000, 18,500, 19,000, 19,500, 20,000, 25,000, 30,000, 35,000, 40,000, 50,000, 55,000, 60,000, 65,000, 70,000, 75,000, 80,000, 85,000, 90,000, 95,000, or 100,000 kDa.

As noted above, the polyethylene glycol may have a branched structure. Branched polyethylene glycols are described, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,643,575; Morpurgo et al., Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 56:59-72 (1996); Vorobjev et al., Nucleosides Nucleotides 18:2745-2750 (1999); and Caliceti et al., Bioconjug. Chem. 10:638-646 (1999), the disclosures of each of which are incorporated herein by reference.

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The polyethylene glycol molecules (or other chemical moieties) should be attached to the protein with consideration of effects on functional or antigenic domains of the protein. There are a number of attachment methods available to those skilled in the art, e.g., EP 0 401 384, herein incorporated by reference (coupling PEG to G-CSF), see also Malik et al., Exp. Hematol. 20:1028-1035 (1992) (reporting pegylation of GM-CSF using tresyl chloride). For example, polyethylene glycol may be covalently bound through amino acid residues via a reactive group, such as, a free amino or carboxyl group. Reactive groups are those to which an activated polyethylene glycol molecule may be bound. The amino acid residues having a free amino group may include lysine residues and the N-terminal amino acid residues; those having a free carboxyl group may include aspartic acid residues glutamic acid residues and the C-terminal amino acid residue. Sulfhydryl groups may also be used as a reactive group for attaching the polyethylene glycol molecules. Preferred for therapeutic purposes is attachment at an amino group, such as attachment at the N-terminus or lysine group.

As suggested above, polyethylene glycol may be attached to proteins via linkage to any of a number of amino acid residues. For example, polyethylene glycol can be linked to a proteins via covalent bonds to lysine, histidine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, or cysteine residues. One or more reaction chemistries may be employed to attach polyethylene glycol to specific amino acid residues (e.g., lysine, histidine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, or

cysteine) of the protein or to more than one type of amino acid residue (e.g., lysine, histidine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, cysteine and combinations thereof) of the protein.

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One may specifically desire proteins chemically modified at the N-terminus. Using polyethylene glycol as an illustration of the present composition, one may select from a variety of polyethylene glycol molecules (by molecular weight, branching, etc.), the proportion of polyethylene glycol molecules to protein (polypeptide) molecules in the reaction mix, the type of pegylation reaction to be performed, and the method of obtaining the selected N-terminally pegylated protein. The method of obtaining the N-terminally pegylated preparation (i.e., separating this moiety from other monopegylated moieties if necessary) may be by purification of the N-terminally pegylated material from a population of pegylated protein molecules. Selective proteins chemically modified at the N-terminus modification may be accomplished by reductive alkylation which exploits differential reactivity of different types of primary amino groups (lysine versus the N-terminal) available for derivatization in a particular protein. Under the appropriate reaction conditions, substantially selective derivatization of the protein at the N-terminus with a carbonyl group containing polymer is achieved.

As indicated above, pegylation of the proteins of the invention may be accomplished by any number of means. For example, polyethylene glycol may be attached to the protein either directly or by an intervening linker. Linkerless systems for attaching polyethylene glycol to proteins are described in Delgado et al., Crit. Rev. Thera. Drug Carrier Sys. 9:249-304 (1992); Francis et al., Intern. J. of Hematol. 68:1-18 (1998); U.S. Patent No. 4,002,531; U.S. Patent No. 5,349,052; WO 95/06058; and WO 98/32466, the disclosures of each of which are incorporated herein by reference.

One system for attaching polyethylene glycol directly to amino acid residues of proteins without an intervening linker employs tresylated MPEG, which is produced by the modification of monmethoxy polyethylene glycol (MPEG) using tresylchloride (CISO₂CH₂CF₃). Upon reaction of protein with tresylated MPEG, polyethylene glycol is directly attached to amine groups of the protein. Thus, the invention includes protein-polyethylene glycol conjugates produced by reacting proteins of the invention with a polyethylene glycol molecule having a 2,2,2-trifluoreothane sulphonyl group.

Polyethylene glycol can also be attached to proteins using a number of different intervening linkers. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,612,460, the entire disclosure of which is

1944

incorporated herein by reference, discloses urethane linkers for connecting polyethylene glycol to proteins. Protein-polyethylene glycol conjugates wherein the polyethylene glycol is attached to the protein by a linker can also be produced by reaction of proteins with compounds such MPEG-succinimidylsuccinate, as **MPEG** activated with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole, MPEG-2,4,5-trichloropenylcarbonate, MPEG-pnitrophenolcarbonate, and various MPEG-succinate derivatives. A number additional polyethylene glycol derivatives and reaction chemistries for attaching polyethylene glycol to proteins are described in WO 98/32466, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Pegylated protein products produced using the reaction chemistries set out herein are included within the scope of the invention.

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The number of polyethylene glycol moieties attached to each protein of the invention (i.e., the degree of substitution) may also vary. For example, the pegylated proteins of the invention may be linked, on average, to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17, 20, or more polyethylene glycol molecules. Similarly, the average degree of substitution within ranges such as 1-3, 2-4, 3-5, 4-6, 5-7, 6-8, 7-9, 8-10, 9-11, 10-12, 11-13, 12-14, 13-15, 14-16, 15-17, 16-18, 17-19, or 18-20 polyethylene glycol moieties per protein molecule. Methods for determining the degree of substitution are discussed, for example, in Delgado et al., Crit. Rev. Thera. Drug Carrier Sys. 9:249-304 (1992).

The polypeptides of the invention may be in monomers or multimers (i.e., dimers, trimers, tetramers and higher multimers). Accordingly, the present invention relates to monomers and multimers of the polypeptides of the invention, their preparation, and compositions (preferably, Therapeutics) containing them. In specific embodiments, the polypeptides of the invention are monomers, dimers, trimers or tetramers. In additional embodiments, the multimers of the invention are at least dimers, at least trimers, or at least tetramers.

Multimers encompassed by the invention may be homomers or heteromers. As used herein, the term homomer, refers to a multimer containing only polypeptides corresponding to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y or encoded by the cDNA contained in the deposited clone (including fragments, variants, splice variants, and fusion proteins, corresponding to these as described herein). These homomers may contain polypeptides having identical or different amino acid sequences. In a specific embodiment, a homomer of the invention is a multimer containing only polypeptides having an identical amino acid

sequence. In another specific embodiment, a homomer of the invention is a multimer containing polypeptides having different amino acid sequences. In specific embodiments, the multimer of the invention is a homodimer (e.g., containing polypeptides having identical or different amino acid sequences) or a homotrimer (e.g., containing polypeptides having identical and/or different amino acid sequences). In additional embodiments, the homomeric multimer of the invention is at least a homodimer, at least a homotrimer, or at least a homotetramer.

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As used herein, the term heteromer refers to a multimer containing one or more heterologous polypeptides (i.e., polypeptides of different proteins) in addition to the polypeptides of the invention. In a specific embodiment, the multimer of the invention is a heterodimer, a heterotrimer, or a heterotetramer. In additional embodiments, the heteromeric multimer of the invention is at least a heterodimer, at least a heterotrimer, or at least a heterotetramer.

Multimers of the invention may be the result of hydrophobic, hydrophilic, ionic and/or covalent associations and/or may be indirectly linked, by for example, liposome formation. Thus, in one embodiment, multimers of the invention, such as, for example, homodimers or homotrimers, are formed when polypeptides of the invention contact one another in solution. In another embodiment, heteromultimers of the invention, such as, for example, heterotrimers or heterotetramers, are formed when polypeptides of the invention contact antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention (including antibodies to the heterologous polypeptide sequence in a fusion protein of the invention) in solution. In other embodiments, multimers of the invention are formed by covalent associations with and/or between the polypeptides of the invention. Such covalent associations may involve one or more amino acid residues contained in the polypeptide sequence (e.g., that recited in SEQ ID NO:Y, or contained in the polypeptide encoded by the clone). In one instance, the covalent associations are cross-linking between cysteine residues located within the polypeptide sequences which interact in the native (i.e., naturally occurring) polypeptide. In another instance, the covalent associations are the consequence of chemical or recombinant manipulation. Alternatively, such covalent associations may involve one or more amino acid residues contained in the heterologous polypeptide sequence in a fusion protein. In one example, covalent associations are between the heterologous sequence contained in a fusion protein of the invention (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925). In a specific example, the

covalent associations are between the heterologous sequence contained in a Fc fusion protein of the invention (as described herein). In another specific example, covalent associations of fusion proteins of the invention are between heterologous polypeptide sequence from another protein that is capable of forming covalently associated multimers, such as for example, oseteoprotegerin (see, e.g., International Publication NO: WO 98/49305, the contents of which are herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). In another embodiment, two or more polypeptides of the invention are joined through peptide linkers. Examples include those peptide linkers described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,073,627 (hereby incorporated by reference). Proteins comprising multiple polypeptides of the invention separated by peptide linkers may be produced using conventional recombinant DNA technology.

Another method for preparing multimer polypeptides of the invention involves use of polypeptides of the invention fused to a leucine zipper or isoleucine zipper polypeptide sequence. Leucine zipper and isoleucine zipper domains are polypeptides that promote multimerization of the proteins in which they are found. Leucine zippers were originally identified in several DNA-binding proteins (Landschulz et al., Science 240:1759, (1988)), and have since been found in a variety of different proteins. Among the known leucine zippers are naturally occurring peptides and derivatives thereof that dimerize or trimerize. Examples of leucine zipper domains suitable for producing soluble multimeric proteins of the invention are those described in PCT application WO 94/10308, hereby incorporated by reference. Recombinant fusion proteins comprising a polypeptide of the invention fused to a polypeptide sequence that dimerizes or trimerizes in solution are expressed in suitable host cells, and the resulting soluble multimeric fusion protein is recovered from the culture supernatant using techniques known in the art.

Trimeric polypeptides of the invention may offer the advantage of enhanced biological activity. Preferred leucine zipper moieties and isoleucine moieties are those that preferentially form trimers. One example is a leucine zipper derived from lung surfactant protein D (SPD), as described in Hoppe et al. (FEBS Letters 344:191, (1994)) and in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 08/446,922, hereby incorporated by reference. Other peptides derived from naturally occurring trimeric proteins may be employed in preparing trimeric polypeptides of the invention.

1947

In another example, proteins of the invention are associated by interactions between Flag® polypeptide sequence contained in fusion proteins of the invention containing Flag® polypeptide sequence. In a further embodiment, associations proteins of the invention are associated by interactions between heterologous polypeptide sequence contained in Flag® fusion proteins of the invention and anti-Flag® antibody.

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The multimers of the invention may be generated using chemical techniques known in the art. For example, polypeptides desired to be contained in the multimers of the invention may be chemically cross-linked using linker molecules and linker molecule length optimization techniques known in the art (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). Additionally, multimers of the invention may be generated using techniques known in the art to form one or more inter-molecule cross-links between the cysteine residues located within the sequence of the polypeptides desired to be contained in the multimer (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). Further, polypeptides of the invention may be routinely modified by the addition of cysteine or biotin to the C-terminus or N-terminus of the polypeptide and techniques known in the art may be applied to generate multimers containing one or more of these modified polypeptides (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). Additionally, techniques known in the art may be applied to generate liposomes containing the polypeptide components desired to be contained in the multimer of the invention (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety).

Alternatively, multimers of the invention may be generated using genetic engineering techniques known in the art. In one embodiment, polypeptides contained in multimers of the invention are produced recombinantly using fusion protein technology described herein or otherwise known in the art (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). In a specific embodiment, polynucleotides coding for a homodimer of the invention are generated by ligating a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide of the invention to a sequence encoding a linker polypeptide and then further to a synthetic polynucleotide encoding the translated product of the polypeptide in the reverse orientation from the original C-terminus to the N-terminus (lacking the leader sequence) (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). In another embodiment, recombinant techniques described herein or

1948

otherwise known in the art are applied to generate recombinant polypeptides of the invention which contain a transmembrane domain (or hyrophobic or signal peptide) and which can be incorporated by membrane reconstitution techniques into liposomes (see, e.g., US Patent Number 5,478,925, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety).

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Uses of the Polynucleotides

Each of the polynucleotides identified herein can be used in numerous ways as reagents. The following description should be considered exemplary and utilizes known techniques.

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The colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides of the present invention are useful for chromosome identification. There exists an ongoing need to identify new chromosome markers, since few chromosome marking reagents, based on actual sequence data (repeat polymorphisms), are presently available. Each polynucleotide of the present invention can be used as a chromosome marker.

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Briefly, sequences can be mapped to chromosomes by preparing PCR primers (preferably 15-25 bp) from the sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:X. Primers can be selected using computer analysis so that primers do not span more than one predicted exon in the genomic DNA. These primers are then used for PCR screening of somatic cell hybrids containing individual human chromosomes. Only those hybrids containing the human gene corresponding to the SEQ ID NO:X will yield an amplified fragment.

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Similarly, somatic hybrids provide a rapid method of PCR mapping the polynucleotides to particular chromosomes. Three or more clones can be assigned per day using a single thermal cycler. Moreover, sublocalization of the polynucleotides can be achieved with panels of specific chromosome fragments. Other gene mapping strategies that can be used include in situ hybridization, prescreening with labeled flow-sorted chromosomes, and preselection by hybridization to construct chromosome specific-cDNA libraries, and computer mapping techniques (See, e.g., Shuler, Trends Biotechnol 16:456-459 (1998) which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety).

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Precise chromosomal location of the polynucleotides can also be achieved using fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) of a metaphase chromosomal spread. This technique uses polynucleotides as short as 500 or 600 bases; however, polynucleotides 2,000-

1949

4,000 bp are preferred. For a review of this technique, see Verma et al., "Human Chromosomes: a Manual of Basic Techniques," Pergamon Press, New York (1988).

For chromosome mapping, the polynucleotides can be used individually (to mark a single chromosome or a single site on that chromosome) or in panels (for marking multiple sites and/or multiple chromosomes). Preferred polynucleotides correspond to the noncoding regions of the cDNAs because the coding sequences are more likely conserved within gene families, thus increasing the chance of cross hybridization during chromosomal mapping.

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Thus, the present invention also provides a method for chromosomal localization which involves (a) preparing PCR primers from colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide sequences in Table 1 and (b) screening somatic cell hybrids containing individual chromosomes.

The polynucleotides of the present invention would likewise be useful for radiation hybrid mapping, HAPPY mapping, and long range restriction mapping. For a review of these techniques and others known in the art, see, e.g., Dear, "Genome Mapping: A Practical Approach," IRL Press at Oxford University Press, London (1997); Aydin, J. Mol. Med. 77:691-694 (1999); Hacia et al., Mol. Psychiatry 3:483-492 (1998); Herrick et al., Chromosome Res. 7:409-423 (1999); Hamilton et al., Methods Cell Biol. 62:265-280 (2000); and/or Ott, J. Hered. 90:68-70 (1999) each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Once a polynucleotide has been mapped to a precise chromosomal location, the physical position of the polynucleotide can be used in linkage analysis. Linkage analysis establishes coinheritance between a chromosomal location and presentation of a particular disease. (Disease mapping data are found, for example, in V. McKusick, Mendelian Inheritance in Man (available on line through Johns Hopkins University Welch Medical Library).) Assuming 1 megabase mapping resolution and one gene per 20 kb, a cDNA precisely localized to a chromosomal region associated with the disease could be one of 50-500 potential causative genes.

Thus, once coinheritance is established, differences in the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide and the corresponding gene between affected and unaffected individuals can be examined. First, visible structural alterations in the chromosomes, such as deletions or translocations, are examined in chromosome spreads or by PCR. If no structural alterations exist, the presence of point mutations are ascertained. Mutations observed in

some or all affected individuals, but not in normal individuals, indicates that the mutation may cause the disease. However, complete sequencing of the polypeptide and the corresponding gene from several normal individuals is required to distinguish the mutation from a polymorphism. If a new polymorphism is identified, this polymorphic polypeptide can be used for further linkage analysis.

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Thus, the invention provides a method of detecting increased or decreased expression levels of the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides in affected individuals as compared to unaffected individuals using polynucleotides of the present invention and techniques known in the art, including but not limited to the method described in Example 11. Any of these alterations (altered expression, chromosomal rearrangement, or mutation) can be used as a diagnostic or prognostic marker.

Thus, the invention also provides a diagnostic method useful during diagnosis of a tissue related disorder, including cancers, involving measuring the expression level of colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides in colon or colon cancer tissues or other cells or body fluid from an individual and comparing the measured gene expression level with a standard colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide expression level, whereby an increase or decrease in the gene expression level compared to the standard is indicative of a colon related disorder, including colon cancer, or a specific tissue related disorder.

In still another embodiment, the invention includes a kit for analyzing samples for the presence of proliferative and/or cancerous polynucleotides derived from a test subject. In a general embodiment, the kit includes at least one polynucleotide probe containing a nucleotide sequence that will specifically hybridize with a colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide and a suitable container. In a specific embodiment, the kit includes two polynucleotide probes defining an internal region of the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide, where each probe has one strand containing a 31'mer-end internal to the region. In a further embodiment, the probes may be useful as primers for polymerase chain reaction amplification.

Where a diagnosis of a specific tissue related disorder, including, for example, diagnosis of a tumor, has already been made according to conventional methods, the present invention is useful as a prognostic indicator, whereby patients exhibiting enhanced or depressed colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide expression will experience a

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worse clinical outcome relative to patients expressing the gene at a level nearer the standard level.

By "measuring the expression level of colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides" is intended qualitatively or quantitatively measuring or estimating the level of the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide or the level of the mRNA encoding the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide in a first biological sample either directly (e.g., by determining or estimating absolute protein level or mRNA level) or relatively (e.g., by comparing to the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide level or mRNA level in a second biological sample). Preferably, the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide level or mRNA level in the first biological sample is measured or estimated and compared to a standard colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide level or mRNA level, the standard being taken from a second biological sample obtained from an individual not having the specific tissue related disorder or being determined by averaging levels from a population of individuals not having a specific tissue related disorder. As will be appreciated in the art, once a standard colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide level or mRNA level is known, it can be used repeatedly as a standard for comparison.

By "biological sample" is intended any biological sample obtained from an individual, body fluid, cell line, tissue culture, or other source which contains colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide or mRNA. As indicated, biological samples include body fluids (such as sera, plasma, urine, bile, vaginal pool, semen, lymph, synovial fluid and spinal fluid) which contain the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide, and tissue sources found to express the colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide including colon and/or colon cancer. Methods for obtaining tissue biopsies and body fluids from mammals are well known in the art. Where the biological sample is to include mRNA, a tissue biopsy is the preferred source.

The method(s) provided above may preferrably be applied in a diagnostic method and/or kits in which colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides and/or polypeptides are attached to a solid support. In one exemplary method, the support may be a "gene chip" or a "biological chip" as described in US Patents 5,837,832, 5,874,219, and 5,856,174. Further, such a gene chip with colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides attached may be used to identify polymorphisms between the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide sequences, with polynucleotides isolated from a test subject. The knowledge

of such polymorphisms (i.e. their location, as well as, their existence) would be beneficial in identifying disease loci for many disorders, such as for example, in reproductive disorders, neural disorders, immune system disorders, muscular disorders, gastrointestinal disorders, pulmonary disorders, cardiovascular disorders, renal disorders, proliferative disorders, and/or cancerous diseases and conditions. Such a method is described in US Patents 5,858,659 and 5,856,104. The US Patents referenced supra are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety herein.

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The present invention encompasses colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides that are chemically synthesized, or reproduced as peptide nucleic acids (PNA), or according to other methods known in the art. The use of PNAs would serve as the preferred form if the colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides are incorporated onto a solid support, or gene chip. For the purposes of the present invention, a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) is a polyamide type of DNA analog and the monomeric units for adenine, guanine, thymine and cytosine are available commercially (Perceptive Biosystems). Certain components of DNA, such as phosphorus, phosphorus oxides, or deoxyribose derivatives, are not present in PNAs. As disclosed by P. E. Nielsen, M. Egholm, R. H. Berg and O. Buchardt, Science 254, 1497 (1991); and M. Egholm, O. Buchardt, L.Christensen, C. Behrens, S. M. Freier, D. A. Driver, R. H. Berg, S. K. Kim, B. Norden, and P. E. Nielsen, Nature 365, 666 (1993), PNAs bind specifically and tightly to complementary DNA strands and are not degraded by nucleases. In fact, PNA binds more strongly to DNA than DNA itself does. This is probably because there is no electrostatic repulsion between the two strands, and also the polyamide backbone is more flexible. Because of this, PNA/DNA duplexes bind under a wider range of stringency conditions than DNA/DNA duplexes, making it easier to perform multiplex hybridization. Smaller probes can be used than with DNA due to the strong binding. In addition, it is more likely that single base mismatches can be determined with PNA/DNA hybridization because a single mismatch in a PNA/DNA 15-mer lowers the melting point (T.sub.m) by 8°-20° C, vs. 4°-16° C for the DNA/DNA 15-mer duplex. Also, the absence of charge groups in PNA means that hybridization can be done at low ionic strengths and reduce possible interference by salt during the analysis.

The present invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, detecting cancer in mammals. In particular the invention is useful during diagnosis of pathological cell proliferative neoplasias which include, but are not limited to: acute myelogenous leukemias

including acute monocytic leukemia, acute myeloblastic leukemia, acute promyelocytic leukemia, acute myelomonocytic leukemia, acute erythroleukemia, acute megakaryocytic leukemia, and acute undifferentiated leukemia, etc.; and chronic myelogenous leukemias including chronic myelomonocytic leukemia, chronic granulocytic leukemia, etc. Preferred mammals include monkeys, apes, cats, dogs, cows, pigs, horses, rabbits and humans. Particularly preferred are humans.

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Pathological cell proliferative disorders are often associated with inappropriate activation of proto-oncogenes. (Gelmann, E. P. et al., "The Etiology of Acute Leukemia: Molecular Genetics and Viral Oncology," in Neoplastic Diseases of the Blood, Vol 1., Wiernik, P. H. et al. eds., 161-182 (1985)). Neoplasias are now believed to result from the qualitative alteration of a normal cellular gene product, or from the quantitative modification of gene expression by insertion into the chromosome of a viral sequence, by chromosomal translocation of a gene to a more actively transcribed region, or by some other mechanism. (Gelmann et al., supra) It is likely that mutated or altered expression of specific genes is involved in the pathogenesis of some leukemias, among other tissues and cell types. (Gelmann et al., supra) Indeed, the human counterparts of the oncogenes involved in some animal neoplasias have been amplified or translocated in some cases of human leukemia and carcinoma. (Gelmann et al., supra)

For example, c-myc expression is highly amplified in the non-lymphocytic leukemia cell line HL-60. When HL-60 cells are chemically induced to stop proliferation, the level of c-myc is found to be downregulated. (International Publication Number WO 91/15580) However, it has been shown that exposure of HL-60 cells to a DNA construct that is complementary to the 5' end of c-myc or c-myb blocks translation of the corresponding mRNAs which downregulates expression of the c-myc or c-myb proteins and causes arrest of cell proliferation and differentiation of the treated cells. (International Publication Number WO 91/15580; Wickstrom et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 85:1028 (1988); Anfossi et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 86:3379 (1989)). However, the skilled artisan would appreciate the present invention's usefulness would not be limited to treatment of proliferative disorders of hematopoietic cells and tissues, in light of the numerous cells and cell types of varying origins which are known to exhibit proliferative phenotypes.

In addition to the foregoing, a colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotide can be used to control gene expression through triple helix formation or through antisense DNA or

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RNA. Antisense techniques are discussed, for example, in Okano, J. Neurochem. 56: 560 (1991); "Oligodeoxynucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988). Triple helix formation is discussed in, for instance Lee et al., Nucleic Acids Research 6: 3073 (1979); Cooney et al., Science 241: 456 (1988); and Dervan et al., Science 251: 1360 (1991). Both methods rely on binding of the polynucleotide to a complementary DNA or RNA. For these techniques, preferred polynucleotides are usually oligonucleotides 20 to 40 bases in length and complementary to either the region of the gene involved in transcription (triple helix - see Lee et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 6:3073 (1979); Cooney et al., Science 241:456 (1988); and Dervan et al., Science 251:1360 (1991)) or to the mRNA itself (antisense - Okano, J. Neurochem. 56:560 (1991); Oligodeoxy-nucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988).) Triple helix formation optimally results in a shut-off of RNA transcription from DNA, while antisense RNA hybridization blocks translation of an mRNA molecule into polypeptide. The oligonucleotide described above can also be delivered to cells such that the antisense RNA or DNA may be expressed in vivo to inhibit production of colon and/or colon cancer related antigens. Both techniques are effective in model systems, and the information disclosed herein can be used to design antisense or triple helix polynucleotides in an effort to treat disease, and in particular, for the treatment of proliferative diseases and/or conditions.

Polynucleotides of the present invention are also useful in gene therapy. One goal of gene therapy is to insert a normal gene into an organism having a defective gene, in an effort to correct the genetic defect. The polynucleotides disclosed in the present invention offer a means of targeting such genetic defects in a highly accurate manner. Another goal is to insert a new gene that was not present in the host genome, thereby producing a new trait in the host cell.

The polynucleotides are also useful for identifying individuals from minute biological samples. The United States military, for example, is considering the use of restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) for identification of its personnel. In this technique, an individual's genomic DNA is digested with one or more restriction enzymes, and probed on a Southern blot to yield unique bands for identifying personnel. This method does not suffer from the current limitations of "Dog Tags" which can be lost, switched, or stolen, making positive identification difficult. The polynucleotides of the present invention can be used as additional DNA markers for RFLP.

1955

The polynucleotides of the present invention can also be used as an alternative to RFLP, by determining the actual base-by-base DNA sequence of selected portions of an individual's genome. These sequences can be used to prepare PCR primers for amplifying and isolating such selected DNA, which can then be sequenced. Using this technique, individuals can be identified because each individual will have a unique set of DNA sequences. Once an unique ID database is established for an individual, positive identification of that individual, living or dead, can be made from extremely small tissue samples.

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Forensic biology also benefits from using DNA-based identification techniques as disclosed herein. DNA sequences taken from very small biological samples such as tissues, e.g., hair or skin, or body fluids, e.g., blood, saliva, semen, synovial fluid, amniotic fluid, breast milk, lymph, pulmonary sputum or surfactant, urine, fecal matter, etc., can be amplified using PCR. In one prior art technique, gene sequences amplified from polymorphic loci, such as DQa class II HLA gene, are used in forensic biology to identify individuals. (Erlich, H., PCR Technology, Freeman and Co. (1992).) Once these specific polymorphic loci are amplified, they are digested with one or more restriction enzymes, yielding an identifying set of bands on a Southern blot probed with DNA corresponding to the DQa class II HLA gene. Similarly, polynucleotides of the present invention can be used as polymorphic markers for forensic purposes.

There is also a need for reagents capable of identifying the source of a particular tissue. Such need arises, for example, in forensics when presented with tissue of unknown origin. Appropriate reagents can comprise, for example, DNA probes or primers specific to tissues, including but not limited to those shown in Table 3 prepared from the sequences of the present invention. Panels of such reagents can identify tissue by species and/or by organ type. In a similar fashion, these reagents can be used to screen tissue cultures for contamination.

The polynucleotides of the present invention are also useful as hybridization probes for differential identification of the tissue(s) or cell type(s) present in a biological sample. Similarly, polypeptides and antibodies directed to polypeptides of the present invention are useful to provide immunological probes for differential identification of the tissue(s) (e.g., immunohistochemistry assays) or cell type(s) (e.g., immunocytochemistry assays). In addition, for a number of disorders of the above tissues or cells, significantly higher or lower

1956

levels of gene expression of the polynucleotides/polypepitdes of the present invention may be detected in certain tissues (e.g., tissues expressing polypeptides and/or polynucleotides of the present invention and/or cancerous and/or wounded tissues) or bodily fluids (e.g., vaginal pool, lymph, serum, plasma, urine, synovial fluid or spinal fluid) taken from an individual having such a disorder, relative to a "standard" gene expression level, i.e., the expression level in healthy tissue from an individual not having the disorder.

Thus, the invention provides a diagnostic method of a disorder, which involves: (a) assaying gene expression level in cells or body fluid of an individual; (b) comparing the gene expression level with a standard gene expression level, whereby an increase or decrease in the assayed gene expression level compared to the standard expression level is indicative of disorder.

In the very least, the polynucleotides of the present invention can be used as molecular weight markers on Southern gels, as diagnostic probes for the presence of a specific mRNA in a particular cell type, as a probe to "subtract-out" known sequences in the process of discovering novel polynucleotides, for selecting and making oligomers for attachment to a "gene chip" or other support, to raise anti-DNA antibodies using DNA immunization techniques, and as an antigen to elicit an immune response.

Uses of the Polypeptides

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Each of the polypeptides identified herein can be used in numerous ways. The following description should be considered exemplary and utilizes known techniques.

Polypeptides and antibodies directed to polypeptides of the present invention are useful to provide immunological probes for differential identification of the tissue(s) (e.g., immunohistochemistry assays such as, for example, ABC immunoperoxidase (Hsu et al., J. Histochem. Cytochem. 29:577-580 (1981)) or cell type(s) (e.g., immunocytochemistry assays).

Antibodies can be used to assay levels of polypeptides encoded by polynucleotides of the invention in a biological sample using classical immunohistological methods known to those of skill in the art (e.g., see Jalkanen, et al., J. Cell. Biol. 101:976-985 (1985); Jalkanen, et al., J. Cell. Biol. 105:3087-3096 (1987)). Other antibody-based methods useful for detecting protein gene expression include immunoassays, such as the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and the radioimmunoassay (RIA). Suitable antibody assay

labels are known in the art and include enzyme labels, such as, glucose oxidase; radioisotopes, such as iodine (¹³¹I, ¹²⁵I, ¹²³I, ¹²¹I), carbon (¹⁴C), sulfur (³⁵S), tritium (³H), indium (^{115m}In, ^{113m}In, ¹¹²In, ¹¹¹In), and technetium (⁹⁹Tc, ^{99m}Tc), thallium (²⁰¹Ti), gallium (⁶⁸Ga, ⁶⁷Ga), palladium (¹⁰³Pd), molybdenum (⁹⁹Mo), xenon (¹³³Xe), fluorine (¹⁸F), ¹⁵³Sm, ¹⁷⁷Lu, ¹⁵⁹Gd, ¹⁴⁹Pm, ¹⁴⁰La, ¹⁷⁵Yb, ¹⁶⁶Ho, ⁹⁰Y, ⁴⁷Sc, ¹⁸⁶Re, ¹⁸⁸Re, ¹⁴²Pr, ¹⁰⁵Rh, ⁹⁷Ru; luminescent labels, such as luminol; and fluorescent labels, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, and biotin.

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In addition to assaying colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide levels in a biological sample, proteins can also be detected in vivo by imaging. Antibody labels or markers for in vivo imaging of protein include those detectable by X-radiography, NMR or ESR. For X-radiography, suitable labels include radioisotopes such as barium or cesium, which emit detectable radiation but are not overtly harmful to the subject. Suitable markers for NMR and ESR include those with a detectable characteristic spin, such as deuterium, which may be incorporated into the antibody by labeling of nutrients for the relevant hybridoma.

A protein-specific antibody or antibody fragment which has been labeled with an appropriate detectable imaging moiety, such as a radioisotope (for example, ¹³¹I, ¹¹²In, ^{99m}Tc, (131 I, 125 I, 123 I, 121 I), carbon (14C), sulfur (35S), tritium (3H), indium (115m In, 113m In, 112 In, 111 In), and technetium (99Tc, 99mTc), thallium (201Ti), gallium (68Ga, 67Ga), palladium (103Pd), molybdenum (99Mo), xenon (133Xe), fluorine (18F, 153Sm, 177Lu, 159Gd, 149Pm, 140La, 175Yb, ¹⁶⁶Ho, ⁹⁰Y, ⁴⁷Sc, ¹⁸⁶Re, ¹⁸⁸Re, ¹⁴²Pr, ¹⁰⁵Rh, ⁹⁷Ru), a radio-opaque substance, or a material detectable by nuclear magnetic resonance, is introduced (for example, parenterally, subcutaneously or intraperitoneally) into the mammal to be examined for a digestive system disorder, including but not limited to disorders or diseases of the colon such as colon cancer. It will be understood in the art that the size of the subject and the imaging system used will determine the quantity of imaging moiety needed to produce diagnostic images. In the case of a radioisotope moiety, for a human subject, the quantity of radioactivity injected will normally range from about 5 to 20 millicuries of 99mTc. The labeled antibody or antibody fragment will then preferentially accumulate at the location of cells which express the polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide of the invention. In vivo tumor imaging is described in S.W. Burchiel et al., "Immunopharmacokinetics of Radiolabeled Antibodies and

1958

Their Fragments" (Chapter 13 in *Tumor Imaging: The Radiochemical Detection of Cancer*, S.W. Burchiel and B. A. Rhodes, eds., Masson Publishing Inc. (1982)).

In one embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific delivery of compositions of the invention to cells by administering polypeptides of the invention (e.g., polypeptides encoded by colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides of the invention and/or antibodies) that are associated with heterologous polypeptides or nucleic acids. In one example, the invention provides a method for delivering a therapeutic protein into the targeted cell. In another example, the invention provides a method for delivering a single stranded nucleic acid (e.g., antisense or ribozymes) or double stranded nucleic acid (e.g., DNA that can integrate into the cell's genome or replicate episomally and that can be transcribed) into the targeted cell.

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In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific destruction of cells (e.g., the destruction of tumor cells) by administering polypeptides of the invention in association with toxins or cytotoxic prodrugs.

By "toxin" is meant one or more compounds that bind and activate endogenous cytotoxic effector systems, radioisotopes, holotoxins, modified toxins, catalytic subunits of toxins, or any molecules or enzymes not normally present in or on the surface of a cell that under defined conditions cause the cell's death. Toxins that may be used according to the methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, radioisotopes known in the art, compounds such as, for example, antibodies (or complement fixing containing portions thereof) that bind an inherent or induced endogenous cytotoxic effector system, thymidine kinase, endonuclease, RNAse, alpha toxin, ricin, abrin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin A, diphtheria toxin, saporin, momordin, gelonin, pokeweed antiviral protein, alpha-sarcin and cholera toxin. "Toxin" also includes a cytostatic or cytocidal agent, a therapeutic agent or a radioactive metal ion, e.g., alpha-emitters such as, for example, ²¹³Bi, or other radioisotopes such as, for example, ¹⁰³Pd, ¹³³Xe, ¹³¹I, ⁶⁸Ge, ⁵⁷Co, ⁶⁵Zn, ⁸⁵Sr, ³²P, ³⁵S, ⁹⁰Y, ¹⁵³Sm, ¹⁵³Gd, ¹⁶⁹Yb, ⁵¹Cr, ⁵⁴Mn, ⁷⁵Se, ¹¹³Sn, ⁹⁰Yttrium, ¹¹⁷Tin, ¹⁸⁶Rhenium, ¹⁶⁶Holmium, and ¹⁸⁸Rhenium; luminescent labels, such as luminol; and fluorescent labels, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, and biotin.

Techniques known in the art may be applied to label polypeptides of the invention (including antibodies). Such techniques include, but are not limited to, the use of bifunctional conjugating agents (see e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,756,065; 5,714,631; 5,696,239;

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5,652,361; 5,505,931; 5,489,425; 5,435,990; 5,428,139; 5,342,604; 5,274,119; 4,994,560; and 5,808,003; the contents of each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety).

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Thus, the invention provides a diagnostic method of a disorder, which involves (a) assaying the expression level of a colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide of the present invention in cells or body fluid of an individual, or more preferrably, assaying the expression level of a colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptide of the present invention in colon and/or colon cancer tissues or associated bodily fluid of an individual; and (b) comparing the assayed polypeptide expression level with a standard polypeptide expression level, whereby an increase or decrease in the assayed polypeptide expression level compared to the standard expression level is indicative of a disorder. With respect to cancer, the presence of a relatively high amount of transcript in biopsied tissue from an individual may indicate a predisposition for the development of the disease, or may provide a means for detecting the disease prior to the appearance of actual clinical symptoms. A more definitive diagnosis of this type may allow health professionals to employ preventative measures or aggressive treatment earlier thereby preventing the development or further progression of the cancer.

Moreover, colon and/or colon cancer related polypeptides of the present invention can be used to treat or prevent diseases or conditions such as, for example, gastrointestinal disorders, reproductive disorders, neural disorders, immune system disorders, muscular disorders, pulmonary disorders, cardiovascular disorders, renal disorders, proliferative disorders, and/or cancerous diseases and conditions. For example, patients can be administered a polypeptide of the present invention in an effort to replace absent or decreased levels of the polypeptide (e.g., insulin), to supplement absent or decreased levels of a different polypeptide (e.g., hemoglobin S for hemoglobin B, SOD, catalase, DNA repair proteins), to inhibit the activity of a polypeptide (e.g., by binding to a receptor), to reduce the activity of a membrane bound receptor by competing with it for free ligand (e.g., soluble TNF receptors used in reducing inflammation), or to bring about a desired response (e.g., blood vessel growth inhibition, enhancement of the immune response to proliferative cells or tissues).

Similarly, antibodies directed to a polypeptide of the present invention can also be used to treat disease (as described supra, and elsewhere herein). For example, administration

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of an antibody directed to a polypeptide of the present invention can bind, and/or neutralize the polypeptide, and/or reduce overproduction of the polypeptide. Similarly, administration of an antibody can activate the polypeptide, such as by binding to a polypeptide bound to a membrane (receptor).

At the very least, the polypeptides of the present invention can be used as molecular weight markers on SDS-PAGE gels or on molecular sieve gel filtration columns using methods well known to those of skill in the art. Polypeptides can also be used to raise antibodies, which in turn are used to measure protein expression from a recombinant cell, as a way of assessing transformation of the host cell. Moreover, the polypeptides of the present invention can be used to test the following biological activities.

Gene Therapy Methods

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Another aspect of the present invention is to gene therapy methods for treating disorders, diseases and conditions. The gene therapy methods relate to the introduction of nucleic acid (DNA, RNA and antisense DNA or RNA) sequences into an animal to achieve expression of the polypeptide of the present invention. This method requires a polynucleotide which codes for a polypeptide operatively linked to a promoter and any other genetic elements necessary for the expression of the polypeptide by the target tissue. Such gene therapy and delivery techniques are known in the art, see, for example, WO90/11092, which is herein incorporated by reference.

Thus, for example, cells from a patient may be engineered with a polynucleotide (DNA or RNA) comprising a promoter operably linked to a polynucleotide ex vivo, with the engineered cells then being provided to a patient to be treated with the polypeptide. Such methods are well-known in the art. For example, see Belldegrun, A., et al., J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 85: 207-216 (1993); Ferrantini, M. et al., Cancer Research 53: 1107-1112 (1993); Ferrantini, M. et al., J. Immunology 153: 4604-4615 (1994); Kaido, T., et al., Int. J. Cancer 60: 221-229 (1995); Ogura, H., et al., Cancer Research 50: 5102-5106 (1990); Santodonato, L., et al., Human Gene Therapy 7:1-10 (1996); Santodonato, L., et al., Gene Therapy 4:1246-1255 (1997); and Zhang, J.-F. et al., Cancer Gene Therapy 3: 31-38 (1996)), which are herein incorporated by reference. In one embodiment, the cells which are engineered are arterial cells. The arterial cells may be reintroduced into the patient through direct injection to the artery, the tissues surrounding the artery, or through catheter injection.

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As discussed in more detail below, the polynucleotide constructs can be delivered by any method that delivers injectable materials to the cells of an animal, such as, injection into the interstitial space of tissues (heart, muscle, skin, lung, liver, and the like). The polynucleotide constructs may be delivered in a pharmaceutically acceptable liquid or aqueous carrier.

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In one embodiment, the polynucleotide is delivered as a naked polynucleotide. The term "naked" polynucleotide, DNA or RNA refers to sequences that are free from any delivery vehicle that acts to assist, promote or facilitate entry into the cell, including viral sequences, viral particles, liposome formulations, lipofectin or precipitating agents and the like. However, the polynucleotides can also be delivered in liposome formulations and lipofectin formulations and the like can be prepared by methods well known to those skilled in the art. Such methods are described, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,593,972, 5,589,466, and 5,580,859, which are herein incorporated by reference.

The polynucleotide vector constructs used in the gene therapy method are preferably constructs that will not integrate into the host genome nor will they contain sequences that allow for replication. Appropriate vectors include pWLNEO, pSV2CAT, pOG44, pXT1 and pSG available from Stratagene; pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG and pSVL available from Pharmacia; and pEF1/V5, pcDNA3.1, and pRc/CMV2 available from Invitrogen. Other suitable vectors will be readily apparent to the skilled artisan.

Any strong promoter known to those skilled in the art can be used for driving the expression of polynucleotide sequence. Suitable promoters include adenoviral promoters, such as the adenoviral major late promoter; or heterologous promoters, such as the cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter; the respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) promoter; inducible promoters, such as the MMT promoter, the metallothionein promoter; heat shock promoters; the albumin promoter; the ApoAI promoter; human globin promoters; viral thymidine kinase promoters, such as the Herpes Simplex thymidine kinase promoter; retroviral LTRs; the bactin promoter; and human growth hormone promoters. The promoter also may be the native promoter for the polypeptide of the present invention.

Unlike other gene therapy techniques, one major advantage of introducing naked nucleic acid sequences into target cells is the transitory nature of the polynucleotide synthesis in the cells. Studies have shown that non-replicating DNA sequences can be introduced into cells to provide production of the desired polypeptide for periods of up to six months.

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The polynucleotide construct can be delivered to the interstitial space of tissues within the an animal, including of muscle, skin, brain, lung, liver, spleen, bone marrow, thymus, heart, lymph, blood, bone, cartilage, pancreas, kidney, gall bladder, stomach, intestine, testis, ovary, uterus, rectum, nervous system, eye, gland, and connective tissue. Interstitial space of the tissues comprises the intercellular, fluid, mucopolysaccharide matrix among the reticular fibers of organ tissues, elastic fibers in the walls of vessels or chambers, collagen fibers of fibrous tissues, or that same matrix within connective tissue ensheathing muscle cells or in the lacunae of bone. It is similarly the space occupied by the plasma of the circulation and the lymph fluid of the lymphatic channels. Delivery to the interstitial space of muscle tissue is preferred for the reasons discussed below. They may be conveniently delivered by injection into the tissues comprising these cells. They are preferably delivered to and expressed in persistent, non-dividing cells which are differentiated, although delivery and expression may be achieved in non-differentiated or less completely differentiated cells, such as, for example, stem cells of blood or skin fibroblasts. In vivo muscle cells are particularly competent in their ability to take up and express polynucleotides.

For the naked nucleic acid sequence injection, an effective dosage amount of DNA or RNA will be in the range of from about 0.05 mg/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight. Preferably the dosage will be from about 0.005 mg/kg to about 20 mg/kg and more preferably from about 0.05 mg/kg to about 5 mg/kg. Of course, as the artisan of ordinary skill will appreciate, this dosage will vary according to the tissue site of injection. The appropriate and effective dosage of nucleic acid sequence can readily be determined by those of ordinary skill in the art and may depend on the condition being treated and the route of administration.

The preferred route of administration is by the parenteral route of injection into the interstitial space of tissues. However, other parenteral routes may also be used, such as, inhalation of an aerosol formulation particularly for delivery to lungs or bronchial tissues, throat or mucous membranes of the nose. In addition, naked DNA constructs can be delivered to arteries during angioplasty by the catheter used in the procedure.

The naked polynucleotides are delivered by any method known in the art, including, but not limited to, direct needle injection at the delivery site, intravenous injection, topical administration, catheter infusion, and so-called "gene guns". These delivery methods are known in the art.

1963

The constructs may also be delivered with delivery vehicles such as viral sequences, viral particles, liposome formulations, lipofectin, precipitating agents, etc. Such methods of delivery are known in the art.

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In certain embodiments, the polynucleotide constructs are complexed in a liposome preparation. Liposomal preparations for use in the instant invention include cationic (positively charged), anionic (negatively charged) and neutral preparations. However, cationic liposomes are particularly preferred because a tight charge complex can be formed between the cationic liposome and the polyanionic nucleic acid. Cationic liposomes have been shown to mediate intracellular delivery of plasmid DNA (Felgner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1987) 84:7413-7416, which is herein incorporated by reference); mRNA (Malone et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1989) 86:6077-6081, which is herein incorporated by reference); and purified transcription factors (Debs et al., J. Biol. Chem. (1990) 265:10189-10192, which is herein incorporated by reference), in functional form.

Cationic liposomes are readily available. For example, N[1-2,3-dioleyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N-triethylammonium (DOTMA) liposomes are particularly useful and are available under the trademark Lipofectin, from GIBCO BRL, Grand Island, N.Y. (See, also, Felgner et al., Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA (1987) 84:7413-7416, which is herein incorporated by reference). Other commercially available liposomes include transfectace (DDAB/DOPE) and DOTAP/DOPE (Boehringer).

Other cationic liposomes can be prepared from readily available materials using techniques well known in the art. See, e.g. PCT Publication No. WO 90/11092 (which is herein incorporated by reference) for a description of the synthesis of DOTAP (1,2-bis(oleoyloxy)-3-(trimethylammonio)propane) liposomes. Preparation of DOTMA liposomes is explained in the literature, see, e.g., P. Felgner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:7413-7417, which is herein incorporated by reference. Similar methods can be used to prepare liposomes from other cationic lipid materials.

Similarly, anionic and neutral liposomes are readily available, such as from Avanti Polar Lipids (Birmingham, Ala.), or can be easily prepared using readily available materials. Such materials include phosphatidyl, choline, cholesterol, phosphatidyl ethanolamine, dioleoylphosphatidyl choline (DOPC), dioleoylphosphatidyl glycerol (DOPG), dioleoylphoshatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE), among others. These materials can also be mixed

1964

with the DOTMA and DOTAP starting materials in appropriate ratios. Methods for making liposomes using these materials are well known in the art.

For example. commercially dioleoylphosphatidyl choline (DOPC), dioleoylphosphatidyl glycerol (DOPG), and dioleoylphosphatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE) can be used in various combinations to make conventional liposomes, with or without the addition of cholesterol. Thus, for example, DOPG/DOPC vesicles can be prepared by drying 50 mg each of DOPG and DOPC under a stream of nitrogen gas into a sonication vial. The sample is placed under a vacuum pump overnight and is hydrated the following day with deionized water. The sample is then sonicated for 2 hours in a capped vial, using a Heat Systems model 350 sonicator equipped with an inverted cup (bath type) probe at the maximum setting while the bath is circulated at 15EC. Alternatively, negatively charged vesicles can be prepared without sonication to produce multilamellar vesicles or by extrusion through nucleopore membranes to produce unilamellar vesicles of discrete size. Other methods are known and available to those of skill in the art.

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The liposomes can comprise multilamellar vesicles (MLVs), small unilamellar vesicles (SUVs), or large unilamellar vesicles (LUVs), with SUVs being preferred. The various liposome-nucleic acid complexes are prepared using methods well known in the art. See, e.g., Straubinger et al., Methods of Immunology (1983), 101:512-527, which is herein incorporated by reference. For example, MLVs containing nucleic acid can be prepared by depositing a thin film of phospholipid on the walls of a glass tube and subsequently hydrating with a solution of the material to be encapsulated. SUVs are prepared by extended sonication of MLVs to produce a homogeneous population of unilamellar liposomes. The material to be entrapped is added to a suspension of preformed MLVs and then sonicated. When using liposomes containing cationic lipids, the dried lipid film is resuspended in an appropriate solution such as sterile water or an isotonic buffer solution such as 10 mM Tris/NaCl, sonicated, and then the preformed liposomes are mixed directly with the DNA. The liposome and DNA form a very stable complex due to binding of the positively charged liposomes to the cationic DNA. SUVs find use with small nucleic acid fragments. LUVs are prepared by a number of methods; well known in the art. Commonly used methods include Ca2+-EDTA chelation (Papahadjopoulos et al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1975) 394:483; Wilson et al., Cell (1979) 17:77); ether injection (Deamer, D. and Bangham, A., Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1976) 443:629; Ostro et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1977) 76:836; Fraley et al.,

1965

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1979) 76:3348); detergent dialysis (Enoch, H. and Strittmatter, P., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1979) 76:145); and reverse-phase evaporation (REV) (Fraley et al., J. Biol. Chem. (1980) 255:10431; Szoka, F. and Papahadjopoulos, D., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1978) 75:145; Schaefer-Ridder et al., Science (1982) 215:166), which are herein incorporated by reference.

Generally, the ratio of DNA to liposomes will be from about 10:1 to about 1:10. Preferably, the ration will be from about 5:1 to about 1:5. More preferably, the ration will be about 3:1 to about 1:3. Still more preferably, the ratio will be about 1:1.

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U.S. Patent No. 5,676,954 (which is herein incorporated by reference) reports on the injection of genetic material, complexed with cationic liposomes carriers, into mice. U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,355, 4,946,787, 5,049,386, 5,459,127, 5,589,466, 5,693,622, 5,580,859, 5,703,055, and international publication no. WO 94/9469 (which are herein incorporated by reference) provide cationic lipids for use in transfecting DNA into cells and mammals. U.S. Patent Nos. 5,589,466, 5,693,622, 5,580,859, 5,703,055, and international publication no. WO 94/9469 (which are herein incorporated by reference) provide methods for delivering DNA-cationic lipid complexes to mammals.

In certain embodiments, cells are engineered, ex vivo or in vivo, using a retroviral particle containing RNA which comprises a SEQ ID NO:X. Retroviruses from which the retroviral plasmid vectors may be derived include, but are not limited to, Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus, spleen necrosis virus, Rous sarcoma Virus, Harvey Sarcoma Virus, avian leukosis virus, gibbon ape leukemia virus, human immunodeficiency virus, Myeloproliferative Sarcoma Virus, and mammary tumor virus.

The retroviral plasmid vector is employed to transduce packaging cell lines to form producer cell lines. Examples of packaging cells which may be transfected include, but are not limited to, the PE501, PA317, R-2, R-AM, PA12, T19-14X, VT-19-17-H2, RCRE, RCRIP, GP+E-86, GP+envAm12, and DAN cell lines as described in Miller, Human Gene Therapy 1:5-14 (1990), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The vector may transduce the packaging cells through any means known in the art. Such means include, but are not limited to, electroporation, the use of liposomes, and CaPO₄ precipitation. In one alternative, the retroviral plasmid vector may be encapsulated into a liposome, or coupled to a lipid, and then administered to a host.

1966

The producer cell line generates infectious retroviral vector particles which include polynucleotide encoding SEQ ID NO:Y. Such retroviral vector particles then may be employed, to transduce eukaryotic cells, either in vitro or in vivo. The transduced eukaryotic cells will express SEQ ID NO:Y.

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In certain other embodiments, cells are engineered, ex vivo or in vivo, with polynucleotide of the present invention contained in an adenovirus vector. Adenovirus can be manipulated such that it encodes and expresses the polypeptide of the present invention, and at the same time is inactivated in terms of its ability to replicate in a normal lytic viral life cycle. Adenovirus expression is achieved without integration of the viral DNA into the host cell chromosome, thereby alleviating concerns about insertional mutagenesis. Furthermore, adenoviruses have been used as live enteric vaccines for many years with an excellent safety profile (Schwartz, A. R. et al. (1974) Am. Rev. Respir. Dis.109:233-238). Finally, adenovirus mediated gene transfer has been demonstrated in a number of instances including transfer of alpha-1-antitrypsin and CFTR to the lungs of cotton rats (Rosenfeld, M. A. et al. (1991) Science 252:431-434; Rosenfeld et al., (1992) Cell 68:143-155). Furthermore, extensive studies to attempt to establish adenovirus as a causative agent in human cancer were uniformly negative (Green, M. et al. (1979) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 76:6606).

Suitable adenoviral vectors useful in the present invention are described, for example, in Kozarsky and Wilson, Curr. Opin. Genet. Devel. 3:499-503 (1993); Rosenfeld et al., Cell 68:143-155 (1992); Engelhardt et al., Human Genet. Ther. 4:759-769 (1993); Yang et al., Nature Genet. 7:362-369 (1994); Wilson et al., Nature 365:691-692 (1993); and U.S. Patent No. 5,652,224, which are herein incorporated by reference. For example, the adenovirus vector Ad2 is useful and can be grown in human 293 cells. These cells contain the E1 region of adenovirus and constitutively express Ela and Elb, which complement the defective adenoviruses by providing the products of the genes deleted from the vector. In addition to Ad2, other varieties of adenovirus (e.g., Ad3, Ad5, and Ad7) are also useful in the present invention.

Preferably, the adenoviruses used in the present invention are replication deficient. Replication deficient adenoviruses require the aid of a helper virus and/or packaging cell line to form infectious particles. The resulting virus is capable of infecting cells and can express a polynucleotide of interest which is operably linked to a promoter, but cannot replicate in

1967

most cells. Replication deficient adenoviruses may be deleted in one or more of all or a portion of the following genes: E1a, E1b, E3, E4, E2a, or L1 through L5.

In certain other embodiments, the cells are engineered, ex vivo or in vivo, using an adeno-associated virus (AAV). AAVs are naturally occurring defective viruses that require helper viruses to produce infectious particles (Muzyczka, N., Curr. Topics in Microbiol. Immunol. 158:97 (1992)). It is also one of the few viruses that may integrate its DNA into non-dividing cells. Vectors containing as little as 300 base pairs of AAV can be packaged and can integrate, but space for exogenous DNA is limited to about 4.5 kb. Methods for producing and using such AAVs are known in the art. See, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,139,941, 5,173,414, 5,354,678, 5,436,146, 5,474,935, 5,478,745, and 5,589,377.

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For example, an appropriate AAV vector for use in the present invention will include all the sequences necessary for DNA replication, encapsidation, and host-cell integration. The polynucleotide construct is inserted into the AAV vector using standard cloning methods, such as those found in Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press (1989). The recombinant AAV vector is then transfected into packaging cells which are infected with a helper virus, using any standard technique, including lipofection, electroporation, calcium phosphate precipitation, etc. Appropriate helper viruses include adenoviruses, cytomegaloviruses, vaccinia viruses, or herpes viruses. Once the packaging cells are transfected and infected, they will produce infectious AAV viral particles which contain the polynucleotide construct. These viral particles are then used to transduce eukaryotic cells, either ex vivo or in vivo. The transduced cells will contain the polynucleotide construct integrated into its genome, and will express the polypeptide of the present invention.

Another method of gene therapy involves operably associating heterologous control regions and endogenous polynucleotide sequences (e.g. encoding the polypeptide of the present invention) via homologous recombination (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,641,670, issued June 24, 1997; International Publication No. WO 96/29411, published September 26, 1996; International Publication No. WO 94/12650, published August 4, 1994; Koller et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:8932-8935 (1989); and Zijlstra et al., Nature 342:435-438 (1989). This method involves the activation of a gene which is present in the target cells, but which is not normally expressed in the cells, or is expressed at a lower level than desired.

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Polynucleotide constructs are made, using standard techniques known in the art, which contain the promoter with targeting sequences flanking the promoter. Suitable promoters are described herein. The targeting sequence is sufficiently complementary to an endogenous sequence to permit homologous recombination of the promoter-targeting sequence with the endogenous sequence. The targeting sequence will be sufficiently near the 5' end of the desired endogenous polynucleotide sequence so the promoter will be operably linked to the endogenous sequence upon homologous recombination.

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The promoter and the targeting sequences can be amplified using PCR. Preferably, the amplified promoter contains distinct restriction enzyme sites on the 5' and 3' ends. Preferably, the 3' end of the first targeting sequence contains the same restriction enzyme site as the 5' end of the amplified promoter and the 5' end of the second targeting sequence contains the same restriction site as the 3' end of the amplified promoter. The amplified promoter and targeting sequences are digested and ligated together.

The promoter-targeting sequence construct is delivered to the cells, either as naked polynucleotide, or in conjunction with transfection-facilitating agents, such as liposomes, viral sequences, viral particles, whole viruses, lipofection, precipitating agents, etc., described in more detail above. The P promoter-targeting sequence can be delivered by any method, included direct needle injection, intravenous injection, topical administration, catheter infusion, particle accelerators, etc. The methods are described in more detail below.

The promoter-targeting sequence construct is taken up by cells. Homologous recombination between the construct and the endogenous sequence takes place, such that an endogenous sequence is placed under the control of the promoter. The promoter then drives the expression of the endogenous sequence.

The polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide of the present invention may be administered along with other polynucleotides encoding an angiogenic protein. Examples of angiogenic proteins include, but are not limited to, acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors, VEGF-1, VEGF-2, VEGF-3, epidermal growth factor alpha and beta, platelet-derived endothelial cell growth factor, platelet-derived growth factor, tumor necrosis factor alpha, hepatocyte growth factor, insulin like growth factor, colony stimulating factor, macrophage colony stimulating factor, granulocyte/macrophage colony stimulating factor, and nitric oxide synthase.

1969

Preferably, the polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide of the present invention contains a secretory signal sequence that facilitates secretion of the protein. Typically, the signal sequence is positioned in the coding region of the polynucleotide to be expressed towards or at the 5' end of the coding region. The signal sequence may be homologous or heterologous to the polynucleotide of interest and may be homologous or heterologous to the cells to be transfected. Additionally, the signal sequence may be chemically synthesized using methods known in the art.

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Any mode of administration of any of the above-described polynucleotides constructs can be used so long as the mode results in the expression of one or more molecules in an amount sufficient to provide a therapeutic effect. This includes direct needle injection, systemic injection, catheter infusion, biolistic injectors, particle accelerators (i.e., "gene guns"), gelfoam sponge depots, other commercially available depot materials, osmotic pumps (e.g., Alza minipumps), oral or suppositorial solid (tablet or pill) pharmaceutical formulations, and decanting or topical applications during surgery. For example, direct injection of naked calcium phosphate-precipitated plasmid into rat liver and rat spleen or a protein-coated plasmid into the portal vein has resulted in gene expression of the foreign gene in the rat livers (Kaneda et al., Science 243:375 (1989)).

A preferred method of local administration is by direct injection. Preferably, a recombinant molecule of the present invention complexed with a delivery vehicle is administered by direct injection into or locally within the area of arteries. Administration of a composition locally within the area of arteries refers to injecting the composition centimeters and preferably, millimeters within arteries.

Another method of local administration is to contact a polynucleotide construct of the present invention in or around a surgical wound. For example, a patient can undergo surgery and the polynucleotide construct can be coated on the surface of tissue inside the wound or the construct can be injected into areas of tissue inside the wound.

Therapeutic compositions useful in systemic administration, include recombinant molecules of the present invention complexed to a targeted delivery vehicle of the present invention. Suitable delivery vehicles for use with systemic administration comprise liposomes comprising ligands for targeting the vehicle to a particular site.

Preferred methods of systemic administration, include intravenous injection, aerosol, oral and percutaneous (topical) delivery. Intravenous injections can be performed using

1970

methods standard in the art. Aerosol delivery can also be performed using methods standard in the art (see, for example, Stribling et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 189:11277-11281, 1992, which is incorporated herein by reference). Oral delivery can be performed by complexing a polynucleotide construct of the present invention to a carrier capable of withstanding degradation by digestive enzymes in the gut of an animal. Examples of such carriers, include plastic capsules or tablets, such as those known in the art. Topical delivery can be performed by mixing a polynucleotide construct of the present invention with a lipophilic reagent (e.g., DMSO) that is capable of passing into the skin.

Determining an effective amount of substance to be delivered can depend upon a number of factors including, for example, the chemical structure and biological activity of the substance, the age and weight of the animal, the precise condition requiring treatment and its severity, and the route of administration. The frequency of treatments depends upon a number of factors, such as the amount of polynucleotide constructs administered per dose, as well as the health and history of the subject. The precise amount, number of doses, and timing of doses will be determined by the attending physician or veterinarian.

Therapeutic compositions of the present invention can be administered to any animal, preferably to mammals and birds. Preferred mammals include humans, dogs, cats, mice, rats, rabbits sheep, cattle, horses and pigs, with humans being particularly preferred

20 **Biological Activities**

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention, can be used in assays to test for one or more biological activities. If these polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention, do exhibit activity in a particular assay, it is likely that these molecules may be involved in the diseases associated with the biological activity. Thus, the polynucleotides and polypeptides, and agonists or antagonists could be used to treat the associated disease.

The colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention are expressed at significantly enhanced levels in human colon and colon cancer tissues.

Thus, colon and/or colon cancer related polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention may be useful as a therapeutic molecule. It would be useful for diagnosis, detection, treatment and/or prevention of disorders of the colon, including inflammatory

disorders such as, congenital abnormalities, such as atresia and stenosis, Meckel diverticulum, congenital aganglionic megacolon-Hirschsprung disease; enterocolitis, such as diarrhea and dysentary, infectious enterocolitis, including viral gastroenteritis, bacterial enterocolitis, necrotizing enterocolitis, antiboitic-associated colitis (pseudomembranous colitis), and collagenous and lymphocytic colitis, miscellaneous intestinal inflammatory disorders, including parasites and protozoa, amoebic colitis, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, transplantation, drug-induced intestinal injury, radiation enterocolitis, neutropenic colitis, diverticular colon disease (DCD), inflammatory colonic disease, idiopathic inflammatory bowel disease, such as Crohn's disease (CD), non-inflammatory bowel disease (non-IBD) colonic inflammation; ulcerative disorders such as, ulcerative colitis (UC); eosinophilic colitis; noncancerous tumors, such as, polyps in the colon, adenomas, leiomyomas, lipomas, and angiomas.

Particularly, the colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention may be a useful therapeutic for tumors, especially of the intestine, such as, carcinoid tumors, lymphomas, non-neoplastic polyps, adenomas, familial syndromes, colorectal carcinogenesis, colorectal carcinoma, cancer of the colon, cancer of the rectum and carcinoid tumors, as well as cancers in other tissues where expression has been indicated. Treatment, diagnosis, detection, and/or prevention of colon disorders could be carried out using a soluble form of a colon and/or colon cancer polypeptides, the colon and/or colon cancer polypeptides ligand, gene therapy, or ex vivo applications. Moreover, inhibitors of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, either blocking antibodies or mutant forms, could modulate the expression of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides. These inhibitors may be useful to treat, diagnose, detect, and/or prevent diseases associated with the misregulation of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides.

In one embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific delivery of compositions of the invention to cells (e.g., colon or colon cancer cells) by administering polypeptides of the invention (e.g., colon and/or colon cancer polypeptides or anti-colon cancer antigen antibodies) that are associated with heterologous polypeptides or nucleic acids. In one example, the invention provides a method for delivering a therapeutic protein into the targeted cell (e.g., a colon cancer cell). In another example, the invention provides a method for delivering a single stranded nucleic acid (e.g., antisense or ribozymes) or double

1972

stranded nucleic acid (e.g., DNA that can integrate into the cell's genome or replicate episomally and that can be transcribed) into the targeted cell.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific destruction of cells (e.g., the destruction of tumor cells) by administering polypeptides of the invention (e.g., colon or colon cancer polypeptides or anti-colon cancer antigen antibodies) in association with toxins or cytotoxic prodrugs.

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By "toxin" is meant compounds that bind and activate endogenous cytotoxic effector systems, radioisotopes, holotoxins, modified toxins, catalytic subunits of toxins, cytotoxins (cytotoxic agents), or any molecules or enzymes not normally present in or on the surface of a cell that under defined conditions cause the cell's death. Toxins that may be used according to the methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, radioisotopes known in the art, compounds such as, for example, antibodies (or complement fixing containing portions thereof) that bind an inherent or induced endogenous cytotoxic effector system, thymidine kinase, endonuclease, RNAse, alpha toxin, ricin, abrin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin A, diphtheria toxin, saporin, momordin, gelonin, pokeweed antiviral protein, alpha-sarcin and cholera toxin. "Toxin" also includes a cytostatic or cytocidal agent, a therapeutic agent or a radioactive metal ion, e.g., alpha-emitters such as, for example, ²¹³Bi, or other radioisotopes such as, for example, ¹⁰³Pd, ¹³³Xe, ¹³¹I, ⁶⁸Ge, ⁵⁷Co, ⁶⁵Zn, ⁸⁵Sr, ³²P, ³⁵S, ⁹⁰Y, ¹⁵³Sm, ¹⁵³Gd, ¹⁶⁹Yb, ⁵¹Cr, ⁵⁴Mn, ⁷⁵Se, ¹¹³Sn, ⁹⁰Yttrium, ¹¹⁷Tin, ¹⁸⁶Rhenium, ¹⁶⁶Holmium, and ¹⁸⁸Rhenium; luminescent labels, such as luminol; and fluorescent labels, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, and biotin.

Techniques known in the art may be applied to label antibodies of the invention. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, the use of bifunctional conjugating agents (see e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,756,065; 5,714,631; 5,696,239; 5,652,361; 5,505,931; 5,489,425; 5,435,990; 5,428,139; 5,342,604; 5,274,119; 4,994,560; and 5,808,003; the contents of each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety). A cytotoxin or cytotoxic agent includes any agent that is detrimental to cells. Examples include paclitaxol, cytochalasin B, gramicidin D, ethidium bromide, emetine, mitomycin, etoposide, tenoposide, vincristine, vinblastine, colchicin, doxorubicin, daunorubicin, dihydroxy anthracin dione, mitoxantrone, mithramycin, actinomycin D, 1-dehydrotestosterone, glucocorticoids, procaine, tetracaine, lidocaine, propranolol, and puromycin and analogs or homologs thereof. Therapeutic agents include, but are not limited to, antimetabolites (e.g.,

1973

methotrexate, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, cytarabine, 5-fluorouracil decarbazine), alkylating agents (e.g., mechlorethamine, thioepa chlorambucil, melphalan, carmustine (BSNU) and lomustine (CCNU), cyclothosphamide, busulfan, dibromomannitol, streptozotocin, mitomycin C, and cis- dichlorodiamine platinum (II) (DDP) cisplatin), anthracyclines (e.g., daunorubicin (formerly daunomycin) and doxorubicin), antibiotics (e.g., dactinomycin (formerly actinomycin), bleomycin, mithramycin, and anthramycin (AMC)), and anti-mitotic agents (e.g., vincristine and vinblastine).

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By "cytotoxic prodrug" is meant a non-toxic compound that is converted by an enzyme, normally present in the cell, into a cytotoxic compound. Cytotoxic prodrugs that may be used according to the methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, glutamyl derivatives of benzoic acid mustard alkylating agent, phosphate derivatives of etoposide or mitomycin C, cytosine arabinoside, daunorubisin, and phenoxyacetamide derivatives of doxorubicin.

It will be appreciated that conditions caused by a decrease in the standard or normal level of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotide and/or polypeptide activity in an individual, particularly disorders of the colon, can be treated by administration of colon or colon cancer polypeptide (e.g., in the form of soluble extracellular domain or cells expressing the complete protein) or agonist. Thus, the invention also provides a method of treatment of an individual in need of an increased level of PSGR activity comprising administering to such an individual a pharmaceutical composition comprising an amount of an isolated colon or colon cancer polypeptide of the invention, or agonist thereof (e.g., an agonistic anti-colon cancer antigen antibody), effective to increase the colon and/or colon cancer polypeptide activity level in such an individual.

It will also be appreciated that conditions caused by a increase in the standard or normal level of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides activity in an individual, particularly disorders of the colon, can be treated by administration of colon or colon cancer related polypeptides (e.g., in the form of soluble extracellular domain or cells expressing the complete protein) or antagonist (e.g., an antagonistic anti-colon cancer antigen antibody). Thus, the invention also provides a method of treatment of an individual in need of an dereased level of colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides activity comprising administering to such an individual a pharmaceutical composition comprising an amount of an isolated colon polypeptide of the invention, or antagonist thereof, effective to

1974

decrease the colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides activity level in such an individual.

5 <u>Immune Activity</u>

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A polypeptide or polynucleotide, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may be useful in treating, preventing, and/or diagnosing deficiencies, diseases, or disorders and/or conditions of the immune system, by, for example, activating or inhibiting the proliferation, differentiation, or mobilization (chemotaxis) of immune cells. Immune cells develop through a process called hematopoiesis, producing myeloid (platelets, red blood cells, neutrophils, and macrophages) and lymphoid (B and T lymphocytes) cells from pluripotent stem cells. The etiology of these immune deficiencies or disorders may be genetic, somatic, such as cancer or some autoimmune disorders, acquired (e.g., by chemotherapy or toxins), or infectious. Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention can be used as a marker or detector of a particular immune system disease or disorder.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may be useful in treating, preventing, detecting and/or diagnosing diseases, deficiencies or disorders and/or conditions of hematopoietic cells. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention could be used to increase differentiation and proliferation of hematopoietic cells, including the pluripotent stem cells, in an effort to treat those disorders associated with a decrease in certain (or many) types hematopoietic cells. Examples of immunologic deficiency syndromes include, but are not limited to: blood protein disorders (e.g. agammaglobulinemia, dysgammaglobulinemia), ataxia telangiectasia, common variable immunodeficiency, Digeorge Syndrome, HIV infection, HTLV-BLV infection, leukocyte adhesion deficiency syndrome, lymphopenia, phagocyte bactericidal dysfunction, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCIDs), Wiskott-Aldrich Disorder, anemia, thrombocytopenia, or hemoglobinuria.

Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention could also be used to modulate hemostatic (the stopping of bleeding) or thrombolytic activity (clot formation). For example, by increasing hemostatic or thrombolytic activity, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the

1975

present invention could be used to treat blood coagulation disorders (e.g., afibrinogenemia, factor deficiencies), blood platelet disorders (e.g. thrombocytopenia), or wounds resulting from trauma, surgery, or other causes. Alternatively, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention that can decrease hemostatic or thrombolytic activity could be used to inhibit or dissolve clotting. These molecules could be important in the treatment of heart attacks (infarction), strokes, or scarring.

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also be useful in treating, preventing, detecting and/or diagnosing autoimmune disorders. Many autoimmune disorders result from inappropriate recognition of self as foreign material by immune cells. This inappropriate recognition results in an immune response leading to the destruction of the host tissue. Therefore, the administration of polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention that can inhibit an immune response, particularly the proliferation, differentiation, or chemotaxis of T-cells, may be an effective therapy in preventing autoimmune disorders.

Autoimmune diseases or disorders that may be treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed by polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: autoimmune hemolytic anemia, autoimmune neonatal thrombocytopenia, idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura, autoimmunocytopenia, hemolytic anemia, antiphospholipid syndrome, dermatitis, allergic encephalomyelitis, myocarditis, relapsing polychondritis, rheumatic heart disease, glomerulonephritis (e.g., IgA nephropathy), Multiple Sclerosis, Neuritis, Uveitis Ophthalmia, Polyendocrinopathies, Purpura (e.g., Henloch-Scoenlein purpura), Reiter's Disease, Stiff-Man Syndrome, Autoimmune Pulmonary Inflammation, Autism, Guillain-Barre Syndrome, insulin dependent diabetes mellitis, and autoimmune inflammatory eye, autoimmune thyroiditis, hypothyroidism (i.e., Hashimoto's thyroiditis, systemic lupus erhythematosus, Goodpasture's syndrome, Pemphigus, Receptor autoimmunities such as, for example, (a) Graves' Disease, (b) Myasthenia Gravis, and (c) insulin resistance, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura, rheumatoid arthritis, schleroderma with anti-collagen antibodies, mixed connective tissue disease, polymyositis/dermatomyositis, pernicious anemia, idiopathic Addison's disease, infertility, glomerulonephritis such as primary glomerulonephritis and IgA nephropathy, bullous pemphigoid, Sjogren's syndrome, diabetes millitus, and adrenergic drug resistance (including adrenergic drug resistance with

1976

asthma or cystic fibrosis), chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, other endocrine gland failure, vitiligo, vasculitis, post-MI, cardiotomy syndrome, urticaria, atopic dermatitis, asthma, inflammatory myopathies, and other inflammatory, granulamatous, degenerative, and atrophic disorders.

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Additional autoimmune disorders (that are probable) that may be treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed with the compositions of the invention include, but are not limited to, rheumatoid arthritis (often characterized, e.g., by immune complexes in joints), scleroderma with anti-collagen antibodies (often characterized, e.g., by nucleolar and other nuclear antibodies), mixed connective tissue disease (often characterized, e.g., by antibodies to extractable nuclear antigens (e.g., ribonucleoprotein)), polymyositis (often characterized, e.g., by nonhistone ANA), pernicious anemia (often characterized, e.g., by antiparietal cell, microsomes, and intrinsic factor antibodies), idiopathic Addison's disease (often characterized, e.g., by humoral and cell-mediated adrenal cytotoxicity, infertility (often characterized, e.g., by antispermatozoal antibodies), glomerulonephritis (often characterized, e.g., by glomerular basement membrane antibodies or immune complexes), bullous pemphigoid (often characterized, e.g., by IgG and complement in basement membrane), Sjogren's syndrome (often characterized, e.g., by multiple tissue antibodies, and/or a specific nonhistone ANA (SS-B)), diabetes millitus (often characterized, e.g., by cell-mediated and humoral islet cell antibodies), and adrenergic drug resistance (including adrenergic drug resistance with asthma or cystic fibrosis) (often characterized, e.g., by beta-adrenergic receptor antibodies).

Additional autoimmune disorders (that are possible) that may be treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed with the compositions of the invention include, but are not limited to, chronic active hepatitis (often characterized, e.g., by smooth muscle antibodies), primary biliary cirrhosis (often characterized, e.g., by mitchondrial antibodies), other endocrine gland failure (often characterized, e.g., by specific tissue antibodies in some cases), vitiligo (often characterized, e.g., by melanocyte antibodies), vasculitis (often characterized, e.g., by Ig and complement in vessel walls and/or low serum complement), post-MI (often characterized, e.g., by myocardial antibodies), cardiotomy syndrome (often characterized, e.g., by myocardial antibodies), urticaria (often characterized, e.g., by IgG and IgM antibodies to IgE), atopic dermatitis (often characterized, e.g., by IgG and IgM antibodies to IgE), asthma

1977

(often characterized, e.g., by IgG and IgM antibodies to IgE), and many other inflammatory, granulamatous, degenerative, and atrophic disorders.

In a preferred embodiment, the autoimmune diseases and disorders and/or conditions associated with the diseases and disorders recited above are treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using for example, antagonists or agonists, polypeptides or polynucleotides, or antibodies of the present invention.

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In a preferred embodiment polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention could be used as an agent to boost immunoresponsiveness among B cell and/or T cell immunodeficient individuals.

B cell immunodeficiencies that may be ameliorated or treated by administering the polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists thereof, include, but are not limited to, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID)-X linked, SCID-autosomal, adenosine deaminase deficiency (ADA deficiency), X-linked agammaglobulinemia (XLA), Bruton's disease, congenital agammaglobulinemia, X-linked infantile agammaglobulinemia, acquired agammaglobulinemia, adult onset agammaglobulinemia, late-onset agammaglobulinemia, dysgammaglobulinemia. hypogammaglobulinemia, transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, unspecified hypogammaglobulinemia, agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVI) (acquired), Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome (WAS), X-linked immunodeficiency with hyper IgM, non X-linked immunodeficiency with hyper IgM, selective IgA deficiency, IgG subclass deficiency (with or without IgA deficiency), antibody deficiency with normal or elevated Igs, immunodeficiency with thymoma, Ig heavy chain deletions, kappa chain deficiency, B cell lymphoproliferative disorder (BLPD), selective IgM immunodeficiency, recessive agammaglobulinemia (Swiss type), reticular dysgenesis, neonatal neutropenia, severe congenital leukopenia, thymic alymophoplasia-aplasia or dysplasia with immunodeficiency, ataxia-telangiectasia, short limbed dwarfism, X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome (XLP), Nezelof syndrome-combined immunodeficiency with Igs, purine nucleoside phosphorylase deficiency (PNP), MHC Class II deficiency (Bare Lymphocyte Syndrome) and severe combined immunodeficiency.

T cell deficiencies that may be ameliorated or treated by administering the polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists thereof include, but are not limited to, for example, DiGeorge anomaly, thymic hypoplasia, third and fourth pharyngeal

1978

pouch syndrome, 22q11.2 deletion, chronic mucocutaneous candidiasis, natural killer cell deficiency (NK), idiopathic CD4+ T-lymphocytopenia, immunodeficiency with predominant T cell defect (unspecified), and unspecified immunodeficiency of cell mediated immunity. In specific embodiments, DiGeorge anomaly or conditions associated with DiGeorge anomaly are ameliorated or treated by, for example, administering the polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, or antagonists or agonists thereof.

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Other immunodeficiencies that may be ameliorated or treated by administering polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists thereof, include, but are not limited to, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID; e.g., X-linked SCID, autosomal SCID, and adenosine deaminase deficiency), ataxia-telangiectasia, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, short-limber dwarfism, X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome (XLP), Nezelof syndrome (e.g., purine nucleoside phosphorylase deficiency), MHC Class II deficiency. In specific embodiments, ataxia-telangiectasia or conditions associated with ataxia-telangiectasia are ameliorated or treated by administering the polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists thereof.

In a specific preferred embodiment, rheumatoid arthritis is treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. In another specific preferred embodiment, systemic lupus erythemosus is treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. In another specific preferred embodiment, idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura is treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. In another specific preferred embodiment IgA nephropathy is treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. In a preferred embodiment, the autoimmune diseases and disorders and/or conditions associated with the diseases and disorders recited above are treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using antibodies against the protein of the invention.

Similarly, allergic reactions and conditions, such as asthma (particularly allergic asthma) or other respiratory problems, may also be treated, prevented, and/or diagnosed using polypeptides, antibodies, or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists or antagonists thereof. Moreover, these molecules can be used to treat, prevent, and/or diagnose anaphylaxis, hypersensitivity to an antigenic molecule, or blood group incompatibility.

1979

Moreover, inflammatory conditions may also be treated, diagnosed, and/or prevented with polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. Such inflammatory conditions include, but are not limited to, for example, respiratory disorders (such as, e.g., asthma and allergy); gastrointestinal disorders (such as, e.g., inflammatory bowel disease); cancers (such as, e.g., gastric, ovarian, lung, bladder, liver, and breast); CNS disorders (such as, e.g., multiple sclerosis, blood-brain barrier permeability, ischemic brain injury and/or stroke, traumatic brain injury, neurodegenerative disorders (such as, e.g., Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease), AIDS-related dementia, and prion disease); cardiovascular disorders (such as, e.g., atherosclerosis, myocarditis, cardiovascular disease, and cardiopulmonary bypass complications); as well as many additional diseases, conditions, and disorders that are characterized by inflammation (such as, e.g., chronic hepatitis (B and C), rheumatoid arthritis, gout, trauma, septic shock, pancreatitis, sarcoidosis, dermatitis, renal ischemiareperfusion injury, Grave's disease, systemic lupus erythematosis, diabetes mellitus (i.e., type 1 diabetes), and allogenic transplant rejection).

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In specific embodiments, polypeptides, antibodies, or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists or antagonists thereof, are useful to treat, diagnose, and/or prevent transplantation rejections, graft-versus-host disease, autoimmune and inflammatory diseases (e.g., immune complex-induced vasculitis, glomerulonephritis, hemolytic anemia, myasthenia gravis, type II collagen-induced arthritis, experimental allergic and hyperacute xenograft rejection, rheumatoid arthritis, and systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). Organ rejection occurs by host immune cell destruction of the transplanted tissue through an immune response. Similarly, an immune response is also involved in GVHD, but, in this case, the foreign transplanted immune cells destroy the host tissues. Polypeptides, antibodies, or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists or antagonists thereof, that inhibit an immune response, particularly the activation, proliferation, differentiation, or chemotaxis of T-cells, may be an effective therapy in preventing organ rejection or GVHD.

Similarly, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also be used to modulate and/or diagnose inflammation. For example, since polypeptides, antibodies, or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists or antagonists of the invention may inhibit the activation, proliferation and/or differentiation of cells involved in an inflammatory response, these molecules can be used to treat, diagnose,

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or prognose, inflammatory conditions, both chronic and acute conditions, including, but not limited to, inflammation associated with infection (e.g., septic shock, sepsis, or systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS)), ischemia-reperfusion injury, endotoxin lethality, arthritis, complement-mediated hyperacute rejection, nephritis, cytokine or chemokine induced lung injury, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and resulting from over production of cytokines (e.g., TNF or IL-1.).

Polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists of the invention can be used to treat, detect, and/or prevent infectious agents. For example, by increasing the immune response, particularly increasing the proliferation activation and/or differentiation of B and/or T cells, infectious diseases may be treated, detected, and/or prevented. The immune response may be increased by either enhancing an existing immune response, or by initiating a new immune response. Alternatively, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also directly inhibit the infectious agent (refer to section of application listing infectious agents, etc.), without necessarily eliciting an immune response.

Additional preferred embodiments of the invention include, but are not limited to, the use of polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists in the following applications:

Administration to an animal (e.g., mouse, rat, rabbit, hamster, guinea pig, pigs, micropig, chicken, camel, goat, horse, cow, sheep, dog, cat, non-human primate, and human, most preferably human) to boost the immune system to produce increased quantities of one or more antibodies (e.g., IgG, IgA, IgM, and IgE), to induce higher affinity antibody production (e.g., IgG, IgA, IgM, and IgE), and/or to increase an immune response.

Administration to an animal (including, but not limited to, those listed above, and also including transgenic animals) incapable of producing functional endogenous antibody molecules or having an otherwise compromised endogenous immune system, but which is capable of producing human immunoglobulin molecules by means of a reconstituted or partially reconstituted immune system from another animal (see, e.g., published PCT Application Nos. WO98/24893, WO/9634096, WO/9633735, and WO/9110741.

A vaccine adjuvant that enhances immune responsiveness to specific antigen.

An adjuvant to enhance tumor-specific immune responses.

WO 01/22920

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An adjuvant to enhance anti-viral immune responses. Anti-viral immune responses that may be enhanced using the compositions of the invention as an adjuvant, include virus and virus associated diseases or symptoms described herein or otherwise known in the art. In specific embodiments, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to a virus, disease, or symptom selected from the group consisting of: AIDS, meningitis, Dengue, EBV, and hepatitis (e.g., hepatitis B). In another specific embodiment, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to a virus, disease, or symptom selected from the group consisting of: HIV/AIDS, Respiratory syncytial virus, Dengue, Rotavirus, Japanese B encephalitis, Influenza A and B, Parainfluenza, Measles, Cytomegalovirus, Rabies, Junin, Chikungunya, Rift Valley fever, Herpes simplex, and yellow fever.

An adjuvant to enhance anti-bacterial or anti-fungal immune responses. Anti-bacterial or anti-fungal immune responses that may be enhanced using the compositions of the invention as an adjuvant, include bacteria or fungus and bacteria or fungus associated diseases or symptoms described herein or otherwise known in the art. In specific embodiments, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to a bacteria or fungus, disease, or symptom selected from the group consisting of: tetanus, Diphtheria, botulism, and meningitis type B. In another specific embodiment, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to a bacteria or fungus, disease, or symptom selected from the group consisting of: Vibrio cholerae, Mycobacterium leprae, Salmonella typhi, Salmonella paratyphi, Meisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Group B streptococcus, Shigella spp., Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli, Enterohemorrhagic E. coli, Borrelia burgdorferi, and Plasmodium (malaria).

An adjuvant to enhance anti-parasitic immune responses. Anti-parasitic immune responses that may be enhanced using the compositions of the invention as an adjuvant, include parasite and parasite associated diseases or symptoms described herein or otherwise known in the art. In specific embodiments, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to a parasite. In another specific embodiment, the compositions of the invention are used as an adjuvant to enhance an immune response to Plasmodium (malaria).

As a stimulator of B cell responsiveness to pathogens.

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As an activator of T cells.

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As an agent that elevates the immune status of an individual prior to their receipt of immunosuppressive therapies.

As an agent to induce higher affinity antibodies.

As an agent to increase serum immunoglobulin concentrations.

As an agent to accelerate recovery of immunocompromised individuals.

As an agent to boost immunoresponsiveness among aged populations.

As an immune system enhancer prior to, during, or after bone marrow transplant and/or other transplants (e.g., allogeneic or xenogeneic organ transplantation). With respect to transplantation, compositions of the invention may be administered prior to, concomitant with, and/or after transplantation. In a specific embodiment, compositions of the invention are administered after transplantation, prior to the beginning of recovery of T-cell populations. In another specific embodiment, compositions of the invention are first administered after transplantation after the beginning of recovery of T cell populations, but prior to full recovery of B cell populations.

As an agent to boost immunoresponsiveness among individuals having an acquired loss of B cell function. Conditions resulting in an acquired loss of B cell function that may be ameliorated or treated by administering the polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists thereof, include, but are not limited to, HIV Infection, AIDS, bone marrow transplant, and B cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL).

As an agent to boost immunoresponsiveness among individuals having a temporary immune deficiency. Conditions resulting in a temporary immune deficiency that may be ameliorated or treated by administering the polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists thereof, include, but are not limited to, recovery from viral infections (e.g., influenza), conditions associated with malnutrition, recovery from infectious mononucleosis, or conditions associated with stress, recovery from measles, recovery from blood transfusion, recovery from surgery.

As a regulator of antigen presentation by monocytes, dendritic cells, and/or B-cells. In one embodiment, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention enhance antigen presentation or antagonizes antigen presentation in vitro or in vivo. Moreover, in related embodiments, said enhancement or antagonization of

WO 01/22920

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antigen presentation may be useful as an anti- tumor treatment or to modulate the immune system.

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As an agent to direct an individuals immune system towards development of a humoral response (i.e. TH2) as opposed to a TH1 cellular response.

As a means to induce tumor proliferation and thus make it more susceptible to antineoplastic agents. For example, multiple myeloma is a slowly dividing disease and is thus refractory to virtually all anti-neoplastic regimens. If these cells were forced to proliferate more rapidly their susceptibility profile would likely change.

As a stimulator of B cell production in pathologies such as AIDS, chronic lymphocyte disorder and/or Common Variable Immunodificiency.

As a therapy for generation and/or regeneration of lymphoid tissues following surgery, trauma or genetic defect.

As a gene-based therapy for genetically inherited disorders resulting in immunoincompetence such as observed among SCID patients.

As an antigen for the generation of antibodies to inhibit or enhance immune mediated responses against polypeptides of the invention.

As a means of activating T cells.

As a means of activating monocytes/macrophages to defend against parasitic diseases that effect monocytes such as Leshmania.

As pretreatment of bone marrow samples prior to transplant. Such treatment would increase B cell representation and thus accelerate recover.

As a means of regulating secreted cytokines that are elicited by polypeptides of the invention.

Additionally, polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and/or agonists thereof, may be used to treat or prevent IgE-mediated allergic reactions. Such allergic reactions include, but are not limited to, asthma, rhinitis, and eczema.

All of the above described applications as they may apply to veterinary medicine.

Antagonists of the invention include, for example, binding and/or inhibitory antibodies, antisense nucleic acids, or ribozymes. These would be expected to reverse many of the activities of the ligand described above as well as find clinical or practical application as:

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A means of blocking various aspects of immune responses to foreign agents or self. Examples include autoimmune disorders such as lupus, and arthritis, as well as immunoresponsiveness to skin allergies, inflammation, bowel disease, injury and pathogens.

A therapy for preventing the B cell proliferation and Ig secretion associated with autoimmune diseases such as idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, systemic lupus erythramatosus and MS.

An inhibitor of B and/or T cell migration in endothelial cells. This activity disrupts tissue architecture or cognate responses and is useful, for example in disrupting immune responses, and blocking sepsis.

An inhibitor of graft versus host disease or transplant rejection.

A therapy for B cell and/or T cell malignancies such as ALL, Hodgkins disease, non-Hodgkins lymphoma, Chronic lymphocyte leukemia, plasmacytomas, multiple myeloma, Burkitt's lymphoma, and EBV-transformed diseases.

A therapy for chronic hypergammaglobulinemeia evident in such diseases as monoclonalgammopathy of undetermined significance (MGUS), Waldenstrom's disease, related idiopathic monoclonalgammopathies, and plasmacytomas.

A therapy for decreasing cellular proliferation of Large B-cell Lymphomas.

A means of decreasing the involvement of B cells and Ig associated with Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia.

20 An immunosuppressive agent(s).

Polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may be used to modulate IgE concentrations in vitro or in vivo.

In another embodiment, administration of polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists of the invention, may be used to treat or prevent IgE-mediated allergic reactions including, but not limited to, asthma, rhinitis, and eczema.

The agonists and antagonists may be employed in a composition with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, e.g., as described herein.

The agonists or antagonists may be employed for instance to inhibit polypeptide chemotaxis and activation of macrophages and their precursors, and of neutrophils, basophils, B lymphocytes and some T-cell subsets, e.g., activated and CD8 cytotoxic T cells and natural killer cells, in certain auto-immune and chronic inflammatory and infective diseases. Examples of autoimmune diseases are described herein and include multiple sclerosis, and

WO 01/22920

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1985

PCT/US00/26524

insulin-dependent diabetes. The antagonists or agonists may also be employed to treat infectious diseases including silicosis, sarcoidosis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by, for example, preventing the recruitment and activation of mononuclear phagocytes. They may also be employed to treat idiopathic hyper-eosinophilic syndrome by, for example, preventing eosinophil production and migration. The antagonists or agonists or may also be employed for treating atherosclerosis, for example, by preventing monocyte infiltration in the artery wall.

Antibodies against polypeptides of the invention may be employed to treat ARDS.

Agonists and/or antagonists of the invention also have uses in stimulating wound and tissue repair, stimulating angiogenesis, stimulating the repair of vascular or lymphatic diseases or disorders. Additionally, agonists and antagonists of the invention may be used to stimulate the regeneration of mucosal surfaces.

In a specific embodiment, polynucleotides or polypeptides, and/or agonists thereof are used to treat or prevent a disorder characterized by primary or acquired immunodeficiency, deficient serum immunoglobulin production, recurrent infections, and/or immune system dysfunction. Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, and/or agonists thereof may be used to treat or prevent infections of the joints, bones, skin, and/or parotid glands, blood-borne infections (e.g., sepsis, meningitis, septic arthritis, and/or osteomyelitis), autoimmune diseases (e.g., those disclosed herein), inflammatory disorders, and malignancies, and/or any disease or disorder or condition associated with these infections, diseases, disorders and/or malignancies) including, but not limited to, CVID, other primary immune deficiencies, HIV disease, CLL, recurrent bronchitis, sinusitis, otitis media, conjunctivitis, pneumonia, hepatitis, meningitis, herpes zoster (e.g., severe herpes zoster), and/or pneumocystis carnii.

In another embodiment, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention are used to treat, and/or diagnose an individual having common variable immunodeficiency disease ("CVID"; also known as "acquired agammaglobulinemia" and "acquired hypogammaglobulinemia") or a subset of this disease.

In a specific embodiment, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may be used to treat, diagnose, and/or prevent (1) cancers or neoplasms and (2) autoimmune cell or tissue-related cancers or neoplasms. In a preferred embodiment, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or

1986

antagonists of the present invention conjugated to a toxin or a radioactive isotope, as described herein, may be used to treat, diagnose, and/or prevent acute myelogeneous leukemia. In a further preferred embodiment, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, and/or agonists or antagonists of the present invention conjugated to a toxin or a radioactive isotope, as described herein, may be used to treat, diagnose, and/or prevent, chronic myelogeneous leukemia, multiple myeloma, non-Hodgkins lymphoma, and/or Hodgkins disease.

In another specific embodiment, polynucleotides or polypeptides, and/or agonists or antagonists of the invention may be used to treat, diagnose, prognose, and/or prevent selective IgA deficiency, myeloperoxidase deficiency, C2 deficiency, ataxia-telangiectasia, DiGeorge anomaly, common variable immunodeficiency (CVI), X-linked agammaglobulinemia, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), chronic granulomatous disease (CGD), and Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome.

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Examples of autoimmune disorders that can be treated or detected are described above and also include, but are not limited to: Addison's Disease, hemolytic anemia, antiphospholipid syndrome, rheumatoid arthritis, dermatitis, allergic encephalomyelitis, glomerulonephritis, Goodpasture's Syndrome, Graves' Disease, Multiple Sclerosis, Myasthenia Gravis, Neuritis, Ophthalmia, Bullous Pemphigoid, Pemphigus, Polyendocrinopathies, Purpura, Reiter's Disease, Stiff-Man Syndrome, Autoimmune Thyroiditis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Autoimmune Pulmonary Inflammation, Guillain-Barre Syndrome, insulin dependent diabetes mellitis, and autoimmune inflammatory eye disease.

Similarly, allergic reactions and conditions, such as asthma (particularly allergic asthma) or other respiratory problems, may also be treated by polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. Moreover, these molecules can be used to treat anaphylaxis, hypersensitivity to an antigenic molecule, or blood group incompatibility.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also be used to treat and/or prevent organ rejection or graft-versus-host disease (GVHD). Organ rejection occurs by host immune cell destruction of the transplanted tissue through an immune response. Similarly, an immune response is also involved in GVHD, but, in this case, the foreign transplanted immune cells destroy the host tissues. The administration of

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polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention that inhibits an immune response, particularly the proliferation, differentiation, or chemotaxis of T-cells, may be an effective therapy in preventing organ rejection or GVHD.

Similarly, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also be used to modulate inflammation. For example, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may inhibit the proliferation and differentiation of cells involved in an inflammatory response. These molecules can be used to treat inflammatory conditions, both chronic and acute conditions, including chronic prostatitis, granulomatous prostatitis and malacoplakia, inflammation associated with infection (e.g., septic shock, sepsis, or systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS)), ischemia-reperfusion injury, endotoxin lethality, arthritis, complement-mediated hyperacute rejection, nephritis, cytokine or chemokine induced lung injury, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, or resulting from over production of cytokines (e.g., TNF or IL-1.)

In a preferred embodiment, the autoimmune diseases and disorders and/or conditions associated with the diseases and disorders recited above are treated, prognosed, prevented, and/or diagnosed using antibodies against the polypeptide of the invention.

As an agent to boost immunoresponsiveness among B cell immunodeficient individuals, such as, for example, an individual who has undergone a partial or complete splenectomy.

Additionally, polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention may affect apoptosis, and therefore, would be useful in treating a number of diseases associated with increased cell survival or the inhibition of apoptosis. For example, diseases associated with increased cell survival or the inhibition of apoptosis that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention, include cancers (such as follicular lymphomas, carcinomas with p53 mutations, and hormone-dependent tumors, including, but not limited to colon cancer, cardiac tumors, pancreatic cancer, melanoma, retinoblastoma, glioblastoma, lung cancer, intestinal cancer, testicular cancer, stomach cancer, neuroblastoma, myxoma, myoma, lymphoma, endothelioma, osteoblastoma, osteoclastoma, osteosarcoma, chondrosarcoma, adenoma, breast cancer, prostate cancer, Kaposi's sarcoma and ovarian cancer); autoimmune disorders (such as, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, biliary cirrhosis, Behcet's disease, Crohn's disease, polymyositis, systemic lupus erythematosus and immune-related glomerulonephritis

1988

and rheumatoid arthritis) and viral infections (such as herpes viruses, pox viruses and adenoviruses), inflammation, graft v. host disease, acute graft rejection, and chronic graft rejection. In preferred embodiments, polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention are used to inhibit growth, progression, and/or metastisis of cancers, in particular those listed above.

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Additional diseases or conditions associated with increased cell survival that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention, include, but are not limited to, progression, and/or metastases of malignancies and related disorders such as leukemia (including acute leukemias (e.g., acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia (including myeloblastic, promyelocytic, myelomonocytic, monocytic, and erythroleukemia)) and chronic leukemias (e.g., chronic myelocytic (granulocytic) leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia)), polycythemia vera, lymphomas (e.g., Hodgkin's disease and non-Hodgkin's disease), multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, heavy chain disease, and solid tumors including, but not limited to, sarcomas and carcinomas such as fibrosarcoma, myxosarcoma, liposarcoma, chondrosarcoma, osteogenic sarcoma, chordoma, angiosarcoma, endotheliosarcoma, lymphangiosarcoma, lymphangioendotheliosarcoma, synovioma, mesothelioma, Ewing's tumor, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, colon carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, squamous cell carcinoma, basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, sweat gland carcinoma, sebaceous gland carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, papillary adenocarcinomas, cystadenocarcinoma, medullary carcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, renal cell carcinoma, hepatoma, bile duct carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, Wilm's tumor, cervical cancer, testicular tumor, lung carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma, bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, glioma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, craniopharyngioma, ependymoma, pinealoma, hemangioblastoma, acoustic neuroma, oligodendroglioma, menangioma, melanoma, neuroblastoma, and retinoblastoma.

Diseases associated with increased apoptosis that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention, include AIDS; neurodegenerative disorders (such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Retinitis pigmentosa, Cerebellar degeneration and brain tumor or prior associated disease); autoimmune disorders (such as, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome,

1989

Hashimoto's thyroiditis, biliary cirrhosis, Behcet's disease, Crohn's disease, polymyositis, systemic lupus erythematosus and immune-related glomerulonephritis and rheumatoid arthritis) myelodysplastic syndromes (such as aplastic anemia), graft v. host disease, ischemic injury (such as that caused by myocardial infarction, stroke and reperfusion injury), liver injury (e.g., hepatitis related liver injury, ischemia/reperfusion injury, cholestosis (bile duct injury) and liver cancer); toxin-induced liver disease (such as that caused by alcohol), septic shock, cachexia and anorexia.

Hyperproliferative diseases and/or disorders that could be detected and/or treated by polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention, include, but are not limited to neoplasms located in the: liver, abdomen, bone, breast, digestive system, pancreas, peritoneum, endocrine glands (adrenal, parathyroid, pituitary, testicles, ovary, thymus, thyroid), eye, head and neck, nervous (central and peripheral), lymphatic system, pelvic, skin, soft tissue, spleen, thoracic, and urogenital.

Similarly, other hyperproliferative disorders can also be treated or detected by polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention. Examples of such hyperproliferative disorders include, but are not limited to: hypergammaglobulinemia, lymphoproliferative disorders, paraproteinemias, purpura, sarcoidosis, Sezary Syndrome, Waldenstron's Macroglobulinemia, Gaucher's Disease, histiocytosis, and any other hyperproliferative disease, besides neoplasia, located in an organ system listed above.

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Hyperproliferative Disorders

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention can be used to treat or detect hyperproliferative disorders, including neoplasms. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may inhibit the proliferation of the disorder through direct or indirect interactions. Alternatively, Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention may proliferate other cells which can inhibit the hyperproliferative disorder.

For example, by increasing an immune response, particularly increasing antigenic qualities of the hyperproliferative disorder or by proliferating, differentiating, or mobilizing T-cells, hyperproliferative disorders can be treated. This immune response may be increased by either enhancing an existing immune response, or by initiating a new immune response.

1990

Alternatively, decreasing an immune response may also be a method of treating hyperproliferative disorders, such as a chemotherapeutic agent.

Examples of hyperproliferative disorders that can be treated or detected by Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention include, but are not limited to neoplasms located in the: colon, abdomen, bone, breast, digestive system, liver, pancreas, peritoneum, endocrine glands (adrenal, parathyroid, pituitary, testicles, ovary, thymus, thyroid), eye, head and neck, nervous (central and peripheral), lymphatic system, pelvic, skin, soft tissue, spleen, thoracic, and urogenital.

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Similarly, other hyperproliferative disorders can also be treated or detected by polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention. Examples of such hyperproliferative disorders include, but are not limited to: hypergammaglobulinemia, lymphoproliferative disorders, paraproteinemias, purpura, sarcoidosis, Sezary Syndrome, Waldenstron's Macroglobulinemia, Gaucher's Disease, histiocytosis, and any other hyperproliferative disease, besides neoplasia, located in an organ system listed above.

One preferred embodiment utilizes polynucleotides of the present invention to inhibit aberrant cellular division, by gene therapy using the present invention, and/or protein fusions or fragments thereof.

Thus, the present invention provides a method for treating cell proliferative disorders by inserting into an abnormally proliferating cell a polynucleotide of the present invention, wherein said polynucleotide represses said expression.

Another embodiment of the present invention provides a method of treating cell-proliferative disorders in individuals comprising administration of one or more active gene copies of the present invention to an abnormally proliferating cell or cells. In a preferred embodiment, polynucleotides of the present invention is a DNA construct comprising a recombinant expression vector effective in expressing a DNA sequence encoding said polynucleotides. In another preferred embodiment of the present invention, the DNA construct encoding the polynucleotides of the present invention is inserted into cells to be treated utilizing a retrovirus, or more preferrably an adenoviral vector (See G J. Nabel, et. al., PNAS 1999 96: 324-326, which is hereby incorporated by reference). In a most preferred embodiment, the viral vector is defective and will not transform non-proliferating cells, only proliferating cells. Moreover, in a preferred embodiment, the polynucleotides of the present

1991

invention inserted into proliferating cells either alone, or in combination with or fused to other polynucleotides, can then be modulated via an external stimulus (i.e. magnetic, specific small molecule, chemical, or drug administration, etc.), which acts upon the promoter upstream of said polynucleotides to induce expression of the encoded protein product. As such the beneficial therapeutic affect of the present invention may be expressly modulated (i.e. to increase, decrease, or inhibit expression of the present invention) based upon said external stimulus.

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Polynucleotides of the present invention may be useful in repressing expression of oncogenic genes or antigens. By "repressing expression of the oncogenic genes" is intended the suppression of the transcription of the gene, the degradation of the gene transcript (premessage RNA), the inhibition of splicing, the destruction of the messenger RNA, the prevention of the post-translational modifications of the protein, the destruction of the protein, or the inhibition of the normal function of the protein.

For local administration to abnormally proliferating cells, polynucleotides of the present invention may be administered by any method known to those of skill in the art including, but not limited to transfection, electroporation, microinjection of cells, or in vehicles such as liposomes, lipofectin, or as naked polynucleotides, or any other method described throughout the specification. The polynucleotide of the present invention may be delivered by known gene delivery systems such as, but not limited to, retroviral vectors (Gilboa, J. Virology 44:845 (1982); Hocke, Nature 320:275 (1986); Wilson, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:3014), vaccinia virus system (Chakrabarty et al., Mol. Cell Biol. 5:3403 (1985) or other efficient DNA delivery systems (Yates et al., Nature 313:812 (1985)) known to those skilled in the art. These references are exemplary only and are hereby incorporated by reference. In order to specifically deliver or transfect cells which are abnormally proliferating and spare non-dividing cells, it is preferable to utilize a retrovirus, or adenoviral (as described in the art and elsewhere herein) delivery system known to those of skill in the art. Since host DNA replication is required for retroviral DNA to integrate and the retrovirus will be unable to self replicate due to the lack of the retrovirus genes needed for its life cycle. Utilizing such a retroviral delivery system for polynucleotides of the present invention will target said gene and constructs to abnormally proliferating cells and will spare the nondividing normal cells.

1992

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be delivered directly to cell proliferative disorder/disease sites in internal organs, body cavities and the like by use of imaging devices used to guide an injecting needle directly to the disease site. The polynucleotides of the present invention may also be administered to disease sites at the time of surgical intervention.

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By "cell proliferative disease" is meant any human or animal disease or disorder, affecting any one or any combination of organs, cavities, or body parts, which is characterized by single or multiple local abnormal proliferations of cells, groups of cells, or tissues, whether benign or malignant.

Any amount of the polynucleotides of the present invention may be administered as long as it has a biologically inhibiting effect on the proliferation of the treated cells. Moreover, it is possible to administer more than one of the polynucleotide of the present invention simultaneously to the same site. By "biologically inhibiting" is meant partial or total growth inhibition as well as decreases in the rate of proliferation or growth of the cells. The biologically inhibitory dose may be determined by assessing the effects of the polynucleotides of the present invention on target malignant or abnormally proliferating cell growth in tissue culture, tumor growth in animals and cell cultures, or any other method known to one of ordinary skill in the art.

The present invention is further directed to antibody-based therapies which involve administering of anti-polypeptides and anti-polynucleotide antibodies to a mammalian, preferably human, patient for treating one or more of the described disorders. Methods for producing anti-polypeptides and anti-polynucleotide antibodies polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies are described in detail elsewhere herein. Such antibodies may be provided in pharmaceutically acceptable compositions as known in the art or as described herein.

A summary of the ways in which the antibodies of the present invention may be used therapeutically includes binding polynucleotides or polypeptides of the present invention locally or systemically in the body or by direct cytotoxicity of the antibody, e.g. as mediated by complement (CDC) or by effector cells (ADCC). Some of these approaches are described in more detail below. Armed with the teachings provided herein, one of ordinary skill in the art will know how to use the antibodies of the present invention for diagnostic, monitoring or therapeutic purposes without undue experimentation.

In particular, the antibodies, fragments and derivatives of the present invention are useful for treating a subject having or developing cell proliferative and/or differentiation disorders as described herein. Such treatment comprises administering a single or multiple doses of the antibody, or a fragment, derivative, or a conjugate thereof.

The antibodies of this invention may be advantageously utilized in combination with other monoclonal or chimeric antibodies, or with lymphokines or hematopoietic growth factors, for example., which serve to increase the number or activity of effector cells which interact with the antibodies.

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It is preferred to use high affinity and/or potent in vivo inhibiting and/or neutralizing antibodies against polypeptides or polynucleotides of the present invention, fragments or regions thereof, for both immunoassays directed to and therapy of disorders related to polynucleotides or polypeptides, including fragements thereof, of the present invention. Such antibodies, fragments, or regions, will preferably have an affinity for polynucleotides or polypeptides, including fragements thereof. Preferred binding affinities include those with a dissociation constant or Kd less than 5X10⁻⁶M, 10⁻⁶M, 5X10⁻⁷M, 10⁻⁷M, 5X10⁻⁸M, 10⁻⁸M, 5X10⁻¹⁹M, 5X10⁻¹⁰M, 10⁻¹⁰M, 5X10⁻¹¹M, 10⁻¹¹M, 5X10⁻¹²M, 10⁻¹²M, 5X10⁻¹³M, 10⁻¹³M, 5X10⁻¹⁴M, 5X10⁻¹⁵M, and 10⁻¹⁵M.

Moreover, polypeptides of the present invention are useful in inhibiting the angiogenesis of proliferative cells or tissues, either alone, as a protein fusion, or in combination with other polypeptides directly or indirectly, as described elsewhere herein. In a most preferred embodiment, said anti-angiogenesis effect may be achieved indirectly, for example, through the inhibition of hematopoietic, tumor-specific cells, such as tumor-associated macrophages (See Joseph IB, et al. J Natl Cancer Inst, 90(21):1648-53 (1998), which is hereby incorporated by reference). Antibodies directed to polypeptides or polynucleotides of the present invention may also result in inhibition of angiogenesis directly, or indirectly (See Witte L, et al., Cancer Metastasis Rev. 17(2):155-61 (1998), which is hereby incorporated by reference)).

Polypeptides, including protein fusions, of the present invention, or fragments thereof may be useful in inhibiting proliferative cells or tissues through the induction of apoptosis. Said polypeptides may act either directly, or indirectly to induce apoptosis of proliferative cells and tissues, for example in the activation of a death-domain receptor, such as tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor-1, CD95 (Fas/APO-1), TNF-receptor-related apoptosis-

mediated protein (TRAMP) and TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand (TRAIL) receptor-1 and -2 (See Schulze-Osthoff K, et.al., Eur J Biochem 254(3):439-59 (1998), which is hereby incorporated by reference). Moreover, in another preferred embodiment of the present invention, said polypeptides may induce apoptosis through other mechanisms, such as in the activation of other proteins which will activate apoptosis, or through stimulating the expression of said proteins, either alone or in combination with small molecule drugs or adjuviants, such as apoptonin, galectins, thioredoxins, antiinflammatory proteins (See for example, Mutat Res 400(1-2):447-55 (1998), Med Hypotheses.50(5):423-33 (1998), Chem Biol Interact. Apr 24;111-112:23-34 (1998), J Mol Med.76(6):402-12 (1998), Int J Tissue React;20(1):3-15 (1998), which are all hereby incorporated by reference).

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Polypeptides, including protein fusions to, or fragments thereof, of the present invention are useful in inhibiting the metastasis of proliferative cells or tissues. Inhibition may occur as a direct result of administering polypeptides, or antibodies directed to said polypeptides as described elsewere herein, or indirectly, such as activating the expression of proteins known to inhibit metastasis, for example alpha 4 integrins, (See, e.g., Curr Top Microbiol Immunol 1998;231:125-41, which is hereby incorporated by reference). Such thereapeutic affects of the present invention may be achieved either alone, or in combination with small molecule drugs or adjuvants.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method of delivering compositions containing the polypeptides of the invention (e.g., compositions containing polypeptides or polypeptide antibodes associated with heterologous polypeptides, heterologous nucleic acids, toxins, or prodrugs) to targeted cells expressing the polypeptide of the present invention. Polypeptides or polypeptide antibodes of the invention may be associated with with heterologous polypeptides, heterologous nucleic acids, toxins, or prodrugs via hydrophobic, hydrophilic, ionic and/or covalent interactions.

Polypeptides, protein fusions to, or fragments thereof, of the present invention are useful in enhancing the immunogenicity and/or antigenicity of proliferating cells or tissues, either directly, such as would occur if the polypeptides of the present invention 'vaccinated' the immune response to respond to proliferative antigens and immunogens, or indirectly, such as in activating the expression of proteins known to enhance the immune response (e.g. chemokines), to said antigens and immunogens.

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Cardiovascular Disorders

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may be used to treat cardiovascular disorders, including peripheral artery disease, such as limb ischemia.

Cardiovascular disorders include cardiovascular abnormalities, such as arterio-arterial fistula, arteriovenous fistula, cerebral arteriovenous malformations, congenital heart defects, pulmonary atresia, and Scimitar Syndrome. Congenital heart defects include aortic coarctation, cor triatriatum, coronary vessel anomalies, crisscross heart, dextrocardia, patent ductus arteriosus, Ebstein's anomaly, Eisenmenger complex, hypoplastic left heart syndrome, levocardia, tetralogy of fallot, transposition of great vessels, double outlet right ventricle, tricuspid atresia, persistent truncus arteriosus, and heart septal defects, such as aortopulmonary septal defect, endocardial cushion defects, Lutembacher's Syndrome, trilogy of Fallot, ventricular heart septal defects.

Cardiovascular disorders also include heart disease, such as arrhythmias, carcinoid heart disease, high cardiac output, low cardiac output, cardiac tamponade, endocarditis (including bacterial), heart aneurysm, cardiac arrest, congestive heart failure, congestive cardiomyopathy, paroxysmal dyspnea, cardiac edema, heart hypertrophy, congestive cardiomyopathy, left ventricular hypertrophy, right ventricular hypertrophy, post-infarction heart rupture, ventricular septal rupture, heart valve diseases, myocardial diseases, myocardial ischemia, pericardial effusion, pericarditis (including constrictive and tuberculous), pneumopericardium, postpericardiotomy syndrome, pulmonary heart disease, rheumatic heart disease, ventricular dysfunction, hyperemia, cardiovascular pregnancy complications, Scimitar Syndrome, cardiovascular syphilis, and cardiovascular tuberculosis.

Arrhythmias include sinus arrhythmia, atrial fibrillation, atrial flutter, bradycardia, extrasystole, Adams-Stokes Syndrome, bundle-branch block, sinoatrial block, long QT syndrome, parasystole, Lown-Ganong-Levine Syndrome, Mahaim-type pre-excitation syndrome, Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome, sick sinus syndrome, tachycardias, and ventricular fibrillation. Tachycardias include paroxysmal tachycardia, supraventricular tachycardia, accelerated idioventricular rhythm, atrioventricular nodal reentry tachycardia, ectopic atrial tachycardia, ectopic junctional tachycardia, sinoatrial nodal reentry tachycardia, sinus tachycardia, Torsades de Pointes, and ventricular tachycardia.

WO 01/22920

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PCT/US00/26524

1996

Heart valve disease include aortic valve insufficiency, aortic valve stenosis, hear murmurs, aortic valve prolapse, mitral valve prolapse, tricuspid valve prolapse, mitral valve insufficiency, mitral valve stenosis, pulmonary atresia, pulmonary valve insufficiency, pulmonary valve stenosis, tricuspid atresia, tricuspid valve insufficiency, and tricuspid valve stenosis.

Myocardial diseases include alcoholic cardiomyopathy, congestive cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, aortic subvalvular stenosis, pulmonary subvalvular stenosis, restrictive cardiomyopathy, Chagas cardiomyopathy, endocardial fibroelastosis, endomyocardial fibrosis, Kearns Syndrome, myocardial reperfusion injury, and myocarditis.

Myocardial ischemias include coronary disease, such as angina pectoris, coronary aneurysm, coronary arteriosclerosis, coronary thrombosis, coronary vasospasm, myocardial infarction and myocardial stunning.

Cardiovascular diseases also include vascular diseases such as aneurysms, angiodysplasia, angiomatosis, bacillary angiomatosis, Hippel-Lindau Disease, Klippel-Trenaunay-Weber Syndrome, Sturge-Weber Syndrome, angioneurotic edema, aortic diseases, Takayasu's Arteritis, aortitis, Leriche's Syndrome, arterial occlusive diseases, arteritis, enarteritis, polyarteritis nodosa, cerebrovascular disorders, diabetic angiopathies, diabetic retinopathy, embolisms, thrombosis, erythromelalgia, hemorrhoids, hepatic veno-occlusive disease, hypertension, hypotension, ischemia, peripheral vascular diseases, phlebitis, pulmonary veno-occlusive disease, Raynaud's disease, CREST syndrome, retinal vein occlusion, Scimitar syndrome, superior vena cava syndrome, telangiectasia, atacia telangiectasia, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, varicocele, varicose veins, varicose ulcer, vasculitis, and venous insufficiency.

Aneurysms include dissecting aneurysms, false aneurysms, infected aneurysms, ruptured aneurysms, aortic aneurysms, cerebral aneurysms, coronary aneurysms, heart aneurysms, and iliac aneurysms.

Arterial occlusive diseases include arteriosclerosis, intermittent claudication, carotid stenosis, fibromuscular dysplasias, mesenteric vascular occlusion, Moyamoya disease, renal artery obstruction, retinal artery occlusion, and thromboangiitis obliterans.

Cerebrovascular disorders include carotid artery diseases, cerebral amyloid angiopathy, cerebral aneurysm, cerebral anoxia, cerebral arteriosclerosis, cerebral arteriovenous malformation, cerebral artery diseases, cerebral embolism and thrombosis,

carotid artery thrombosis, sinus thrombosis, Wallenberg's syndrome, cerebral hemorrhage, epidural hematoma, subdural hematoma, subaraxhnoid hemorrhage, cerebral infarction, cerebral ischemia (including transient), subclavian steal syndrome, periventricular leukomalacia, vascular headache, cluster headache, migraine, and vertebrobasilar insufficiency.

Embolisms include air embolisms, amniotic fluid embolisms, cholesterol embolisms, blue toe syndrome, fat embolisms, pulmonary embolisms, and thromoboembolisms. Thrombosis include coronary thrombosis, hepatic vein thrombosis, retinal vein occlusion, carotid artery thrombosis, sinus thrombosis, Wallenberg's syndrome, and thrombophlebitis.

Ischemia includes cerebral ischemia, ischemic colitis, compartment syndromes, anterior compartment syndrome, myocardial ischemia, reperfusion injuries, and peripheral limb ischemia. Vasculitis includes aortitis, arteritis, Behcet's Syndrome, Churg-Strauss Syndrome, mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome, thromboangiitis obliterans, hypersensitivity vasculitis, Schoenlein-Henoch purpura, allergic cutaneous vasculitis, and Wegener's granulomatosis.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention, are especially effective for the treatment of critical limb ischemia and coronary disease.

Polypeptides may be administered using any method known in the art, including, but not limited to, direct needle injection at the delivery site, intravenous injection, topical administration, catheter infusion, biolistic injectors, particle accelerators, gelfoam sponge depots, other commercially available depot materials, osmotic pumps, oral or suppositorial solid pharmaceutical formulations, decanting or topical applications during surgery, aerosol delivery. Such methods are known in the art. Polypeptides may be administered as part of a Therapeutic, described in more detail below. Methods of delivering polynucleotides are described in more detail herein.

Anti-Angiogenesis Activity

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The naturally occurring balance between endogenous stimulators and inhibitors of angiogenesis is one in which inhibitory influences predominate. Rastinejad et al., Cell 56:345-355 (1989). In those rare instances in which neovascularization occurs under normal physiological conditions, such as wound healing, organ regeneration, embryonic development, and female reproductive processes, angiogenesis is stringently regulated and

1998

spatially and temporally delimited. Under conditions of pathological angiogenesis such as that characterizing solid tumor growth, these regulatory controls fail. Unregulated angiogenesis becomes pathologic and sustains progression of many neoplastic and non-neoplastic diseases. A number of serious diseases are dominated by abnormal neovascularization including solid tumor growth and metastases, arthritis, some types of eye disorders, and psoriasis. See, e.g., reviews by Moses et al., Biotech. 9:630-634 (1991); Folkman et al., N. Engl. J. Med., 333:1757-1763 (1995); Auerbach et al., J. Microvasc. Res. 29:401-411 (1985); Folkman, Advances in Cancer Research, eds. Klein and Weinhouse, Academic Press, New York, pp. 175-203 (1985); Patz, Am. J. Opthalmol. 94:715-743 (1982); and Folkman et al., Science 221:719-725 (1983). In a number of pathological conditions, the process of angiogenesis contributes to the disease state. For example, significant data have accumulated which suggest that the growth of solid tumors is dependent on angiogenesis. Folkman and Klagsbrun, Science 235:442-447 (1987).

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The present invention provides for treatment of diseases or disorders associated with neovascularization by administration of the polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention. Malignant and metastatic conditions which can be treated with the polynucleotides and polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention include, but are not limited to, malignancies, solid tumors, and cancers described herein and otherwise known in the art (for a review of such disorders, see Fishman et al., Medicine, 2d Ed., J. B. Lippincott Co., Philadelphia (1985)). Thus, the present invention provides a method of treating an angiogenesis-related disease and/or disorder, comprising administering to an individual in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist of the invention. For example, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists may be utilized in a variety of additional methods in order to therapeutically treat a cancer or tumor. Cancers which may be treated with polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists include, but are not limited to solid tumors, including prostate, lung, breast, ovarian, stomach, pancreas, larynx, esophagus, testes, liver, parotid, biliary tract, colon, rectum, cervix, uterus, endometrium, kidney, bladder, thyroid cancer; primary tumors and metastases; melanomas; glioblastoma; Kaposi's sarcoma; leiomyosarcoma; non- small cell lung cancer; colorectal cancer; advanced malignancies; and blood born tumors such as leukemias. For example, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists may be delivered

1999

topically, in order to treat cancers such as skin cancer, head and neck tumors, breast tumors, and Kaposi's sarcoma.

Within yet other aspects, polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists may be utilized to treat superficial forms of bladder cancer by, for example, intravesical administration. Polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists may be delivered directly into the tumor, or near the tumor site, via injection or a catheter. Of course, as the artisan of ordinary skill will appreciate, the appropriate mode of administration will vary according to the cancer to be treated. Other modes of delivery are discussed herein.

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Polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists may be useful in treating other disorders, besides cancers, which involve angiogenesis. These disorders include, but are not limited to: benign tumors, for example hemangiomas, acoustic neuromas, neurofibromas, trachomas, and pyogenic granulomas; artheroscleric plaques; ocular angiogenic diseases, for example, diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, macular degeneration, corneal graft rejection, neovascular glaucoma, retrolental fibroplasia, rubeosis, retinoblastoma, uvietis and Pterygia (abnormal blood vessel growth) of the eye; rheumatoid arthritis; psoriasis; delayed wound healing; endometriosis; vasculogenesis; granulations; hypertrophic scars (keloids); nonunion fractures; scleroderma; trachoma; vascular adhesions; myocardial angiogenesis; coronary collaterals; cerebral collaterals; arteriovenous malformations; ischemic limb angiogenesis: Osler-Webber Syndrome: plaque neovascularization; telangiectasia; hemophiliac joints; angiofibroma; fibromuscular dysplasia; wound granulation; Crohn's disease; and atherosclerosis.

For example, within one aspect of the present invention methods are provided for treating hypertrophic scars and keloids, comprising the step of administering a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist of the invention to a hypertrophic scar or keloid.

Within one embodiment of the present invention polynucleotides, polypeptides, antagonists and/or agonists are directly injected into a hypertrophic scar or keloid, in order to prevent the progression of these lesions. This therapy is of particular value in the prophylactic treatment of conditions which are known to result in the development of hypertrophic scars and keloids (e.g., burns), and is preferably initiated after the proliferative phase has had time to progress (approximately 14 days after the initial injury), but before hypertrophic scar or keloid development. As noted above, the present invention also

2000

provides methods for treating neovascular diseases of the eye, including for example, corneal neovascularization, neovascular glaucoma, proliferative diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia and macular degeneration.

Moreover, Ocular disorders associated with neovascularization which can be treated with the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention (including agonists and/or antagonists) include, but are not limited to: neovascular glaucoma, diabetic retinopathy, retinoblastoma, retrolental fibroplasia, uveitis, retinopathy of prematurity macular degeneration, corneal graft neovascularization, as well as other eye inflammatory diseases, ocular tumors and diseases associated with choroidal or iris neovascularization. See, e.g., reviews by Waltman et al., Am. J. Ophthal. 85:704-710 (1978) and Gartner et al., Surv. Ophthal. 22:291-312 (1978).

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Thus, within one aspect of the present invention methods are provided for treating neovascular diseases of the eye such as comeal neovascularization (including corneal graft neovascularization), comprising the step of administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound (as described above) to the cornea, such that the formation of blood vessels is inhibited. Briefly, the cornea is a tissue which normally lacks blood vessels. In certain pathological conditions however, capillaries may extend into the cornea from the pericorneal vascular plexus of the limbus. When the cornea becomes vascularized, it also becomes clouded, resulting in a decline in the patient's visual acuity. Visual loss may become complete if the cornea completely opacitates. A wide variety of disorders can result in corneal neovascularization, including for example, corneal infections (e.g., trachoma, herpes simplex keratitis, leishmaniasis and onchocerciasis), immunological processes (e.g., graft rejection and Stevens-Johnson's syndrome), alkali burns, trauma, inflammation (of any cause), toxic and nutritional deficiency states, and as a complication of wearing contact lenses.

Within particularly preferred embodiments of the invention, may be prepared for topical administration in saline (combined with any of the preservatives and antimicrobial agents commonly used in ocular preparations), and administered in eyedrop form. The solution or suspension may be prepared in its pure form and administered several times daily. Alternatively, anti-angiogenic compositions, prepared as described above, may also be administered directly to the cornea. Within preferred embodiments, the anti-angiogenic composition is prepared with a muco-adhesive polymer which binds to cornea. Within

WO 01/22920

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PCT/US00/26524

2001

further embodiments, the anti-angiogenic factors or anti-angiogenic compositions may be utilized as an adjunct to conventional steroid therapy. Topical therapy may also be useful prophylactically in corneal lesions which are known to have a high probability of inducing an angiogenic response (such as chemical burns). In these instances the treatment, likely in combination with steroids, may be instituted immediately to help prevent subsequent complications.

Within other embodiments, the compounds described above may be injected directly into the corneal stroma by an ophthalmologist under microscopic guidance. The preferred site of injection may vary with the morphology of the individual lesion, but the goal of the administration would be to place the composition at the advancing front of the vasculature (i.e., interspersed between the blood vessels and the normal cornea). In most cases this would involve perilimbic corneal injection to "protect" the cornea from the advancing blood vessels. This method may also be utilized shortly after a corneal insult in order to prophylactically prevent corneal neovascularization. In this situation the material could be injected in the perilimbic cornea interspersed between the corneal lesion and its undesired potential limbic blood supply. Such methods may also be utilized in a similar fashion to prevent capillary invasion of transplanted corneas. In a sustained-release form injections might only be required 2-3 times per year. A steroid could also be added to the injection solution to reduce inflammation resulting from the injection itself.

Within another aspect of the present invention, methods are provided for treating neovascular glaucoma, comprising the step of administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist to the eye, such that the formation of blood vessels is inhibited. In one embodiment, the compound may be administered topically to the eye in order to treat early forms of neovascular glaucoma. Within other embodiments, the compound may be implanted by injection into the region of the anterior chamber angle. Within other embodiments, the compound may also be placed in any location such that the compound is continuously released into the aqueous humor. Within another aspect of the present invention, methods are provided for treating proliferative diabetic retinopathy, comprising the step of administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist to the eyes, such that the formation of blood vessels is inhibited.

Within particularly preferred embodiments of the invention, proliferative diabetic

2002

retinopathy may be treated by injection into the aqueous humor or the vitreous, in order to increase the local concentration of the polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist in the retina. Preferably, this treatment should be initiated prior to the acquisition of severe disease requiring photocoagulation.

Within another aspect of the present invention, methods are provided for treating retrolental fibroplasia, comprising the step of administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antagonist and/or agonist to the eye, such that the formation of blood vessels is inhibited. The compound may be administered topically, via intravitreous injection and/or via intraocular implants.

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Additionally, disorders which can be treated with the polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists include, but are not limited to, hemangioma, arthritis, psoriasis, angiofibroma, atherosclerotic plaques, delayed wound healing, granulations, hemophilic joints, hypertrophic scars, nonunion fractures, Osler-Weber syndrome, pyogenic granuloma, scleroderma, trachoma, and vascular adhesions.

Moreover, disorders and/or states, which can be treated with be treated with the polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists include, but are not limited to, solid tumors, blood born tumors such as leukemias, tumor metastasis, Kaposi's sarcoma, benign tumors, for example hemangiomas, acoustic neuromas, neurofibromas, trachomas, and pyogenic granulomas, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, ocular angiogenic diseases, for example, diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, macular degeneration, corneal graft rejection, neovascular glaucoma, retrolental fibroplasia, rubeosis, retinoblastoma, and uvietis, delayed wound healing, endometriosis, vascluogenesis, granulations, hypertrophic scars (keloids), nonunion fractures, scleroderma, trachoma, vascular adhesions, myocardial angiogenesis, coronary collaterals, cerebral collaterals, arteriovenous malformations, ischemic limb angiogenesis, Osler-Webber Syndrome, plaque neovascularization, telangiectasia, hemophiliac joints, angiofibroma fibromuscular dysplasia, wound granulation, Crohn's disease, atherosclerosis, birth control agent by preventing vascularization required for embryo implantation controlling menstruation, diseases that have angiogenesis as a pathologic consequence such as cat scratch disease (Rochele minalia quintosa), ulcers (Helicobacter pylori), Bartonellosis and bacillary angiomatosis.

In one aspect of the birth control method, an amount of the compound sufficient to block embryo implantation is administered before or after intercourse and fertilization have

2003

occurred, thus providing an effective method of birth control, possibly a "morning after" method. Polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists may also be used in controlling menstruation or administered as either a peritoneal lavage fluid or for peritoneal implantation in the treatment of endometriosis.

Polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists of the present invention may be incorporated into surgical sutures in order to prevent stitch granulomas.

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Polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists may be utilized in a wide variety of surgical procedures. For example, within one aspect of the present invention a compositions (in the form of, for example, a spray or film) may be utilized to coat or spray an area prior to removal of a tumor, in order to isolate normal surrounding tissues from malignant tissue, and/or to prevent the spread of disease to surrounding tissues. Within other aspects of the present invention, compositions (e.g., in the form of a spray) may be delivered via endoscopic procedures in order to coat tumors, or inhibit angiogenesis in a desired locale. Within yet other aspects of the present invention, surgical meshes which have been coated with anti- angiogenic compositions of the present invention may be utilized in any procedure wherein a surgical mesh might be utilized. For example, within one embodiment of the invention a surgical mesh laden with an anti-angiogenic composition may be utilized during abdominal cancer resection surgery (e.g., subsequent to colon resection) in order to provide support to the structure, and to release an amount of the anti-angiogenic factor.

Within further aspects of the present invention, methods are provided for treating tumor excision sites, comprising administering a polynucleotide, polypeptide, agonist and/or agonist to the resection margins of a tumor subsequent to excision, such that the local recurrence of cancer and the formation of new blood vessels at the site is inhibited. Within one embodiment of the invention, the anti-angiogenic compound is administered directly to the tumor excision site (e.g., applied by swabbing, brushing or otherwise coating the resection margins of the tumor with the anti-angiogenic compound). Alternatively, the anti-angiogenic compounds may be incorporated into known surgical pastes prior to administration. Within particularly preferred embodiments of the invention, the anti-angiogenic compounds are applied after hepatic resections for malignancy, and after neurosurgical operations.

Within one aspect of the present invention, polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists may be administered to the resection margin of a wide variety of tumors, including for example, breast, colon, brain and hepatic tumors. For example, within one

WO 01/22920

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2004

embodiment of the invention, anti-angiogenic compounds may be administered to the site of a neurological tumor subsequent to excision, such that the formation of new blood vessels at the site are inhibited.

PCT/US00/26524

The polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or agonists of the present invention may also be administered along with other anti-angiogenic factors. Representative examples of other anti-angiogenic factors include: Anti-Invasive Factor, retinoic acid and derivatives thereof, paclitaxel, Suramin, Tissue Inhibitor of Metalloproteinase-1, Tissue Inhibitor of Metalloproteinase-2, Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-1, Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-2, and various forms of the lighter "d group" transition metals.

Lighter "d group" transition metals include, for example, vanadium, molybdenum, tungsten, titanium, niobium, and tantalum species. Such transition metal species may form transition metal complexes. Suitable complexes of the above-mentioned transition metal species include oxo transition metal complexes.

Representative examples of vanadium complexes include oxo vanadium complexes such as vanadate and vanadyl complexes. Suitable vanadate complexes include metavanadate and orthovanadate complexes such as, for example, ammonium metavanadate, sodium metavanadate, and sodium orthovanadate. Suitable vanadyl complexes include, for example, vanadyl acetylacetonate and vanadyl sulfate including vanadyl sulfate hydrates such as vanadyl sulfate mono- and trihydrates.

Representative examples of tungsten and molybdenum complexes also include oxo complexes. Suitable oxo tungsten complexes include tungstate and tungsten oxide complexes. Suitable tungstate complexes include ammonium tungstate, calcium tungstate, sodium tungstate dihydrate, and tungstic acid. Suitable tungsten oxides include tungsten (IV) oxide and tungsten (VI) oxide. Suitable oxo molybdenum complexes include molybdate, molybdenum oxide, and molybdenyl complexes. Suitable molybdate complexes include ammonium molybdate and its hydrates, sodium molybdate and its hydrates, and potassium molybdate and its hydrates. Suitable molybdenum oxides include molybdenum (VI) oxide, molybdenum (VI) oxide, and molybdic acid. Suitable molybdenyl complexes include, for example, molybdenyl acetylacetonate. Other suitable tungsten and molybdenum complexes include hydroxo derivatives derived from, for example, glycerol, tartaric acid, and sugars.

A wide variety of other anti-angiogenic factors may also be utilized within the context of the present invention. Representative examples include platelet factor 4; protamine

2005

sulphate; sulphated chitin derivatives (prepared from queen crab shells), (Murata et al., Cancer Res. 51:22-26, 1991); Sulphated Polysaccharide Peptidoglycan Complex (SP-PG) (the function of this compound may be enhanced by the presence of steroids such as estrogen, and tamoxifen citrate); Staurosporine; modulators of matrix metabolism, including for example, proline analogs, cishydroxyproline, d,L-3,4-dehydroproline, Thiaproline, alpha, alpha-dipyridyl, aminopropionitrile fumarate: 4-propyl-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2(3H)oxazolone; Methotrexate; Mitoxantrone; Heparin; Interferons; 2 Macroglobulin-serum; ChIMP-3 (Pavloff et al., J. Bio. Chem. 267:17321-17326, 1992); Chymostatin (Tomkinson et al., Biochem J. 286:475-480, 1992); Cyclodextrin Tetradecasulfate; Eponemycin: Camptothecin; Fumagillin (Ingber et al., Nature 348:555-557, 1990); Gold Sodium Thiomalate ("GST"; Matsubara and Ziff, J. Clin. Invest. 79:1440-1446, 1987); anticollagenase-serum; alpha2-antiplasmin (Holmes et al., J. Biol. Chem. 262(4):1659-1664, 1987); Bisantrene (National Cancer Institute); Lobenzarit disodium (N-(2)-carboxyphenyl-4chloroanthronilic acid disodium or "CCA"; Takeuchi et al., Agents Actions 36:312-316, 1992); Thalidomide; Angostatic steroid; AGM-1470; carboxynaminolmidazole; and metalloproteinase inhibitors such as BB94.

Diseases at the Cellular Level

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Diseases associated with increased cell survival or the inhibition of apoptosis that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as antagonists or agonists of the present invention, include cancers (such as follicular lymphomas, carcinomas with p53 mutations, and hormone-dependent tumors, including, but not limited to colon cancer, cardiac tumors, pancreatic cancer, melanoma, retinoblastoma, glioblastoma, lung cancer, intestinal cancer, testicular cancer, stomach cancer, neuroblastoma, myxoma, myoma, lymphoma, endothelioma, osteoblastoma, osteoclastoma, osteosarcoma, chondrosarcoma, adenoma, breast cancer, prostate cancer, Kaposi's sarcoma and ovarian cancer); autoimmune disorders (such as, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, biliary cirrhosis, Behcet's disease, Crohn's disease, polymyositis, systemic lupus erythematosus and immune-related glomerulonephritis and rheumatoid arthritis) and viral infections (such as herpes viruses, pox viruses and adenoviruses), inflammation, graft v. host disease, acute graft rejection, and chronic graft rejection. In preferred embodiments, polynucleotides,

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polypeptides, and/or antagonists of the invention are used to inhibit growth, progression, and/or metasis of cancers, in particular those listed above.

Additional diseases or conditions associated with increased cell survival that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the present invention include, but are not limited to, progression, and/or metastases of malignancies and related disorders such as leukemia (including acute leukemias (e.g., acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia (including myeloblastic, promyelocytic, myelomonocytic, monocytic, and erythroleukemia)) and chronic leukemias (e.g., chronic myelocytic (granulocytic) leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia)), polycythemia vera, lymphomas (e.g., Hodgkin's disease and non-Hodgkin's disease), multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, heavy chain disease, and solid tumors including, but not limited to, sarcomas and carcinomas such as fibrosarcoma, myxosarcoma, liposarcoma, chondrosarcoma, osteogenic sarcoma, chordoma, angiosarcoma, endotheliosarcoma, lymphangiosarcoma, lymphangioendotheliosarcoma, synovioma, mesothelioma, Ewing's tumor, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, colon carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, squamous cell carcinoma, basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, sweat gland carcinoma, sebaceous gland carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, papillary adenocarcinomas, cystadenocarcinoma, medullary carcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, renal cell carcinoma, hepatoma, bile duct carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, Wilm's tumor, cervical cancer, testicular tumor, lung carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma, bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, glioma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma. craniopharyngioma, ependymoma. pinealoma, hemangioblastoma, acoustic neuroma, oligodendroglioma, menangioma, melanoma. neuroblastoma, and retinoblastoma.

Diseases associated with increased apoptosis that could be treated or detected by polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, include AIDS; neurodegenerative disorders (such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Retinitis pigmentosa, Cerebellar degeneration and brain tumor or prior associated disease); autoimmune disorders (such as, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, biliary cirrhosis, Behcet's disease, Crohn's disease, polymyositis, systemic lupus erythematosus and immune-related glomerulonephritis and rheumatoid arthritis) myelodysplastic syndromes (such as aplastic anemia), graft v. host

2007

disease, ischemic injury (such as that caused by myocardial infarction, stroke and reperfusion injury), liver injury (e.g., hepatitis related liver injury, ischemia/reperfusion injury, cholestosis (bile duct injury) and liver cancer); toxin-induced liver disease (such as that caused by alcohol), septic shock, cachexia and anorexia.

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Wound Healing and Epithelial Cell Proliferation

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, for therapeutic purposes, for example, to stimulate epithelial cell proliferation and basal keratinocytes for the purpose of wound healing, and to stimulate hair follicle production and healing of dermal wounds. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may be clinically useful in stimulating wound healing including surgical wounds, excisional wounds, deep wounds involving damage of the dermis and epidermis, eye tissue wounds, dental tissue wounds, oral cavity wounds, diabetic ulcers, dermal ulcers, cubitus ulcers, arterial ulcers, venous stasis ulcers, burns resulting from heat exposure or chemicals, and other abnormal wound healing conditions such as uremia, malnutrition, vitamin deficiencies and complications associted with systemic treatment with steroids, radiation therapy and antineoplastic drugs and antimetabolites. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to promote dermal reestablishment subsequent to dermal loss

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to increase the adherence of skin grafts to a wound bed and to stimulate re-epithelialization from the wound bed. The following are types of grafts that polynucleotides or polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to increase adherence to a wound bed: autografts, artificial skin, allografts, autodermic graft, autoepdermic grafts, avacular grafts, Blair-Brown grafts, bone graft, brephoplastic grafts, cutis graft, delayed graft, dermic graft, epidermic graft, fascia graft, full thickness graft, heterologous graft, xenograft, homologous graft, hyperplastic graft, lamellar graft, mesh graft, mucosal graft, Ollier-Thiersch graft, omenpal graft, patch graft, pedicle graft, penetrating graft, split skin graft, thick split graft. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as

2008

agonists or antagonists of the present invention, can be used to promote skin strength and to improve the appearance of aged skin.

It is believed that polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, will also produce changes in hepatocyte proliferation, and epithelial cell proliferation in the lung, breast, pancreas, stomach, small intesting, and large intestine. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could promote proliferation of epithelial cells such as sebocytes, hair follicles, hepatocytes, type II pneumocytes, mucin-producing goblet cells, and other epithelial cells and their progenitors contained within the skin, lung, liver, and gastrointestinal tract. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may promote proliferation of endothelial cells, keratinocytes, and basal keratinocytes.

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could also be used to reduce the side effects of gut toxicity that result from radiation, chemotherapy treatments or viral infections. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may have a cytoprotective effect on the small intestine mucosa. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may also stimulate healing of mucositis (mouth ulcers) that result from chemotherapy and viral infections.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could further be used in full regeneration of skin in full and partial thickness skin defects, including burns, (i.e., repopulation of hair follicles, sweat glands, and sebaceous glands), treatment of other skin defects such as psoriasis. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to treat epidermolysis bullosa, a defect in adherence of the epidermis to the underlying dermis which results in frequent, open and painful blisters by accelerating reepithelialization of these lesions. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could also be used to treat gastric and doudenal ulcers and help heal by scar formation of the mucosal lining and regeneration of glandular mucosa and duodenal mucosal lining more rapidly. Inflamamatory bowel diseases, such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis, are diseases which result in destruction of the mucosal surface of the small or large intestine, respectively. Thus, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to promote the resurfacing of the mucosal surface to aid

2009

more rapid healing and to prevent progression of inflammatory bowel disease. Treatment with polynucleotides or polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the present invention, is expected to have a significant effect on the production of mucus throughout the gastrointestinal tract and could be used to protect the intestinal mucosa from injurious substances that are ingested or following surgery. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to treat diseases associate with the under expression.

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Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to prevent and heal damage to the lungs due to various pathological states. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, which could stimulate proliferation and differentiation and promote the repair of alveoli and brochiolar epithelium to prevent or treat acute or chronic lung damage. For example, emphysema, which results in the progressive loss of aveoli, and inhalation injuries, i.e., resulting from smoke inhalation and burns, that cause necrosis of the bronchiolar epithelium and alveoli could be effectively treated using polynucleotides or polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the present invention. Also, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to stimulate the proliferation of and differentiation of type II pneumocytes, which may help treat or prevent disease such as hyaline membrane diseases, such as infant respiratory distress syndrome and bronchopulmonary displasia, in premature infants.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could stimulate the proliferation and differentiation of hepatocytes and, thus, could be used to alleviate or treat liver diseases and pathologies such as fulminant liver failure caused by cirrhosis, liver damage caused by viral hepatitis and toxic substances (i.e., acetaminophen, carbon tetraholoride and other hepatotoxins known in the art).

In addition, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used treat or prevent the onset of diabetes mellitus. In patients with newly diagnosed Types I and II diabetes, where some islet cell function remains, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, could be used to maintain the islet function so as to alleviate, delay or prevent permanent manifestation of the disease. Also, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or

2010

antagonists of the present invention, could be used as an auxiliary in islet cell transplantation to improve or promote islet cell function.

Neural Activity and Neurological Diseases

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The polynucleotides, polypeptides and agonists or antagonists of the invention may be used for the diagnosis and/or treatment of diseases, disorders, damage or injury of the brain and/or nervous system. Nervous system disorders that can be treated with the compositions of the invention (e.g., polypeptides, polynucleotides, and/or agonists or antagonists), include, but are not limited to, nervous system injuries, and diseases or disorders which result in either a disconnection of axons, a diminution or degeneration of neurons, or demyelination. Nervous system lesions which may be treated in a patient (including human and non-human mammalian patients) according to the methods of the invention, include but are not limited to, the following lesions of either the central (including spinal cord, brain) or peripheral nervous systems: (1) ischemic lesions, in which a lack of oxygen in a portion of the nervous system results in neuronal injury or death, including cerebral infarction or ischemia, or spinal cord infarction or ischemia; (2) traumatic lesions, including lesions caused by physical injury or associated with surgery, for example, lesions which sever a portion of the nervous system, or compression injuries; (3) malignant lesions, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured by malignant tissue which is either a nervous system associated malignancy or a malignancy derived from non-nervous system tissue; (4) infectious lesions, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured as a result of infection, for example, by an abscess or associated with infection by human immunodeficiency virus, herpes zoster, or herpes simplex virus or with Lyme disease, tuberculosis, or syphilis; (5) degenerative lesions, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured as a result of a degenerative process including but not limited to, degeneration associated with Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's chorea, or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS); (6) lesions associated with nutritional diseases or disorders, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured by a nutritional disorder or disorder of metabolism including, but not limited to, vitamin B12 deficiency, folic acid deficiency, Wernicke disease, tobacco-alcohol amblyopia, Marchiafava-Bignami disease (primary degeneration of the corpus callosum), and alcoholic cerebellar degeneration; (7) neurological lesions associated with systemic diseases including, but not limited to, diabetes

WO 01/22920

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(diabetic neuropathy, Bell's palsy), systemic lupus erythematosus, carcinoma, or sarcoidosis; (8) lesions caused by toxic substances including alcohol, lead, or particular neurotoxins; and (9) demyelinated lesions in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured by a demyelinating disease including, but not limited to, multiple sclerosis, human immunodeficiency virus-associated myelopathy, transverse myelopathy or various etiologies, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, and central pontine myelinolysis.

2011

PCT/US00/26524

In one embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to protect neural cells from the damaging effects of hypoxia. In a further preferred embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to protect neural cells from the damaging effects of cerebral hypoxia. According to this embodiment, the compositions of the invention are used to treat or prevent neural cell injury associated with cerebral hypoxia. In one non-exclusive aspect of this embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention, are used to treat or prevent neural cell injury associated with cerebral ischemia. In another non-exclusive aspect of this embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat or prevent neural cell injury associated with cerebral infarction.

In another preferred embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat or prevent neural cell injury associated with a stroke. In a specific embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat or prevent cerebral neural cell injury associated with a stroke.

In another preferred embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat or prevent neural cell injury associated with a heart attack. In a specific embodiment, the polypeptides, polynucleotides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat or prevent cerebral neural cell injury associated with a heart attack.

The compositions of the invention which are useful for treating or preventing a nervous system disorder may be selected by testing for biological activity in promoting the survival or differentiation of neurons. For example, and not by way of limitation, compositions of the invention which elicit any of the following effects may be useful

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according to the invention: (1) increased survival time of neurons in culture either in the presence or absence of hypoxia or hypoxic conditions; (2) increased sprouting of neurons in culture or in vivo; (3) increased production of a neuron-associated molecule in culture or in vivo, e.g., choline acetyltransferase or acetylcholinesterase with respect to motor neurons; or (4) decreased symptoms of neuron dysfunction in vivo. Such effects may be measured by any method known in the art. In preferred, non-limiting embodiments, increased survival of neurons may routinely be measured using a method set forth herein or otherwise known in the art, such as, for example, in Zhang et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 97:3637-42 (2000) or in Arakawa et al., J. Neurosci., 10:3507-15 (1990); increased sprouting of neurons may be detected by methods known in the art, such as, for example, the methods set forth in Pestronk et al., Exp. Neurol., 70:65-82 (1980), or Brown et al., Ann. Rev. Neurosci., 4:17-42 (1981); increased production of neuron-associated molecules may be measured by bioassay, enzymatic assay, antibody binding, Northern blot assay, etc., using techniques known in the art and depending on the molecule to be measured; and motor neuron dysfunction may be measured by assessing the physical manifestation of motor neuron disorder, e.g., weakness, motor neuron conduction velocity, or functional disability.

In specific embodiments, motor neuron disorders that may be treated according to the invention include, but are not limited to, disorders such as infarction, infection, exposure to toxin, trauma, surgical damage, degenerative disease or malignancy that may affect motor neurons as well as other components of the nervous system, as well as disorders that selectively affect neurons such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and including, but not limited to, progressive spinal muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar palsy, primary lateral sclerosis, infantile and juvenile muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar paralysis of childhood (Fazio-Londe syndrome), poliomyelitis and the post polio syndrome, and Hereditary Motorsensory Neuropathy (Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease).

Further, polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention may play a role in neuronal survival; synapse formation; conductance; neural differentiation, etc. Thus, compositions of the invention (including polynucleotides, polypeptides, and agonists or antagonists) may be used to diagnose and/or treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with these roles, including, but not limited to, learning and/or cognition disorders. The compositions of the invention may also be useful in the treatment or prevention of neurodegenerative disease states and/or behavioral

2013

disorders include, but are not limited to, Alzheimers Disease, Parkinsons Disease, Huntingtons Disease, Tourette Syndrome, schizophrenia, mania, dementia, paranoia, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, learning disabilities, ALS, psychoses, autism, and altered behaviors, including disorders in feeding, sleep patterns, balance, and perception. In addition, compositions of the invention may also play a role in the treatment, prevention and/or detection of developmental disorders associated with the developing embryo, or sexually-linked disorders.

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Additionally, polypeptides, polynucleotides and/or agonists or antagonists of the invention, may be useful in protecting neural cells from diseases, damage, disorders, or injury, associated with cerebrovascular disorders including, but not limited to, carotid artery diseases (e.g., carotid artery thrombosis, carotid stenosis, or Moyamoya Disease), cerebral amyloid angiopathy, cerebral aneurysm, cerebral anoxia, cerebral arteriosclerosis, cerebral arteriovenous malformations, cerebral artery diseases, cerebral embolism and thrombosis (e.g., carotid artery thrombosis, sinus thrombosis, or Wallenberg's Syndrome), cerebral hemorrhage (e.g., epidural or subdural hematoma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage), cerebral infarction, cerebral ischemia (e.g., transient cerebral ischemia, Subclavian Steal Syndrome, or vertebrobasilar insufficiency), vascular dementia (e.g., multi-infarct), leukomalacia, periventricular, and vascular headache (e.g., cluster headache or migraines).

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, for therapeutic purposes, for example, to stimulate neurological cell proliferation and/or differentiation. Therefore, polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists and/or antagonists of the invention may be used to treat and/or detect neurologic diseases. Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention, can be used as a marker or detector of a particular nervous system disease or disorder.

Examples of neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include brain diseases, such as metabolic brain diseases which includes phenylketonuria such as maternal phenylketonuria, pyruvate carboxylase deficiency, pyruvate dehydrogenase complex deficiency, Wernicke's Encephalopathy, brain edema, brain neoplasms such as cerebellar neoplasms which include infratentorial neoplasms, cerebral ventricle neoplasms such as choroid plexus neoplasms, hypothalamic neoplasms, supratentorial neoplasms,

canavan disease, cerebellar diseases such as cerebellar ataxia which include spinocerebellar degeneration such as ataxia telangiectasia, cerebellar dyssynergia, Friederich's Ataxia, Machado-Joseph Disease, olivopontocerebellar atrophy, cerebellar neoplasms such as infratentorial neoplasms, diffuse cerebral sclerosis such as encephalitis periaxialis, globoid cell leukodystrophy, metachromatic leukodystrophy and subacute sclerosing panencephalitis.

Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include cerebrovascular disorders (such as carotid artery diseases which include carotid artery thrombosis, carotid stenosis and Moyamoya Disease), cerebral amyloid angiopathy, cerebral aneurysm, cerebral anoxia, cerebral arteriosclerosis, cerebral arteriovenous malformations, cerebral artery diseases, cerebral embolism and thrombosis such as carotid artery thrombosis, sinus thrombosis and Wallenberg's Syndrome, cerebral hemorrhage such as epidural hematoma, subdural hematoma and subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral infarction, cerebral ischemia such as transient cerebral ischemia, Subclavian Steal Syndrome and vertebrobasilar insufficiency, vascular dementia such as multi-infarct dementia, periventricular leukomalacia, vascular headache such as cluster headache and migraine.

Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include dementia such as AIDS Dementia Complex, presentile dementia such as Alzheimer's Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Syndrome, senile dementia such as Alzheimer's Disease and progressive supranuclear palsy, vascular dementia such as multi-infarct dementia, encephalitis which include encephalitis periaxialis, viral encephalitis such as epidemic encephalitis, Japanese Encephalitis, St. Louis Encephalitis, tick-borne encephalitis and West Nile Fever, acute disseminated encephalomyelitis, meningoencephalitis such as uveomeningoencephalitic syndrome, Postencephalitic Parkinson Disease and subacute sclerosing panencephalitis, encephalomalacia such as periventricular leukomalacia, epilepsy such as generalized epilepsy which includes infantile spasms, absence epilepsy, myoclonic epilepsy which includes MERRF Syndrome, tonic-clonic epilepsy, partial epilepsy such as complex partial epilepsy, frontal lobe epilepsy and temporal lobe epilepsy, post-traumatic epilepsy, status epilepticus such as Epilepsia Partialis Continua, and Hallervorden-Spatz Syndrome.

2015

Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include hydrocephalus such as Dandy-Walker Syndrome and normal pressure hydrocephalus, hypothalamic diseases such as hypothalamic neoplasms, cerebral malaria, narcolepsy which includes cataplexy, bulbar poliomyelitis, cerebri pseudotumor, Rett Syndrome, Reye's Syndrome, thalamic diseases, cerebral toxoplasmosis, intracranial tuberculoma and Zellweger Syndrome, central nervous system infections such as AIDS Dementia Complex, Brain Abscess, subdural empyema, encephalomyelitis such as Equine Encephalomyelitis, Venezuelan Equine Encephalomyelitis, Necrotizing Hemorrhagic Encephalomyelitis, Visna, and cerebral malaria.

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Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include meningitis such as arachnoiditis, aseptic meningtitis such as viral meningtitis which includes lymphocytic choriomeningitis, Bacterial meningtitis which includes Haemophilus Meningtitis, Listeria Meningtitis, Meningococcal Meningtitis such as Waterhouse-Friderichsen Syndrome, Pneumococcal Meningtitis and meningeal tuberculosis, fungal meningitis such as subdural Cryptococcal Meningtitis, effusion, meningoencephalitis such as uvemeningoencephalitic syndrome, myelitis such as transverse myelitis, neurosyphilis such as tabes dorsalis, poliomyelitis which includes bulbar poliomyelitis and postpoliomyelitis syndrome, prion diseases (such as Creutzfeldt-Jakob Syndrome, Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy, Gerstmann-Straussler Syndrome, Kuru, Scrapie), cerebral and toxoplasmosis.

Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include central nervous system neoplasms such as brain neoplasms that include cerebellar neoplasms such as infratentorial neoplasms, cerebral ventricle neoplasms such as choroid plexus neoplasms, hypothalamic neoplasms and supratentorial neoplasms, meningeal neoplasms, spinal cord neoplasms which include epidural neoplasms, demyelinating diseases such as Canavan Diseases, diffuse cerebral sceloris which includes adrenoleukodystrophy, encephalitis periaxialis, globoid cell leukodystrophy, diffuse cerebral sclerosis such as metachromatic leukodystrophy, allergic encephalomyelitis, necrotizing hemorrhagic encephalomyelitis, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, multiple sclerosis, central pontine myelinolysis,

transverse myelitis, neuromyelitis optica, Scrapie, Swayback, Chronic Fatigue Syndrome, Visna, High Pressure Nervous Syndrome, Meningism, spinal cord diseases such as amyotonia congenita, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, spinal muscular atrophy such as Werdnig-Hoffmann Disease, spinal cord compression, spinal cord neoplasms such as epidural neoplasms, syringomyelia, Tabes Dorsalis, Stiff-Man Syndrome, mental retardation such as Angelman Syndrome, Cri-du-Chat Syndrome, De Lange's Syndrome, Down Syndrome, Gangliosidoses such as gangliosidoses G(M1), Sandhoff Disease, Tay-Sachs Disease, Hartnup Disease, homocystinuria, Laurence-Moon- Biedl Syndrome, Lesch-Nyhan Syndrome, Maple Syrup Urine Disease, mucolipidosis such as fucosidosis, neuronal ceroidlipofuscinosis, oculocerebrorenal syndrome, phenylketonuria such as maternal phenylketonuria, Prader-Willi Syndrome, Rett Syndrome, Rubinstein-Taybi Syndrome, Tuberous Sclerosis, WAGR Syndrome, nervous system abnormalities such as holoprosencephaly, neural tube defects such as anencephaly which includes hydrangencephaly, Arnold-Chairi Deformity, encephalocele, meningocele, meningomyelocele, spinal dysraphism such as spina bifida cystica and spina bifida occulta.

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Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include hereditary motor and sensory neuropathies which include Charcot-Marie Disease, Hereditary optic atrophy, Refsum's Disease, hereditary spastic paraplegia, Werdnig-Hoffmann Disease, Hereditary Sensory and Autonomic Neuropathies such as Congenital Analgesia and Familial Dysautonomia, Neurologic manifestations (such as agnosia that include Gerstmann's Syndrome, Amnesia such as retrograde amnesia, apraxia, neurogenic bladder, cataplexy, communicative disorders such as hearing disorders that includes deafness, partial hearing loss, loudness recruitment and tinnitus, language disorders such as aphasia which include agraphia, anomia, broca aphasia, and Wernicke Aphasia, Dyslexia such as Acquired Dyslexia, language development disorders, speech disorders such as aphasia which includes anomia, broca aphasia and Wernicke Aphasia, articulation disorders, communicative disorders such as speech disorders which include dysarthria, echolalia, mutism and stuttering, voice disorders such as aphonia and hoarseness, decerebrate state, delirium, fasciculation, hallucinations, meningism, movement disorders such as angelman syndrome, ataxia, athetosis, chorea, dystonia, hypokinesia, muscle hypotonia, myoclonus, tic, torticollis and tremor, muscle hypertonia such as muscle rigidity such as stiff-man syndrome, muscle

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spasticity, paralysis such as facial paralysis which includes Herpes Zoster Oticus, Gastroparesis, Hemiplegia, ophthalmoplegia such as diplopia, Duane's Syndrome, Horner's Syndrome, Chronic progressive external ophthalmoplegia such as Kearns Syndrome, Bulbar Paralysis, Tropical Spastic Paraparesis, Paraplegia such as Brown-Sequard Syndrome, quadriplegia, respiratory paralysis and vocal cord paralysis, paresis, phantom limb, taste disorders such as ageusia and dysgeusia, vision disorders such as amblyopia, blindness, color vision defects, diplopia, hemianopsia, scotoma and subnormal vision, sleep disorders such as hypersomnia which includes Kleine-Levin Syndrome, insomnia, and somnambulism, spasm such as trismus, unconsciousness such as coma, persistent vegetative state and syncope and vertigo, neuromuscular diseases such as amyotonia congenita, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Lambert-Eaton Myasthenic Syndrome, motor neuron disease, muscular atrophy such as spinal muscular atrophy, Charcot-Marie Disease and Werdnig-Hoffmann Postpoliomyelitis Syndrome, Muscular Dystrophy, Myasthenia Gravis, Myotonia Atrophica, Myotonia Confenita, Nemaline Myopathy, Familial Periodic Paralysis, Multiplex Paramyloclonus, Tropical Spastic Paraparesis and Stiff-Man Syndrome, peripheral nervous system diseases such as acrodynia, amyloid neuropathies, autonomic nervous system diseases such as Adie's Syndrome, Barre-Lieou Syndrome, Familial Dysautonomia, Horner's Syndrome, Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy and Shy-Drager Syndrome, Cranial Nerve Diseases such as Acoustic Nerve Diseases such as Acoustic Neuroma which includes Neurofibromatosis 2, Facial Nerve Diseases such as Facial Neuralgia, Melkersson-Rosenthal Syndrome, ocular motility disorders which includes amblyopia, nystagmus, oculomotor nerve paralysis, ophthalmoplegia such as Duane's Syndrome, Horner's Syndrome, Chronic Progressive External Ophthalmoplegia which includes Kearns Syndrome, Strabismus such as Esotropia and Exotropia, Oculomotor Nerve Paralysis, Optic Nerve Diseases such as Optic Atrophy which includes Hereditary Optic Atrophy, Optic Disk Drusen, Optic Neuritis such as Neuromyelitis Optica, Papilledema, Trigeminal Neuralgia, Vocal Cord Paralysis, Demyelinating Diseases such as Neuromyelitis Optica and Swayback, and Diabetic neuropathies such as diabetic foot.

Additional neurologic diseases which can be treated or detected with polynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists, and/or antagonists of the present invention include nerve compression syndromes such as carpal tunnel syndrome, tarsal tunnel syndrome, thoracic outlet syndrome such as cervical rib syndrome, ulnar nerve compression syndrome, neuralgia such as

2018

causalgia, cervico-brachial neuralgia, facial neuralgia and trigeminal neuralgia, neuritis such as experimental allergic neuritis, optic neuritis, polyneuritis, polyradiculoneuritis and radiculities such as polyradiculitis, hereditary motor and sensory neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie Disease, Hereditary Optic Atrophy, Refsum's Disease, Hereditary Spastic Paraplegia and Werdnig-Hoffmann Disease, Hereditary Sensory and Autonomic Neuropathies which include Congenital Analgesia and Familial Dysautonomia, POEMS Syndrome, Sciatica, Gustatory Sweating and Tetany).

10 Infectious Disease

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention can be used to treat or detect infectious agents. For example, by increasing the immune response, particularly increasing the proliferation and differentiation of B and/or T cells, infectious diseases may be treated. The immune response may be increased by either enhancing an existing immune response, or by initiating a new immune response. Alternatively, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention may also directly inhibit the infectious agent, without necessarily eliciting an immune response.

Viruses are one example of an infectious agent that can cause disease or symptoms that can be treated or detected by a polynucleotide or polypeptide and/or agonist or antagonist of the present invention. Examples of viruses, include, but are not limited to Examples of viruses, include, but are not limited to the following DNA and RNA viruses and viral families: Arbovirus, Adenoviridae, Arenaviridae, Arterivirus, Birnaviridae, Bunyaviridae, Caliciviridae, Circoviridae, Coronaviridae, Dengue, EBV, HIV, Flaviviridae, Hepadnaviridae (Hepatitis), Herpesviridae (such as, Cytomegalovirus, Herpes Simplex, Herpes Zoster), Mononegavirus (e.g., Paramyxoviridae, Morbillivirus, Rhabdoviridae), Orthomyxoviridae (e.g., Influenza A, Influenza B, and parainfluenza), Papiloma virus, Papovaviridae, Parvoviridae, Picornaviridae, Poxviridae (such as Smallpox or Vaccinia), Reoviridae (e.g., Rotavirus), Retroviridae (HTLV-I, HTLV-II, Lentivirus), and Togaviridae (e.g., Rubivirus). Viruses falling within these families can cause a variety of diseases or symptoms, including, but not limited to: arthritis, bronchiollitis, respiratory syncytial virus, encephalitis, eye infections (e.g., conjunctivitis, keratitis), chronic fatigue syndrome, hepatitis (A, B, C, E,

2019

Chronic Active, Delta), Japanese B encephalitis, Junin, Chikungunya, Rift Valley fever, yellow fever, meningitis, opportunistic infections (e.g., AIDS), pneumonia, Burkitt's Lymphoma, chickenpox, hemorrhagic fever, Measles, Mumps, Parainfluenza, Rabies, the common cold, Polio, leukemia, Rubella, sexually transmitted diseases, skin diseases (e.g., Kaposi's, warts), and viremia. polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention, can be used to treat or detect any of these symptoms or diseases. In specific embodiments, polynucleotides, polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat: meningitis, Dengue, EBV, and/or hepatitis (e.g., hepatitis B). In an additional specific embodiment polynucleotides, polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat patients nonresponsive to one or more other commercially available hepatitis vaccines. In a further specific embodiment polynucleotides, polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat AIDS.

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Similarly, bacterial or fungal agents that can cause disease or symptoms and that can be treated or detected by a polynucleotide or polypeptide and/or agonist or antagonist of the present invention include, but not limited to, include, but not limited to, the following Gram-Negative and Gram-positive bacteria and bacterial families and fungi: Actinomycetales (e.g., Corynebacterium, Mycobacterium, Norcardia), Cryptococcus neoformans, Aspergillosis, Bacillaceae (e.g., Anthrax, Clostridium), Bacteroidaceae, Blastomycosis, Bordetella, Borrelia (e.g., Borrelia burgdorferi, Brucellosis, Candidiasis, Campylobacter, Coccidioidomycosis, Cryptococcosis, Dermatocycoses, E. coli (e.g., Enterotoxigenic E. coli Enterohemorrhagic E. coli), Enterobacteriaceae (Klebsiella, Salmonella (e.g., Salmonella typhi, and Salmonella paratyphi), Serratia, Yersinia), Erysipelothrix, Helicobacter, Legionellosis, Leptospirosis, Listeria, Mycoplasmatales, Mycobacterium leprae, Vibrio cholerae, Neisseriaceae (e.g., Acinetobacter, Gonorrhea, Menigococcal), Meisseria meningitidis, Pasteurellacea Infections (e.g., Actinobacillus, Heamophilus (e.g., Heamophilus influenza type B), Pasteurella), Pseudomonas, Rickettsiaceae, Chlamydiaceae, Syphilis, Shigella spp., Staphylococcal, Meningiococcal, Pneumococcal and Streptococcal (e.g., Streptococcus pneumoniae and Group B Streptococcus). These bacterial or fungal families can cause the following diseases or symptoms, including, but not limited to: bacteremia, endocarditis, eye infections (conjunctivitis, tuberculosis, uveitis), gingivitis, opportunistic infections (e.g., AIDS related infections), paronychia, prosthesis-related infections, Reiter's Disease, respiratory tract infections, such as Whooping Cough or Empyema, sepsis, Lyme

2020

Disease, Cat-Scratch Disease, Dysentery, Paratyphoid Fever, food poisoning, Typhoid, pneumonia, Gonorrhea, meningitis (e.g., mengitis types A and B), Chlamydia, Syphilis, Diphtheria, Leprosy, Paratuberculosis, Tuberculosis, Lupus, Botulism, gangrene, tetanus, impetigo, Rheumatic Fever, Scarlet Fever, sexually transmitted diseases, skin diseases (e.g., cellulitis, dermatocycoses), toxemia, urinary tract infections, wound infections. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the invention, can be used to treat or detect any of these symptoms or diseases. In specific embodiments, Ppolynucleotides, polypeptides, agonists or antagonists of the invention are used to treat: tetanus, Diptheria, botulism, and/or meningitis type B.

Moreover, parasitic agents causing disease or symptoms that can be treated or detected by a polynucleotide or polypeptide and/or agonist or antagonist of the present invention include, but not limited to, the following families or class: Amebiasis, Babesiosis, Coccidiosis, Cryptosporidiosis, Dientamoebiasis, Dourine, Ectoparasitic, Giardiasis, Helminthiasis, Leishmaniasis, Theileriasis, Toxoplasmosis, Trypanosomiasis, and Trichomonas and Sporozoans (e.g., Plasmodium virax, Plasmodium falciparium, Plasmodium malariae and Plasmodium ovale). These parasites can cause a variety of diseases or symptoms, including, but not limited to: Scabies, Trombiculiasis, eye infections, intestinal disease (e.g., dysentery, giardiasis), liver disease, lung disease, opportunistic infections (e.g., AIDS related), malaria, pregnancy complications, and toxoplasmosis. polynucleotides or polypeptides, or agonists or antagonists of the invention, can be used to treat or detect any of these symptoms or diseases.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention of the present invention could either be by administering an effective amount of a polypeptide to the patient, or by removing cells from the patient, supplying the cells with a polynucleotide of the present invention, and returning the engineered cells to the patient (ex vivo therapy). Moreover, the polypeptide or polynucleotide of the present invention can be used as an antigen in a vaccine to raise an immune response against infectious disease.

Regeneration

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention can be used to differentiate, proliferate, and attract cells, leading to the regeneration of tissues. (See, Science 276:59-87 (1997).) The regeneration of tissues could be used to

repair, replace, or protect tissue damaged by congenital defects, trauma (wounds, burns, incisions, or ulcers), age, disease (e.g. osteoporosis, osteocarthritis, periodontal disease, liver failure), surgery, including cosmetic plastic surgery, fibrosis, reperfusion injury, or systemic cytokine damage.

Tissues that could be regenerated using the present invention include organs (e.g., pancreas, liver, intestine, kidney, skin, endothelium), muscle (smooth, skeletal or cardiac), vasculature (including vascular and lymphatics), nervous, hematopoietic, and skeletal (bone, cartilage, tendon, and ligament) tissue. Preferably, regeneration occurs without or decreased scarring. Regeneration also may include angiogenesis.

Moreover, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, may increase regeneration of tissues difficult to heal. For example, increased tendon/ligament regeneration would quicken recovery time after damage. Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention could also be used prophylactically in an effort to avoid damage. Specific diseases that could be treated include of tendinitis, carpal tunnel syndrome, and other tendon or ligament defects. A further example of tissue regeneration of non-healing wounds includes pressure ulcers, ulcers associated with vascular insufficiency, surgical, and traumatic wounds.

Similarly, nerve and brain tissue could also be regenerated by using polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention, to proliferate and differentiate nerve cells. Diseases that could be treated using this method include central and peripheral nervous system diseases, neuropathies, or mechanical and traumatic disorders (e.g., spinal cord disorders, head trauma, cerebrovascular disease, and stoke). Specifically, diseases associated with peripheral nerve injuries, peripheral neuropathy (e.g., resulting from chemotherapy or other medical therapies), localized neuropathies, and central nervous system diseases (e.g., Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Shy-Drager syndrome), could all be treated using the polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention.

Chemotaxis

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Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention may have chemotaxis activity. A chemotaxic molecule attracts or mobilizes cells (e.g., monocytes, fibroblasts, neutrophils, T-cells, mast cells, eosinophils, epithelial and/or

2022

endothelial cells) to a particular site in the body, such as inflammation, infection, or site of hyperproliferation. The mobilized cells can then fight off and/or heal the particular trauma or abnormality.

Polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention may increase chemotaxic activity of particular cells. These chemotactic molecules can then be used to treat inflammation, infection, hyperproliferative disorders, or any immune system disorder by increasing the number of cells targeted to a particular location in the body. For example, chemotaxic molecules can be used to treat wounds and other trauma to tissues by attracting immune cells to the injured location. Chemotactic molecules of the present invention can also attract fibroblasts, which can be used to treat wounds.

It is also contemplated that polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention may inhibit chemotactic activity. These molecules could also be used to treat disorders. Thus, polynucleotides or polypeptides, as well as agonists or antagonists of the present invention could be used as an inhibitor of chemotaxis.

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Binding Activity

A polypeptide of the present invention may be used to screen for molecules that bind to the polypeptide or for molecules to which the polypeptide binds. The binding of the polypeptide and the molecule may activate (agonist), increase, inhibit (antagonist), or decrease activity of the polypeptide or the molecule bound. Examples of such molecules include antibodies, oligonucleotides, proteins (e.g., receptors), or small molecules.

Preferably, the molecule is closely related to the natural ligand of the polypeptide, e.g., a fragment of the ligand, or a natural substrate, a ligand, a structural or functional mimetic. (See, Coligan et al., Current Protocols in Immunology 1(2):Chapter 5 (1991).) Similarly, the molecule can be closely related to the natural receptor to which the polypeptide binds, or at least, a fragment of the receptor capable of being bound by the polypeptide (e.g., active site). In either case, the molecule can be rationally designed using known techniques.

Preferably, the screening for these molecules involves producing appropriate cells which express the polypeptide. Preferred cells include cells from mammals, yeast, Drosophila, or *E. coli*. Cells expressing the polypeptide (or cell membrane containing the expressed polypeptide) are then preferably contacted with a test compound potentially

2023

containing the molecule to observe binding, stimulation, or inhibition of activity of either the polypeptide or the molecule.

The assay may simply test binding of a candidate compound to the polypeptide, wherein binding is detected by a label, or in an assay involving competition with a labeled competitor. Further, the assay may test whether the candidate compound results in a signal generated by binding to the polypeptide.

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Alternatively, the assay can be carried out using cell-free preparations, polypeptide/molecule affixed to a solid support, chemical libraries, or natural product mixtures. The assay may also simply comprise the steps of mixing a candidate compound with a solution containing a polypeptide, measuring polypeptide/molecule activity or binding, and comparing the polypeptide/molecule activity or binding to a standard.

Preferably, an ELISA assay can measure polypeptide level or activity in a sample (e.g., biological sample) using a monoclonal or polyclonal antibody. The antibody can measure polypeptide level or activity by either binding, directly or indirectly, to the polypeptide or by competing with the polypeptide for a substrate.

Additionally, the receptor to which the polypeptide of the present invention binds can be identified by numerous methods known to those of skill in the art, for example, ligand panning and FACS sorting (Coligan, et al., Current Protocols in Immun., 1(2), Chapter 5, (1991)). For example, expression cloning is employed wherein polyadenylated RNA is prepared from a cell responsive to the polypeptides, for example, NIH3T3 cells which are known to contain multiple receptors for the FGF family proteins, and SC-3 cells, and a cDNA library created from this RNA is divided into pools and used to transfect COS cells or other cells that are not responsive to the polypeptides. Transfected cells which are grown on glass slides are exposed to the polypeptide of the present invention, after they have been labelled. The polypeptides can be labeled by a variety of means including iodination or inclusion of a recognition site for a site-specific protein kinase.

Following fixation and incubation, the slides are subjected to auto-radiographic analysis. Positive pools are identified and sub-pools are prepared and re-transfected using an iterative sub-pooling and re-screening process, eventually yielding a single clones that encodes the putative receptor.

As an alternative approach for receptor identification, the labeled polypeptides can be photoaffinity linked with cell membrane or extract preparations that express the receptor

2024

molecule. Cross-linked material is resolved by PAGE analysis and exposed to X-ray film. The labeled complex containing the receptors of the polypeptides can be excised, resolved into peptide fragments, and subjected to protein microsequencing. The amino acid sequence obtained from microsequencing would be used to design a set of degenerate oligonucleotide probes to screen a cDNA library to identify the genes encoding the putative receptors.

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Moreover, the techniques of gene-shuffling, motif-shuffling, exon-shuffling, and/or codon-shuffling (collectively referred to as "DNA shuffling") may be employed to modulate the activities of the polypeptide of the present invention thereby effectively generating agonists and antagonists of the polypeptide of the present invention. See generally, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,605,793, 5,811,238, 5,830,721, 5,834,252, and 5,837,458, and Patten, P. A., et al., Curr. Opinion Biotechnol. 8:724-33 (1997); Harayama, S. Trends Biotechnol. 16(2):76-82 (1998); Hansson, L. O., et al., J. Mol. Biol. 287:265-76 (1999); and Lorenzo, M. M. and Blasco, R. Biotechniques 24(2):308-13 (1998) (each of these patents and publications are hereby incorporated by reference). In one embodiment, alteration of polynucleotides and corresponding polypeptides may be achieved by DNA shuffling. DNA shuffling involves the assembly of two or more DNA segments into a desired molecule by homologous, or sitespecific, recombination. In another embodiment, polynucleotides and corresponding polypeptides may be alterred by being subjected to random mutagenesis by error-prone PCR, random nucleotide insertion or other methods prior to recombination. In another embodiment, one or more components, motifs, sections, parts, domains, fragments, etc., of the polypeptide of the present invention may be recombined with one or more components, motifs, sections, parts, domains, fragments, etc. of one or more heterologous molecules. In preferred embodiments, the heterologous molecules are family members. In further preferred embodiments, the heterologous molecule is a growth factor such as, for example, platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), insulin-like growth factor (IGF-I), transforming growth factor (TGF)-alpha, epidermal growth factor (EGF), fibroblast growth factor (FGF), TGF-beta, bone morphogenetic protein (BMP)-2, BMP-4, BMP-5, BMP-6, BMP-7, activins A and B, decapentaplegic(dpp), 60A, OP-2, dorsalin, growth differentiation factors (GDFs), nodal, MIS, inhibin-alpha, TGF-beta1, TGF-beta2, TGF-beta3, TGF-beta5, and glial-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF).

Other preferred fragments are biologically active fragments of the polypeptide of the present invention. Biologically active fragments are those exhibiting activity similar, but not

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necessarily identical, to an activity of the polypeptide of the present invention. The biological activity of the fragments may include an improved desired activity, or a decreased undesirable activity.

Additionally, this invention provides a method of screening compounds to identify those which modulate the action of the polypeptide of the present invention. An example of such an assay comprises combining a mammalian fibroblast cell, a the polypeptide of the present invention, the compound to be screened and 3[H] thymidine under cell culture conditions where the fibroblast cell would normally proliferate. A control assay may be performed in the absence of the compound to be screened and compared to the amount of fibroblast proliferation in the presence of the compound to determine if the compound stimulates proliferation by determining the uptake of 3[H] thymidine in each case. The amount of fibroblast cell proliferation is measured by liquid scintillation chromatography which measures the incorporation of 3[H] thymidine. Both agonist and antagonist compounds may be identified by this procedure.

In another method, a mammalian cell or membrane preparation expressing a receptor for a polypeptide of the present invention is incubated with a labeled polypeptide of the present invention in the presence of the compound. The ability of the compound to enhance or block this interaction could then be measured. Alternatively, the response of a known second messenger system following interaction of a compound to be screened and the receptor is measured and the ability of the compound to bind to the receptor and elicit a second messenger response is measured to determine if the compound is a potential agonist or antagonist. Such second messenger systems include but are not limited to, cAMP guanylate cyclase, ion channels or phosphoinositide hydrolysis.

All of these above assays can be used as diagnostic or prognostic markers. The molecules discovered using these assays can be used to treat disease or to bring about a particular result in a patient (e.g., blood vessel growth) by activating or inhibiting the polypeptide/molecule. Moreover, the assays can discover agents which may inhibit or enhance the production of the polypeptides of the invention from suitably manipulated cells or tissues.

Therefore, the invention includes a method of identifying compounds which bind to a polypeptide of the invention comprising the steps of: (a) incubating a candidate binding compound with a colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides polypeptide

2026

of the invention; and (b) determining if binding has occurred. Moreover, the invention includes a method of identifying agonists/antagonists comprising the steps of: (a) incubating a candidate compound with a colon and/or colon cancer polynucleotides and/or polypeptides polypeptide of the invention, (b) assaying a biological activity, and (b) determining if a biological activity of the polypeptide has been altered.

Colon Cancer Antigen Binding Peptides and Other Molecules

The invention also encompasses screening methods for identifying polypeptides and nonpolypeptides that bind the colon cancer antigens of the invention, and the colon cancer antigen binding molecules identified thereby. These binding molecules are useful, for example, as agonists and antagonists of the colon cancer antigens of the invention. Such agonists and antagonists can be used, in accordance with the invention, in the therapeutic embodiments described in detail, below.

This method comprises the steps of:

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- a. contacting a colon cancer antigen of the invention with a plurality of molecules; and
 - b. identifying a molecule that binds the colon cancer antigen.

The step of contacting the colon cancer antigen of the invention with the plurality of molecules may be effected in a number of ways. For example, one may contemplate immobilizing the colon cancer antigen on a solid support and bringing a solution of the plurality of molecules in contact with the immobilized colon cancer antigen. Such a procedure would be akin to an affinity chromatographic process, with the affinity matrix being comprised of the immobilized colon cancer antigen of the invention. The molecules having a selective affinity for the colon cancer antigen can then be purified by affinity selection. The nature of the solid support, process for attachment of the colon cancer antigen of the invention to the solid support, solvent, and conditions of the affinity isolation or selection are largely conventional and well known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Alternatively, one may also separate a plurality of polypeptides into substantially separate fractions comprising a subset of or individual polypeptides. For instance, one can separate the plurality of polypeptides by gel electrophoresis, column chromatography, or like method known to those of ordinary skill for the separation of polypeptides. The individual polypeptides can also be produced by a transformed host cell in such a way as to be

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expressed on or about its outer surface (e.g., a recombinant phage). Individual isolates can then be "probed" by a colon cancer antigen, optionally in the presence of an inducer should one be required for expression, to determine if any selective affinity interaction takes place between the colon cancer antigen and the individual clone. Prior to contacting the colon cancer antigen of the invention with each fraction comprising individual polypeptides, the polypeptides could first be transferred to a solid support for additional convenience. Such a solid support may simply be a piece of filter membrane, such as one made of nitrocellulose or nylon. In this manner, positive clones could be identified from a collection of transformed host cells of an expression library, which harbor a DNA construct encoding a polypeptide having a selective affinity for protein of the invention. Furthermore, the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide having a selective affinity for a colon cancer antigen of the invention can be determined directly by conventional means or the coding sequence of the DNA encoding the polypeptide can frequently be determined more conveniently. The primary sequence can then be deduced from the corresponding DNA sequence. If the amino acid sequence is to be determined from the polypeptide itself, one may use microsequencing techniques. The sequencing technique may include mass spectroscopy.

In certain situations, it may be desirable to wash away any unbound colon cancer antigen, or alterntatively, unbound polypeptides, from a mixture of the colon cancer antigen of the invention and the plurality of polypeptides prior to attempting to determine or to detect the presence of a selective affinity interaction. Such a wash step may be particularly desirable when the protein of the invention or the plurality of polypeptides is bound to a solid support.

The plurality of molecules provided according to this method may be provided by way of diversity libraries, such as random or combinatorial peptide or nonpeptide libraries which can be screened for molecules that specifically bind to a protein of the invention. Many libraries are known in the art that can be used, e.g., chemically synthesized libraries, recombinant (e.g., phage display libraries), and in vitro translation-based libraries. Examples of chemically synthesized libraries are described in Fodor et al., 1991, Science 251:767-773; Houghten et al., 1991, Nature 354:84-86; Lam et al., 1991, Nature 354:82-84; Medynski, 1994, Bio/Technology 12:709-710; Gallop et al., 1994, J. Medicinal Chemistry 37(9):1233-1251; Ohlmeyer et al., 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:10922-10926; Erb et al., 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11422-11426; Houghten et al., 1992, Biotechniques 13:412; Jayawickreme et al., 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:1614-1618; Salmon et al., 1993,

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Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:11708-11712; PCT Publication No. WO 93/20242; and Brenner and Lerner, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5381-5383.

Examples of phage display libraries are described in Scott and Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Devlin et al., 1990, Science, 249:404-406; Christian, R. B., et al., 1992, J. Mol. Biol. 227:711-718); Lenstra, 1992, J. Immunol. Meth. 152:149-157; Kay et al., 1993, Gene 128:59-65; and PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318 dated Aug. 18, 1994.

In vitro translation-based libraries include, but are not limited to, those described in PCT Publication No. WO 91/05058 dated Apr. 18, 1991; and Mattheakis et al., 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:9022-9026.

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By way of examples of nonpeptide libraries, a benzodiazepine library (see e.g., Bunin et al., 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:4708-4712) can be adapted for use. Peptoid libraries (Simon et al., 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:9367-9371) can also be used. Another example of a library that can be used, in which the amide functionalities in peptides have been permethylated to generate a chemically transformed combinatorial library, is described by Ostresh et al. (1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11138-11142).

The variety of non-peptide libraries that are useful in the present invention is great. For example, Ecker and Crooke, 1995, Bio/Technology 13:351-360 list benzodiazepines, hydantoins, piperazinediones, biphenyls, sugar analogs, beta-mercaptoketones, arylacetic acids, acylpiperidines, benzopyrans, cubanes, xanthines, aminimides, and oxazolones as among the chemical species that form the basis of various libraries.

Non-peptide libraries can be classified broadly into two types: decorated monomers and oligomers. Decorated monomer libraries employ a relatively simple scaffold structure upon which a variety functional groups is added. Often the scaffold will be a molecule with a known useful pharmacological activity. For example, the scaffold might be the benzodiazepine structure.

Non-peptide oligomer libraries utilize a large number of monomers that are assembled together in ways that create new shapes that depend on the order of the monomers. Among the monomer units that have been used are carbamates, pyrrolinones, and morpholinos. Peptoids, peptide-like oligomers in which the side chain is attached to the alpha amino group rather than the alpha carbon, form the basis of another version of non-peptide oligomer libraries. The first non-peptide oligomer libraries utilized a single type of monomer and thus contained a repeating backbone. Recent libraries have utilized more than one

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monomer, giving the libraries added flexibility.

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Screening the libraries can be accomplished by any of a variety of commonly known methods. See, e.g., the following references, which disclose screening of peptide libraries: Parmley and Smith, 1989, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. 251:215-218; Scott and Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Fowlkes et al., 1992; BioTechniques 13:422-427; Oldenburg et al., 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5393-5397; Yu et al., 1994, Cell 76:933-945; Staudt et al., 1988, Science 241:577-580; Bock et al., 1992, Nature 355:564-566; Tuerk et al., 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:6988-6992; Ellington et al., 1992, Nature 355:850-852; U.S. Pat. No. 5,096,815, U.S. Pat. No. 5,223,409, and U.S. Pat. No. 5,198,346, all to Ladner et al.; Rebar and Pabo, 1993, Science 263:671-673; and CT Publication No. WO 94/18318.

In a specific embodiment, screening to identify a molecule that binds a colon cancer antigen can be carried out by contacting the library members with a colon cancer antigen of the invention immobilized on a solid phase and harvesting those library members that bind to the colon cancer antigen. Examples of such screening methods, termed "panning" techniques are described by way of example in Parmley and Smith, 1988, Gene 73:305-318; Fowlkes et al., 1992, BioTechniques 13:422-427; PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318; and in references cited herein.

In another embodiment, the two-hybrid system for selecting interacting proteins in yeast (Fields and Song, 1989, Nature 340:245-246; Chien et al., 1991, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:9578-9582) can be used to identify molecules that specifically bind to a colon and/or colon cancer related protein of the invention.

Where a colon cancer antigen of the invention binding molecule is a polypeptide, the polypeptide can be conveniently selected from any peptide library, including random peptide libraries, combinatorial peptide libraries, or biased peptide libraries. The term "biased" is used herein to mean that the method of generating the library is manipulated so as to restrict one or more parameters that govern the diversity of the resulting collection of molecules, in this case peptides.

Thus, a truly random peptide library would generate a collection of peptides in which the probability of finding a particular amino acid at a given position of the peptide is the same for all 20 amino acids. A bias can be introduced into the library, however, by specifying, for example, that a lysine occur every fifth amino acid or that positions 4, 8, and 9 of a decapeptide library be fixed to include only arginine. Clearly, many types of biases can

be contemplated, and the present invention is not restricted to any particular bias. Furthermore, the present invention contemplates specific types of peptide libraries, such as phage displayed peptide libraries and those that utilize a DNA construct comprising a lambda phage vector with a DNA insert.

As mentioned above, in the case of a colon and/or colon cancer related protein of the invention binding molecule that is a polypeptide, the polypeptide may have about 6 to less than about 60 amino acid residues, preferably about 6 to about 10 amino acid residues, and most preferably, about 6 to about 22 amino acids. In another embodiment, a colon and/or colon cancer related protein of the invention binding polypeptide has in the range of 15-100 amino acids, or 20-50 amino acids.

The selected colon cancer antigen protein of the invention binding polypeptide can be obtained by chemical synthesis or recombinant expression.

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Targeted Delivery

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method of delivering compositions to targeted cells expressing a colon cancer antigen of the invention.

As discussed herein, polypeptides or antibodies of the invention may be associated with heterologous polypeptides, heterologous nucleic acids, toxins, or prodrugs via hydrophobic, hydrophilic, ionic and/or covalent interactions. In one embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific delivery of compositions of the invention to cells by administering polypeptides of the invention (including antibodies) that are associated with heterologous polypeptides or nucleic acids. In one example, the invention provides a method for delivering a therapeutic protein into the targeted cell. In another example, the invention provides a method for delivering a single stranded nucleic acid (e.g., antisense or ribozymes) or double stranded nucleic acid (e.g., DNA that can integrate into the cell's genome or replicate episomally and that can be transcribed) into the targeted cell.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for the specific destruction of cells (e.g., the destruction of tumor cells) by administering polypeptides of the invention (e.g., polypeptides of the invention or antibodies of the invention) in association with toxins or cytotoxic prodrugs.

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By "toxin" is meant compounds that bind and activate endogenous cytotoxic effector systems, radioisotopes, holotoxins, modified toxins, catalytic subunits of toxins, or any molecules or enzymes not normally present in or on the surface of a cell that under defined conditions cause the cell's death. Toxins that may be used according to the methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, radioisotopes known in the art, compounds such as, for example, antibodies (or complement fixing containing portions thereof) that bind an inherent or induced endogenous cytotoxic effector system, thymidine kinase, endonuclease, RNAse, alpha toxin, ricin, abrin, Pseudomonas exotoxin A, diphtheria toxin, saporin, momordin, gelonin, pokeweed antiviral protein, alpha-sarcin and cholera toxin. By "cytotoxic prodrug" is meant a non-toxic compound that is converted by an enzyme, normally present in the cell, into a cytotoxic compound. Cytotoxic prodrugs that may be used according to the methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, glutamyl derivatives of benzoic acid mustard alkylating agent, phosphate derivatives of etoposide or mitomycin C, cytosine arabinoside, daunorubisin, and phenoxyacetamide derivatives of doxorubicin.

Drug Screening

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Further contemplated is the use of the polypeptides of the present invention, or the polynucleotides encoding these polypeptides, to screen for molecules which modify the activities of the polypeptides of the present invention. Such a method would include contacting the polypeptide of the present invention with a selected compound(s) suspected of having antagonist or agonist activity, and assaying the activity of these polypeptides following binding.

This invention is particularly useful for screening therapeutic compounds by using the polypeptides of the present invention, or binding fragments thereof, in any of a variety of drug screening techniques. The polypeptide or fragment employed in such a test may be affixed to a solid support, expressed on a cell surface, free in solution, or located intracellularly. One method of drug screening utilizes eukaryotic or prokaryotic host cells which are stably transformed with recombinant nucleic acids expressing the polypeptide or fragment. Drugs are screened against such transformed cells in competitive binding assays. One may measure, for example, the formulation of complexes between the agent being tested and a polypeptide of the present invention.

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Thus, the present invention provides methods of screening for drugs or any other agents which affect activities mediated by the polypeptides of the present invention. These methods comprise contacting such an agent with a polypeptide of the present invention or a fragment thereof and assaying for the presence of a complex between the agent and the polypeptide or a fragment thereof, by methods well known in the art. In such a competitive binding assay, the agents to screen are typically labeled. Following incubation, free agent is separated from that present in bound form, and the amount of free or uncomplexed label is a measure of the ability of a particular agent to bind to the polypeptides of the present invention.

Another technique for drug screening provides high throughput screening for compounds having suitable binding affinity to the polypeptides of the present invention, and is described in great detail in European Patent Application 84/03564, published on September 13, 1984, which is incorporated herein by reference herein. Briefly stated, large numbers of different small peptide test compounds are synthesized on a solid substrate, such as plastic pins or some other surface. The peptide test compounds are reacted with polypeptides of the present invention and washed. Bound polypeptides are then detected by methods well known in the art. Purified polypeptides are coated directly onto plates for use in the aforementioned drug screening techniques. In addition, non-neutralizing antibodies may be used to capture the peptide and immobilize it on the solid support.

This invention also contemplates the use of competitive drug screening assays in which neutralizing antibodies capable of binding polypeptides of the present invention specifically compete with a test compound for binding to the polypeptides or fragments thereof. In this manner, the antibodies are used to detect the presence of any peptide which shares one or more antigenic epitopes with a polypeptide of the invention.

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Antisense And Ribozyme (Antagonists)

In specific embodiments, antagonists according to the present invention are nucleic acids corresponding to the sequences contained in SEQ ID NO:X, or the complementary strand thereof, and/or to nucleotide sequences contained in the deposited clone identified in Table 1. In one embodiment, antisense sequence is generated internally, by the organism, in another embodiment, the antisense sequence is separately administered (see, for example, O'Connor, J., Neurochem. 56:560 (1991). Oligodeoxynucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of

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Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988). Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through antisense DNA or RNA, or through triple-helix formation. Antisense techniques are discussed for example, in Okano, J., Neurochem. 56:560 (1991); Oligodeoxynucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988). Triple helix formation is discussed in, for instance, Lee et al., Nucleic Acids Research 6:3073 (1979); Cooney et al., Science 241:456 (1988); and Dervan et al., Science 251:1300 (1991). The methods are based on binding of a polynucleotide to a complementary DNA or RNA.

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For example, the use of c-myc and c-myb antisense RNA constructs to inhibit the growth of the non-lymphocytic leukemia cell line HL-60 and other cell lines was previously described. (Wickstrom et al. (1988); Anfossi et al. (1989)). These experiments were performed in vitro by incubating cells with the oligoribonucleotide. A similar procedure for in vivo use is described in WO 91/15580. Briefly, a pair of oligonucleotides for a given antisense RNA is produced as follows: A sequence complimentary to the first 15 bases of the open reading frame is flanked by an EcoR1 site on the 5 end and a HindIII site on the 3 end. Next, the pair of oligonucleotides is heated at 90°C for one minute and then annealed in 2X ligation buffer (20mM TRIS HCl pH 7.5, 10mM MgCl2, 10MM dithiothreitol (DTT) and 0.2 mM ATP) and then ligated to the EcoR1/Hind III site of the retroviral vector PMV7 (WO 91/15580).

For example, the 5' coding portion of a polynucleotide that encodes the polypeptide of the present invention may be used to design an antisense RNA oligonucleotide of from about 10 to 40 base pairs in length. A DNA oligonucleotide is designed to be complementary to a region of the gene involved in transcription thereby preventing transcription and the production of the receptor. The antisense RNA oligonucleotide hybridizes to the mRNA in vivo and blocks translation of the mRNA molecule into receptor polypeptide.

In one embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid of the invention is produced intracellularly by transcription from an exogenous sequence. For example, a vector or a portion thereof, is transcribed, producing an antisense nucleic acid (RNA) of the invention. Such a vector would contain a sequence encoding the antisense nucleic acid. Such a vector can remain episomal or become chromosomally integrated, as long as it can be transcribed to produce the desired antisense RNA. Such vectors can be constructed by recombinant DNA technology methods standard in the art. Vectors can be plasmid, viral, or others known in the

art, used for replication and expression in vertebrate cells. Expression of the sequence encoding the polypeptide of the present invnetion or fragments thereof, can be by any promoter known in the art to act in vertebrate, preferably human cells. Such promoters can be inducible or constitutive. Such promoters include, but are not limited to, the SV40 early promoter region (Bernoist and Chambon, Nature 29:304-310 (1981), the promoter contained in the 3' long terminal repeat of Rous sarcoma virus (Yamamoto et al., Cell 22:787-797 (1980), the herpes thymidine promoter (Wagner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 78:1441-1445 (1981), the regulatory sequences of the metallothionein gene (Brinster, et al., Nature 296:39-42 (1982)), etc.

The antisense nucleic acids of the invention comprise a sequence complementary to at least a portion of an RNA transcript of a gene of the present invention. However, absolute complementarity, although preferred, is not required. A sequence "complementary to at least a portion of an RNA," referred to herein, means a sequence having sufficient complementarity to be able to hybridize with the RNA, forming a stable duplex; in the case of double stranded antisense nucleic acids, a single strand of the duplex DNA may thus be tested, or triplex formation may be assayed. The ability to hybridize will depend on both the degree of complementarity and the length of the antisense nucleic acid. Generally, the larger the hybridizing nucleic acid, the more base mismatches with a RNA it may contain and still form a stable duplex (or triplex as the case may be). One skilled in the art can ascertain a tolerable degree of mismatch by use of standard procedures to determine the melting point of the hybridized complex.

Oligonucleotides that are complementary to the 5' end of the message, e.g., the 5' untranslated sequence up to and including the AUG initiation codon, should work most efficiently at inhibiting translation. However, sequences complementary to the 3' untranslated sequences of mRNAs have been shown to be effective at inhibiting translation of mRNAs as well. See generally, Wagner, R., 1994, Nature 372:333-335. Thus, oligonucleotides complementary to either the 5'- or 3'- non- translated, non-coding regions of shown in Table 1 could be used in an antisense approach to inhibit translation of endogenous mRNA. Oligonucleotides complementary to the 5' untranslated region of the mRNA should include the complement of the AUG start codon. Antisense oligonucleotides complementary to mRNA coding regions are less efficient inhibitors of translation but could be used in accordance with the invention. Whether designed to hybridize to the 5'-, 3'- or coding region

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of mRNA of the present invention, antisense nucleic acids should be at least six nucleotides in length, and are preferably oligonucleotides ranging from 6 to about 50 nucleotides in length. In specific aspects the oligonucleotide is at least 10 nucleotides, at least 17 nucleotides, at least 25 nucleotides or at least 50 nucleotides.

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The polynucleotides of the invention can be DNA or RNA or chimeric mixtures or derivatives or modified versions thereof, single-stranded or double-stranded. The oligonucleotide can be modified at the base moiety, sugar moiety, or phosphate backbone, for example, to improve stability of the molecule, hybridization, etc. The oligonucleotide may include other appended groups such as peptides (e.g., for targeting host cell receptors in vivo), or agents facilitating transport across the cell membrane (see, e.g., Letsinger et al., 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:6553-6556; Lemaitre et al., 1987, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 84:648-652; PCT Publication No. WO88/09810, published December 15, 1988) or the blood-brain barrier (see, e.g., PCT Publication No. WO89/10134, published April 25, 1988), hybridization-triggered cleavage agents. (See, e.g., Krol et al., 1988, BioTechniques 6:958-976) or intercalating agents. (See, e.g., Zon, 1988, Pharm. Res. 5:539-549). To this end, the oligonucleotide may be conjugated to another molecule, e.g., a peptide, hybridization triggered cross-linking agent, transport agent, hybridization-triggered cleavage agent, etc.

The antisense oligonucleotide may comprise at least one modified base moiety which is selected from the group including, but not limited to, 5-fluorouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-chlorouracil, 5-iodouracil, hypoxanthine, xantine, 4-acetylcytosine, 5-(carboxyhydroxylmethyl) 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine. uracil. 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluracil, dihydrouracil, beta-D-galactosylqueosine, inosine, N6-isopentenyladenine, 1-methylguanine, 1-methylinosine, 2,2-dimethylguanine, 2-methyladenine, 2-methylguanine, 3-methylcytosine, 5-methylcytosine, N6-adenine, 7-methylguanine, 5-methylaminomethyluracil, 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouracil, beta-D-mannosylqueosine, 5'-methoxycarboxymethyluracil, 5-methoxyuracil, 2-methylthio-N6isopentenyladenine, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), wybutoxosine, pseudouracil, queosine, 2-thiocytosine, 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 2-thiouracil, 4-thiouracil, 5-methyluracil, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid methylester, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 3-(3-amino-3-N-2-carboxypropyl) uracil, (acp3)w, and 2,6-diaminopurine.

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The antisense oligonucleotide may also comprise at least one modified sugar moiety selected from the group including, but not limited to, arabinose, 2-fluoroarabinose, xylulose, and hexose.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense oligonucleotide comprises at least one modified phosphate backbone selected from the group including, but not limited to, a phosphorothioate, a phosphorodithioate, a phosphoramidate, a phosphoramidate, a phosphoramidate, a methylphosphonate, an alkyl phosphotriester, and a formacetal or analog thereof.

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In yet another embodiment, the antisense oligonucleotide is an a-anomeric oligonucleotide. An a-anomeric oligonucleotide forms specific double-stranded hybrids with complementary RNA in which, contrary to the usual b-units, the strands run parallel to each other (Gautier et al., 1987, Nucl. Acids Res. 15:6625-6641). The oligonucleotide is a 2'-0-methylribonucleotide (Inoue et al., 1987, Nucl. Acids Res. 15:6131-6148), or a chimeric RNA-DNA analogue (Inoue et al., 1987, FEBS Lett. 215:327-330).

Polynucleotides of the invention may be synthesized by standard methods known in the art, e.g. by use of an automated DNA synthesizer (such as are commercially available from Biosearch, Applied Biosystems, etc.). As examples, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides may be synthesized by the method of Stein et al. (1988, Nucl. Acids Res. 16:3209), methylphosphonate oligonucleotides can be prepared by use of controlled pore glass polymer supports (Sarin et al., 1988, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:7448-7451), etc.

While antisense nucleotides complementary to the coding region sequence could be used, those complementary to the transcribed untranslated region are most preferred.

Potential antagonists according to the invention also include catalytic RNA, or a ribozyme (See, e.g., PCT International Publication WO 90/11364, published October 4, 1990; Sarver et al, Science 247:1222-1225 (1990). While ribozymes that cleave mRNA at site specific recognition sequences can be used to destroy mRNAs, the use of hammerhead ribozymes is preferred. Hammerhead ribozymes cleave mRNAs at locations dictated by flanking regions that form complementary base pairs with the target mRNA. The sole requirement is that the target mRNA have the following sequence of two bases: 5'-UG-3'. The construction and production of hammerhead ribozymes is well known in the art and is described more fully in Haseloff and Gerlach, Nature 334:585-591 (1988). There are numerous potential hammerhead ribozyme cleavage sites within the nucleotide sequence of

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SEQ ID NO:X. Preferably, the ribozyme is engineered so that the cleavage recognition site is located near the 5' end of the mRNA; i.e., to increase efficiency and minimize the intracellular accumulation of non-functional mRNA transcripts.

As in the antisense approach, the ribozymes of the invention can be composed of modified oligonucleotides (e.g. for improved stability, targeting, etc.) and should be delivered to cells which express in vivo. DNA constructs encoding the ribozyme may be introduced into the cell in the same manner as described above for the introduction of antisense encoding DNA. A preferred method of delivery involves using a DNA construct "encoding" the ribozyme under the control of a strong constitutive promoter, such as, for example, pol III or pol II promoter, so that transfected cells will produce sufficient quantities of the ribozyme to destroy endogenous messages and inhibit translation. Since ribozymes unlike antisense molecules, are catalytic, a lower intracellular concentration is required for efficiency.

Antagonist/agonist compounds may be employed to inhibit the cell growth and proliferation effects of the polypeptides of the present invention on neoplastic cells and tissues, i.e. stimulation of angiogenesis of tumors, and, therefore, retard or prevent abnormal cellular growth and proliferation, for example, in tumor formation or growth.

The antagonist/agonist may also be employed to prevent hyper-vascular diseases, and prevent the proliferation of epithelial lens cells after extracapsular cataract surgery. Prevention of the mitogenic activity of the polypeptides of the present invention may also be desirous in cases such as restenosis after balloon angioplasty.

The antagonist/agonist may also be employed to prevent the growth of scar tissue during wound healing.

The antagonist/agonist may also be employed to treat the diseases described herein. Thus, the invention provides a method of treating disorders or diseases, including but not limited to the disorders or diseases listed throughout this application, associated with overexpression of a polynucleotide of the present invention by administering to a patient (a) an antisense molecule directed to the polynucleotide of the present invention, and/or (b) a ribozyme directed to the polynucleotide of the present invention.

30 Other Activities

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A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention, as a result of the ability to stimulate vascular endothelial cell growth, may be employed in

treatment for stimulating re-vascularization of ischemic tissues due to various disease conditions such as thrombosis, arteriosclerosis, and other cardiovascular conditions. The polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed to stimulate angiogenesis and limb regeneration, as discussed above.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed for treating wounds due to injuries, burns, post-operative tissue repair, and ulcers since they are mitogenic to various cells of different origins, such as fibroblast cells and skeletal muscle cells, and therefore, facilitate the repair or replacement of damaged or diseased tissue.

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A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed stimulate neuronal growth and to treat and prevent neuronal damage which occurs in certain neuronal disorders or neuro-degenerative conditions such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and AIDS-related complex. A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may have the ability to stimulate chondrocyte growth, therefore, they may be employed to enhance bone and periodontal regeneration and aid in tissue transplants or bone grafts.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may be also be employed to prevent skin aging due to sunburn by stimulating keratinocyte growth.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed for preventing hair loss, since FGF family members activate hair-forming cells and promotes melanocyte growth. Along the same lines, a polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may be employed to stimulate growth and differentiation of hematopoietic cells and bone marrow cells when used in combination with other cytokines.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed to maintain organs before transplantation or for supporting cell culture of primary tissues. A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be employed for inducing tissue of mesodermal origin to differentiate in early embryos.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also increase or decrease the differentiation or proliferation of embryonic stem cells, besides, as discussed above, hematopoietic lineage.

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A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be used to modulate mammalian characteristics, such as body height, weight, hair color, eye color, skin, percentage of adipose tissue, pigmentation, size, and shape (e.g., cosmetic surgery). Similarly, a polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may be used to modulate mammalian metabolism affecting catabolism, anabolism, processing, utilization, and storage of energy.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may be used to change a mammal's mental state or physical state by influencing biorhythms, caricadic rhythms, depression (including depressive disorders), tendency for violence, tolerance for pain, reproductive capabilities (preferably by Activin or Inhibin-like activity), hormonal or endocrine levels, appetite, libido, memory, stress, or other cognitive qualities.

A polypeptide, polynucleotide, agonist, or antagonist of the present invention may also be used as a food additive or preservative, such as to increase or decrease storage capabilities, fat content, lipid, protein, carbohydrate, vitamins, minerals, cofactors or other nutritional components.

The above-recited applications have uses in a wide variety of hosts. Such hosts include, but are not limited to, human, murine, rabbit, goat, guinea pig, camel, horse, mouse, rat, hamster, pig, micro-pig, chicken, goat, cow, sheep, dog, cat, non-human primate, and human. In specific embodiments, the host is a mouse, rabbit, goat, guinea pig, chicken, rat, hamster, pig, sheep, dog or cat. In preferred embodiments, the host is a mammal. In most preferred embodiments, the host is a human.

Other Preferred Embodiments

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Other preferred embodiments of the claimed invention include an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 50 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1.

Also preferred is a nucleic acid molecule wherein said sequence of contiguous nucleotides is included in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X in the range of positions beginning with the nucleotide at about the position of the 5' Nucleotide of the Clone Sequence and ending with the nucleotide at about the position of the 3' Nucleotide of the Clone Sequence as defined for SEQ ID NO:X in Table 1.

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Also preferred is a nucleic acid molecule wherein said sequence of contiguous nucleotides is included in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X in the range of positions beginning with the nucleotide at about the position of the 5' Nucleotide of the Start Codon and ending with the nucleotide at about the position of the 3' Nucleotide of the Clone Sequence as defined for SEQ ID NO:X in Table 1.

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Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 150 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X.

Further preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 500 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X.

A further preferred embodiment is a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X beginning with the nucleotide at about the position of the 5' Nucleotide of the First Amino Acid and ending with the nucleotide at about the position of the 3' Nucleotide of the Clone Sequence as defined for SEQ ID NO:X in Table 1.

A further preferred embodiment is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to the complete nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X.

Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleic acid molecule, wherein said nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes does not hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence consisting of only A residues or of only T residues.

Also preferred is a composition of matter comprising a DNA molecule which comprises a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1, which DNA molecule is contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier in Table 2.

Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1, which DNA molecule is contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was

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deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier in Table 2.

Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule, wherein said sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides is included in the nucleotide sequence of the complete open reading frame sequence encoded by said human cDNA clone.

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Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to sequence of at least 150 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence encoded by said human cDNA clone.

A further preferred embodiment is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to sequence of at least 500 contiguous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence encoded by said human cDNA clone.

A further preferred embodiment is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to the complete nucleotide sequence encoded by said human cDNA clone.

A further preferred embodiment is a method for detecting in a biological sample a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a nucleotide sequence encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Id in Table 1 which DNA molecule is contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier; which method comprises a step of comparing a nucleotide sequence of at least one nucleic acid molecule in said sample with a sequence selected from said group and determining whether the sequence of said nucleic acid molecule in said sample is at least 95% identical to said selected sequence.

Also preferred is the above method wherein said step of comparing sequences comprises determining the extent of nucleic acid hybridization between nucleic acid molecules in said sample and a nucleic acid molecule comprising said sequence selected from said group. Similarly, also preferred is the above method wherein said step of comparing sequences is performed by comparing the nucleotide sequence determined from a nucleic acid molecule in said sample with said sequence selected from said group. The nucleic acid molecules can comprise DNA molecules or RNA molecules.

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A further preferred embodiment is a method for identifying the species, tissue or cell type of a biological sample which method comprises a step of detecting nucleic acid molecules in said sample, if any, comprising a nucleotide sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a nucleotide sequence encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

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The method for identifying the species, tissue or cell type of a biological sample can comprise a step of detecting nucleic acid molecules comprising a nucleotide sequence in a panel of at least two nucleotide sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said panel is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from said group.

Also preferred is a method for diagnosing in a subject a pathological condition associated with abnormal structure or expression of a gene encoding a protein identified in Table 1, wherein the method comprises a step of detecting in a biological sample obtained from said subject nucleic acid molecules, if any, comprising a nucleotide sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a nucleotide sequence encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

The method for diagnosing a pathological condition can comprise a step of detecting nucleic acid molecules comprising a nucleotide sequence in a panel of at least two nucleotide sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said panel is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from said group.

Also preferred is a composition of matter comprising isolated nucleic acid molecules wherein the nucleotide sequences of said nucleic acid molecules comprise a panel of at least two nucleotide sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said panel is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from the

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group consisting of: a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a nucleotide sequence encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier. The nucleic acid molecules can comprise DNA molecules or RNA molecules.

Also preferred is a composition of matter comprising isolated nucleic acid molecules wherein the nucleotide sequences of said nucleic acid molecules comprise a DNA microarray or "chip" of at least 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000 or 4000 nucleotide sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said DNA microarray or "chip" is at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X wherein X is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a nucleotide sequence encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier. The nucleic acid molecules can comprise DNA molecules or RNA molecules.

Also preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least about 10 contiguous amino acids in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1.

Also preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 30 contiguous amino acids in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1.

Further preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 100 contiguous amino acids in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1.

Further preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to the complete amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1.

Further preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least about 10 contiguous amino acids in the complete

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amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Also preferred is a polypeptide wherein said sequence of contiguous amino acids is included in the amino acid sequence of a portion of the protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier in Table 2.

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Also preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 30 contiguous amino acids in the amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Also preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence of at least about 100 contiguous amino acids in the amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Also preferred is an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Further preferred is an isolated antibody which binds specifically to a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was

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deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Further preferred is a method for detecting in a biological sample a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier; which method comprises a step of comparing an amino acid sequence of at least one polypeptide molecule in said sample with a sequence selected from said group and determining whether the sequence of said polypeptide molecule in said sample is at least 90% identical to said sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids.

Also preferred is the above method wherein said step of comparing an amino acid sequence of at least one polypeptide molecule in said sample with a sequence selected from said group comprises determining the extent of specific binding of polypeptides in said sample to an antibody which binds specifically to a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Also preferred is the above method wherein said step of comparing sequences is performed by comparing the amino acid sequence determined from a polypeptide molecule in said sample with said sequence selected from said group.

Also preferred is a method for identifying the species, tissue or cell type of a biological sample which method comprises a step of detecting polypeptide molecules in said sample, if any, comprising an amino acid sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an

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amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

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Also preferred is the above method for identifying the species, tissue or cell type of a biological sample, which method comprises a step of detecting polypeptide molecules comprising an amino acid sequence in a panel of at least two amino acid sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said panel is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the above group.

Also preferred is a method for diagnosing in a subject a pathological condition associated with abnormal structure or expression of a gene encoding a protein identified in Table 1, which method comprises a step of detecting in a biological sample obtained from said subject polypeptide molecules comprising an amino acid sequence in a panel of at least two amino acid sequences, wherein at least one sequence in said panel is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

In any of these methods, the step of detecting said polypeptide molecules includes using an antibody.

Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence of at least 10 contiguous amino acids in a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

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Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule, wherein said nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide has been optimized for expression of said polypeptide in a prokaryotic host.

Also preferred is an isolated nucleic acid molecule, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is any integer as defined in Table 1; and a complete amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

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Further preferred is a method of making a recombinant vector comprising inserting any of the above isolated nucleic acid molecule into a vector. Also preferred is the recombinant vector produced by this method. Also preferred is a method of making a recombinant host cell comprising introducing the vector into a host cell, as well as the recombinant host cell produced by this method.

Also preferred is a method of making an isolated polypeptide comprising culturing this recombinant host cell under conditions such that said polypeptide is expressed and recovering said polypeptide. Also preferred is this method of making an isolated polypeptide, wherein said recombinant host cell is a eukaryotic cell and said polypeptide is a human protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y beginning with the residue at the position of the First Amino Acid of the Protein of SEQ ID NO:Y wherein Y is an integer set forth in Table 1 and said position of the First Amino Acid of the Protein of SEQ ID NO:Y is defined in Table 1; and an amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by a human cDNA clone identified by a cDNA Clone Identifier in Table 1 and contained in a cDNA library shown in Table 9 which was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection and given the ATCC Deposit Numbers shown above for said cDNA library identifier.

Also preferred is a method of treatment of an individual in need of an increased level of a protein activity, which method comprises administering to such an individual a Therapeutic comprising an amount of an isolated polypeptide, polynucleotide, immunogenic fragment or analogue thereof, binding agent, antibody, or antigen binding fragment of the claimed invention effective to increase the level of said protein activity in said individual.

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Also preferred is a method of treatment of an individual in need of a decreased level of a protein activity, which method comprises administering to such an individual a Therapeutic comprising an amount of an isolated polypeptide, polynucleotide, immunogenic fragment or analogue thereof, binding agent, antibody, or antigen binding fragment of the claimed invention effective to decrease the level of said protein activity in said individual.

Also preferred is a method of treatment of an individual in need of a specific delivery of toxic compositions to diseased cells (e.g., including, but not limited to, colon or colon cancer cells or tissues), which method comprises administering to such an individual a Therapeutic comprising an amount of an isolated polypeptide of the invention, including, but not limited to a binding agent, or antibody of the claimed invention that are associated with toxin or cytotoxic prodrugs.

Having generally described the invention, the same will be more readily understood by reference to the following examples, which are provided by way of illustration and are not intended as limiting.

Examples

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Example 1: Isolation of a Selected cDNA Clone From the Deposited Sample

Each cDNA clone in a cited ATCC deposit is contained in a plasmid vector. Table 9 identifies the vectors used to construct the cDNA library from which each clone was isolated.

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Table 9.

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
		DEPOSIT
		NO.
HASA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HFCA HFCD HFCE HFCF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HFKF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HE8A HE8B HE8C HE8D HE8E HE8F HE8N HE8O HE8P HE8Q	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HE8T HE8U		
HGBA HGBG HGBH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HGBB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HHFA	pBluescript	NA
HLHA HLHB HLHC HLHD HLHE HLHG	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HOOA	pBluescript	NA
HPLB	Uni-ZAP XR	NA
HPMD HPME HPMF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HPRA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HSIA HSIC HSID HSIE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HTEA HTEB HTEC HTED HTEE HTEF HTEG HTEH HTEJ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
НТЕК		
НТРА НТРС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HTTB HTTC HTTD HTTE HTTF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
НАРА НАРС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HETA HETB HETC HETD HETG HETH HETI HETJ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HHFB HHFC HHFG HHFH HHFI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
ННРЕ ННРС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCE1 HCE2 HCE3 HCE4 HCEC HCED HCEE HCEF HCEI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCEM HCEN HCEO HCEP		
HUVC HUVD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HUKB HUKF	Lamda ZAP II	LP13
HTHC HTHD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HSTA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HTAE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HLEA	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
THE A THE PARTY OF		Phage
HFEA HFEB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
НЈРА НЈРС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HCNA	Lambda ZAP II	LP01
HTSG	pBS	LP05
HLTA HLTB HLTC HLTD HLTE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HAHS	pBluescript	LP13
HALS	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HE6B HE6F HE6G	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HF6S	pBluescript	LP13
HPMS	pBluescript	LP03
HTYS	pBluescript	NA
HRDB HRDD HRDE HRDF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCAB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HL3A	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
ADOD.		Phage
HRGD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HSSE HSSG HSSJ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HSUA HSUB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HT3A	Uni-ZAP XR	

2050

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
LIBRARIES DEI OSITED	VECTOR	DEPOSIT
		NO.
HT4C	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HE9F HE9H HE9M HE9N HE9O HE9P HE9Q HE9R HE9S	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HE9T	OIII-ZAF AK	LT 13
HEPA HEPB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HSFA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HATA HATB HATC HATE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HT3B	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
	Olli-Eru XIX	Phage
HSNA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HPFC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HE2A HE2D HE2E HE2H HE2I HE2O	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HE2B HE2C HE2F HE2P	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HCBB	Uni-ZAP XR	NA
HFGA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HNEA HNED	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HBGB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HKCA	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
		Phage
HKLA	Lambda ZAP II	PA005
		Phage
HBNA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCET	pBluescript	PA005
		Phage
HKCS HKCU	pBluescript	LP03
HKCT	pBluescript	PA005
		Phage
HL1S	pBluescript	LP13
HLHS HLHT	pBluescript	LP13
HPRT	pBluescript	PA005
1177		Phage
HPTT	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HRGS	pBluescript	LP03
HSUS	pBluescript	LP13
HT2S HCNS	Uni-ZAP XR	NA DAGG
HCN5	pBluescript	PA005
HCNU	pBluescript	Phage PA005
ncivo	pBiuescript	PAUUS
HKLR	pBluescript	PA005
INLK	poluescript	Phage
HKLS	pBluescript	PA005
**************************************	princeclipt	Phage
HKTA	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
, 	J. L. II AIR	Phage
HHFU	pBluescript	NA
HE8S	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCDC HCDE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HOAA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HTLA HTLD HTLE	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HLMD	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
		Phage
HLMI HLMM	Lambda Zap II	LP01

2051

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
		DEPOSIT
H6EA H6EB	Uni-ZAP XR	NO.
HCEV HCEY	Uni-ZAP XR	
HCQA HCQB		LP03 LP01
HTOA HTOD HTOH HTOJ	Lambda Zap II	
HTXC HTXF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HMEC HMEE HMEG HMEI HMEK	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HMEB	Lambda Zap II	LP01
HNFE HNFF HNFG HNFH	Lambda Zap II Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HKEA	ZAP express	LP03 PA005
THE A	ZAF express	
HMGB	Uni-ZAP XR	Phage LP13
НМНВ	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
	UIII-ZAP XX	
HAUA HAUB	Uni-ZAP XR	Phage LP13
HAQB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
нсмн	ZAP express	LP02
HCUC	ZAP express	LP02
HSVB HSVC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP02
HPXA	pBluescript	NA NA
НВЈЕ НВЈГ НВЈЈ НВЈМ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HCRB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HODA HODB HODC HODD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HDSA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HLQA HLQB	Lambda Zap II	LP03
HHGC HHGD	Lambda Zap II	LP01
HCPA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HMWA HMWB HMWD HMWF HMWH HMWI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HERA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HGLA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HWTB HWTC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HLLC	pCMVSport1	PA005
	pelvivspoiti	DNA
HLIB HLIC	pCMVSport1	LP12
HKDB	pCMVSport1	NA NA
HRKA	pBluescript	PA005
	pBiacscript	Phage
HOSX	pBluescript	PA005
	postatoripi	Phage
HEAA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
НВСВ НВСС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP21
ННВЕ ННВЕ ННВН	pCMVSport1	LP12
НВВВ	pCMVSport1	LP12
HLJB HLJD HLJE	pCMVSport1	LP12
HSEB	pCMVSport1	NA NA
HNAA	pSport1	NA
HBSA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
НВВМ	pCMVSport1	NA NA
HADM	pBluescript	NA NA
НМКА НМКС	pSport1	LP12
HFVH HFVI HFVJ HFVK	pBluescript	LP03
HKIM	Lambda Zap II	PA005
	Laminota Zap II	Phage
<u></u>		1 mage

I IDD ADIEC NEDMEITEN	VECTOR	ATCC
LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
		DEPOSIT
HCUD HCUE HCUG	7 A D	NO.
	ZAP express	LP02
	pBluescript	NA
	pBluescript	LP13
	pSport1	NA
	pSport1	LP10
	pSport1	LP10
	pCMVSport 2.0	LP07
HNFI	pBluescript	LP03
HBMC HBMD	pBluescript	LP03
	pSport1	LP12
	pSport1	LP12
	pBluescript	PA005
	peraescript	Phage
HADC HADF	pSport1	LP10
	pSport1	LP10
	pBluescript	LP10
	pBluescript	NA LD12
	pCMVSport 2.0	LP12
	pSport1	LP10
	ZAP express	LP02
HEOA	pBluescript	PA005
		DNA
HSDX	pBluescript	LP13
	pSport1	LP12
	pSport1	LP10
	pCMVSport	LP07
	2.0	
	pBluescript	LP13
HEON HEOQ HEOS	pSport1	LP10
HCGB	pSport1	LP10
	pBluescript	NA
	pSport1	LP12
	pSport1	LP10
	oSport1	LP10
	pSport1	LP10
	pSport1	LP10
	pCMVSport	LP07
} F	2.0	LPU/
		T D07
	pCMVSport	LP07
	2.0	T D12
	oCMVSport 2.0	LP12
	oSport1	LP10
H6BS U	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
	CMVSport	LP07
HKAO 2	2.0	
	Sport1	LP10
	oSport1	LP10
HLDB HLDC HLDD	oCMVSport 3.0	LP08

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
	VECTOR	DEPOSIT
		NO.
HLDN HLDO	pCMVSport	LP08
	3.0	LIVO
HNDA	pCMVSport	LP07
	2.0	LF0/
НМТА НМТВ	pCMVSport	LP08
	3.0	LFV6
HNTA HNTB HNTC HNTD HNTE	pCMVSport	LP08
	3.0	LFV6
HNTM	pSport1	LP10
HDPA HDPB HDPC HDPF HDPG HDPH HDPI HDPJ HDPK	pCMVSport	LP08
HDPL HDPR HDPS HDPT HDPU HDPW HDPX HDQD HDQE	3.0	Live
HDQF HDQG HDQH	3.0	
HDPM HDPO HDPP HDPO HDOP	pCMVSport	LP08
(3.0	LIVO
HMTM	PCRII	LP09
HLDX	pSport1	LP10
HMUB	pCMVSport	LP10
	3.0	LPUS
HULA HULC	pSport1	TRIA
HFNA		LP10
HKGA HKGB HKGC HKGD	pSport1	LP10
HISA HISB HISC HISD HISE	pSport1	LP10
HLSA	pSport1	LP10
HHEA HHEB HHEC HHED HHEE HHEF HHEG HHEH HHEI	pSport1	LP10
HHEJ	pCMVSport	LP08
HHEM HHEN HHEP HHEQ HHER HHET HHEU HHEV HHEW	3.0	
HHEX HHEY HHEZ	pCMVSport	LP08
HEQA	3.0	
IIIQA	pCMVSport	LP08
НЈМА НЈМВ	3.0	
TOWN TOWNS	pCMVSport	LP08
HSWB	3.0	7.000
IIS W B	pCMVSport	LP08
HNTR HNTS HNTT	3.0	
HEEA	pSport1	NA
HEGA	Uni-ZAP XR	NA
HSYA HSYB HSYD HSYE	Uni-ZAP XR	NA
1131 A 1131 D 1131 D 1131 E	pCMVSport	LP08
HLWA HLWB HLWC	3.0	
IILWA IILWO IILWC	pCMVSport	LP08
HDAA UDAD UDAC UDAE	3.0	ļ
HRAA HRAB HRAC HRAE	pCMVSport	LP08
HTVI HTVV HTVI HTVA HTVA HTVA HTVA	3.0	
HTXJ HTXK HTXL HTXM HTXO HTXP HTXQ HTXR HTXS	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HAMF HAMG	pCMVSport	LP12
HAIA HAID	3.0	
НАЈА НАЈВ	pCMVSport	LP12
		ı
MODIL	3.0	
HDFU	pCMVSport	NA
	pCMVSport 2.0	NA
HDFU HDHE	pCMVSport 2.0 pCMVSport	NA NA
	pCMVSport 2.0	

2054

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
5.2.4 11000 55. 001725	, recion	DEPOSIT
		NO.
HAPN HAPO HAPQ HAPR	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HWBA HWBB HWBC HWBD HWBE HWBF	pCMVSport	LP12
	3.0	LF12
HWAA HWAB HWAC HWAD HWAG HWAI	pCMVSport	LP12
НУАА НУАВ НУАС	3.0	7.712
пталтавнтас	pCMVSport 3.0	LP12
HWHG HWHH	pCMVSport	LP12
	3.0	
нwнр нwнQ	pCMVSport 3.0	LP12
HCWU	ZAP Exress	LP13
HSIF HSIG	Uni-ZAP XR	PA005
	OIL-ZAI AK	Phage
HLTG HLTH HLTI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HARM HARN	pCMVSport	LP12
	3.0	
HBIM HBIN HBIO HBIP	pCMVSport	LP12
	3.0	
HSOB HSOD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HCQC HCQD	Lambda ZAP II	
HCNC HCND	Lambda ZAP II	LP01
HROB HROD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
НАНС	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HWDA	pCMVSport	LP12
	3.0	
HODE HODF HODG	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HTEL HTEP	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HBGM HBGN	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HTLG HTLH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HHFJ HHFL HHFM	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HFKH HFKI HFKM	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HTPF HTPG HTPH HTPI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HUVF HUVG HUVH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HE2J HE2L HE2R HE2T	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HS2A	pSport1	LP16
HS2S	pSport1	LP16
HLQG	Lambda Zap II	LP01
HA5A HA5B HTTI HTTK	pSport1	LP16
HTAH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HDDN	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HPCI	pSport1	LP22
	Lambda Zap- CMV XR	LP21
HPCR	Lambda Zap-	LP22
LIDAY UDAT	CMV XR	
HPMK HPML	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HHFO	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HAAA	pSport1	LP22
HOOH	pSport1	LP22
HIDA	pSport1	LP22
HNOA	pSport1	LP22

LIDD ABIES DEBOSTES	Lynaman	
LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
		DEPOSIT
		NO.
HUUA	pTrip1Ex2	LP22
HPDO	pSport1	PA005
		DNA
HPCO	*pSport1	PA005
		DNA
НОСМ	pSport1	PA005
		DNA
HNBT	pSport1	PA005
TIDOI		DNA
HBCJ	pSport1	PA005
HSAM		DNA
nsam	pSport1	PA005
HFXA HFXH	1 1 1 2 A D II	DNA
HMSA HMSC HMSD HMSF HMSG HMSH HMSI HMSJ	Lambda ZAP II	LP01
HOSA HOSB HOSD HOSM HOSN HOSD HOSP	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HEBA HEBB HEBF HEBG	Uni ZAP XR	LP04
HAGB HAGD HAGE HAGF	Uni ZAP XR	NA
HSRA HSRB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HPVA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
nrva	Uni ZAP XR	PA005
HKIA	TT : (7.1 D 100	Phage
MKIA	Uni ZAP XR	PA005
HKMA	II.: ZAD VD	Phage
HSRF	Uni ZAP XR	NA V DO2
HSQD HSQF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HSKE HSKZ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HSLE HSLF HSLG HSLH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HSDE HSDH	Uni-ZAP XR Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HSXA HSXB HSXD		LP03
HSHA HSHB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HBXA HBXB HBXC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HOUA HOUD	ZAP Express	LP13
HPWA HPWB HPWC	Uni-ZAP XR Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HELB HELG HELH		LP13
HEMF HEMG	Uni-ZAP XR Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HBIB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HFRA HFRB	Uni ZAP XR	LP04 PA005
III KA II KO	Uni ZAP XK	
HHSB HHSD	IImi ZAD VD	Phage
HNGB HNGE HNGG HNGI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HNHD HNHE HNHH	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HADB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
	Uni ZAP XR	NA
HSAV HSAW HSAX HSAZ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HBMS HBMT HBMV HBMX HOBA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
NUDA	pBluescript	PA005
HOLE HOLE HOLY HOLY HOLY HOLY HOLY	11 : 7 : 5 : 5	Phage
HOEE HOEF HOEK HOEL HOEM HOEN HOEO	Uni ZAP XR	PA005
UAID HAIC HAID	11-1 77 1 5 1 15	Phage
HAIB HAIC HAID	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HTGA HTGB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HEIB HEIC	Uni ZAP XR	NA

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LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC
·		DEPOSIT
VII. 400		NO.
HMCD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
НРСА	Uni ZAP XR	NA
НРНА	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HPIA HPIC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
НРЈА НРЈВ НРЈС НРЈЕ	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HFIA HFIB HFIC	pSport1	LP10
HFIH HFII HFIJ	pSport1	LP10
HFIU	pSport1	LP10
HSKX	pBluescript	LP03
HGCO	pSport1	NA
HMVA HMVB HMVC HMVD	pSport1	LP10
HOSE HOSF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HNHN HNHO	Uni ZAP XR	LP04
HTGE HTGF	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HFPB HFPC HFPE HFPF HFPH HFPI HFPJ HFPK	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HFIX HFIY HFIZ	pSport1	LP10
НОНА НОНВ НОНС НОНЕ	pCMVSport	LP07
	2.0	
HSDJ HSDK	Uni-ZAP XR	LP03
HFOX HFOY	pSport1	LP10
HMAH HMAJ HMAK HMAM	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HACB HACC	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HFXK	Lambda ZAP II	PA005
		Phage
HFAT	Uni ZAP XR	PA005
		Phage
HANG	pSport1	NA
HOUH	Uni ZAP XR	NA
HMCF HMCG HMCH HMCI	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HWLE HWLF HWLG HWLH HWMA	pSport1	LP14
HCRM HCRN HCRO HCRP HCRQ	pSport1	LP14
HWLI HWLJ HWLK HWLL HWMF	pSport1	LP14
HWLQ HWLR HWLU HWLV HWLW HWLX	pSport1	LP14
HBOD HBOE	pSport1	LP14
HBKD	pSport1	LP14
HWLA HWLC HWLD HWLP	pSport1	LP14
HWLM HWLO HWMB HWMC	pSport1	LP14
HVAA	pSport1	LP12
HBWC	ZAP express	LP13
HHSF HHSG	Uni ZAP XR	LP04
HSLJ	Uni ZAP XR	NA
HAQN	pSport1	LP14
HASM	pSport1	LP14
HCDM	pSport1	LP14
HFDM	pSport1	LP14
HGAM	pSport1	LP14
ННММ	pSport1	LP14
HAVM	pT-Adv	LP14
HAVT	pT-Adv	LP14
HHAT HHAU	pT-Adv	LP14
HUCN HUCO HUCP HUCQ	pSport1	LP20
ННАО	pCMVSport	LP15

LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC DEPOSIT
	3.0	NO.
HTFN	pSport1	I Dic
HMSM HMSO HMSP	Uni ZAP XR	PA005
HEPN	pSport1	Phage LP20
HPSN	pSport1	LP20
HNSA	pSporti	LP20
HNSM	pSport1	LP20
HOCN	pSport1	LP20
HOCT	pSport1	LP20
HLXN	pSport1	LP20
HTYN	pSport1	LP20
HZAA	pSport1	LP20
HINA	pSport1	LP16
HRMA	pSport1	LP16
HSKI HSKJ HSKK	pBluescript	LP03
HACA	Uni-ZAP XR	LP13
HFAA HFAC HFAD	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HFAM	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HMIA HMIB	Uni-ZAP XR	LP04
HILB HILC	pBluescript	PA005
	SK-	Phage
НРВЕ	pBluescript SK-	LP13
HIBC HIBE	Other	NA
HPDD	pBluescript SK-	NA
HSAA HSAB HSAC	pBluescript	LP05
HSBA	pBluescript SK-	LP13
НЈАА НЈАС	pBluescript SK-	LP13
НЈВА НЈВС	pBluescript 'SK-	LP13
HAFB	pBS	LP05
HTNA HTNB	pBluescript SK-	LP13
HONA	pBluescript	LP05
НВМА	pBluescript SK-	NA
HARA	pBluescript	LP05
H2CA	pBluescript SK-	NA
H2MA	pBluescript SK-	NA
H2MB H2MC	pBluescript SK-	PA005 Phage
H2CB	pBluescript SK-	PA005 Phage
НСҮА	pBluescript SK-	NA
НСҮВ	pBluescript	PA005
		1.1000

	LIBRARIES DEPOSITED	VECTOR	ATCC DEPOSIT NO.
		SK-	Phage
H2LA H2LB		pBluescript SK-	PA005 Phage

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In many cases, the vector used to construct the library is a phage vector from which a plasmid has been excised. The table immediately below correlates the related plasmid for each phage vector used in constructing the cDNA library. For example, where a particular clone is identified in Table 1 as being isolated in the vector "Lambda Zap," the corresponding deposited clone is in "pBluescript."

	Vector Used to Construct Library	Corresponding Deposited Plasmid
	Lambda Zap	pBluescript (pBS)
	Uni-Zap XR	pBluescript (pBS)
10	Zap Express	pBK
	lafmid BA	plafmid BA
	pSport1	pSport1
	pCMVSport 2.0	pCMVSport 2.0
	pCMVSport 3.0	pCMVSport 3.0
15	pCR [®] 2.1	pCR [®] 2.1

Vectors Lambda Zap (U.S. Patent Nos. 5,128,256 and 5,286,636), Uni-Zap XR (U.S. Patent Nos. 5,128, 256 and 5,286,636), Zap Express (U.S. Patent Nos. 5,128,256 and 5,286,636), pBluescript (pBS) (Short, J. M. et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 16:7583-7600 (1988); Alting-Mees, M. A. and Short, J. M., Nucleic Acids Res. 17:9494 (1989)) and pBK (Alting-Mees, M. A. et al., Strategies 5:58-61 (1992)) are commercially available from Stratagene Cloning Systems, Inc., 11011 N. Torrey Pines Road, La Jolla, CA, 92037. pBS contains an ampicillin resistance gene and pBK contains a neomycin resistance gene. Both can be transformed into E. coli strain XL-1 Blue, also available from Stratagene. pBS comes in 4 forms SK+, SK-, KS+ and KS. The S and K refers to the orientation of the polylinker to the T7 and T3 primer sequences which flank the polylinker region ("S" is for SacI and "K" is for KpnI which are the first sites on each respective end of the linker). "+" or "-" refer to the orientation of the f1 origin of replication ("ori"), such that in one orientation, single stranded rescue initiated from the f1 ori generates sense strand DNA and in the other, antisense.

Vectors pSport1, pCMVSport 2.0 and pCMVSport 3.0, were obtained from Life Technologies, Inc., P. O. Box 6009, Gaithersburg, MD 20897. All Sport vectors contain an ampicillin resistance gene and may be transformed into E. coli strain DH10B, also available from Life Technologies. (See, for instance, Gruber, C. E., et al., Focus 15:59 (1993).)

2060

Vector lafmid BA (Bento Soares, Columbia University, NY) contains an ampicillin resistance gene and can be transformed into E. coli strain XL-1 Blue. Vector pCR[®]2.1, which is available from Invitrogen, 1600 Faraday Avenue, Carlsbad, CA 92008, contains an ampicillin resistance gene and may be transformed into E. coli strain DH10B, available from Life Technologies. (See, for instance, Clark, J. M., Nuc. Acids Res. 16:9677-9686 (1988) and Mead, D. et al., Bio/Technology 9: (1991).) Preferably, a polynucleotide of the present invention does not comprise the phage vector sequences identified for the particular clone in Table 1, as well as the corresponding plasmid vector sequences designated above.

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The deposited material in the sample assigned the ATCC Deposit Number cited in Table 2 for any given cDNA clone also may contain one or more additional plasmids, each comprising a cDNA clone different from that given clone. Thus, deposits sharing the same ATCC Deposit Number contain at least a plasmid for each cDNA clone identified in Table 1. Typically, each ATCC deposit sample cited in Table 2 comprises a mixture of approximately equal amounts (by weight) of about 50 plasmid DNAs, each containing a different cDNA clone; but such a deposit sample may include plasmids for more or less than 50 cDNA clones, up to about 500 cDNA clones.

Two approaches can be used to isolate a particular clone from the deposited sample of plasmid DNAs cited for that library in Table 2 and 9. First, a plasmid is directly isolated by screening the libraries using a polynucleotide probe corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X.

Particularly, a specific polynucleotide with 30-40 nucleotides is synthesized using an Applied Biosystems DNA synthesizer according to the sequence reported. The oligonucleotide is labeled, for instance, with ³²P-γ-ATP using T4 polynucleotide kinase and purified according to routine methods. (E.g., Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring, NY (1982).) The plasmid mixture is transformed into a suitable host, as indicated above (such as XL-1 Blue (Stratagene)) using techniques known to those of skill in the art, such as those provided by the vector supplier or in related publications or patents cited above. The transformants are plated on 1.5% agar plates (containing the appropriate selection agent, e.g., ampicillin) to a density of about 150 transformants (colonies) per plate. These plates are screened using Nylon membranes according to routine methods for bacterial colony screening (e.g., Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Edit., (1989), Cold Spring

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Harbor Laboratory Press, pages 1.93 to 1.104), or other techniques known to those of skill in the art.

Alternatively, two primers of 17-20 nucleotides derived from both ends of the SEQ ID NO:X (i.e., within the region of SEQ ID NO:X bounded by the 5' NT and the 3' NT of the clone defined in Table 1) are synthesized and used to amplify the desired cDNA using the deposited cDNA plasmid as a template. The polymerase chain reaction is carried out under routine conditions, for instance, in 25 µl of reaction mixture with 0.5 ug of the above cDNA template. A convenient reaction mixture is 1.5-5 mM MgCl₂, 0.01% (w/v) gelatin, 20 µM each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP, 25 pmol of each primer and 0.25 Unit of Taq polymerase. Thirty five cycles of PCR (denaturation at 94°C for 1 min; annealing at 55°C for 1 min; elongation at 72°C for 1 min) are performed with a Perkin-Elmer Cetus automated thermal cycler. The amplified product is analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and the DNA band with expected molecular weight is excised and purified. The PCR product is verified to be the selected sequence by subcloning and sequencing the DNA product.

Several methods are available for the identification of the 5' or 3' non-coding portions of a gene which may not be present in the deposited clone. These methods include but are not limited to, filter probing, clone enrichment using specific probes, and protocols similar or identical to 5' and 3' "RACE" protocols which are well known in the art. For instance, a method similar to 5' RACE is available for generating the missing 5' end of a desired full-length transcript. (Fromont-Racine et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 21(7):1683-1684 (1993).)

Briefly, a specific RNA oligonucleotide is ligated to the 5' ends of a population of RNA presumably containing full-length gene RNA transcripts. A primer set containing a primer specific to the ligated RNA oligonucleotide and a primer specific to a known sequence of the gene of interest is used to PCR amplify the 5' portion of the desired full-length gene. This amplified product may then be sequenced and used to generate the full length gene.

This above method starts with total RNA isolated from the desired source, although poly-A+ RNA can be used. The RNA preparation can then be treated with phosphatase if necessary to eliminate 5' phosphate groups on degraded or damaged RNA which may interfere with the later RNA ligase step. The phosphatase should then be inactivated and the RNA treated with tobacco acid pyrophosphatase in order to remove the cap structure present at the 5' ends of messenger RNAs. This reaction leaves a 5' phosphate group at the 5' end of

2062

the cap cleaved RNA which can then be ligated to an RNA oligonucleotide using T4 RNA ligase.

This modified RNA preparation is used as a template for first strand cDNA synthesis using a gene specific oligonucleotide. The first strand synthesis reaction is used as a template for PCR amplification of the desired 5' end using a primer specific to the ligated RNA oligonucleotide and a primer specific to the known sequence of the gene of interest. The resultant product is then sequenced and analyzed to confirm that the 5' end sequence belongs to the desired gene.

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10 Example 2: Isolation of Genomic Clones Corresponding to a Polynucleotide

A human genomic P1 library (Genomic Systems, Inc.) is screened by PCR using primers selected for the cDNA sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:X., according to the method described in Example 1. (See also, Sambrook.)

Example 3: Tissue specific expression analysis

The Human Genome Sciences, Inc. (HGS) database is derived from sequencing tissue specific cDNA libraries. Libraries generated from a particular tissue (e.g., those shown in Table 3 and 5) are selected and the specific tissue expression pattern of EST groups or assembled contigs within these libraries is determined by comparison of the expression patterns of those groups or contigs within the entire database. ESTs which are predicted to have significantly enhances expression in colon or colon cancer tissues were selected.

The original clone from which the specific EST sequence was generated, is obtained from the catalogued library of clones and the insert amplified by PCR using methods known in the art. The PCR product is denatured then transferred in 96 well format to a nylon membrane (Schleicher and Scheull) generating an array filter of colon and/or colon cancer related clones. Housekeeping genes, maize genes, known tissue specific genes and known membrane localized class I genes are included on the filters as controls. These targets can be used in signal normalization and to validate assay sensitivity. Additional targets are included to monitor probe length and specificity of hybridization.

2063

Radioactively labeled hybridization probes are generated by first strand cDNA synthesis per the manufacturer's instructions (Life Technologies) from mRNA/RNA samples prepared from the specific tissue being analyzed. The hybridization probes are purified by gel exclusion chromatography, quantitated, and hybridized with the array filters in hybridization bottles at 65°C overnight. The filters are washed under stringent conditions and signals are captured using a Fuji phosphorimager.

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Data is extracted using AIS software and following background subtraction, signal normalization is performed. This includes a normalization of filter-wide expression levels between different experimental runs. Genes that are differentially expressed in the tissue of interest are identified and the full length sequence of these clones is generated.

Example 4: Chromosomal Mapping of the Polynucleotides

An oligonucleotide primer set is designed according to the sequence at the 5' end of SEQ ID NO:X. This primer preferably spans about 100 nucleotides. This primer set is then used in a polymerase chain reaction under the following set of conditions: 30 seconds, 95°C; 1 minute, 56°C; 1 minute, 70°C. This cycle is repeated 32 times followed by one 5 minute cycle at 70°C. Human, mouse, and hamster DNA is used as template in addition to a somatic cell hybrid panel containing individual chromosomes or chromosome fragments (Bios, Inc). The reactions is analyzed on either 8% polyacrylamide gels or 3.5 % agarose gels. Chromosome mapping is determined by the presence of an approximately 100 bp PCR fragment in the particular somatic cell hybrid.

Example 5: Bacterial Expression of a Polypeptide

A polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of the present invention is amplified using PCR oligonucleotide primers corresponding to the 5' and 3' ends of the DNA sequence, as outlined in Example 1, to synthesize insertion fragments. The primers used to amplify the cDNA insert should preferably contain restriction sites, such as BamHI and XbaI, at the 5' end of the primers in order to clone the amplified product into the expression vector. For example, BamHI and XbaI correspond to the restriction enzyme sites on the bacterial

WO 01/22920 PCT/US00/26524

expression vector pQE-9. (Qiagen, Inc., Chatsworth, CA). This plasmid vector encodes antibiotic resistance (Ampr), a bacterial origin of replication (ori), an IPTG-regulatable promoter/operator (P/O), a ribosome binding site (RBS), a 6-histidine tag (6-His), and restriction enzyme cloning sites.

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The pQE-9 vector is digested with BamHI and XbaI and the amplified fragment is ligated into the pQE-9 vector maintaining the reading frame initiated at the bacterial RBS. The ligation mixture is then used to transform the E. coli strain M15/rep4 (Qiagen, Inc.) which contains multiple copies of the plasmid pREP4, which expresses the lacI repressor and also confers kanamycin resistance (Kanr). Transformants are identified by their ability to grow on LB plates and ampicillin/kanamycin resistant colonies are selected. Plasmid DNA is isolated and confirmed by restriction analysis.

Clones containing the desired constructs are grown overnight (O/N) in liquid culture in LB media supplemented with both Amp (100 ug/ml) and Kan (25 ug/ml). The O/N culture is used to inoculate a large culture at a ratio of 1:100 to 1:250. The cells are grown to an optical density 600 (O.D.⁶⁰⁰) of between 0.4 and 0.6. IPTG (Isopropyl-B-D-thiogalacto pyranoside) is then added to a final concentration of 1 mM. IPTG induces by inactivating the lacI repressor, clearing the P/O leading to increased gene expression.

Cells are grown for an extra 3 to 4 hours. Cells are then harvested by centrifugation (20 mins at 6000Xg). The cell pellet is solubilized in the chaotropic agent 6 Molar Guanidine HCl by stirring for 3-4 hours at 4°C. The cell debris is removed by centrifugation, and the supernatant containing the polypeptide is loaded onto a nickel-nitrilo-tri-acetic acid ("Ni-NTA") affinity resin column (available from QIAGEN, Inc., supra). Proteins with a 6 x His tag bind to the Ni-NTA resin with high affinity and can be purified in a simple one-step procedure (for details see: The QIAexpressionist (1995) QIAGEN, Inc., supra).

Briefly, the supernatant is loaded onto the column in 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH 8, the column is first washed with 10 volumes of 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH 8, then washed with 10 volumes of 6 M guanidine-HCl pH 6, and finally the polypeptide is eluted with 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH 5.

The purified protein is then renatured by dialyzing it against phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) or 50 mM Na-acetate, pH 6 buffer plus 200 mM NaCl. Alternatively, the protein can be successfully refolded while immobilized on the Ni-NTA column. The recommended conditions are as follows: renature using a linear 6M-1M urea gradient in 500

2065

mM NaCl, 20% glycerol, 20 mM Tris/HCl pH 7.4, containing protease inhibitors. The renaturation should be performed over a period of 1.5 hours or more. After renaturation the proteins are eluted by the addition of 250 mM immidazole. Immidazole is removed by a final dialyzing step against PBS or 50 mM sodium acetate pH 6 buffer plus 200 mM NaCl. The purified protein is stored at 4°C or frozen at -80°C.

In addition to the above expression vector, the present invention further includes an expression vector comprising phage operator and promoter elements operatively linked to a polynucleotide of the present invention, called pHE4a. (ATCC Accession Number 209645, deposited on February 25, 1998.) This vector contains: 1) a neomycinphosphotransferase gene as a selection marker, 2) an E. coli origin of replication, 3) a T5 phage promoter sequence, 4) two lac operator sequences, 5) a Shine-Delgarno sequence, and 6) the lactose operon repressor gene (lacIq). The origin of replication (oriC) is derived from pUC19 (LTI, Gaithersburg, MD). The promoter sequence and operator sequences are made synthetically.

DNA can be inserted into the pHEa by restricting the vector with NdeI and XbaI, BamHI, XhoI, or Asp718, running the restricted product on a gel, and isolating the larger fragment (the stuffer fragment should be about 310 base pairs). The DNA insert is generated according to the PCR protocol described in Example 1, using PCR primers having restriction sites for NdeI (5' primer) and XbaI, BamHI, XhoI, or Asp718 (3' primer). The PCR insert is gel purified and restricted with compatible enzymes. The insert and vector are ligated according to standard protocols.

The engineered vector could easily be substituted in the above protocol to express protein in a bacterial system.

Example 6: Purification of a Polypeptide from an Inclusion Body

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The following alternative method can be used to purify a polypeptide expressed in E coli when it is present in the form of inclusion bodies. Unless otherwise specified, all of the following steps are conducted at 4-10°C.

Upon completion of the production phase of the *E. coli* fermentation, the cell culture is cooled to 4-10°C and the cells harvested by continuous centrifugation at 15,000 rpm (Heraeus Sepatech). On the basis of the expected yield of protein per unit weight of cell paste and the amount of purified protein required, an appropriate amount of cell paste, by

2066

weight, is suspended in a buffer solution containing 100 mM Tris, 50 mM EDTA, pH 7.4. The cells are dispersed to a homogeneous suspension using a high shear mixer.

The cells are then lysed by passing the solution through a microfluidizer (Microfuidics, Corp. or APV Gaulin, Inc.) twice at 4000-6000 psi. The homogenate is then mixed with NaCl solution to a final concentration of 0.5 M NaCl, followed by centrifugation at 7000 xg for 15 min. The resultant pellet is washed again using 0.5M NaCl, 100 mM Tris, 50 mM EDTA, pH 7.4.

The resulting washed inclusion bodies are solubilized with 1.5 M guanidine hydrochloride (GuHCl) for 2-4 hours. After 7000 xg centrifugation for 15 min., the pellet is discarded and the polypeptide containing supernatant is incubated at 4°C overnight to allow further GuHCl extraction.

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Following high speed centrifugation (30,000 xg) to remove insoluble particles, the GuHCl solubilized protein is refolded by quickly mixing the GuHCl extract with 20 volumes of buffer containing 50 mM sodium, pH 4.5, 150 mM NaCl, 2 mM EDTA by vigorous stirring. The refolded diluted protein solution is kept at 4°C without mixing for 12 hours prior to further purification steps.

To clarify the refolded polypeptide solution, a previously prepared tangential filtration unit equipped with 0.16 µm membrane filter with appropriate surface area (e.g., Filtron), equilibrated with 40 mM sodium acetate, pH 6.0 is employed. The filtered sample is loaded onto a cation exchange resin (e.g., Poros HS-50, Perseptive Biosystems). The column is washed with 40 mM sodium acetate, pH 6.0 and eluted with 250 mM, 500 mM, 1000 mM, and 1500 mM NaCl in the same buffer, in a stepwise manner. The absorbance at 280 nm of the effluent is continuously monitored. Fractions are collected and further analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

Fractions containing the polypeptide are then pooled and mixed with 4 volumes of water. The diluted sample is then loaded onto a previously prepared set of tandem columns of strong anion (Poros HQ-50, Perseptive Biosystems) and weak anion (Poros CM-20, Perseptive Biosystems) exchange resins. The columns are equilibrated with 40 mM sodium acetate, pH 6.0. Both columns are washed with 40 mM sodium acetate, pH 6.0, 200 mM NaCl. The CM-20 column is then eluted using a 10 column volume linear gradient ranging from 0.2 M NaCl, 50 mM sodium acetate, pH 6.0 to 1.0 M NaCl, 50 mM sodium acetate, pH

2067

6.5. Fractions are collected under constant A₂₈₀ monitoring of the effluent. Fractions containing the polypeptide (determined, for instance, by 16% SDS-PAGE) are then pooled.

The resultant polypeptide should exhibit greater than 95% purity after the above refolding and purification steps. No major contaminant bands should be observed from Commassie blue stained 16% SDS-PAGE gel when 5 µg of purified protein is loaded. The purified protein can also be tested for endotoxin/LPS contamination, and typically the LPS content is less than 0.1 ng/ml according to LAL assays.

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Example 7: Cloning and Expression of a Polypeptide in a Baculovirus Expression System

In this example, the plasmid shuttle vector pA2 is used to insert a polynucleotide into a baculovirus to express a polypeptide. This expression vector contains the strong polyhedrin promoter of the Autographa californica nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcMNPV) followed by convenient restriction sites such as BamHI, Xba I and Asp718. The polyadenylation site of the simian virus 40 ("SV40") is used for efficient polyadenylation. For easy selection of recombinant virus, the plasmid contains the beta-galactosidase gene from E. coli under control of a weak Drosophila promoter in the same orientation, followed by the polyadenylation signal of the polyhedrin gene. The inserted genes are flanked on both sides by viral sequences for cell-mediated homologous recombination with wild-type viral DNA to generate a viable virus that express the cloned polynucleotide.

Many other baculovirus vectors can be used in place of the vector above, such as pAc373, pVL941, and pAcIM1, as one skilled in the art would readily appreciate, as long as the construct provides appropriately located signals for transcription, translation, secretion and the like, including a signal peptide and an in-frame AUG as required. Such vectors are described, for instance, in Luckow et al., Virology 170:31-39 (1989).

Specifically, the cDNA sequence contained in the deposited clone, including the AUG initiation codon, is amplified using the PCR protocol described in Example 1. If a naturally occurring signal sequence is used to produce a colon or colon cancer related polypeptide, the pA2 vector does not need a second signal peptide. Alternatively, the vector can be modified (pA2 GP) to include a baculovirus leader sequence, using the standard methods described in Summers et al., "A Manual of Methods for Baculovirus Vectors and

2068

Insect Cell Culture Procedures," Texas Agricultural Experimental Station Bulletin No. 1555 (1987).

The amplified fragment is isolated from a 1% agarose gel using a commercially available kit ("Geneclean," BIO 101 Inc., La Jolla, Ca.). The fragment then is digested with appropriate restriction enzymes and again purified on a 1% agarose gel.

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The plasmid is digested with the corresponding restriction enzymes and optionally, can be dephosphorylated using calf intestinal phosphatase, using routine procedures known in the art. The DNA is then isolated from a 1% agarose gel using a commercially available kit ("Geneclean" BIO 101 Inc., La Jolla, Ca.).

The fragment and the dephosphorylated plasmid are ligated together with T4 DNA ligase. E. coli HB101 or other suitable E. coli hosts such as XL-1 Blue (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) cells are transformed with the ligation mixture and spread on culture plates. Bacteria containing the plasmid are identified by digesting DNA from individual colonies and analyzing the digestion product by gel electrophoresis. The sequence of the cloned fragment is confirmed by DNA sequencing.

Five μg of a plasmid containing the polynucleotide is co-transfected with 1.0 μg of a commercially available linearized baculovirus DNA ("BaculoGold™ baculovirus DNA", Pharmingen, San Diego, CA), using the lipofection method described by Felgner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:7413-7417 (1987). One μg of BaculoGold™ virus DNA and 5 μg of the plasmid are mixed in a sterile well of a microtiter plate containing 50 μl of serum-free Grace's medium (Life Technologies Inc., Gaithersburg, MD). Afterwards, 10 μl Lipofectin plus 90 μl Grace's medium are added, mixed and incubated for 15 minutes at room temperature. Then the transfection mixture is added drop-wise to Sf9 insect cells (ATCC CRL 1711) seeded in a 35 mm tissue culture plate with 1 ml Grace's medium without serum. The plate is then incubated for 5 hours at 27° C. The transfection solution is then removed from the plate and 1 ml of Grace's insect medium supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum is added. Cultivation is then continued at 27° C for four days.

After four days the supernatant is collected and a plaque assay is performed, as described by Summers and Smith, *supra*. An agarose gel with "Blue Gal" (Life Technologies Inc., Gaithersburg) is used to allow easy identification and isolation of gal-expressing clones, which produce blue-stained plaques. (A detailed description of a "plaque assay" of this type can also be found in the user's guide for insect cell culture and baculovirology distributed by

2069

Life Technologies Inc., Gaithersburg, page 9-10.) After appropriate incubation, blue stained plaques are picked with the tip of a micropipettor (e.g., Eppendorf). The agar containing the recombinant viruses is then resuspended in a microcentrifuge tube containing 200 µl of Grace's medium and the suspension containing the recombinant baculovirus is used to infect Sf9 cells seeded in 35 mm dishes. Four days later the supernatants of these culture dishes are harvested and then they are stored at 4° C.

To verify the expression of the polypeptide, Sf9 cells are grown in Grace's medium supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated FBS. The cells are infected with the recombinant baculovirus containing the polynucleotide at a multiplicity of infection ("MOI") of about 2. If radiolabeled proteins are desired, 6 hours later the medium is removed and is replaced with SF900 II medium minus methionine and cysteine (available from Life Technologies Inc., Rockville, MD). After 42 hours, 5 μCi of ³⁵S-methionine and 5 μCi ³⁵S-cysteine (available from Amersham) are added. The cells are further incubated for 16 hours and then are harvested by centrifugation. The proteins in the supernatant as well as the intracellular proteins are analyzed by SDS-PAGE followed by autoradiography (if radiolabeled).

Microsequencing of the amino acid sequence of the amino terminus of purified protein may be used to determine the amino terminal sequence of the produced protein.

Example 8: Expression of a Polypeptide in Mammalian Cells

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The polypeptide of the present invention can be expressed in a mammalian cell. A typical mammalian expression vector contains a promoter element, which mediates the initiation of transcription of mRNA, a protein coding sequence, and signals required for the termination of transcription and polyadenylation of the transcript. Additional elements include enhancers, Kozak sequences and intervening sequences flanked by donor and acceptor sites for RNA splicing. Highly efficient transcription is achieved with the early and late promoters from SV40, the long terminal repeats (LTRs) from Retroviruses, e.g., RSV, HTLVI, HIVI and the early promoter of the cytomegalovirus (CMV). However, cellular elements can also be used (e.g., the human actin promoter).

Suitable expression vectors for use in practicing the present invention include, for example, vectors such as pSVL and pMSG (Pharmacia, Uppsala, Sweden), pRSVcat (ATCC 37152), pSV2dhfr (ATCC 37146), pBC12MI (ATCC 67109), pCMVSport 2.0, and

2070

pCMVSport 3.0. Mammalian host cells that could be used include, human Hela, 293, H9 and Jurkat cells, mouse NIH3T3 and C127 cells, Cos 1, Cos 7 and CV1, quail QC1-3 cells, mouse L cells and Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells.

Alternatively, the polypeptide can be expressed in stable cell lines containing the polynucleotide integrated into a chromosome. The co-transfection with a selectable marker such as DHFR, gpt, neomycin, hygromycin allows the identification and isolation of the transfected cells.

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The transfected gene can also be amplified to express large amounts of the encoded protein. The DHFR (dihydrofolate reductase) marker is useful in developing cell lines that carry several hundred or even several thousand copies of the gene of interest. (See, e.g., Alt, F. W., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 253:1357-1370 (1978); Hamlin, J. L. and Ma, C., Biochem. et Biophys. Acta, 1097:107-143 (1990); Page, M. J. and Sydenham, M. A., Biotechnology 9:64-68 (1991).) Another useful selection marker is the enzyme glutamine synthase (GS) (Murphy et al., Biochem J. 227:277-279 (1991); Bebbington et al., Bio/Technology 10:169-175 (1992). Using these markers, the mammalian cells are grown in selective medium and the cells with the highest resistance are selected. These cell lines contain the amplified gene(s) integrated into a chromosome. Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) and NSO cells are often used for the production of proteins.

Derivatives of the plasmid pSV2-dhfr (ATCC Accession No. 37146), the expression vectors pC4 (ATCC Accession No. 209646) and pC6 (ATCC Accession No.209647) contain the strong promoter (LTR) of the Rous Sarcoma Virus (Cullen et al., Molecular and Cellular Biology, 438-447 (March, 1985)) plus a fragment of the CMV-enhancer (Boshart et al., Cell 41:521-530 (1985).) Multiple cloning sites, e.g., with the restriction enzyme cleavage sites BamHl, Xbal and Asp718, facilitate the cloning of the gene of interest. The vectors also contain the 3' intron, the polyadenylation and termination signal of the rat preproinsulin gene, and the mouse DHFR gene under control of the SV40 early promoter.

Specifically, the plasmid pC6, for example, is digested with appropriate restriction enzymes and then dephosphorylated using calf intestinal phosphates by procedures known in the art. The vector is then isolated from a 1% agarose gel.

A polynucleotide of the present invention is amplified according to the protocol outlined in Example 1. If a naturally occurring signal sequence is used to produce the colon or colon cancer related polypeptide, the vector does not need a second signal peptide.

Alternatively, if a naturally occurring signal sequence is not used, the vector can be modified to include a heterologous signal sequence. (See, e.g., WO 96/34891.)

The amplified fragment is isolated from a 1% agarose gel using a commercially available kit ("Geneclean," BIO 101 Inc., La Jolla, Ca.). The fragment then is digested with appropriate restriction enzymes and again purified on a 1% agarose gel.

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The amplified fragment is then digested with the same restriction enzyme and purified on a 1% agarose gel. The isolated fragment and the dephosphorylated vector are then ligated with T4 DNA ligase. E. coli HB101 or XL-1 Blue cells are then transformed and bacteria are identified that contain the fragment inserted into plasmid pC6 using, for instance, restriction enzyme analysis.

Chinese hamster ovary cells lacking an active DHFR gene is used for transfection. Five μg of the expression plasmid pC6 or pC4 is cotransfected with 0.5 μg of the plasmid pSVneo using lipofectin (Felgner et al., supra). The plasmid pSV2-neo contains a dominant selectable marker, the neo gene from Tn5 encoding an enzyme that confers resistance to a group of antibiotics including G418. The cells are seeded in alpha minus MEM supplemented with 1 mg/ml G418. After 2 days, the cells are trypsinized and seeded in hybridoma cloning plates (Greiner, Germany) in alpha minus MEM supplemented with 10, 25, or 50 ng/ml of metothrexate plus 1 mg/ml G418. After about 10-14 days single clones are trypsinized and then seeded in 6-well petri dishes or 10 ml flasks using different concentrations of methotrexate (50 nM, 100 nM, 200 nM, 400 nM, 800 nM). Clones growing at the highest concentrations of methotrexate are then transferred to new 6-well plates containing even higher concentrations of methotrexate (1 μM, 2 μM, 5 μM, 10 mM, 20 mM). The same procedure is repeated until clones are obtained which grow at a concentration of 100 - 200 μM. Expression of the desired gene product is analyzed, for instance, by SDS-PAGE and Western blot or by reversed phase HPLC analysis.

Example 9: Protein Fusions

The polypeptides of the present invention are preferably fused to other proteins.

These fusion proteins can be used for a variety of applications. For example, fusion of the present polypeptides to His-tag, HA-tag, protein A, IgG domains, and maltose binding protein facilitates purification. (See Example 5; see also EP A 394,827; Traunecker, et al.,

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Nature 331:84-86 (1988).) Similarly, fusion to IgG-1, IgG-3, and albumin increases the halflife time in vivo. Nuclear localization signals fused to the polypeptides of the present invention can target the protein to a specific subcellular localization, while covalent heterodimer or homodimers can increase or decrease the activity of a fusion protein. Fusion proteins can also create chimeric molecules having more than one function. Finally, fusion proteins can increase solubility and/or stability of the fused protein compared to the non-fused protein. All of the types of fusion proteins described above can be made by modifying the following protocol, which outlines the fusion of a polypeptide to an IgG molecule, or the protocol described in Example 5.

Briefly, the human Fc portion of the IgG molecule can be PCR amplified, using primers that span the 5' and 3' ends of the sequence described below. These primers also should have convenient restriction enzyme sites that will facilitate cloning into an expression vector, preferably a mammalian expression vector.

For example, if pC4 (Accession No. 209646) is used, the human Fc portion can be ligated into the BamHI cloning site. Note that the 3' BamHI site should be destroyed. Next, the vector containing the human Fc portion is re-restricted with BamHI, linearizing the vector, and a polynucleotide of the present invention, isolated by the PCR protocol described in Example 1, is ligated into this BamHI site. Note that the polynucleotide is cloned without a stop codon, otherwise a fusion protein will not be produced.

If the naturally occurring signal sequence is used to produce the colon or colon cancer related polypeptide, pC4 does not need a second signal peptide. Alternatively, if the naturally occurring signal sequence is not used, the vector can be modified to include a heterologous signal sequence. (See, e.g., WO 96/34891.)

25 Human IgG Fc region:

GGGATCCGGAGCCCAAATCTTCTGACAAAACTCACACATGCCCACCGTGCCCAG
CACCTGAATTCGAGGGTGCACCGTCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGA
CACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACTCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTAAGC
CACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGTGGAGGTGCAT
AATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTC
AGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGC
AAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAACCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCC

2073

AAAGGCAGCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGAG
CTGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCAAGC
GACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGAC
CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACC
GTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT
GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAAT
GAGTGCGACGGCCGCGACTCTAGAGGAT (SEQ ID NO:8555)

Example 10: Production of an Antibody from a Polypeptide

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a) Hybridoma Technology

The antibodies of the present invention can be prepared by a variety of methods. (See, Current Protocols, Chapter 2.) As one example of such methods, cells expressing polypeptide of the present invention are administered to an animal to induce the production of sera containing polyclonal antibodies. In a preferred method, a preparation of polypeptide of the present invention is prepared and purified to render it substantially free of natural contaminants. Such a preparation is then introduced into an animal in order to produce polyclonal antisera of greater specific activity.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for polypeptide of the present invention are prepared using hybridoma technology. (Kohler et al., Nature 256:495 (1975); Kohler et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 6:511 (1976); Kohler et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 6:292 (1976); Hammerling et al., in: Monoclonal Antibodies and T-Cell Hybridomas, Elsevier, N.Y., pp. 563-681 (1981)). In general, an animal (preferably a mouse) is immunized with polypeptide of the present invention or, more preferably, with a secreted polypeptide of the present invention-expressing cell. Such polypeptide-expressing cells are cultured in any suitable tissue culture medium, preferably in Earle's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (inactivated at about 56°C), and supplemented with about 10 g/l of nonessential amino acids, about 1,000 U/ml of penicillin, and about 100 μg/ml of streptomycin.

The splenocytes of such mice are extracted and fused with a suitable myeloma cell line. Any suitable myeloma cell line may be employed in accordance with the present invention; however, it is preferable to employ the parent myeloma cell line (SP2O), available

from the ATCC. After fusion, the resulting hybridoma cells are selectively maintained in HAT medium, and then cloned by limiting dilution as described by Wands et al. (Gastroenterology 80:225-232 (1981)). The hybridoma cells obtained through such a selection are then assayed to identify clones which secrete antibodies capable of binding the polypeptide of the present invention.

Alternatively, additional antibodies capable of binding to polypeptide of the present invention can be produced in a two-step procedure using anti-idiotypic antibodies. Such a method makes use of the fact that antibodies are themselves antigens, and therefore, it is possible to obtain an antibody which binds to a second antibody. In accordance with this method, protein specific antibodies are used to immunize an animal, preferably a mouse. The splenocytes of such an animal are then used to produce hybridoma cells, and the hybridoma cells are screened to identify clones which produce an antibody whose ability to bind to the polypeptide of the present invention-specific antibody can be blocked by polypeptide of the present invention. Such antibodies comprise anti-idiotypic antibodies to the polypeptide of the present invention-specific antibody and are used to immunize an animal to induce formation of further polypeptide of the present invention-specific antibodies.

For in vivo use of antibodies in humans, an antibody is "humanized". Such antibodies can be produced using genetic constructs derived from hybridoma cells producing the monoclonal antibodies described above. Methods for producing chimeric and humanized antibodies are known in the art and are discussed herein. (See, for review, Morrison, Science 229:1202 (1985); Oi et al., BioTechniques 4:214 (1986); Cabilly et al., U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567; Taniguchi et al., EP 171496; Morrison et al., EP 173494; Neuberger et al., WO 8702671; Boulianne et al., Nature 312:643 (1984); Neuberger et al., Nature 314:268 (1985).)

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b) Isolation Of Antibody Fragments Directed Against Polypeptide of the Present Invention From A Library Of scFvs

Naturally occurring V-genes isolated from human PBLs are constructed into a library of antibody fragments which contain reactivities against polypeptide of the present invention to which the donor may or may not have been exposed (see e.g., U.S. Patent 5,885,793 incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

Rescue of the Library. A library of scFvs is constructed from the RNA of human

PBLs as described in PCT publication WO 92/01047. To rescue phage displaying antibody fragments, approximately 109 E. coli harboring the phagemid are used to inoculate 50 ml of 2xTY containing 1% glucose and 100 μg/ml of ampicillin (2xTY-AMP-GLU) and grown to an O.D. of 0.8 with shaking. Five ml of this culture is used to innoculate 50 ml of 2xTY-AMP-GLU, 2 x 108 TU of delta gene 3 helper (M13 delta gene III, see PCT publication WO 92/01047) are added and the culture incubated at 37°C for 45 minutes without shaking and then at 37°C for 45 minutes with shaking. The culture is centrifuged at 4000 r.p.m. for 10 min. and the pellet resuspended in 2 liters of 2xTY containing 100 μg/ml ampicillin and 50 ug/ml kanamycin and grown overnight. Phage are prepared as described in PCT publication WO 92/01047.

M13 delta gene III is prepared as follows: M13 delta gene III helper phage does not encode gene III protein, hence the phage(mid) displaying antibody fragments have a greater avidity of binding to antigen. Infectious M13 delta gene III particles are made by growing the helper phage in cells harboring a pUC19 derivative supplying the wild type gene III protein during phage morphogenesis. The culture is incubated for 1 hour at 37° C without shaking and then for a further hour at 37°C with shaking. Cells are spun down (IEC-Centra 8,400 r.p.m. for 10 min), resuspended in 300 ml 2xTY broth containing 100 µg ampicillin/ml and 25 µg kanamycin/ml (2xTY-AMP-KAN) and grown overnight, shaking at 37°C. Phage particles are purified and concentrated from the culture medium by two PEG-precipitations (Sambrook et al., 1990), resuspended in 2 ml PBS and passed through a 0.45 µm filter (Minisart NML; Sartorius) to give a final concentration of approximately 1013 transducing units/ml (ampicillin-resistant clones).

Panning of the Library. Immunotubes (Nunc) are coated overnight in PBS with 4 ml of either 100 μg/ml or 10 μg/ml of a polypeptide of the present invention. Tubes are blocked with 2% Marvel-PBS for 2 hours at 37°C and then washed 3 times in PBS. Approximately 1013 TU of phage is applied to the tube and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature tumbling on an over and under turntable and then left to stand for another 1.5 hours. Tubes are washed 10 times with PBS 0.1% Tween-20 and 10 times with PBS. Phage are eluted by adding 1 ml of 100 mM triethylamine and rotating 15 minutes on an under and over turntable after which the solution is immediately neutralized with 0.5 ml of 1.0M Tris-HCl, pH 7.4. Phage are then used to infect 10 ml of mid-log E. coli TG1 by incubating eluted phage with bacteria for 30 minutes at 37°C. The E. coli are then plated on TYE plates containing 1%

2076

glucose and $100 \mu g/ml$ ampicillin. The resulting bacterial library is then rescued with delta gene 3 helper phage as described above to prepare phage for a subsequent round of selection. This process is then repeated for a total of 4 rounds of affinity purification with tube-washing increased to 20 times with PBS, 0.1% Tween-20 and 20 times with PBS for rounds 3 and 4.

Characterization of Binders. Eluted phage from the 3rd and 4th rounds of selection are used to infect E. coli HB 2151 and soluble scFv is produced (Marks, et al., 1991) from single colonies for assay. ELISAs are performed with microtitre plates coated with either 10 pg/ml of the polypeptide of the present invention in 50 mM bicarbonate pH 9.6. Clones positive in ELISA are further characterized by PCR fingerprinting (see, e.g., PCT publication WO 92/01047) and then by sequencing. These ELISA positive clones may also be further characterized by techniques known in the art, such as, for example, epitope mapping, binding affinity, receptor signal transduction, ability to block or competitively inhibit antibody/antigen binding, and competitive agonistic or antagonistic activity.

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Example 11: Method of Determining Alterations in a Gene Corresponding to a Polynucleotide

RNA isolated from entire families or individual patients presenting with a phenotype of interest (such as a disease) is be isolated. cDNA is then generated from these RNA samples using protocols known in the art. (See, Sambrook.) The cDNA is then used as a template for PCR, employing primers surrounding regions of interest in SEQ ID NO:X. Suggested PCR conditions consist of 35 cycles at 95 degrees C for 30 seconds; 60-120 seconds at 52-58 degrees C; and 60-120 seconds at 70 degrees C, using buffer solutions described in Sidransky et al., Science 252:706 (1991).

PCR products are then sequenced using primers labeled at their 5' end with T4 polynucleotide kinase, employing SequiTherm Polymerase. (Epicentre Technologies). The intron-exon borders of selected exons is also determined and genomic PCR products analyzed to confirm the results. PCR products harboring suspected mutations is then cloned and sequenced to validate the results of the direct sequencing.

PCR products is cloned into T-tailed vectors as described in Holton et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 19:1156 (1991) and sequenced with T7 polymerase (United States

2077

Biochemical). Affected individuals are identified by mutations not present in unaffected individuals.

Genomic rearrangements are also observed as a method of determining alterations in a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide. Genomic clones isolated according to Example 2 are nick-translated with digoxigenindeoxy-uridine 5'-triphosphate (Boehringer Manheim), and FISH performed as described in Johnson et al., Methods Cell Biol. 35:73-99 (1991). Hybridization with the labeled probe is carried out using a vast excess of human cot-1 DNA for specific hybridization to the corresponding genomic locus.

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Chromosomes are counterstained with 4,6-diamino-2-phenylidole and propidium iodide, producing a combination of C- and R-bands. Aligned images for precise mapping are obtained using a triple-band filter set (Chroma Technology, Brattleboro, VT) in combination with a cooled charge-coupled device camera (Photometrics, Tucson, AZ) and variable excitation wavelength filters. (Johnson et al., Genet. Anal. Tech. Appl., 8:75 (1991).) Image collection, analysis and chromosomal fractional length measurements are performed using the ISee Graphical Program System. (Inovision Corporation, Durham, NC.) Chromosome alterations of the genomic region hybridized by the probe are identified as insertions, deletions, and translocations. These alterations are used as a diagnostic marker for an associated disease.

20 Example 12: Method of Detecting Abnormal Levels of a Polypeptide in a Biological Sample

A polypeptide of the present invention can be detected in a biological sample, and if an increased or decreased level of the polypeptide is detected, this polypeptide is a marker for a particular phenotype. Methods of detection are numerous, and thus, it is understood that one skilled in the art can modify the following assay to fit their particular needs.

For example, antibody-sandwich ELISAs are used to detect polypeptides in a sample, preferably a biological sample. Wells of a microtiter plate are coated with specific antibodies, at a final concentration of 0.2 to 10 ug/ml. The antibodies are either monoclonal or polyclonal and are produced by the method described in Example 10. The wells are blocked so that non-specific binding of the polypeptide to the well is reduced.

2078

The coated wells are then incubated for > 2 hours at RT with a sample containing the polypeptide. Preferably, serial dilutions of the sample should be used to validate results. The plates are then washed three times with deionized or distilled water to remove unbounded polypeptide.

Next, 50 ul of specific antibody-alkaline phosphatase conjugate, at a concentration of 25-400 ng, is added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plates are again washed three times with deionized or distilled water to remove unbounded conjugate.

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Add 75 ul of 4-methylumbelliferyl phosphate (MUP) or p-nitrophenyl phosphate (NPP) substrate solution to each well and incubate 1 hour at room temperature. Measure the reaction by a microtiter plate reader. Prepare a standard curve, using serial dilutions of a control sample, and plot polypeptide concentration on the X-axis (log scale) and fluorescence or absorbance of the Y-axis (linear scale). Interpolate the concentration of the polypeptide in the sample using the standard curve.

Example 13: Formulation

The invention also provides methods of treatment and/or prevention of diseases or disorders (such as, for example, any one or more of the diseases or disorders disclosed herein) by administration to a subject of an effective amount of a Therapeutic. By therapeutic is meant a polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (including fragments and variants), agonists or antagonists thereof, and/or antibodies thereto, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier type (e.g., a sterile carrier).

The Therapeutic will be formulated and dosed in a fashion consistent with good medical practice, taking into account the clinical condition of the individual patient (especially the side effects of treatment with the Therapeutic alone), the site of delivery, the method of administration, the scheduling of administration, and other factors known to practitioners. The "effective amount" for purposes herein is thus determined by such considerations.

As a general proposition, the total pharmaceutically effective amount of the Therapeutic administered parenterally per dose will be in the range of about lug/kg/day to 10 mg/kg/day of patient body weight, although, as noted above, this will be subject to therapeutic discretion. More preferably, this dose is at least 0.01 mg/kg/day, and most preferably for humans between about 0.01 and 1 mg/kg/day for the hormone. If given

2079

continuously, the Therapeutic is typically administered at a dose rate of about 1 ug/kg/hour to about 50 ug/kg/hour, either by 1-4 injections per day or by continuous subcutaneous infusions, for example, using a mini-pump. An intravenous bag solution may also be employed. The length of treatment needed to observe changes and the interval following treatment for responses to occur appears to vary depending on the desired effect.

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Therapeutics can be are administered orally, rectally, parenterally, intracistemally, intravaginally, intraperitoneally, topically (as by powders, ointments, gels, drops or transdermal patch), bucally, or as an oral or nasal spray. "Pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" refers to a non-toxic solid, semisolid or liquid filler, diluent, encapsulating material or formulation auxiliary of any. The term "parenteral" as used herein refers to modes of administration which include intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intrasternal, subcutaneous and intraarticular injection and infusion.

Therapeutics of the invention are also suitably administered by sustained-release systems. Suitable examples of sustained-release Therapeutics are administered orally, rectally, parenterally, intracistemally, intravaginally, intraperitoneally, topically (as by powders, ointments, gels, drops or transdermal patch), bucally, or as an oral or nasal spray. "Pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" refers to a non-toxic solid, semisolid or liquid filler, diluent, encapsulating material or formulation auxiliary of any type. The term "parenteral" as used herein refers to modes of administration which include intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intrasternal, subcutaneous and intraarticular injection and infusion.

Therapeutics of the invention are also suitably administered by sustained-release systems. Suitable examples of sustained-release Therapeutics include suitable polymeric materials (such as, for example, semi-permeable polymer matrices in the form of shaped articles, e.g., films, or mirocapsules), suitable hydrophobic materials (for example as an emulsion in an acceptable oil) or ion exchange resins, and sparingly soluble derivatives (such as, for example, a sparingly soluble salt).

Sustained-release matrices include polylactides (U.S. Pat. No. 3,773,919, EP 58,481), copolymers of L-glutamic acid and gamma-ethyl-L-glutamate (Sidman et al., Biopolymers 22:547-556 (1983)), poly (2- hydroxyethyl methacrylate) (Langer et al., J. Biomed. Mater. Res. 15:167-277 (1981), and Langer, Chem. Tech. 12:98-105 (1982)), ethylene vinyl acetate (Langer et al., Id.) or poly-D- (-)-3-hydroxybutyric acid (EP 133,988).

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Sustained-release Therapeutics also include liposomally entrapped Therapeutics of the invention (see generally, Langer, Science 249:1527-1533 (1990); Treat et al., in Liposomes in the Therapy of Infectious Disease and Cancer, Lopez-Berestein and Fidler (eds.), Liss, New York, pp. 317 -327 and 353-365 (1989)). Liposomes containing the Therapeutic are prepared by methods known per se: DE 3,218,121; Epstein et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 82:3688-3692 (1985); Hwang et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 77:4030-4034 (1980); EP 52,322; EP 36,676; EP 88,046; EP 143,949; EP 142,641; Japanese Pat. Appl. 83-118008; U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,485,045 and 4,544,545; and EP 102,324. Ordinarily, the liposomes are of the small (about 200-800 Angstroms) unilamellar type in which the lipid content is greater than about 30 mol. percent cholesterol, the selected proportion being adjusted for the optimal Therapeutic.

In yet an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are delivered by way of a pump (see Langer, supra; Sefton, CRC Crit. Ref. Biomed. Eng. 14:201 (1987); Buchwald et al., Surgery 88:507 (1980); Saudek et al., N. Engl. J. Med. 321:574 (1989)).

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Other controlled release systems are discussed in the review by Langer (*Science* 249:1527-1533 (1990)).

For parenteral administration, in one embodiment, the Therapeutic is formulated generally by mixing it at the desired degree of purity, in a unit dosage injectable form (solution, suspension, or emulsion), with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, i.e., one that is non-toxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed and is compatible with other ingredients of the formulation. For example, the formulation preferably does not include oxidizing agents and other compounds that are known to be deleterious to the Therapeutic.

Generally, the formulations are prepared by contacting the Therapeutic uniformly and intimately with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both. Then, if necessary, the product is shaped into the desired formulation. Preferably the carrier is a parenteral carrier, more preferably a solution that is isotonic with the blood of the recipient. Examples of such carrier vehicles include water, saline, Ringer's solution, and dextrose solution. Non-aqueous vehicles such as fixed oils and ethyl oleate are also useful herein, as well as liposomes.

The carrier suitably contains minor amounts of additives such as substances that enhance isotonicity and chemical stability. Such materials are non-toxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed, and include buffers such as phosphate, citrate,

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succinate, acetic acid, and other organic acids or their salts; antioxidants such as ascorbic acid; low molecular weight (less than about ten residues) polypeptides, e.g., polyarginine or tripeptides; proteins, such as serum albumin, gelatin, or immunoglobulins; hydrophilic polymers such as polyvinylpyrrolidone; amino acids, such as glycine, glutamic acid, aspartic acid, or arginine; monosaccharides, disaccharides, and other carbohydrates including cellulose or its derivatives, glucose, manose, or dextrins; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugar alcohols such as mannitol or sorbitol; counterions such as sodium; and/or nonionic surfactants such as polysorbates, poloxamers, or PEG.

The Therapeutic is typically formulated in such vehicles at a concentration of about 0.1 mg/ml to 100 mg/ml, preferably 1-10 mg/ml, at a pH of about 3 to 8. It will be understood that the use of certain of the foregoing excipients, carriers, or stabilizers will result in the formation of polypeptide salts.

Any pharmaceutical used for therapeutic administration can be sterile. Sterility is readily accomplished by filtration through sterile filtration membranes (e.g., 0.2 micron membranes). Therapeutics generally are placed into a container having a sterile access port, for example, an intravenous solution bag or vial having a stopper pierceable by a hypodermic injection needle.

Therapeutics ordinarily will be stored in unit or multi-dose containers, for example, sealed ampoules or vials, as an aqueous solution or as a lyophilized formulation for reconstitution. As an example of a lyophilized formulation, 10-ml vials are filled with 5 ml of sterile-filtered 1% (w/v) aqueous Therapeutic solution, and the resulting mixture is lyophilized. The infusion solution is prepared by reconstituting the lyophilized Therapeutic using bacteriostatic Water-for-Injection.

The invention also provides a pharmaceutical pack or kit comprising one or more containers filled with one or more of the ingredients of the Therapeutics of the invention. Associated with such container(s) can be a notice in the form prescribed by a governmental agency regulating the manufacture, use or sale of pharmaceuticals or biological products, which notice reflects approval by the agency of manufacture, use or sale for human administration. In addition, the Therapeutics may be employed in conjunction with other therapeutic compounds.

The Therapeutics of the invention may be administered alone or in combination with adjuvants. Adjuvants that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention

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include, but are not limited to, alum, alum plus deoxycholate (ImmunoAg), MTP-PE (Biocine Corp.), QS21 (Genentech, Inc.), BCG, and MPL. In a specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with alum. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with OS-21. Further adjuvants that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, Monophosphoryl lipid immunomodulator, AdjuVax 100a, QS-21, QS-18, CRL1005, Aluminum salts, MF-59, and Virosomal adjuvant technology. Vaccines that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, vaccines directed toward protection against MMR (measles, mumps, rubella), polio, varicella, tetanus/diptheria, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, haemophilus influenzae B, whooping cough, pneumonia, influenza, Lyme's Disease, rotavirus, cholera, yellow fever, Japanese encephalitis, poliomyelitis, rabies, typhoid fever, and pertussis. Combinations may be administered either concomitantly, e.g., as an admixture, separately but simultaneously or concurrently; or sequentially. This includes presentations in which the combined agents are administered together as a therapeutic mixture, and also procedures in which the combined agents are administered separately but simultaneously, e.g., as through separate intravenous lines into the same individual. Administration "in combination" further includes the separate administration of one of the compounds or agents given first, followed by the second.

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PCT/US00/26524

The Therapeutics of the invention may be administered alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents. Therapeutic agents that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention, include but not limited to, other members of the TNF family, chemotherapeutic agents, antibiotics, steroidal and non-steroidal anti-inflammatories, conventional immunotherapeutic agents, cytokines and/or growth factors. Combinations may be administered either concomitantly, e.g., as an admixture, separately but simultaneously or concurrently; or sequentially. This includes presentations in which the combined agents are administered together as a therapeutic mixture, and also procedures in which the combined agents are administered separately but simultaneously, e.g., as through separate intravenous lines into the same individual. Administration "in combination" further includes the separate administration of one of the compounds or agents given first, followed by the second.

In one embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with members of the TNF family. TNF, TNF-related or TNF-like molecules that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited

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infection.

to, soluble forms of TNF-alpha, lymphotoxin- alpha (LT-alpha, also known as TNF-beta). LT-beta (found in complex heterotrimer LT-alpha2-beta), OPGL, FasL, CD27L, CD30L. CD40L, 4-1BBL, DcR3, OX40L, TNF-gamma (International Publication No. WO 96/14328), AIM-I (International Publication No. WO 97/33899), endokine-alpha (International Publication No. WO 98/07880), TR6 (International Publication No. WO 98/30694), OPG, and neutrokine-alpha (International Publication No. WO 98/18921, OX40. and nerve growth factor (NGF), and soluble forms of Fas, CD30, CD27, CD40 and 4-IBB, TR2 (International Publication No. WO 96/34095), DR3 (International Publication No. WO 97/33904), DR4 (International Publication No. WO 98/32856), TR5 (International Publication No. WO 98/30693), TR6 (International Publication No. WO 98/30694), TR7 (International Publication No. WO 98/41629), TRANK, TR9 (International Publication No. WO 98/56892), TR10 (International Publication No. WO 98/54202), 312C2 (International Publication No. WO 98/06842), and TR12, and soluble forms CD154, CD70, and CD153. In certain embodiments, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with antiretroviral agents, nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, and/or protease inhibitors. Nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention, include, but are not limited to, RETROVIR™ (zidovudine/AZT), VIDEX™ (didanosine/ddl), HIVID™ (zalcitabine/ddC), ZERIT™ (stavudine/d4T), EPIVIR™ (lamivudine/3TC), and COMBIVIR™ (zidovudine/lamivudine). Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention, include, but are not limited to, VIRAMUNE™ (nevirapine), RESCRIPTOR™ (delavirdine), and SUSTIVA™ (efavirenz). Protease inhibitors that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention, include, but are not limited to, CRIXIVAN™ (indinavir), NORVIR™ (ritonavir), INVIRASE™ (saquinavir), and VIRACEPT™ (nelfinavir). In a specific embodiment, antiretroviral agents, nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, nonnucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, and/or protease inhibitors may be used in any combination with Therapeutics of the invention to treat AIDS and/or to prevent or treat HIV

In other embodiments, Therapeutics of the invention may be administered in combination with anti-opportunistic infection agents. Anti-opportunistic agents that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention, include, but are not

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limited TRIMETHOPRIM- SULFAMETHOXAZOLETM, DAPSONETM to, PENTAMIDINE™, ATOVAQUONE™, ISONIAZID™, RIFAMPIN™, PYRAZINAMIDE™. ETHAMBUTOL™. RIFABUTIN™. CLARITHROMYCIN™. AZITHROMYCIN™. GANCICLOVIR™, FOSCARNET™, CIDOFOVIR™, FLUCONAZOLE™. ITRACONAZOLE™. KETOCONAZOLE™, ACYCLOVIR™, FAMCICOLVIRTM, PYRIMETHAMINE™, LEUCOVORIN™, NEUPOGEN™ (filgrastim/G-CSF), LEUKINE™ (sargramostim/GM-CSF). In a specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with TRIMETHOPRIM-SULFAMETHOXAZOLETM. DAPSONE™, PENTAMIDINE™, and/or ATOVAQUONE™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with ISONIAZID™ RIFAMPIN™, PYRAZINAMIDE™, and/or ETHAMBUTOL™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic Mycobacterium avium complex infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with RIFABUTIN™, CLARITHROMYCIN™, and/or AZITHROMYCIN™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with GANCICLOVIR™, FOSCARNET™, and/or CIDOFOVIR™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic cytomegalovirus infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with FLUCONAZOLE™, ITRACONAZOLE™, and/or KETOCONAZOLE™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic fungal infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with ACYCLOVIR™ and/or FAMCICOLVIR™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic herpes simplex virus type I and/or type II infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with PYRIMETHAMINE™ and/or LEUCOVORIN™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic Toxoplasma gondii infection. In another specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are used in any combination with LEUCOVORIN™ and/or NEUPOGEN™ to prophylactically treat or prevent an opportunistic bacterial infection.

In a further embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with an antiviral agent. Antiviral agents that may be administered with the

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Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, acyclovir, ribavirin, amantadine, and remantidine.

In a further embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with an antibiotic agent. Antibiotic agents that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, amoxicillin, beta-lactamases, aminoglycosides, beta-lactam (glycopeptide), beta-lactamases, Clindamycin, chloramphenicol, cephalosporins, ciprofloxacin, ciprofloxacin, erythromycin, fluoroquinolones, macrolides, metronidazole, penicillins, quinolones, rifampin, streptomycin, sulfonamide, tetracyclines, trimethoprim, trimethoprim-sulfamthoxazole, and vancomycin.

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Conventional nonspecific immunosuppressive agents, that may be administered in combination with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, steroids, cyclosporine, cyclosporine analogs, cyclophosphamide methylprednisone, prednisone, azathioprine, FK-506, 15-deoxyspergualin, and other immunosuppressive agents that act by suppressing the function of responding T cells.

In specific embodiments, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with immunosuppressants. Immunosuppressants preparations that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, ORTHOCLONE™ (OKT3), SANDIMMUNE™/NEORAL™/SANGDYA™ (cyclosporin), PROGRAF™ (tacrolimus), CELLCEPT™ (mycophenolate), Azathioprine, glucorticosteroids, and RAPAMUNE™ (sirolimus). In a specific embodiment, immunosuppressants may be used to prevent rejection of organ or bone marrow transplantation.

In an additional embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered alone or in combination with one or more intravenous immune globulin preparations. Intravenous immune globulin preparations that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but not limited to, GAMMARTM, IVEEGAMTM, SANDOGLOBULINTM, GAMMAGARD S/DTM, and GAMIMUNETM. In a specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with intravenous immune globulin preparations in transplantation therapy (e.g., bone marrow transplant).

In an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered alone or in combination with an anti-inflammatory agent. Anti-inflammatory agents that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, glucocorticoids and the nonsteroidal anti-inflammatories, aminoarylcarboxylic acid

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derivatives, arylacetic acid derivatives, arylbutyric acid derivatives, arylcarboxylic acids, arylpropionic acid derivatives, pyrazoles, pyrazolones, salicylic acid derivatives, thiazinecarboxamides, e-acetamidocaproic acid, S-adenosylmethionine, 3-amino-4-hydroxybutyric acid, amixetrine, bendazac, benzydamine, bucolome, difenpiramide, ditazol, emorfazone, guaiazulene, nabumetone, nimesulide, orgotein, oxaceprol, paranyline, perisoxal, pifoxime, proquazone, proxazole, and tenidap.

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In another embodiment, compostions of the invention are administered in combination with a chemotherapeutic agent. Chemotherapeutic agents that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, antibiotic derivatives (e.g., doxorubicin, bleomycin, daunorubicin, and dactinomycin); antiestrogens (e.g., tamoxifen); antimetabolites (e.g., fluorouracil, 5-FU, methotrexate, floxuridine, interferon alpha-2b, glutamic acid, plicamycin, mercaptopurine, and 6-thioguanine); cytotoxic agents (e.g., carmustine, BCNU, lomustine, CCNU, cytosine arabinoside, cyclophosphamide, estramustine, hydroxyurea, procarbazine, mitomycin, busulfan, cis-platin, and vincristine sulfate); hormones (e.g., medroxyprogesterone, estramustine phosphate sodium, ethinyl estradiol, estradiol, megestrol acetate, methyltestosterone, diethylstilbestrol diphosphate, chlorotrianisene, and testolactone); nitrogen mustard derivatives (e.g., mephalen, chorambucil, mechlorethamine (nitrogen mustard) and thiotepa); steroids and combinations (e.g., bethamethasone sodium phosphate); and others (e.g., dicarbazine, asparaginase, mitotane, vincristine sulfate, vinblastine sulfate, and etoposide).

In a specific embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with CHOP (cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, and prednisone) or any combination of the components of CHOP. In another embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with Rituximab. In a further embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention are administered with Rituximab and CHOP, or Rituximab and any combination of the components of CHOP.

In an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with cytokines. Cytokines that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, IL2, IL3, IL4, IL5, IL6, IL7, IL10, IL12, IL13, IL15, anti-CD40, CD40L, IFN-gamma and TNF-alpha. In another embodiment, Therapeutics of the invention may be administered with any interleukin, including, but not

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limited to, IL-1alpha, IL-1beta, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-14, IL-15, IL-16, IL-17, IL-18, IL-19, IL-20, and IL-21.

In an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with angiogenic proteins. Angiogenic proteins that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, Glioma Derived Growth Factor (GDGF), as disclosed in European Patent Number EP-399816; Platelet Derived Growth Factor-A (PDGF-A), as disclosed in European Patent Number EP-682110; Platelet Derived Growth Factor-B (PDGF-B), as disclosed in European Patent Number EP-282317; Placental Growth Factor (PIGF), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 92/06194; Placental Growth Factor-2 (PIGF-2), as disclosed in Hauser et al., Gorwth Factors, 4:259-268 (1993); Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 90/13649; Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor-A (VEGF-A), as disclosed in European Patent Number EP-506477; Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor-2 (VEGF-2), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 96/39515; Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor B (VEGF-3); Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor B-186 (VEGF-B186), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 96/26736; Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor-D (VEGF-D), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 98/02543; Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor-D (VEGF-D), as disclosed in International Publication Number WO 98/07832; and Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor-E (VEGF-E), as disclosed in German Patent Number DE19639601. The above mentioned references are incorporated herein by reference herein.

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In an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with hematopoietic growth factors. Hematopoietic growth factors that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, LEUKINETM (SARGRAMOSTIMTM) and NEUPOGENTM (FILGRASTIMTM).

In an additional embodiment, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with Fibroblast Growth Factors. Fibroblast Growth Factors that may be administered with the Therapeutics of the invention include, but are not limited to, FGF-1, FGF-2, FGF-3, FGF-4, FGF-5, FGF-6, FGF-7, FGF-8, FGF-9, FGF-10, FGF-11, FGF-12, FGF-13, FGF-14, and FGF-15.

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In additional embodiments, the Therapeutics of the invention are administered in combination with other therapeutic or prophylactic regimens, such as, for example, radiation therapy.

Example 14: Method of Treating Decreased Levels of the Polypeptide

The present invention relates to a method for treating an individual in need of an increased level of a polypeptide of the invention in the body comprising administering to such an individual a composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an agonist of the invention (including polypeptides of the invention). Moreover, it will be appreciated that conditions caused by a decrease in the standard or normal expression level of a colon or colon cancer related polypeptide in an individual can be treated by administering the agonist or antagonist of the present invention. Thus, the invention also provides a method of treatment of an individual in need of an increased level of the polypeptide comprising administering to such an individual a Therapeutic comprising an amount of the agonist or antagonist to increase the activity level of the polypeptide in such an individual.

For example, a patient with decreased levels of a polypeptide receives a daily dose 0.1-100 ug/kg of the agonist or antagonist for six consecutive days. The exact details of the dosing scheme, based on administration and formulation, are provided in Example 13.

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Example 15: Method of Treating Increased Levels of the Polypeptide

The present invention also relates to a method of treating an individual in need of a decreased level of a polypeptide of the invention in the body comprising administering to such an individual a composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an antagonist of the invention (including polypeptides and antibodies of the invention).

In one example, antisense technology is used to inhibit production of a polypeptide of the present invention. This technology is one example of a method of decreasing levels of a polypeptide, due to a variety of etiologies, such as cancer.

30 For example, a patient diagnosed with abnormally increased levels of a polypeptide is administered intravenously antisense polynucleotides at 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0 and 3.0 mg/kg day

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for 21 days. This treatment is repeated after a 7-day rest period if the treatment was well tolerated. The formulation of the antisense polynucleotide is provided in Example 13.

Example 16: Method of Treatment Using Gene Therapy-Ex Vivo

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One method of gene therapy transplants fibroblasts, which are capable of expressing a polypeptide, onto a patient. Generally, fibroblasts are obtained from a subject by skin biopsy. The resulting tissue is placed in tissue-culture medium and separated into small pieces. Small chunks of the tissue are placed on a wet surface of a tissue culture flask, approximately ten pieces are placed in each flask. The flask is turned upside down, closed tight and left at room temperature over night. After 24 hours at room temperature, the flask is inverted and the chunks of tissue remain fixed to the bottom of the flask and fresh media (e.g., Ham's F12 media, with 10% FBS, penicillin and streptomycin) is added. The flasks are then incubated at 37 degree C for approximately one week.

At this time, fresh media is added and subsequently changed every several days. After an additional two weeks in culture, a monolayer of fibroblasts emerge. The monolayer is trypsinized and scaled into larger flasks.

pMV-7 (Kirschmeier, P.T. et al., DNA, 7:219-25 (1988)), flanked by the long terminal repeats of the Moloney murine sarcoma virus, is digested with EcoRI and HindIII and subsequently treated with calf intestinal phosphatase. The linear vector is fractionated on agarose gel and purified, using glass beads.

The cDNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention can be amplified using PCR primers which correspond to the 5' and 3' end sequences respectively as set forth in Example 1 using primers and having appropriate restriction sites and initiation/stop codons, if necessary. Preferably, the 5' primer contains an EcoRI site and the 3' primer includes a HindIII site. Equal quantities of the Moloney murine sarcoma virus linear backbone and the amplified EcoRI and HindIII fragment are added together, in the presence of T4 DNA ligase. The resulting mixture is maintained under conditions appropriate for ligation of the two fragments. The ligation mixture is then used to transform bacteria HB101, which are then plated onto agar containing kanamycin for the purpose of confirming that the vector has the gene of interest properly inserted.

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The amphotropic pA317 or GP+am12 packaging cells are grown in tissue culture to confluent density in Dulbecco's Modified Eagles Medium (DMEM) with 10% calf serum (CS), penicillin and streptomycin. The MSV vector containing the gene is then added to the media and the packaging cells transduced with the vector. The packaging cells now produce infectious viral particles containing the gene (the packaging cells are now referred to as producer cells).

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Fresh media is added to the transduced producer cells, and subsequently, the media is harvested from a 10 cm plate of confluent producer cells. The spent media, containing the infectious viral particles, is filtered through a millipore filter to remove detached producer cells and this media is then used to infect fibroblast cells. Media is removed from a subconfluent plate of fibroblasts and quickly replaced with the media from the producer cells. This media is removed and replaced with fresh media. If the titer of virus is high, then virtually all fibroblasts will be infected and no selection is required. If the titer is very low, then it is necessary to use a retroviral vector that has a selectable marker, such as neo or his. Once the fibroblasts have been efficiently infected, the fibroblasts are analyzed to determine whether protein is produced.

The engineered fibroblasts are then transplanted onto the host, either alone or after having been grown to confluence on cytodex 3 microcarrier beads.

20 Example 17: Gene Therapy Using Endogenous Genes Corresponding To Polynucleotides of the Invention

Another method of gene therapy according to the present invention involves operably associating the endogenous polynucleotide sequence of the invention with a promoter via homologous recombination as described, for example, in U.S. Patent NO: 5,641,670, issued June 24, 1997; International Publication NO: WO 96/29411, published September 26, 1996; International Publication NO: WO 94/12650, published August 4, 1994; Koller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 86:8932-8935 (1989); and Zijlstra et al., *Nature*, 342:435-438 (1989). This method involves the activation of a gene which is present in the target cells, but which is not expressed in the cells, or is expressed at a lower level than desired.

Polynucleotide constructs are made which contain a promoter and targeting sequences, which are homologous to the 5' non-coding sequence of endogenous

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polynucleotide sequence, flanking the promoter. The targeting sequence will be sufficiently near the 5' end of the polynucleotide sequence so the promoter will be operably linked to the endogenous sequence upon homologous recombination. The promoter and the targeting sequences can be amplified using PCR. Preferably, the amplified promoter contains distinct restriction enzyme sites on the 5' and 3' ends. Preferably, the 3' end of the first targeting sequence contains the same restriction enzyme site as the 5' end of the amplified promoter and the 5' end of the second targeting sequence contains the same restriction site as the 3' end of the amplified promoter.

The amplified promoter and the amplified targeting sequences are digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes and subsequently treated with calf intestinal phosphatase. The digested promoter and digested targeting sequences are added together in the presence of T4 DNA ligase. The resulting mixture is maintained under conditions appropriate for ligation of the two fragments. The construct is size fractionated on an agarose gel then purified by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation.

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In this Example, the polynucleotide constructs are administered as naked polynucleotides via electroporation. However, the polynucleotide constructs may also be administered with transfection-facilitating agents, such as liposomes, viral sequences, viral particles, precipitating agents, etc. Such methods of delivery are known in the art.

Once the cells are transfected, homologous recombination will take place which results in the promoter being operably linked to the endogenous polynucleotide sequence. This results in the expression of polynucleotide corresponding to the polynucleotide in the cell. Expression may be detected by immunological staining, or any other method known in the art.

Fibroblasts are obtained from a subject by skin biopsy. The resulting tissue is placed in DMEM + 10% fetal calf serum. Exponentially growing or early stationary phase fibroblasts are trypsinized and rinsed from the plastic surface with nutrient medium. An aliquot of the cell suspension is removed for counting, and the remaining cells are subjected to centrifugation. The supernatant is aspirated and the pellet is resuspended in 5 ml of electroporation buffer (20 mM HEPES pH 7.3, 137 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 0.7 mM Na₂ HPO₄, 6 mM dextrose). The cells are recentrifuged, the supernatant aspirated, and the cells resuspended in electroporation buffer containing 1 mg/ml acetylated bovine serum albumin.

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The final cell suspension contains approximately 3X10⁶ cells/ml. Electroporation should be performed immediately following resuspension.

Plasmid DNA is prepared according to standard techniques. For example, to construct a plasmid for targeting to the locus corresponding to the polynucleotide of the invention, plasmid pUC18 (MBI Fermentas, Amherst, NY) is digested with HindIII. The CMV promoter is amplified by PCR with an XbaI site on the 5' end and a BamHI site on the 3'end. Two non-coding sequences are amplified via PCR: one non-coding sequence (fragment 1) is amplified with a HindIII site at the 5' end and an Xba site at the 3'end; the other non-coding sequence (fragment 2) is amplified with a BamHI site at the 5'end and a HindIII site at the 3'end. The CMV promoter and the fragments (1 and 2) are digested with the appropriate enzymes (CMV promoter - XbaI and BamHI; fragment 1 - XbaI; fragment 2 - BamHI) and ligated together. The resulting ligation product is digested with HindIII, and ligated with the HindIII-digested pUC18 plasmid.

Plasmid DNA is added to a sterile cuvette with a 0.4 cm electrode gap (Bio-Rad). The final DNA concentration is generally at least 120 μg/ml. 0.5 ml of the cell suspension (containing approximately 1.5.X10⁶ cells) is then added to the cuvette, and the cell suspension and DNA solutions are gently mixed. Electroporation is performed with a Gene-Pulser apparatus (Bio-Rad). Capacitance and voltage are set at 960 μF and 250-300 V, respectively. As voltage increases, cell survival decreases, but the percentage of surviving cells that stably incorporate the introduced DNA into their genome increases dramatically. Given these parameters, a pulse time of approximately 14-20 mSec should be observed.

Electroporated cells are maintained at room temperature for approximately 5 min, and the contents of the cuvette are then gently removed with a sterile transfer pipette. The cells are added directly to 10 ml of prewarmed nutrient media (DMEM with 15% calf serum) in a 10 cm dish and incubated at 37 degree C. The following day, the media is aspirated and replaced with 10 ml of fresh media and incubated for a further 16-24 hours.

The engineered fibroblasts are then injected into the host, either alone or after having been grown to confluence on cytodex 3 microcarrier beads. The fibroblasts now produce the protein product. The fibroblasts can then be introduced into a patient as described above.

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Another aspect of the present invention is using *in vivo* gene therapy methods to treat disorders, diseases and conditions. The gene therapy method relates to the introduction of naked nucleic acid (DNA, RNA, and antisense DNA or RNA) sequences into an animal to increase or decrease the expression of the polypeptide. The polynucleotide of the present invention may be operatively linked to a promoter or any other genetic elements necessary for the expression of the polypeptide by the target tissue. Such gene therapy and delivery techniques and methods are known in the art, see, for example, WO90/11092, WO98/11779; U.S. Patent NO. 5693622, 5705151, 5580859; Tabata et al., Cardiovasc. Res. 35(3):470-479 (1997); Chao et al., Pharmacol. Res. 35(6):517-522 (1997); Wolff, Neuromuscul. Disord. 7(5):314-318 (1997); Schwartz et al., Gene Ther. 3(5):405-411 (1996); Tsurumi et al., Circulation 94(12):3281-3290 (1996) (incorporated herein by reference).

The polynucleotide constructs may be delivered by any method that delivers injectable materials to the cells of an animal, such as, injection into the interstitial space of tissues (heart, muscle, skin, lung, liver, intestine and the like). The polynucleotide constructs can be delivered in a pharmaceutically acceptable liquid or aqueous carrier.

The term "naked" polynucleotide, DNA or RNA, refers to sequences that are free from any delivery vehicle that acts to assist, promote, or facilitate entry into the cell, including viral sequences, viral particles, liposome formulations, lipofectin or precipitating agents and the like. However, the polynucleotides of the present invention may also be delivered in liposome formulations (such as those taught in Felgner P.L. et al. (1995) Ann. NY Acad. Sci. 772:126-139 and Abdallah B. et al. (1995) Biol. Cell 85(1):1-7) which can be prepared by methods well known to those skilled in the art.

The polynucleotide vector constructs used in the gene therapy method are preferably constructs that will not integrate into the host genome nor will they contain sequences that allow for replication. Any strong promoter known to those skilled in the art can be used for driving the expression of DNA. Unlike other gene therapies techniques, one major advantage of introducing naked nucleic acid sequences into target cells is the transitory nature of the polynucleotide synthesis in the cells. Studies have shown that non-replicating DNA sequences can be introduced into cells to provide production of the desired polypeptide for periods of up to six months.

The polynucleotide construct can be delivered to the interstitial space of tissues within the an animal, including of muscle, skin, brain, lung, liver, spleen, bone marrow, thymus, 10

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WO 01/22920 PCT/US00/26524

heart, lymph, blood, bone, cartilage, pancreas, kidney, gall bladder, stomach, intestine, testis, ovary, uterus, rectum, nervous system, eye, gland, and connective tissue. Interstitial space of the tissues comprises the intercellular fluid, mucopolysaccharide matrix among the reticular fibers of organ tissues, elastic fibers in the walls of vessels or chambers, collagen fibers of fibrous tissues, or that same matrix within connective tissue ensheathing muscle cells or in the lacunae of bone. It is similarly the space occupied by the plasma of the circulation and the lymph fluid of the lymphatic channels. Delivery to the interstitial space of muscle tissue is preferred for the reasons discussed below. They may be conveniently delivered by injection into the tissues comprising these cells. They are preferably delivered to and expressed in persistent, non-dividing cells which are differentiated, although delivery and expression may be achieved in non-differentiated or less completely differentiated cells, such as, for example, stem cells of blood or skin fibroblasts. *In vivo* muscle cells are particularly competent in their ability to take up and express polynucleotides.

For the naked polynucleotide injection, an effective dosage amount of DNA or RNA will be in the range of from about 0.05 g/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight. Preferably the dosage will be from about 0.005 mg/kg to about 20 mg/kg and more preferably from about 0.05 mg/kg to about 5 mg/kg. Of course, as the artisan of ordinary skill will appreciate, this dosage will vary according to the tissue site of injection. The appropriate and effective dosage of nucleic acid sequence can readily be determined by those of ordinary skill in the art and may depend on the condition being treated and the route of administration. The preferred route of administration is by the parenteral route of injection into the interstitial space of tissues. However, other parenteral routes may also be used, such as, inhalation of an aerosol formulation particularly for delivery to lungs or bronchial tissues, throat or mucous membranes of the nose. In addition, naked polynucleotide constructs can be delivered to arteries during angioplasty by the catheter used in the procedure.

The dose response effects of injected polynucleotide in muscle *in vivo* is determined as follows. Suitable template DNA for production of mRNA coding for polypeptide of the present invention is prepared in accordance with a standard recombinant DNA methodology. The template DNA, which may be either circular or linear, is either used as naked DNA or complexed with liposomes. The quadriceps muscles of mice are then injected with various amounts of the template DNA.

Five to six week old female and male Balb/C mice are anesthetized by intraperitoneal

2095

injection with 0.3 ml of 2.5% Avertin. A 1.5 cm incision is made on the anterior thigh, and the quadriceps muscle is directly visualized. The template DNA is injected in 0.1 ml of carrier in a 1 cc syringe through a 27 gauge needle over one minute, approximately 0.5 cm from the distal insertion site of the muscle into the knee and about 0.2 cm deep. A suture is placed over the injection site for future localization, and the skin is closed with stainless steel clips.

After an appropriate incubation time (e.g., 7 days) muscle extracts are prepared by excising the entire quadriceps. Every fifth 15 um cross-section of the individual quadriceps muscles is histochemically stained for protein expression. A time course for protein expression may be done in a similar fashion except that quadriceps from different mice are harvested at different times. Persistence of DNA in muscle following injection may be determined by Southern blot analysis after preparing total cellular DNA and HIRT supernatants from injected and control mice. The results of the above experimentation in mice can be use to extrapolate proper dosages and other treatment parameters in humans and other animals using naked DNA.

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Example 19: Transgenic Animals

The polypeptides of the invention can also be expressed in transgenic animals. Animals of any species, including, but not limited to, mice, rats, rabbits, hamsters, guinea pigs, pigs, micro-pigs, goats, sheep, cows and non-human primates, e.g., baboons, monkeys, and chimpanzees may be used to generate transgenic animals. In a specific embodiment, techniques described herein or otherwise known in the art, are used to express polypeptides of the invention in humans, as part of a gene therapy protocol.

Any technique known in the art may be used to introduce the transgene (i.e., polynucleotides of the invention) into animals to produce the founder lines of transgenic animals. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, pronuclear microinjection (Paterson et al., Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 40:691-698 (1994); Carver et al., Biotechnology (NY) 11:1263-1270 (1993); Wright et al., Biotechnology (NY) 9:830-834 (1991); and Hoppe et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,873,191 (1989)); retrovirus mediated gene transfer into germ lines (Van der Putten et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA 82:6148-6152 (1985)), blastocysts or embryos; gene targeting in embryonic stem cells (Thompson et al., Cell 56:313-321 (1989));

2096

electroporation of cells or embryos (Lo, 1983, Mol Cell. Biol. 3:1803-1814 (1983)); introduction of the polynucleotides of the invention using a gene gun (see, e.g., Ulmer et al., Science 259:1745 (1993); introducing nucleic acid constructs into embryonic pleuripotent stem cells and transferring the stem cells back into the blastocyst; and sperm-mediated gene transfer (Lavitrano et al., Cell 57:717-723 (1989); etc. For a review of such techniques, see Gordon, "Transgenic Animals," Intl. Rev. Cytol. 115:171-229 (1989), which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

Any technique known in the art may be used to produce transgenic clones containing polynucleotides of the invention, for example, nuclear transfer into enucleated oocytes of nuclei from cultured embryonic, fetal, or adult cells induced to quiescence (Campell et al., Nature 380:64-66 (1996); Wilmut et al., Nature 385:810-813 (1997)).

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The present invention provides for transgenic animals that carry the transgene in all their cells, as well as animals which carry the transgene in some, but not all their cells, i.e., mosaic animals or chimeric. The transgene may be integrated as a single transgene or as multiple copies such as in concatamers, e.g., head-to-head tandems or head-to-tail tandems. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into and activated in a particular cell type by following, for example, the teaching of Lasko et al. (Lasko et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:6232-6236 (1992)). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific activation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art. When it is desired that the polynucleotide transgene be integrated into the chromosomal site of the endogenous gene, gene targeting is preferred. Briefly, when such a technique is to be utilized, vectors containing some nucleotide sequences homologous to the endogenous gene are designed for the purpose of integrating, via homologous recombination with chromosomal sequences, into and disrupting the function of the nucleotide sequence of the endogenous gene. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into a particular cell type, thus inactivating the endogenous gene in only that cell type, by following, for example, the teaching of Gu et al. (Gu et al., Science 265:103-106 (1994)). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific inactivation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Once transgenic animals have been generated, the expression of the recombinant gene may be assayed utilizing standard techniques. Initial screening may be accomplished by Southern blot analysis or PCR techniques to analyze animal tissues to verify that integration

2097

of the transgene has taken place. The level of mRNA expression of the transgene in the tissues of the transgenic animals may also be assessed using techniques which include, but are not limited to, Northern blot analysis of tissue samples obtained from the animal, in situ hybridization analysis, and reverse transcriptase-PCR (rt-PCR). Samples of transgenic geneexpressing tissue may also be evaluated immunocytochemically or immunohistochemically using antibodies specific for the transgene product.

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Once the founder animals are produced, they may be bred, inbred, outbred, or crossbred to produce colonies of the particular animal. Examples of such breeding strategies include, but are not limited to: outbreeding of founder animals with more than one integration site in order to establish separate lines; inbreeding of separate lines in order to produce compound transgenics that express the transgene at higher levels because of the effects of additive expression of each transgene; crossing of heterozygous transgenic animals to produce animals homozygous for a given integration site in order to both augment expression and eliminate the need for screening of animals by DNA analysis; crossing of separate homozygous lines to produce compound heterozygous or homozygous lines; and breeding to place the transgene on a distinct background that is appropriate for an experimental model of interest.

Transgenic animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

Example 20: Knock-Out Animals

Endogenous gene expression can also be reduced by inactivating or "knocking out" the gene and/or its promoter using targeted homologous recombination. (E.g., see Smithies et al., Nature 317:230-234 (1985); Thomas & Capecchi, Cell 51:503-512 (1987); Thompson et al., Cell 5:313-321 (1989); each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety). For example, a mutant, non-functional polynucleotide of the invention (or a completely unrelated DNA sequence) flanked by DNA homologous to the endogenous 30 polynucleotide sequence (either the coding regions or regulatory regions of the gene) can be used, with or without a selectable marker and/or a negative selectable marker, to transfect

2098

cells that express polypeptides of the invention in vivo. In another embodiment, techniques known in the art are used to generate knockouts in cells that contain, but do not express the gene of interest. Insertion of the DNA construct, via targeted homologous recombination, results in inactivation of the targeted gene. Such approaches are particularly suited in research and agricultural fields where modifications to embryonic stem cells can be used to generate animal offspring with an inactive targeted gene (e.g., see Thomas & Capecchi 1987 and Thompson 1989, supra). However this approach can be routinely adapted for use in humans provided the recombinant DNA constructs are directly administered or targeted to the required site in vivo using appropriate viral vectors that will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

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In further embodiments of the invention, cells that are genetically engineered to express the polypeptides of the invention, or alternatively, that are genetically engineered not to express the polypeptides of the invention (e.g., knockouts) are administered to a patient in vivo. Such cells may be obtained from the patient (i.e., animal, including human) or an MHC compatible donor and can include, but are not limited to fibroblasts, bone marrow cells, blood cells (e.g., lymphocytes), adipocytes, muscle cells, endothelial cells etc. The cells are genetically engineered in vitro using recombinant DNA techniques to introduce the coding sequence of polypeptides of the invention into the cells, or alternatively, to disrupt the coding sequence and/or endogenous regulatory sequence associated with the polypeptides of the invention, e.g., by transduction (using viral vectors, and preferably vectors that integrate the transgene into the cell genome) or transfection procedures, including, but not limited to, the use of plasmids, cosmids, YACs, naked DNA, electroporation, liposomes, etc. The coding sequence of the polypeptides of the invention can be placed under the control of a strong constitutive or inducible promoter or promoter/enhancer to achieve expression, and preferably secretion, of the polypeptides of the invention. The engineered cells which express and preferably secrete the polypeptides of the invention can be introduced into the patient systemically, e.g., in the circulation, or intraperitoneally.

Alternatively, the cells can be incorporated into a matrix and implanted in the body, e.g., genetically engineered fibroblasts can be implanted as part of a skin graft; genetically engineered endothelial cells can be implanted as part of a lymphatic or vascular graft. (See, for example, Anderson et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,399,349; and Mulligan & Wilson, U.S. Patent No. 5,460,959 each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety).

2099

When the cells to be administered are non-autologous or non-MHC compatible cells, they can be administered using well known techniques which prevent the development of a host immune response against the introduced cells. For example, the cells may be introduced in an encapsulated form which, while allowing for an exchange of components with the immediate extracellular environment, does not allow the introduced cells to be recognized by the host immune system.

Transgenic and "knock-out" animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

Example 21: Assays Detecting Stimulation or Inhibition of B cell Proliferation and Differentiation

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Generation of functional humoral immune responses requires both soluble and cognate signaling between B-lineage cells and their microenvironment. Signals may impart a positive stimulus that allows a B-lineage cell to continue its programmed development, or a negative stimulus that instructs the cell to arrest its current developmental pathway. To date, numerous stimulatory and inhibitory signals have been found to influence B cell responsiveness including IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL10, IL-13, IL-14 and IL-15. Interestingly, these signals are by themselves weak effectors but can, in combination with various co-stimulatory proteins, induce activation, proliferation, differentiation, homing, tolerance and death among B cell populations.

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One of the best studied classes of B-cell co-stimulatory proteins is the TNF-superfamily. Within this family CD40, CD27, and CD30 along with their respective ligands CD154, CD70, and CD153 have been found to regulate a variety of immune responses. Assays which allow for the detection and/or observation of the proliferation and differentiation of these B-cell populations and their precursors are valuable tools in determining the effects various proteins may have on these B-cell populations in terms of proliferation and differentiation. Listed below are two assays designed to allow for the

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detection of the differentiation, proliferation, or inhibition of B-cell populations and their precursors.

In Vitro Assay- Agonists or antagonists of the invention can be assessed for its ability to induce activation, proliferation, differentiation or inhibition and/or death in B-cell populations and their precursors. The activity of the agonists or antagonists of the invention on purified human tonsillar B cells, measured qualitatively over the dose range from 0.1 to 10,000 ng/mL, is assessed in a standard B-lymphocyte co-stimulation assay in which purified tonsillar B cells are cultured in the presence of either formalin-fixed Staphylococcus aureus Cowan I (SAC) or immobilized anti-human IgM antibody as the priming agent. Second signals such as IL-2 and IL-15 synergize with SAC and IgM crosslinking to elicit B cell proliferation as measured by tritiated-thymidine incorporation. Novel synergizing agents can be readily identified using this assay. The assay involves isolating human tonsillar B cells by magnetic bead (MACS) depletion of CD3-positive cells. The resulting cell population is greater than 95% B cells as assessed by expression of CD45R(B220).

Various dilutions of each sample are placed into individual wells of a 96-well plate to which are added 10⁵ B-cells suspended in culture medium (RPMI 1640 containing 10% FBS, 5 X 10⁻⁵M 2ME, 100U/ml penicillin, 10ug/ml streptomycin, and 10⁻⁵ dilution of SAC) in a total volume of 150ul. Proliferation or inhibition is quantitated by a 20h pulse (1uCi/well) with 3H-thymidine (6.7 Ci/mM) beginning 72h post factor addition. The positive and negative controls are IL2 and medium respectively.

In Vivo Assay- BALB/c mice are injected (i.p.) twice per day with buffer only, or 2 mg/Kg of agonists or antagonists of the invention, or truncated forms thereof. Mice receive this treatment for 4 consecutive days, at which time they are sacrificed and various tissues and serum collected for analyses. Comparison of H&E sections from normal spleens and spleens treated with agonists or antagonists of the invention identify the results of the activity of the agonists or antagonists on spleen cells, such as the diffusion of peri-arterial lymphatic sheaths, and/or significant increases in the nucleated cellularity of the red pulp regions, which may indicate the activation of the differentiation and proliferation of B-cell populations. Immunohistochemical studies using a B cell marker, anti-CD45R(B220), are used to determine whether any physiological changes to splenic cells, such as splenic disorganization, are due to increased B-cell representation within loosely defined B-cell zones that infiltrate established T-cell regions.

2101

Flow cytometric analyses of the spleens from mice treated with agonist or antagonist is used to indicate whether the agonists or antagonists specifically increases the proportion of ThB+, CD45R(B220)dull B cells over that which is observed in control mice.

Likewise, a predicted consequence of increased mature B-cell representation in vivo is a relative increase in serum Ig titers. Accordingly, serum IgM and IgA levels are compared between buffer and agonists or antagonists-treated mice.

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

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Example 22: T Cell Proliferation Assay

A CD3-induced proliferation assay is performed on PBMCs and is measured by the uptake of ³H-thymidine. The assay is performed as follows. Ninety-six well plates are coated with 100 µl/well of mAb to CD3 (HIT3a, Pharmingen) or isotype-matched control mAb (B33.1) overnight at 4 degrees C (1 µg/ml in .05M bicarbonate buffer, pH 9.5), then washed three times with PBS. PBMC are isolated by F/H gradient centrifugation from human peripheral blood and added to quadruplicate wells (5 x 10⁴/well) of mAb coated plates in RPMI containing 10% FCS and P/S in the presence of varying concentrations of agonists or antagonists of the invention (total volume 200 ul). Relevant protein buffer and medium alone are controls. After 48 hr. culture at 37 degrees C, plates are spun for 2 min. at 1000 rom and 100 ul of supernatant is removed and stored -20 degrees C for measurement of IL-2 (or other cytokines) if effect on proliferation is observed. Wells are supplemented with 100 ul of medium containing 0.5 uCi of ³H-thymidine and cultured at 37 degrees C for 18-24 hr. Wells are harvested and incorporation of ³H-thymidine used as a measure of proliferation. Anti-CD3 alone is the positive control for proliferation. IL-2 (100 U/ml) is also used as a control which enhances proliferation. Control antibody which does not induce proliferation of T cells is used as the negative controls for the effects of agonists or antagonists of the invention.

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

Example 23: Effect of Agonists or Antagonists of the Invention on the Expression of MHC Class II, Costimulatory and Adhesion Molecules and Cell Differentiation of Monocytes and Monocyte-Derived Human Dendritic Cells

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Dendritic cells are generated by the expansion of proliferating precursors found in the peripheral blood: adherent PBMC or elutriated monocytic fractions are cultured for 7-10 days with GM-CSF (50 ng/ml) and IL-4 (20 ng/ml). These dendritic cells have the characteristic phenotype of immature cells (expression of CD1, CD80, CD86, CD40 and MHC class II antigens). Treatment with activating factors, such as TNF-α, causes a rapid change in surface phenotype (increased expression of MHC class I and II, costimulatory and adhesion molecules, downregulation of FCγRII, upregulation of CD83). These changes correlate with increased antigen-presenting capacity and with functional maturation of the dendritic cells.

FACS analysis of surface antigens is performed as follows. Cells are treated 1-3 days with increasing concentrations of agonist or antagonist of the invention or LPS (positive control), washed with PBS containing 1% BSA and 0.02 mM sodium azide, and then incubated with 1:20 dilution of appropriate FITC- or PE-labeled monoclonal antibodies for 30 minutes at 4 degrees C. After an additional wash, the labeled cells are analyzed by flow cytometry on a FACScan (Becton Dickinson).

Effect on the production of cytokines. Cytokines generated by dendritic cells, in particular IL-12, are important in the initiation of T-cell dependent immune responses. IL-12 strongly influences the development of Thl helper T-cell immune response, and induces cytotoxic T and NK cell function. An ELISA is used to measure the IL-12 release as follows. Dendritic cells (10⁶/ml) are treated with increasing concentrations of agonists or antagonists of the invention for 24 hours. LPS (100 ng/ml) is added to the cell culture as positive control. Supernatants from the cell cultures are then collected and analyzed for IL-12 content using commercial ELISA kit (e..g, R & D Systems (Minneapolis, MN)). The standard protocols provided with the kits are used.

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2103

Effect on the expression of MHC Class II, costimulatory and adhesion molecules. Three major families of cell surface antigens can be identified on monocytes: adhesion molecules, molecules involved in antigen presentation, and Fc receptor. Modulation of the expression of MHC class II antigens and other costimulatory molecules, such as B7 and ICAM-1, may result in changes in the antigen presenting capacity of monocytes and ability to induce T cell activation. Increase expression of Fc receptors may correlate with improved monocyte cytotoxic activity, cytokine release and phagocytosis.

FACS analysis is used to examine the surface antigens as follows. Monocytes are treated 1-5 days with increasing concentrations of agonists or antagonists of the invention or LPS (positive control), washed with PBS containing 1% BSA and 0.02 mM sodium azide, and then incubated with 1:20 dilution of appropriate FITC- or PE-labeled monoclonal antibodies for 30 minutes at 4 degreesC. After an additional wash, the labeled cells are analyzed by flow cytometry on a FACScan (Becton Dickinson).

- Monocyte activation and/or increased survival. Assays for molecules that activate (or alternatively, inactivate) monocytes and/or increase monocyte survival (or alternatively, decrease monocyte survival) are known in the art and may routinely be applied to determine whether a molecule of the invention functions as an inhibitor or activator of monocytes. Agonists or antagonists of the invention can be screened using the three assays described below. For each of these assays, Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) are purified from single donor leukopacks (American Red Cross, Baltimore, MD) by centrifugation through a Histopaque gradient (Sigma). Monocytes are isolated from PBMC by counterflow centrifugal elutriation.
- Monocyte Survival Assay. Human peripheral blood monocytes progressively lose viability when cultured in absence of serum or other stimuli. Their death results from internally regulated process (apoptosis). Addition to the culture of activating factors, such as TNF-alpha dramatically improves cell survival and prevents DNA fragmentation. Propidium iodide (PI) staining is used to measure apoptosis as follows. Monocytes are cultured for 48 hours in polypropylene tubes in serum-free medium (positive control), in the presence of 100 ng/ml TNF-alpha (negative control), and in the presence of varying concentrations of the compound to be tested. Cells are suspended at a concentration of 2 x 106/ml in PBS containing PI at a

2104

final concentration of 5 μ g/ml, and then incubated at room temperature for 5 minutes before FACScan analysis. PI uptake has been demonstrated to correlate with DNA fragmentation in this experimental paradigm.

Effect on cytokine release. An important function of monocytes/macrophages is their regulatory activity on other cellular populations of the immune system through the release of cytokines after stimulation. An ELISA to measure cytokine release is performed as follows. Human monocytes are incubated at a density of 5x10⁵ cells/ml with increasing concentrations of agonists or antagonists of the invention and under the same conditions, but in the absence of agonists or antagonists. For IL-12 production, the cells are primed overnight with IFN (100 U/ml) in presence of agonist or antagonist of the invention. LPS (10 ng/ml) is then added. Conditioned media are collected after 24h and kept frozen until use. Measurement of TNF-alpha, IL-10, MCP-1 and IL-8 is then performed using a commercially available ELISA kit (e. g, R & D Systems (Minneapolis, MN)) and applying the standard protocols provided with the kit.

Oxidative burst. Purified monocytes are plated in 96-w plate at 2-1x10⁵ cell/well. Increasing concentrations of agonists or antagonists of the invention are added to the wells in a total volume of 0.2 ml culture medium (RPMI 1640 + 10% FCS, glutamine and antibiotics). After 3 days incubation, the plates are centrifuged and the medium is removed from the wells. To the macrophage monolayers, 0.2 ml per well of phenol red solution (140 mM NaCl, 10 mM potassium phosphate buffer pH 7.0, 5.5 mM dextrose, 0.56 mM phenol red and 19 U/ml of HRPO) is added, together with the stimulant (200 nM PMA). The plates are incubated at 37°C for 2 hours and the reaction is stopped by adding 20 µl 1N NaOH per well. The absorbance is read at 610 nm. To calculate the amount of H₂O₂ produced by the macrophages, a standard curve of a H₂O₂ solution of known molarity is performed for each experiment.

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The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

2105

Example 24: Biological Effects of Agonists or Antagonists of the Invention

Astrocyte and Neuronal Assays.

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Agonists or antagonists of the invention, expressed in *Escherichia coli* and purified as described above, can be tested for activity in promoting the survival, neurite outgrowth, or phenotypic differentiation of cortical neuronal cells and for inducing the proliferation of glial fibrillary acidic protein immunopositive cells, astrocytes. The selection of cortical cells for the bioassay is based on the prevalent expression of FGF-1 and FGF-2 in cortical structures and on the previously reported enhancement of cortical neuronal survival resulting from FGF-2 treatment. A thymidine incorporation assay, for example, can be used to elucidate an agonist or antagonist of the invention's activity on these cells.

Moreover, previous reports describing the biological effects of FGF-2 (basic FGF) on cortical or hippocampal neurons in vitro have demonstrated increases in both neuron survival and neurite outgrowth (Walicke et al., "Fibroblast growth factor promotes survival of dissociated hippocampal neurons and enhances neurite extension." *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83*:3012-3016. (1986), assay herein incorporated by reference in its entirety). However, reports from experiments done on PC-12 cells suggest that these two responses are not necessarily synonymous and may depend on not only which FGF is being tested but also on which receptor(s) are expressed on the target cells. Using the primary cortical neuronal culture paradigm, the ability of an agonist or antagonist of the invention to induce neurite outgrowth can be compared to the response achieved with FGF-2 using, for example, a thymidine incorporation assay.

25 Fibroblast and endothelial cell assays.

Human lung fibroblasts are obtained from Clonetics (San Diego, CA) and maintained in growth media from Clonetics. Dermal microvascular endothelial cells are obtained from Cell Applications (San Diego, CA). For proliferation assays, the human lung fibroblasts and dermal microvascular endothelial cells can be cultured at 5,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate for one day in growth medium. The cells are then incubated for one day in 0.1% BSA basal medium. After replacing the medium with fresh 0.1% BSA medium, the cells are incubated with the test proteins for 3 days. Alamar Blue (Alamar Biosciences, Sacramento, CA) is

2106

added to each well to a final concentration of 10%. The cells are incubated for 4 hr. Cell viability is measured by reading in a CytoFluor fluorescence reader. For the PGE₂ assays, the human lung fibroblasts are cultured at 5,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate for one day. After a medium change to 0.1% BSA basal medium, the cells are incubated with FGF-2 or agonists or antagonists of the invention with or without IL-1α for 24 hours. The supernatants are collected and assayed for PGE₂ by EIA kit (Cayman, Ann Arbor, MI). For the IL-6 assays, the human lung fibroblasts are cultured at 5,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate for one day. After a medium change to 0.1% BSA basal medium, the cells are incubated with FGF-2 or with or without agonists or antagonists of the invention IL-1α for 24 hours. The supernatants are collected and assayed for IL-6 by ELISA kit (Endogen, Cambridge, MA).

Human lung fibroblasts are cultured with FGF-2 or agonists or antagonists of the invention for 3 days in basal medium before the addition of Alamar Blue to assess effects on growth of the fibroblasts. FGF-2 should show a stimulation at 10 - 2500 ng/ml which can be used to compare stimulation with agonists or antagonists of the invention.

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Parkinson Models.

The loss of motor function in Parkinson's disease is attributed to a deficiency of striatal dopamine resulting from the degeneration of the nigrostriatal dopaminergic projection neurons. An animal model for Parkinson's that has been extensively characterized involves the systemic administration of 1-methyl-4 phenyl 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine (MPTP). In the CNS, MPTP is taken-up by astrocytes and catabolized by monoamine oxidase B to 1-methyl-4-phenyl pyridine (MPP⁺) and released. Subsequently, MPP⁺ is actively accumulated in dopaminergic neurons by the high-affinity reuptake transporter for dopamine. MPP⁺ is then concentrated in mitochondria by the electrochemical gradient and selectively inhibits nicotidamide adenine disphosphate: ubiquinone oxidoreductionase (complex I), thereby interfering with electron transport and eventually generating oxygen radicals.

It has been demonstrated in tissue culture paradigms that FGF-2 (basic FGF) has trophic activity towards nigral dopaminergic neurons (Ferrari et al., Dev. Biol. 1989). Recently, Dr. Unsicker's group has demonstrated that administering FGF-2 in gel foam implants in the striatum results in the near complete protection of nigral dopaminergic neurons from the toxicity associated with MPTP exposure (Otto and Unsicker, J. Neuroscience, 1990).

2107

Based on the data with FGF-2, agonists or antagonists of the invention can be evaluated to determine whether it has an action similar to that of FGF-2 in enhancing dopaminergic neuronal survival in vitro and it can also be tested in vivo for protection of dopaminergic neurons in the striatum from the damage associated with MPTP treatment. The potential effect of an agonist or antagonist of the invention is first examined in vitro in a dopaminergic neuronal cell culture paradigm. The cultures are prepared by dissecting the midbrain floor plate from gestation day 14 Wistar rat embryos. The tissue is dissociated with trypsin and seeded at a density of 200,000 cells/cm² on polyorthininelaminin coated glass coverslips. The cells are maintained in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's medium and F12 medium containing hormonal supplements (N1). The cultures are fixed with paraformaldehyde after 8 days in vitro and are processed for tyrosine hydroxylase, a specific marker for dopminergic neurons, immunohistochemical staining. Dissociated cell cultures are prepared from embryonic rats. The culture medium is changed every third day and the factors are also added at that time.

Since the dopaminergic neurons are isolated from animals at gestation day 14, a developmental time which is past the stage when the dopaminergic precursor cells are proliferating, an increase in the number of tyrosine hydroxylase immunopositive neurons would represent an increase in the number of dopaminergic neurons surviving *in vitro*. Therefore, if an agonist or antagonist of the invention acts to prolong the survival of dopaminergic neurons, it would suggest that the agonist or antagonist may be involved in Parkinson's Disease.

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

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Example 25: The Effect of Agonists or Antagonists of the Invention on the Growth of Vascular Endothelial Cells

On day 1, human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC) are seeded at 2-5x10⁴ cells/35 mm dish density in M199 medium containing 4% fetal bovine serum (FBS), 16 units/ml heparin, and 50 units/ml endothelial cell growth supplements (ECGS, Biotechnique,

2108

Inc.). On day 2, the medium is replaced with M199 containing 10% FBS, 8 units/ml heparin. An agonist or antagonist of the invention, and positive controls, such as VEGF and basic FGF (bFGF) are added, at varying concentrations. On days 4 and 6, the medium is replaced. On day 8, cell number is determined with a Coulter Counter.

An increase in the number of HUVEC cells indicates that the compound of the invention may proliferate vascular endothelial cells, while a decrease in the number of HUVEC cell indicates that the compound of the invention inhibits vascular endothelial cells.

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The studies described in this example tested activity of a polypeptide of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides (e.g., gene therapy), agonists, and/or antagonists of the invention.

Example 26: Rat Corneal Wound Healing Model

This animal model shows the effect of an agonist or antagonist of the invention on neovascularization. The experimental protocol includes:

- a) Making a 1-1.5 mm long incision from the center of cornea into the stromal layer.
- b) Inserting a spatula below the lip of the incision facing the outer corner of the eye.
 - c) Making a pocket (its base is 1-1.5 mm form the edge of the eye).
- d) Positioning a pellet, containing 50ng- 5ug of an agonist or antagonist of the invention, within the pocket.
- e) Treatment with an agonist or antagonist of the invention can also be applied topically to the corneal wounds in a dosage range of 20mg 500mg (daily treatment for five days).

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

30 Example 27: Diabetic Mouse and Glucocorticoid-Impaired Wound Healing Models

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A. Diabetic db+/db+ Mouse Model.

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To demonstrate that an agonist or antagonist of the invention accelerates the healing process, the genetically diabetic mouse model of wound healing is used. The full thickness wound healing model in the db+/db+ mouse is a well characterized, clinically relevant and reproducible model of impaired wound healing. Healing of the diabetic wound is dependent on formation of granulation tissue and re-epithelialization rather than contraction (Gartner, M.H. et al., J. Surg. Res. 52:389 (1992); Greenhalgh, D.G. et al., Am. J. Pathol. 136:1235 (1990)).

The diabetic animals have many of the characteristic features observed in Type II diabetes mellitus. Homozygous (db+/db+) mice are obese in comparison to their normal heterozygous (db+/+m) littermates. Mutant diabetic (db+/db+) mice have a single autosomal recessive mutation on chromosome 4 (db+) (Coleman et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:283-293 (1982)). Animals show polyphagia, polydipsia and polyuria. Mutant diabetic mice (db+/db+) have elevated blood glucose, increased or normal insulin levels, and suppressed cell-mediated immunity (Mandel et al., J. Immunol. 120:1375 (1978); Debray-Sachs, M. et al., Clin. Exp. Immunol. 51(1):1-7 (1983); Leiter et al., Am. J. of Pathol. 114:46-55 (1985)). Peripheral neuropathy, myocardial complications, and microvascular lesions, basement membrane thickening and glomerular filtration abnormalities have been described in these animals (Norido, F. et al., Exp. Neurol. 83(2):221-232 (1984); Robertson et al., Diabetes 29(1):60-67 (1980); Giacomelli et al., Lab Invest. 40(4):460-473 (1979); Coleman, D.L., Diabetes 31 (Suppl):1-6 (1982)). These homozygous diabetic mice develop hyperglycemia that is resistant to insulin analogous to human type II diabetes (Mandel et al., J. Immunol. 120:1375-1377 (1978)).

The characteristics observed in these animals suggests that healing in this model may be similar to the healing observed in human diabetes (Greenhalgh, et al., Am. J. of Pathol. 136:1235-1246 (1990)).

Genetically diabetic female C57BL/KsJ (db+/db+) mice and their non-diabetic (db+/+m) heterozygous littermates are used in this study (Jackson Laboratories). The animals are purchased at 6 weeks of age and are 8 weeks old at the beginning of the study. Animals are individually housed and received food and water ad libitum. All manipulations are performed using aseptic techniques. The experiments are conducted according to the

2110

rules and guidelines of Human Genome Sciences, Inc. Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee and the Guidelines for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals.

Wounding protocol is performed according to previously reported methods (Tsuboi, R. and Rifkin, D.B., J. Exp. Med. 172:245-251 (1990)). Briefly, on the day of wounding, animals are anesthetized with an intraperitoneal injection of Avertin (0.01 mg/mL), 2,2,2-tribromoethanol and 2-methyl-2-butanol dissolved in deionized water. The dorsal region of the animal is shaved and the skin washed with 70% ethanol solution and iodine. The surgical area is dried with sterile gauze prior to wounding. An 8 mm full-thickness wound is then created using a Keyes tissue punch. Immediately following wounding, the surrounding skin is gently stretched to eliminate wound expansion. The wounds are left open for the duration of the experiment. Application of the treatment is given topically for 5 consecutive days commencing on the day of wounding. Prior to treatment, wounds are gently cleansed with sterile saline and gauze sponges.

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Wounds are visually examined and photographed at a fixed distance at the day of surgery and at two day intervals thereafter. Wound closure is determined by daily measurement on days 1-5 and on day 8. Wounds are measured horizontally and vertically using a calibrated Jameson caliper. Wounds are considered healed if granulation tissue is no longer visible and the wound is covered by a continuous epithelium.

An agonist or antagonist of the invention is administered using at a range different doses, from 4mg to 500mg per wound per day for 8 days in vehicle. Vehicle control groups received 50mL of vehicle solution.

Animals are euthanized on day 8 with an intraperitoneal injection of sodium pentobarbital (300mg/kg). The wounds and surrounding skin are then harvested for histology and immunohistochemistry. Tissue specimens are placed in 10% neutral buffered formalin in tissue cassettes between biopsy sponges for further processing.

Three groups of 10 animals each (5 diabetic and 5 non-diabetic controls) are evaluated: 1) Vehicle placebo control, 2) untreated group, and 3) treated group.

Wound closure is analyzed by measuring the area in the vertical and horizontal axis and obtaining the total square area of the wound. Contraction is then estimated by establishing the differences between the initial wound area (day 0) and that of post treatment (day 8). The wound area on day 1 is 64mm², the corresponding size of the dermal punch. Calculations are made using the following formula:

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WO 01/22920 PCT/US00/26524

2111

[Open area on day 8] - [Open area on day 1] / [Open area on day 1]

Specimens are fixed in 10% buffered formalin and paraffin embedded blocks are sectioned perpendicular to the wound surface (5mm) and cut using a Reichert-Jung microtome. Routine hematoxylin-eosin (H&E) staining is performed on cross-sections of bisected wounds. Histologic examination of the wounds are used to assess whether the healing process and the morphologic appearance of the repaired skin is altered by treatment with an agonist or antagonist of the invention. This assessment included verification of the presence of cell accumulation, inflammatory cells, capillaries, fibroblasts, re-epithelialization and epidermal maturity (Greenhalgh, D.G. et al., Am. J. Pathol. 136:1235 (1990)). A calibrated lens micrometer is used by a blinded observer.

Tissue sections are also stained immunohistochemically with a polyclonal rabbit anti-human keratin antibody using ABC Elite detection system. Human skin is used as a positive tissue control while non-immune IgG is used as a negative control. Keratinocyte growth is determined by evaluating the extent of reepithelialization of the wound using a calibrated lens micrometer.

Proliferating cell nuclear antigen/cyclin (PCNA) in skin specimens is demonstrated by using anti-PCNA antibody (1:50) with an ABC Elite detection system. Human colon cancer served as a positive tissue control and human brain tissue is used as a negative tissue control. Each specimen included a section with omission of the primary antibody and substitution with non-immune mouse IgG. Ranking of these sections is based on the extent of proliferation on a scale of 0-8, the lower side of the scale reflecting slight proliferation to the higher side reflecting intense proliferation.

Experimental data are analyzed using an unpaired t test. A p value of < 0.05 is considered significant.

B. Steroid Impaired Rat Model

The inhibition of wound healing by steroids has been well documented in various in vitro and in vivo systems (Wahl, Glucocorticoids and Wound healing. In: Anti-Inflammatory Steroid Action: Basic and Clinical Aspects. 280-302 (1989); Wahlet al., J. Immunol. 115: 476-481 (1975); Werb et al., J. Exp. Med. 147:1684-1694 (1978)). Glucocorticoids retard

2112

wound healing by inhibiting angiogenesis, decreasing vascular permeability (Ebert et al., An. Intern. Med. 37:701-705 (1952)), fibroblast proliferation, and collagen synthesis (Beck et al., Growth Factors. 5: 295-304 (1991); Haynes et al., J. Clin. Invest. 61: 703-797 (1978)) and producing a transient reduction of circulating monocytes (Haynes et al., J. Clin. Invest. 61: 703-797 (1978); Wahl, "Glucocorticoids and wound healing", In: Antiinflammatory Steroid Action: Basic and Clinical Aspects, Academic Press, New York, pp. 280-302 (1989)). The systemic administration of steroids to impaired wound healing is a well establish phenomenon in rats (Beck et al., Growth Factors. 5: 295-304 (1991); Haynes et al., J. Clin. Invest. 61: 703-797 (1978); Wahl, "Glucocorticoids and wound healing", In: Antiinflammatory Steroid Action: Basic and Clinical Aspects, Academic Press, New York, pp. 280-302 (1989); Pierce et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86: 2229-2233 (1989)).

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To demonstrate that an agonist or antagonist of the invention can accelerate the healing process, the effects of multiple topical applications of the agonist or antagonist on full thickness excisional skin wounds in rats in which healing has been impaired by the systemic administration of methylprednisolone is assessed.

Young adult male Sprague Dawley rats weighing 250-300 g (Charles River Laboratories) are used in this example. The animals are purchased at 8 weeks of age and are 9 weeks old at the beginning of the study. The healing response of rats is impaired by the systemic administration of methylprednisolone (17mg/kg/rat intramuscularly) at the time of wounding. Animals are individually housed and received food and water ad libitum. All manipulations are performed using aseptic techniques. This study is conducted according to the rules and guidelines of Human Genome Sciences, Inc. Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee and the Guidelines for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals.

The wounding protocol is followed according to section A, above. On the day of wounding, animals are anesthetized with an intramuscular injection of ketamine (50 mg/kg) and xylazine (5 mg/kg). The dorsal region of the animal is shaved and the skin washed with 70% ethanol and iodine solutions. The surgical area is dried with sterile gauze prior to wounding. An 8 mm full-thickness wound is created using a Keyes tissue punch. The wounds are left open for the duration of the experiment. Applications of the testing materials are given topically once a day for 7 consecutive days commencing on the day of wounding and subsequent to methylprednisolone administration. Prior to treatment, wounds are gently cleansed with sterile saline and gauze sponges.

WO 01/22920

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PCT/US00/26524

Wounds are visually examined and photographed at a fixed distance at the day of wounding and at the end of treatment. Wound closure is determined by daily measurement on days 1-5 and on day 8. Wounds are measured horizontally and vertically using a calibrated Jameson caliper. Wounds are considered healed if granulation tissue is no longer visible and the wound is covered by a continuous epithelium.

2113

The agonist or antagonist of the invention is administered using at a range different doses, from 4mg to 500mg per wound per day for 8 days in vehicle. Vehicle control groups received 50mL of vehicle solution.

Animals are euthanized on day 8 with an intraperitoneal injection of sodium pentobarbital (300mg/kg). The wounds and surrounding skin are then harvested for histology. Tissue specimens are placed in 10% neutral buffered formalin in tissue cassettes between biopsy sponges for further processing.

Four groups of 10 animals each (5 with methylprednisolone and 5 without glucocorticoid) are evaluated: 1) Untreated group 2) Vehicle placebo control 3) treated groups.

Wound closure is analyzed by measuring the area in the vertical and horizontal axis and obtaining the total area of the wound. Closure is then estimated by establishing the differences between the initial wound area (day 0) and that of post treatment (day 8). The wound area on day 1 is 64mm², the corresponding size of the dermal punch. Calculations are made using the following formula:

[Open area on day 8] - [Open area on day 1] / [Open area on day 1]

Specimens are fixed in 10% buffered formalin and paraffin embedded blocks are sectioned perpendicular to the wound surface (5mm) and cut using an Olympus microtome. Routine hematoxylin-eosin (H&E) staining is performed on cross-sections of bisected wounds. Histologic examination of the wounds allows assessment of whether the healing process and the morphologic appearance of the repaired skin is improved by treatment with an agonist or antagonist of the invention. A calibrated lens micrometer is used by a blinded observer to determine the distance of the wound gap.

Experimental data are analyzed using an unpaired t test. A p value of < 0.05 is considered significant.

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The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

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Example 28: Lymphadema Animal Model

The purpose of this experimental approach is to create an appropriate and consistent lymphedema model for testing the therapeutic effects of an agonist or antagonist of the invention in lymphangiogenesis and re-establishment of the lymphatic circulatory system in the rat hind limb. Effectiveness is measured by swelling volume of the affected limb, quantification of the amount of lymphatic vasculature, total blood plasma protein, and histopathology. Acute lymphedema is observed for 7-10 days. Perhaps more importantly, the chronic progress of the edema is followed for up to 3-4 weeks.

Prior to beginning surgery, blood sample is drawn for protein concentration analysis. Male rats weighing approximately ~350g are dosed with Pentobarbital. Subsequently, the right legs are shaved from knee to hip. The shaved area is swabbed with gauze soaked in 70% EtOH. Blood is drawn for serum total protein testing. Circumference and volumetric measurements are made prior to injecting dye into paws after marking 2 measurement levels (0.5 cm above heel, at mid-pt of dorsal paw). The intradermal dorsum of both right and left paws are injected with 0.05 ml of 1% Evan's Blue. Circumference and volumetric measurements are then made following injection of dye into paws.

Using the knee joint as a landmark, a mid-leg inguinal incision is made circumferentially allowing the femoral vessels to be located. Forceps and hemostats are used to dissect and separate the skin flaps. After locating the femoral vessels, the lymphatic vessel that runs along side and underneath the vessel(s) is located. The main lymphatic vessels in this area are then electrically coagulated or suture ligated.

Using a microscope, muscles in back of the leg (near the semitendinosis and adductors) are bluntly dissected. The popliteal lymph node is then located. The 2 proximal and 2 distal lymphatic vessels and distal blood supply of the popliteal node are then and ligated by suturing. The popliteal lymph node, and any accompanying adipose tissue, is then removed by cutting connective tissues.

2115

Care is taken to control any mild bleeding resulting from this procedure. After lymphatics are occluded, the skin flaps are sealed by using liquid skin (Vetbond) (AJ Buck). The separated skin edges are sealed to the underlying muscle tissue while leaving a gap of ~0.5 cm around the leg. Skin also may be anchored by suturing to underlying muscle when necessary.

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To avoid infection, animals are housed individually with mesh (no bedding). Recovering animals are checked daily through the optimal edematous peak, which typically occurred by day 5-7. The plateau edematous peak are then observed. To evaluate the intensity of the lymphedema, the circumference and volumes of 2 designated places on each paw before operation and daily for 7 days are measured. The effect plasma proteins on lymphedema is determined and whether protein analysis is a useful testing perimeter is also investigated. The weights of both control and edematous limbs are evaluated at 2 places. Analysis is performed in a blind manner.

Circumference Measurements: Under brief gas anesthetic to prevent limb movement, a cloth tape is used to measure limb circumference. Measurements are done at the ankle bone and dorsal paw by 2 different people then those 2 readings are averaged. Readings are taken from both control and edematous limbs.

Volumetric Measurements: On the day of surgery, animals are anesthetized with Pentobarbital and are tested prior to surgery. For daily volumetrics animals are under brief halothane anesthetic (rapid immobilization and quick recovery), both legs are shaved and equally marked using waterproof marker on legs. Legs are first dipped in water, then dipped into instrument to each marked level then measured by Buxco edema software(Chen/Victor). Data is recorded by one person, while the other is dipping the limb to marked area.

Blood-plasma protein measurements: Blood is drawn, spun, and serum separated prior to surgery and then at conclusion for total protein and Ca2+ comparison.

Limb Weight Comparison: After drawing blood, the animal is prepared for tissue collection. The limbs are amputated using a quillitine, then both experimental and control legs are cut at the ligature and weighed. A second weighing is done as the tibio-cacaneal joint is disarticulated and the foot is weighed.

Histological Preparations: The transverse muscle located behind the knee (popliteal) area is dissected and arranged in a metal mold, filled with freezeGel, dipped into cold

2116

methylbutane, placed into labeled sample bags at - 80EC until sectioning. Upon sectioning, the muscle is observed under fluorescent microscopy for lymphatics..

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

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Example 29: Suppression of TNF alpha-induced adhesion molecule expression by a Agonist or Antagonist of the Invention

The recruitment of lymphocytes to areas of inflammation and angiogenesis involves specific receptor-ligand interactions between cell surface adhesion molecules (CAMs) on lymphocytes and the vascular endothelium. The adhesion process, in both normal and pathological settings, follows a multi-step cascade that involves intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1), vascular cell adhesion molecule-1 (VCAM-1), and endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule-1 (E-selectin) expression on endothelial cells (EC). The expression of these molecules and others on the vascular endothelium determines the efficiency with which leukocytes may adhere to the local vasculature and extravasate into the local tissue during the development of an inflammatory response. The local concentration of cytokines and growth factor participate in the modulation of the expression of these CAMs.

Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-a), a potent proinflammatory cytokine, is a stimulator of all three CAMs on endothelial cells and may be involved in a wide variety of inflammatory responses, often resulting in a pathological outcome.

The potential of an agonist or antagonist of the invention to mediate a suppression of TNF-a induced CAM expression can be examined. A modified ELISA assay which uses ECs as a solid phase absorbent is employed to measure the amount of CAM expression on TNF-a treated ECs when co-stimulated with a member of the FGF family of proteins.

To perform the experiment, human umbilical vein endothelial cell (HUVEC) cultures are obtained from pooled cord harvests and maintained in growth medium (EGM-2; Clonetics, San Diego, CA) supplemented with 10% FCS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin in a 37 degree C humidified incubator containing 5% CO2. HUVECs are seeded in 96-well plates at concentrations of 1 x 104 cells/well in EGM medium at 37 degree C for 18-24 hrs or until confluent. The monolayers are subsequently washed 3 times with a serum-free solution

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of RPMI-1640 supplemented with 100 U/ml penicillin and 100 mg/ml streptomycin, and treated with a given cytokine and/or growth factor(s) for 24 h at 37 degree C. Following incubation, the cells are then evaluated for CAM expression.

Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial cells (HUVECs) are grown in a standard 96 well plate to confluence. Growth medium is removed from the cells and replaced with 90 ul of 199 Medium (10% FBS). Samples for testing and positive or negative controls are added to the plate in triplicate (in 10 ul volumes). Plates are incubated at 37 degree C for either 5 h (selectin and integrin expression) or 24 h (integrin expression only). Plates are aspirated to remove medium and 100 µl of 0.1% paraformaldehyde-PBS(with Ca++ and Mg++) is added to each well. Plates are held at 4°C for 30 min.

Fixative is then removed from the wells and wells are washed 1X with PBS(+Ca,Mg)+0.5% BSA and drained. Do not allow the wells to dry. Add 10 μl of diluted primary antibody to the test and control wells. Anti-ICAM-1-Biotin, Anti-VCAM-1-Biotin and Anti-E-selectin-Biotin are used at a concentration of 10 μg/ml (1:10 dilution of 0.1 mg/ml stock antibody). Cells are incubated at 37°C for 30 min. in a humidified environment. Wells are washed X3 with PBS(+Ca,Mg)+0.5% BSA.

Then add 20 μ l of diluted ExtrAvidin-Alkaline Phosphotase (1:5,000 dilution) to each well and incubated at 37°C for 30 min. Wells are washed X3 with PBS(+Ca,Mg)+0.5% BSA. 1 tablet of p-Nitrophenol Phosphate pNPP is dissolved in 5 ml of glycine buffer (pH 10.4). 100 μ l of pNPP substrate in glycine buffer is added to each test well. Standard wells in triplicate are prepared from the working dilution of the ExtrAvidin-Alkaline Phosphotase in glycine buffer: 1:5,000 (10^{0}) > $10^{-0.5}$ > 10^{-1} > $10^{-1.5}$.5 μ l of each dilution is added to triplicate wells and the resulting AP content in each well is 5.50 ng, 1.74 ng, 0.55 ng, 0.18 ng. 100 μ l of pNNP reagent must then be added to each of the standard wells. The plate must be incubated at 37°C for 4h. A volume of 50 μ l of 3M NaOH is added to all wells. The results are quantified on a plate reader at 405 nm. The background subtraction option is used on blank wells filled with glycine buffer only. The template is set up to indicate the concentration of AP-conjugate in each standard well [5.50 ng; 1.74 ng; 0.55 ng; 0.18 ng]. Results are indicated as amount of bound AP-conjugate in each sample.

The studies described in this example tested activity of agonists or antagonists of the invention. However, one skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention (e.g., gene therapy).

2118

Example 30: TAQMAN

Quantitative PCR (QPCR). Total RNA from cells in culture are extracted by Trizol separation as recommended by the supplier (LifeTechnologies). (Total RNA is treated with DNase I (Life Technologies) to remove any contaminating genomic DNA before reverse transcription.) Total RNA (50 ng) is used in a one-step, 50ul, RT-QPCR, consisting of Taqman Buffer A (Perkin-Elmer; 50 mM KCl/10 mM Tris, pH 8.3), 5.5 mM MgCl₂, 240 µM each dNTP, 0.4 units RNase inhibitor(Promega), 8%glycerol, 0.012% Tween-20, 0.05% gelatin, 0.3uM primers, 0.1uM probe, 0.025units Amplitaq Gold (Perkin-Elmer) and 2.5 units Superscript II reverse transcriptase (Life Technologies). As a control for genomic contamination, parallel reactions are setup without reverse transcriptase. The relative abundance of (unknown) and 18S RNAs are assessed by using the Applied Biosystems Prism 7700 Sequence Detection System (Livak, K. J., Flood, S. J., Marmaro, J., Giusti, W. & Deetz, K. (1995) PCR Methods Appl. 4, 357-362). Reactions are carried out at 48°C for 30 min, 95°C for 10 min, followed by 40 cycles of 95°C for 15s, 60°C for 1 min. Reactions are performed in triplicate.

Primers (f & r) and FRET probes sets are designed using Primer Express Software (Perkin-Elmer). Probes are labeled at the 5'-end with the reporter dye 6-FAM and on the 3'-end with the quencher dye TAMRA (Biosource International, Camarillo, CA or Perkin-Elmer).

Example 31: Production Of Polypeptide of the Invention For High-Throughput Screening Assays

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The following protocol produces a supernatant containing polypeptide of the present invention to be tested. This supernatant can then be used in the Screening Assays described in Examples 33-42.

First, dilute Poly-D-Lysine (644 587 Boehringer-Mannheim) stock solution (1mg/ml in PBS) 1:20 in PBS (w/o calcium or magnesium 17-516F Biowhittaker) for a working solution of 50ug/ml. Add 200 ul of this solution to each well (24 well plates) and incubate at RT for 20 minutes. Be sure to distribute the solution over each well (note: a 12-channel

WO 01/22920

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PCT/US00/26524

pipetter may be used with tips on every other channel). Aspirate off the Poly-D-Lysine solution and rinse with 1ml PBS (Phosphate Buffered Saline). The PBS should remain in the well until just prior to plating the cells and plates may be poly-lysine coated in advance for up to two weeks.

Plate 293T cells (do not carry cells past P+20) at 2 x 10⁵ cells/well in .5ml DMEM(Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium)(with 4.5 G/L glucose and L-glutamine (12-604F Biowhittaker))/10% heat inactivated FBS(14-503F Biowhittaker)/1x Penstrep(17-602E Biowhittaker). Let the cells grow overnight.

The next day, mix together in a sterile solution basin: 300 ul Lipofectamine (18324-012 Gibco/BRL) and 5ml Optimem I (31985070 Gibco/BRL)/96-well plate. With a small volume multi-channel pipetter, aliquot approximately 2ug of an expression vector containing a polynucleotide insert, produced by the methods described in Examples 8-10, into an appropriately labeled 96-well round bottom plate. With a multi-channel pipetter, add 50ul of the Lipofectamine/Optimem I mixture to each well. Pipette up and down gently to mix. Incubate at RT 15-45 minutes. After about 20 minutes, use a multi-channel pipetter to add 150ul Optimem I to each well. As a control, one plate of vector DNA lacking an insert should be transfected with each set of transfections.

Preferably, the transfection should be performed by tag-teaming the following tasks. By tag-teaming, hands on time is cut in half, and the cells do not spend too much time on PBS. First, person A aspirates off the media from four 24-well plates of cells, and then person B rinses each well with .5-1ml PBS. Person A then aspirates off PBS rinse, and person B, using a12-channel pipetter with tips on every other channel, adds the 200ul of DNA/Lipofectamine/Optimem I complex to the odd wells first, then to the even wells, to each row on the 24-well plates. Incubate at 37 degree C for 6 hours.

While cells are incubating, prepare appropriate media, either 1%BSA in DMEM with 1x penstrep, or HGS CHO-5 media (116.6 mg/L of CaCl2 (anhyd); 0.00130 mg/L CuSO4-5H2O; 0.050 mg/L of Fe(NO3)3-9H2O; 0.417 mg/L of FeSO4-7H2O; 311.80 mg/L of Kcl; 28.64 mg/L of MgCl2; 48.84 mg/L of MgSO4; 6995.50 mg/L of NaCl; 2400.0 mg/L of NaHCO3; 62.50 mg/L of NaH2PO4-H2O; 71.02 mg/L of Na2HPO4; .4320 mg/L of ZnSO4-7H2O; .002 mg/L of Arachidonic Acid; 1.022 mg/L of Cholesterol; .070 mg/L of DL-alpha-Tocopherol-Acetate; 0.0520 mg/L of Linoleic Acid; 0.010 mg/L of Palmitric Acid; 0.010 mg/L of Myristic Acid; 0.010 mg/L of Oleic Acid; 0.010 mg/L of Palmitric Acid; 0.010 mg/L

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of Palmitic Acid; 100 mg/L of Pluronic F-68; 0.010 mg/L of Stearic Acid; 2.20 mg/L of Tween 80; 4551 mg/L of D-Glucose; 130.85 mg/ml of L- Alanine; 147.50 mg/ml of L-Arginine-HCL; 7.50 mg/ml of L-Asparagine-H20; 6.65 mg/ml of L-Aspartic Acid; 29.56 mg/ml of L-Cystine-2HCL-H20; 31.29 mg/ml of L-Cystine-2HCL; 7.35 mg/ml of L-Glutamic Acid; 365.0 mg/ml of L-Glutamine; 18.75 mg/ml of Glycine; 52.48 mg/ml of L-Histidine-HCL-H20; 106.97 mg/ml of L-Isoleucine; 111.45 mg/ml of L-Leucine; 163.75 mg/ml of L-Lysine HCL; 32.34 mg/ml of L-Methionine; 68.48 mg/ml of L-Phenylalainine; 40.0 mg/ml of L-Proline; 26.25 mg/ml of L-Serine; 101.05 mg/ml of L-Threonine; 19.22 mg/ml of L-Tryptophan; 91.79 mg/ml of L-Tryrosine-2Na-2H20; and 99.65 mg/ml of L-Valine; 0.0035 mg/L of Biotin; 3.24 mg/L of D-Ca Pantothenate; 11.78 mg/L of Choline Chloride; 4.65 mg/L of Folic Acid; 15.60 mg/L of i-Inositol; 3.02 mg/L of Niacinamide; 3.00 mg/L of Pyridoxal HCL; 0.031 mg/L of Pyridoxine HCL; 0.319 mg/L of Riboflavin; 3.17 mg/L of Thiamine HCL; 0.365 mg/L of Thymidine; 0.680 mg/L of Vitamin B12; 25 mM of HEPES Buffer; 2.39 mg/L of Na Hypoxanthine; 0.105 mg/L of Lipoic Acid; 0.081 mg/L of Sodium Putrescine-2HCL; 55.0 mg/L of Sodium Pyruvate; 0.0067 mg/L of Sodium Selenite; 20uM of Ethanolamine; 0.122 mg/L of Ferric Citrate; 41.70 mg/L of Methyl-B-Cyclodextrin complexed with Linoleic Acid; 33.33 mg/L of Methyl-B-Cyclodextrin complexed with Oleic Acid; 10 mg/L of Methyl-B-Cyclodextrin complexed with Retinal Acetate. osmolarity to 327 mOsm) with 2mm glutamine and 1x penstrep. (BSA (81-068-3 Bayer) 100gm dissolved in 1L DMEM for a 10% BSA stock solution). Filter the media and collect 50 ul for endotoxin assay in 15ml polystyrene conical.

The transfection reaction is terminated, preferably by tag-teaming, at the end of the incubation period. Person A aspirates off the transfection media, while person B adds 1.5ml appropriate media to each well. Incubate at 37 degree C for 45 or 72 hours depending on the media used: 1%BSA for 45 hours or CHO-5 for 72 hours.

On day four, using a 300ul multichannel pipetter, aliquot 600ul in one 1ml deep well plate and the remaining supernatant into a 2ml deep well. The supernatants from each well can then be used in the assays described in Examples 33-40.

It is specifically understood that when activity is obtained in any of the assays described below using a supernatant, the activity originates from either the polypeptide of the present invention directly (e.g., as a secreted protein) or by polypeptide of the present invention inducing expression of other proteins, which are then secreted into the supernatant.

2121

Thus, the invention further provides a method of identifying the protein in the supernatant characterized by an activity in a particular assay.

Example 32: Construction of GAS Reporter Construct

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One signal transduction pathway involved in the differentiation and proliferation of cells is called the Jaks-STATs pathway. Activated proteins in the Jaks-STATs pathway bind to gamma activation site "GAS" elements or interferon-sensitive responsive element ("ISRE"), located in the promoter of many genes. The binding of a protein to these elements alter the expression of the associated gene.

GAS and ISRE elements are recognized by a class of transcription factors called Signal Transducers and Activators of Transcription, or "STATs." There are six members of the STATs family. Stat1 and Stat3 are present in many cell types, as is Stat2 (as response to IFN-alpha is widespread). Stat4 is more restricted and is not in many cell types though it has been found in T helper class I, cells after treatment with IL-12. Stat5 was originally called mammary growth factor, but has been found at higher concentrations in other cells including myeloid cells. It can be activated in tissue culture cells by many cytokines.

The STATs are activated to translocate from the cytoplasm to the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation by a set of kinases known as the Janus Kinase ("Jaks") family. Jaks represent a distinct family of soluble tyrosine kinases and include Tyk2, Jak1, Jak2, and Jak3. These kinases display significant sequence similarity and are generally catalytically inactive in resting cells.

The Jaks are activated by a wide range of receptors summarized in the Table below. (Adapted from review by Schidler and Darnell, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 64:621-51 (1995).) A cytokine receptor family, capable of activating Jaks, is divided into two groups: (a) Class 1 includes receptors for IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-7, IL-9, IL-11, IL-12, IL-15, Epo, PRL, GH, G-CSF, GM-CSF, LIF, CNTF, and thrombopoietin; and (b) Class 2 includes IFN-a, IFN-g, and IL-10. The Class 1 receptors share a conserved cysteine motif (a set of four conserved cysteines and one tryptophan) and a WSXWS motif (a membrane proximal region encoding Trp-Ser-Xxx-Trp-Ser (SEQ ID NO: 8556)).

Thus, on binding of a ligand to a receptor, Jaks are activated, which in turn activate STATs, which then translocate and bind to GAS elements. This entire process is

encompassed in the Jaks-STATs signal transduction pathway.

Therefore, activation of the Jaks-STATs pathway, reflected by the binding of the GAS or the ISRE element, can be used to indicate proteins involved in the proliferation and differentiation of cells. For example, growth factors and cytokines are known to activate the Jaks-STATs pathway. (See Table below.) Thus, by using GAS elements linked to reporter molecules, activators of the Jaks-STATs pathway can be identified.

2123

		<u>JAKs</u>				STATS GAS(elements) or ISRE	
	<u>Ligand</u>	tyk2	Jak1	Jak2	Jak3		
	IFN family						
5	IFN-a/B	+	+	_		1 2 2	ICDE
	IFN-g	•	+	+	-	1,2,3	ISRE
	(IRF1>Lys6>IFP)		т	т	-	1	GAS
	II-10	+	?	?		1.2	
	H-10	•	ť	ſ	-	1,3	
10	gp130 family						
	IL-6 (Pleiotrohic)	+	+	+	?	1,3	GAS
	(IRF1>Lys6>IFP)						
	Il-11(Pleiotrohic)	?	+	?	?	1,3	
	OnM(Pleiotrohic)	?	+	+	?	1,3	
15	LIF(Pleiotrohic)	?	+	+	?	1,3	
	CNTF(Pleiotrohic)	-/+	+	+	?	1,3	
	G-CSF(Pleiotrohic)	?	+	?	?	1,3	
	IL-12(Pleiotrohic)	+	-	+	+	1,3	
20	g-C family						
	IL-2 (lymphocytes)	-	+	-	+	1,3,5	GAS
	IL-4 (lymph/myeloid)	-	+	-	+	6	GAS (IRF1 = IFP
	>>Ly6)(IgH)						`.
	IL-7 (lymphocytes)	-	+	-	+	5	GAS
25	IL-9 (lymphocytes)	-	+	-	+	5	GAS
	IL-13 (lymphocyte)	-	+	?	?	6	GAS
	IL-15	?	+	?	+	5	GAS
	gp140 family						
30	IL-3 (myeloid)	-	-	+	-	5	GAS
	(IRF1>IFP>>Ly6)						
	IL-5 (myeloid)	-	-	+	-	5	GAS
	GM-CSF (myeloid)	-	-	+	-	5	GAS

	Growth hormone fami	ly					
	GH	?	-	+	-	5	
	PRL	?	+/-	+	-	1,3,5	
5	EPO	?	-	+	-	5	GAS(B-
	CAS>IRF1=IFP>>Ly6	5)					
	Receptor Tyrosine Kin	ases					
	EGF	?	+	+	-	1,3	GAS (IRF1)
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	PDGF	?	+	+	-	1,3	
	CSF-1	?	+	+	-	1,3	GAS (not IRF1)

2125

To construct a synthetic GAS containing promoter element, which is used in the Biological Assays described in Examples 33-34, a PCR based strategy is employed to generate a GAS-SV40 promoter sequence. The 5' primer contains four tandem copies of the GAS binding site found in the IRF1 promoter and previously demonstrated to bind STATs upon induction with a range of cytokines (Rothman et al., Immunity 1:457-468 (1994).), although other GAS or ISRE elements can be used instead. The 5' primer also contains 18bp of sequence complementary to the SV40 early promoter sequence and is flanked with an XhoI site. The sequence of the 5' primer is:

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5':GCGCCTCGAGATTTCCCCGAAATCTAGATTTCCCCGAAATGATTTCCCCGAAATGATTTCCCCGAAATATCTGCCATCTCAATTAG:3' (SEQ ID NO:8557)

The downstream primer is complementary to the SV40 promoter and is flanked with a Hind III site: 5':GCGGCAAGCTTTTTGCAAAGCCTAGGC:3' (SEQ ID NO:8558)

PCR amplification is performed using the SV40 promoter template present in the B-gal:promoter plasmid obtained from Clontech. The resulting PCR fragment is digested with Xhol/Hind III and subcloned into BLSK2-. (Stratagene.) Sequencing with forward and reverse primers confirms that the insert contains the following sequence:

5':CTCGAGATTTCCCCGAAATCTAGATTTCCCCGAAATGATTTCCCCGAAATGATT
TCCCCGAAATATCTGCCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACT
CCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCTCCGCCCCATGGCTG
ACTAATTTTTTTATTTATTCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCC
AGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAAGCTT:3'
(SEQ ID NO:8559)

With this GAS promoter element linked to the SV40 promoter, a GAS:SEAP2 reporter construct is next engineered. Here, the reporter molecule is a secreted alkaline phosphatase, or "SEAP." Clearly, however, any reporter molecule can be instead of SEAP, in this or in any of the other Examples. Well known reporter molecules that can be used instead of SEAP include chloramphenical acetyltransferase (CAT), luciferase, alkaline phosphatase, B-galactosidase, green fluorescent protein (GFP), or any protein detectable by an antibody.

The above sequence confirmed synthetic GAS-SV40 promoter element is subcloned into the pSEAP-Promoter vector obtained from Clontech using HindIII and XhoI, effectively replacing the SV40 promoter with the amplified GAS:SV40 promoter element, to create the

2126

GAS-SEAP vector. However, this vector does not contain a neomycin resistance gene, and therefore, is not preferred for mammalian expression systems.

Thus, in order to generate mammalian stable cell lines expressing the GAS-SEAP reporter, the GAS-SEAP cassette is removed from the GAS-SEAP vector using SalI and NotI, and inserted into a backbone vector containing the neomycin resistance gene, such as pGFP-1 (Clontech), using these restriction sites in the multiple cloning site, to create the GAS-SEAP/Neo vector. Once this vector is transfected into mammalian cells, this vector can then be used as a reporter molecule for GAS binding as described in Examples 33-34.

Other constructs can be made using the above description and replacing GAS with a different promoter sequence. For example, construction of reporter molecules containing NFK-B and EGR promoter sequences are described in Examples 35 and 36. However, many other promoters can be substituted using the protocols described in these Examples. For instance, SRE, IL-2, NFAT, or Osteocalcin promoters can be substituted, alone or in combination (e.g., GAS/NF-KB/EGR, GAS/NF-KB, Il-2/NFAT, or NF-KB/GAS). Similarly, other cell lines can be used to test reporter construct activity, such as HELA (epithelial), HUVEC (endothelial), Reh (B-cell), Saos-2 (osteoblast), HUVAC (aortic), or Cardiomyocyte.

Example 33: High-Throughput Screening Assay for T-cell Activity.

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The following protocol is used to assess T-cell activity by identifying factors, and determining whether supernate containing a polypeptide of the invention proliferates and/or differentiates T-cells. T-cell activity is assessed using the GAS/SEAP/Neo construct produced in Example 32. Thus, factors that increase SEAP activity indicate the ability to activate the Jaks-STATS signal transduction pathway. The T-cell used in this assay is Jurkat T-cells (ATCC Accession No. TIB-152), although Molt-3 cells (ATCC Accession No. CRL-1552) and Molt-4 cells (ATCC Accession No. CRL-1582) cells can also be used.

Jurkat T-cells are lymphoblastic CD4+ Th1 helper cells. In order to generate stable cell lines, approximately 2 million Jurkat cells are transfected with the GAS-SEAP/neo vector using DMRIE-C (Life Technologies)(transfection procedure described below). The transfected cells are seeded to a density of approximately 20,000 cells per well and transfectants resistant to 1 mg/ml genticin selected. Resistant colonies are expanded and then

tested for their response to increasing concentrations of interferon gamma. The dose response of a selected clone is demonstrated.

Specifically, the following protocol will yield sufficient cells for 75 wells containing 200 ul of cells. Thus, it is either scaled up, or performed in multiple to generate sufficient cells for multiple 96 well plates. Jurkat cells are maintained in RPMI + 10% serum with 1%Pen-Strep. Combine 2.5 mls of OPTI-MEM (Life Technologies) with 10 ug of plasmid DNA in a T25 flask. Add 2.5 ml OPTI-MEM containing 50 ul of DMRIE-C and incubate at room temperature for 15-45 mins.

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During the incubation period, count cell concentration, spin down the required number of cells (10^7 per transfection), and resuspend in OPTI-MEM to a final concentration of 10^7 cells/ml. Then add 1ml of 1 x 10^7 cells in OPTI-MEM to T25 flask and incubate at 37 degree C for 6 hrs. After the incubation, add 10 ml of RPMI + 15% serum.

The Jurkat: GAS-SEAP stable reporter lines are maintained in RPMI + 10% serum, 1 mg/ml Genticin, and 1% Pen-Strep. These cells are treated with supernatants containing polypeptide of the present invention or polypeptide of the present invention induced polypeptides as produced by the protocol described in Example 31.

On the day of treatment with the supernatant, the cells should be washed and resuspended in fresh RPMI + 10% serum to a density of 500,000 cells per ml. The exact number of cells required will depend on the number of supernatants being screened. For one 96 well plate, approximately 10 million cells (for 10 plates, 100 million cells) are required.

Transfer the cells to a triangular reservoir boat, in order to dispense the cells into a 96 well dish, using a 12 channel pipette. Using a 12 channel pipette, transfer 200 ul of cells into each well (therefore adding 100, 000 cells per well).

After all the plates have been seeded, 50 ul of the supernatants are transferred directly from the 96 well plate containing the supernatants into each well using a 12 channel pipette. In addition, a dose of exogenous interferon gamma (0.1, 1.0, 10 ng) is added to wells H9, H10, and H11 to serve as additional positive controls for the assay.

The 96 well dishes containing Jurkat cells treated with supernatants are placed in an incubator for 48 hrs (note: this time is variable between 48-72 hrs). 35 ul samples from each well are then transferred to an opaque 96 well plate using a 12 channel pipette. The opaque plates should be covered (using sellophene covers) and stored at -20 degree C until SEAP assays are performed according to Example 37. The plates containing the remaining treated

2128

cells are placed at 4 degree C and serve as a source of material for repeating the assay on a specific well if desired.

As a positive control, 100 Unit/ml interferon gamma can be used which is known to activate Jurkat T cells. Over 30 fold induction is typically observed in the positive control wells.

The above protocol may be used in the generation of both transient, as well as, stable transfected cells, which would be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Example 34: High-Throughput Screening Assay Identifying Myeloid Activity.

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The following protocol is used to assess myeloid activity of polypeptide of the present invention by determining whether polypeptide of the present invention proliferates and/or differentiates myeloid cells. Myeloid cell activity is assessed using the GAS/SEAP/Neo construct produced in Example 32. Thus, factors that increase SEAP activity indicate the ability to activate the Jaks-STATS signal transduction pathway. The myeloid cell used in this assay is U937, a pre-monocyte cell line, although TF-1, HL60, or KG1 can be used.

To transiently transfect U937 cells with the GAS/SEAP/Neo construct produced in Example 32, a DEAE-Dextran method (Kharbanda et. al., 1994, Cell Growth & Differentiation, 5:259-265) is used. First, harvest 2x10e7 U937 cells and wash with PBS. The U937 cells are usually grown in RPMI 1640 medium containing 10% heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum (FBS) supplemented with 100 units/ml penicillin and 100 mg/ml streptomycin.

Next, suspend the cells in 1 ml of 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4) buffer containing 0.5 mg/ml DEAE-Dextran, 8 ug GAS-SEAP2 plasmid DNA, 140 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 375 uM Na2HPO4.7H2O, 1 mM MgCl2, and 675 uM CaCl2. Incubate at 37 degrees C for 45 min.

Wash the cells with RPMI 1640 medium containing 10% FBS and then resuspend in 10 ml complete medium and incubate at 37 degree C for 36 hr.

The GAS-SEAP/U937 stable cells are obtained by growing the cells in 400 ug/ml G418. The G418-free medium is used for routine growth but every one to two months, the cells should be re-grown in 400 ug/ml G418 for couple of passages.

These cells are tested by harvesting 1x10⁸ cells (this is enough for ten 96-well plates assay) and wash with PBS. Suspend the cells in 200 ml above described growth medium,

2129

with a final density of $5x10^5$ cells/ml. Plate 200 ul cells per well in the 96-well plate (or $1x10^5$ cells/well).

Add 50 ul of the supernatant prepared by the protocol described in Example 31. Incubate at 37 degee C for 48 to 72 hr. As a positive control, 100 Unit/ml interferon gamma can be used which is known to activate U937 cells. Over 30 fold induction is typically observed in the positive control wells. SEAP assay the supernatant according to the protocol described in Example 37.

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Example 35: High-Throughput Screening Assay Identifying Neuronal Activity.

When cells undergo differentiation and proliferation, a group of genes are activated through many different signal transduction pathways. One of these genes, EGR1 (early growth response gene 1), is induced in various tissues and cell types upon activation. The promoter of EGR1 is responsible for such induction. Using the EGR1 promoter linked to reporter molecules, activation of cells can be assessed by polypeptide of the present invention.

Particularly, the following protocol is used to assess neuronal activity in PC12 cell lines. PC12 cells (rat phenochromocytoma cells) are known to proliferate and/or differentiate by activation with a number of mitogens, such as TPA (tetradecanoyl phorbol acetate), NGF (nerve growth factor), and EGF (epidermal growth factor). The EGR1 gene expression is activated during this treatment. Thus, by stably transfecting PC12 cells with a construct containing an EGR promoter linked to SEAP reporter, activation of PC12 cells by polypeptide of the present invention can be assessed.

The EGR/SEAP reporter construct can be assembled by the following protocol. The EGR-1 promoter sequence (-633 to +1)(Sakamoto K et al., Oncogene 6:867-871 (1991)) can be PCR amplified from human genomic DNA using the following primers:

- 5' GCGCTCGAGGGATGACAGCGATAGAACCCCGG -3' (SEQ ID NO: 8560)
- 5' GCGAAGCTTCGCGACTCCCGGATCCGCCTC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 8561)

Using the GAS:SEAP/Neo vector produced in Example 32, EGR1 amplified product can then be inserted into this vector. Linearize the GAS:SEAP/Neo vector using restriction enzymes XhoI/HindIII, removing the GAS/SV40 stuffer. Restrict the EGR1 amplified

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WO 01/22920 PCT/US00/26524

2130

product with these same enzymes. Ligate the vector and the EGR1 promoter.

To prepare 96 well-plates for cell culture, two mls of a coating solution (1:30 dilution of collagen type I (Upstate Biotech Inc. Cat#08-115) in 30% ethanol (filter sterilized)) is added per one 10 cm plate or 50 ml per well of the 96-well plate, and allowed to air dry for 2 hr.

PC12 cells are routinely grown in RPMI-1640 medium (Bio Whittaker) containing 10% horse serum (JRH BIOSCIENCES, Cat. # 12449-78P), 5% heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum (FBS) supplemented with 100 units/ml penicillin and 100 ug/ml streptomycin on a precoated 10 cm tissue culture dish. One to four split is done every three to four days. Cells are removed from the plates by scraping and resuspended with pipetting up and down for more than 15 times.

Transfect the EGR/SEAP/Neo construct into PC12 using the Lipofectamine protocol described in Example 31. EGR-SEAP/PC12 stable cells are obtained by growing the cells in 300 ug/ml G418. The G418-free medium is used for routine growth but every one to two months, the cells should be re-grown in 300 ug/ml G418 for couple of passages.

To assay for neuronal activity, a 10 cm plate with cells around 70 to 80% confluent is screened by removing the old medium. Wash the cells once with PBS (Phosphate buffered saline). Then starve the cells in low serum medium (RPMI-1640 containing 1% horse serum and 0.5% FBS with antibiotics) overnight.

The next morning, remove the medium and wash the cells with PBS. Scrape off the cells from the plate, suspend the cells well in 2 ml low serum medium. Count the cell number and add more low serum medium to reach final cell density as 5x105 cells/ml.

Add 200 ul of the cell suspension to each well of 96-well plate (equivalent to 1x105 cells/well). Add 50 ul supernatant produced by Example 31, 37 degree C for 48 to 72 hr. As a positive control, a growth factor known to activate PC12 cells through EGR can be used, such as 50 ng/ul of Neuronal Growth Factor (NGF). Over fifty-fold induction of SEAP is typically seen in the positive control wells. SEAP assay the supernatant according to Example 37.

Example 36: High-Throughput Screening Assay for T-cell Activity.

NF-KB (Nuclear Factor KB) is a transcription factor activated by a wide variety of

WO 01/22920

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agents including the inflammatory cytokines IL-1 and TNF, CD30 and CD40, lymphotoxin-alpha and lymphotoxin-beta, by exposure to LPS or thrombin, and by expression of certain viral gene products. As a transcription factor, NF-KB regulates the expression of genes involved in immune cell activation, control of apoptosis (NF- KB appears to shield cells from apoptosis), B and T-cell development, anti-viral and antimicrobial responses, and multiple stress responses.

In non-stimulated conditions, NF- KB is retained in the cytoplasm with I-KB (Inhibitor KB). However, upon stimulation, I- KB is phosphorylated and degraded, causing NF- KB to shuttle to the nucleus, thereby activating transcription of target genes. Target genes activated by NF- KB include IL-2, IL-6, GM-CSF, ICAM-1 and class 1 MHC.

Due to its central role and ability to respond to a range of stimuli, reporter constructs utilizing the NF-KB promoter element are used to screen the supernatants produced in Example 31. Activators or inhibitors of NF-KB would be useful in treating, preventing, and/or diagnosing diseases. For example, inhibitors of NF-KB could be used to treat those diseases related to the acute or chronic activation of NF-KB, such as rheumatoid arthritis.

To construct a vector containing the NF-KB promoter element, a PCR based strategy is employed. The upstream primer contains four tandem copies of the NF-KB binding site (GGGGACTTTCCC) (SEQ ID NO:8562), 18 bp of sequence complementary to the 5' end of the SV40 early promoter sequence, and is flanked with an XhoI site:

20 5':GCGGCCTCGAGGGACTTTCCCGGGGACTTTCCGGGGACTTTC CATCCTGCCATCTCAATTAG:3' (SEQ ID NO:8563)

The downstream primer is complementary to the 3' end of the SV40 promoter and is flanked with a Hind III site:

5':GCGGCAAGCTTTTTGCAAAGCCTAGGC:3' (SEQ ID NO:8558)

PCR amplification is performed using the SV40 promoter template present in the pB-gal:promoter plasmid obtained from Clontech. The resulting PCR fragment is digested with XhoI and Hind III and subcloned into BLSK2-. (Stratagene) Sequencing with the T7 and T3 primers confirms the insert contains the following sequence:

5':CTCGAGGGACTTTCCCGGGGACTTTCCGGGACTTTCCATCTG CCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCC CTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCTCCGCCCCATGGCTGACTAATTTTTTTAT TTATGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGG 5

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AGGCTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTT:3' (SEQ ID NO:8564)

Next, replace the SV40 minimal promoter element present in the pSEAP2-promoter plasmid (Clontech) with this NF-KB/SV40 fragment using XhoI and HindIII. However, this vector does not contain a neomycin resistance gene, and therefore, is not preferred for mammalian expression systems.

In order to generate stable mammalian cell lines, the NF-KB/SV40/SEAP cassette is removed from the above NF-KB/SEAP vector using restriction enzymes Sall and NotI, and inserted into a vector containing neomycin resistance. Particularly, the NF-KB/SV40/SEAP cassette was inserted into pGFP-1 (Clontech), replacing the GFP gene, after restricting pGFP-1 with Sall and NotI.

Once NF-KB/SV40/SEAP/Neo vector is created, stable Jurkat T-cells are created and maintained according to the protocol described in Example 33. Similarly, the method for assaying supernatants with these stable Jurkat T-cells is also described in Example 33. As a positive control, exogenous TNF alpha (0.1,1, 10 ng) is added to wells H9, H10, and H11, with a 5-10 fold activation typically observed.

Example 37: Assay for SEAP Activity.

As a reporter molecule for the assays described in Examples 33-36, SEAP activity is assayed using the Tropix Phospho-light Kit (Cat. BP-400) according to the following general procedure. The Tropix Phospho-light Kit supplies the Dilution, Assay, and Reaction Buffers used below.

Prime a dispenser with the 2.5x Dilution Buffer and dispense 15 ul of 2.5x dilution buffer into Optiplates containing 35 ul of a supernatant. Seal the plates with a plastic sealer and incubate at 65 degree C for 30 min. Separate the Optiplates to avoid uneven heating.

Cool the samples to room temperature for 15 minutes. Empty the dispenser and prime with the Assay Buffer. Add 50 ml Assay Buffer and incubate at room temperature 5 min. Empty the dispenser and prime with the Reaction Buffer (see the table below). Add 50 ul Reaction Buffer and incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes. Since the intensity of the chemiluminescent signal is time dependent, and it takes about 10 minutes to read 5 plates on luminometer, one should treat 5 plates at each time and start the second set 10 minutes later.

Read the relative light unit in the luminometer. Set H12 as blank, and print the

2133

results. An increase in chemiluminescence

indicates reporter activity.

Reaction Buffer Formulation:

# of plates	Rxn buffer diluent (ml)	CSPD (ml)
10	60	3
11	65	3.25
12	70	3.5
13	75	3.75
14	80	4
15	85	4.25
16	90	4.5
17	95	4.75
18	100	5
19	105	5.25
20	110	5.5
21	115	5.75
22	120	6
23	125	6.25
24	130	6.5
25	135	6.75
26	140	7
27	145	7.25
28	150	7.5
29	155	7.75
30	160	8
31	165	8.25
32	170	8.5
33	175	8.75
34	180	9
35	185	9.25
36	190	9.5
37	195	9.75
38	200	10
39	205	10.25
40	210	10.5
41	215	10.75
42	220	11

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43	225	11.25	
44	230	11.5	
45	235	11.75	
46	240	12	
47 .	245	12.25	
48	250	12.5	
49	255	12.75	
50	260	13	

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Example 38: High-Throughput Screening Assay Identifying Changes in Small Molecule Concentration and Membrane Permeability.

Binding of a ligand to a receptor is known to alter intracellular levels of small molecules, such as calcium, potassium, sodium, and pH, as well as alter membrane potential. These alterations can be measured in an assay to identify supernatants which bind to receptors of a particular cell. Although the following protocol describes an assay for calcium, this protocol can easily be modified to detect changes in potassium, sodium, pH, membrane potential, or any other small molecule which is detectable by a fluorescent probe.

The following assay uses Fluorometric Imaging Plate Reader ("FLIPR") to measure changes in fluorescent molecules (Molecular Probes) that bind small molecules. Clearly, any fluorescent molecule detecting a small molecule can be used instead of the calcium fluorescent molecule, fluo-4 (Molecular Probes, Inc.; catalog no. F-14202), used here.

For adherent cells, seed the cells at 10,000 -20,000 cells/well in a Co-star black 96-well plate with clear bottom. The plate is incubated in a CO₂ incubator for 20 hours. The adherent cells are washed two times in Biotek washer with 200 ul of HBSS (Hank's Balanced Salt Solution) leaving 100 ul of buffer after the final wash.

A stock solution of 1 mg/ml fluo-4 is made in 10% pluronic acid DMSO. To load the cells with fluo-4, 50 ul of 12 ug/ml fluo-4 is added to each well. The plate is incubated at 37 degrees C in a CO₂ incubator for 60 min. The plate is washed four times in the Biotek washer with HBSS leaving 100 ul of buffer.

For non-adherent cells, the cells are spun down from culture media. Cells are resuspended to 2-5x10⁶ cells/ml with HBSS in a 50-ml conical tube. 4 ul of 1 mg/ml fluo-4

WO 01/22920

solution in 10% pluronic acid DMSO is added to each ml of cell suspension. The tube is then placed in a 37 degrees C water bath for 30-60 min. The cells are washed twice with HBSS, resuspended to 1x10⁶ cells/ml, and dispensed into a microplate, 100 ul/well. The plate is centrifuged at 1000 rpm for 5 min. The plate is then washed once in Denley Cell Wash with 200 ul, followed by an aspiration step to 100 ul final volume.

For a non-cell based assay, each well contains a fluorescent molecule, such as fluo-4. The supernatant is added to the well, and a change in fluorescence is detected.

To measure the fluorescence of intracellular calcium, the FLIPR is set for the following parameters: (1) System gain is 300-800 mW; (2) Exposure time is 0.4 second; (3) Camera F/stop is F/2; (4) Excitation is 488 nm; (5) Emission is 530 nm; and (6) Sample addition is 50 ul. Increased emission at 530 nm indicates an extracellular signaling event caused by the a molecule, either polypeptide of the present invention or a molecule induced by polypeptide of the present invention, which has resulted in an increase in the intracellular Ca++ concentration.

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Example 40: High-Throughput Screening Assay Identifying Tyrosine Kinase Activity.

The Protein Tyrosine Kinases (PTK) represent a diverse group of transmembrane and cytoplasmic kinases. Within the Receptor Protein Tyrosine Kinase RPTK) group are receptors for a range of mitogenic and metabolic growth factors including the PDGF, FGF, EGF, NGF, HGF and Insulin receptor subfamilies. In addition there are a large family of RPTKs for which the corresponding ligand is unknown. Ligands for RPTKs include mainly secreted small proteins, but also membrane-bound and extracellular matrix proteins.

Activation of RPTK by ligands involves ligand-mediated receptor dimerization, resulting in transphosphorylation of the receptor subunits and activation of the cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases. The cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases include receptor associated tyrosine kinases of the src-family (e.g., src, yes, lck, lyn, fyn) and non-receptor linked and cytosolic protein tyrosine kinases, such as the Jak family, members of which mediate signal transduction triggered by the cytokine superfamily of receptors (e.g., the Interleukins, Interferons, GM-CSF, and Leptin).

Because of the wide range of known factors capable of stimulating tyrosine kinase

WO 01/22920

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2136

PCT/US00/26524

activity, identifying whether polypeptide of the present invention or a molecule induced by polypeptide of the present invention is capable of activating tyrosine kinase signal transduction pathways is of interest. Therefore, the following protocol is designed to identify such molecules capable of activating the tyrosine kinase signal transduction pathways.

Seed target cells (e.g., primary keratinocytes) at a density of approximately 25,000 cells per well in a 96 well Loprodyne Silent Screen Plates purchased from Nalge Nunc (Naperville, IL). The plates are sterilized with two 30 minute rinses with 100% ethanol, rinsed with water and dried overnight. Some plates are coated for 2 hr with 100 ml of cell culture grade type I collagen (50 mg/ml), gelatin (2%) or polylysine (50 mg/ml), all of which can be purchased from Sigma Chemicals (St. Louis, MO) or 10% Matrigel purchased from Becton Dickinson (Bedford,MA), or calf serum, rinsed with PBS and stored at 4 degree C. Cell growth on these plates is assayed by seeding 5,000 cells/well in growth medium and indirect quantitation of cell number through use of alamarBlue as described by the manufacturer Alamar Biosciences, Inc. (Sacramento, CA) after 48 hr. Falcon plate covers #3071 from Becton Dickinson (Bedford,MA) are used to cover the Loprodyne Silent Screen Plates. Falcon Microtest III cell culture plates can also be used in some proliferation experiments.

To prepare extracts, A431 cells are seeded onto the nylon membranes of Loprodyne plates (20,000/200ml/well) and cultured overnight in complete medium. Cells are quiesced by incubation in serum-free basal medium for 24 hr. After 5-20 minutes treatment with EGF (60ng/ml) or 50 ul of the supernatant produced in Example 31, the medium was removed and 100 ml of extraction buffer ((20 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 0.15 M NaCl, 1% Triton X-100, 0.1% SDS, 2 mM Na3VO4, 2 mM Na4P2O7 and a cocktail of protease inhibitors (# 1836170) obtained from Boeheringer Mannheim (Indianapolis, IN) is added to each well and the plate is shaken on a rotating shaker for 5 minutes at 4oC. The plate is then placed in a vacuum transfer manifold and the extract filtered through the 0.45 mm membrane bottoms of each well using house vacuum. Extracts are collected in a 96-well catch/assay plate in the bottom of the vacuum manifold and immediately placed on ice. To obtain extracts clarified by centrifugation, the content of each well, after detergent solubilization for 5 minutes, is removed and centrifuged for 15 minutes at 4 degree C at 16,000 x g.

Test the filtered extracts for levels of tyrosine kinase activity. Although many methods of detecting tyrosine kinase activity are known, one method is described here.

2137

Generally, the tyrosine kinase activity of a supernatant is evaluated by determining its ability to phosphorylate a tyrosine residue on a specific substrate (a biotinylated peptide). Biotinylated peptides that can be used for this purpose include PSK1 (corresponding to amino acids 6-20 of the cell division kinase cdc2-p34) and PSK2 (corresponding to amino acids 1-17 of gastrin). Both peptides are substrates for a range of tyrosine kinases and are available from Boehringer Mannheim.

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The tyrosine kinase reaction is set up by adding the following components in order. First, add 10ul of 5uM Biotinylated Peptide, then 10ul ATP/Mg2+ (5mM ATP/50mM MgCl2), then 10ul of 5x Assay Buffer (40mM imidazole hydrochloride, pH7.3, 40 mM beta-glycerophosphate, 1mM EGTA, 100mM MgCl2, 5 mM MnCl2, 0.5 mg/ml BSA), then 5ul of Sodium Vanadate(1mM), and then 5ul of water. Mix the components gently and preincubate the reaction mix at 30 degree C for 2 min. Initial the reaction by adding 10ul of the control enzyme or the filtered supernatant.

The tyrosine kinase assay reaction is then terminated by adding 10 ul of 120mm EDTA and place the reactions on ice.

Tyrosine kinase activity is determined by transferring 50 ul aliquot of reaction mixture to a microtiter plate (MTP) module and incubating at 37 degree C for 20 min. This allows the streptavadin coated 96 well plate to associate with the biotinylated peptide. Wash the MTP module with 300ul/well of PBS four times. Next add 75 ul of anti-phospotyrosine antibody conjugated to horse radish peroxidase(anti-P-Tyr-POD(0.5u/ml)) to each well and incubate at 37 degree C for one hour. Wash the well as above.

Next add 100ul of peroxidase substrate solution (Boehringer Mannheim) and incubate at room temperature for at least 5 mins (up to 30 min). Measure the absorbance of the sample at 405 nm by using ELISA reader. The level of bound peroxidase activity is quantitated using an ELISA reader and reflects the level of tyrosine kinase activity.

Example 41: High-Throughput Screening Assay Identifying Phosphorylation Activity.

As a potential alternative and/or compliment to the assay of protein tyrosine kinase activity described in Example 40, an assay which detects activation (phosphorylation) of major intracellular signal transduction intermediates can also be used. For example, as

described below one particular assay can detect tyrosine phosphorylation of the Erk-1 and Erk-2 kinases. However, phosphorylation of other molecules, such as Raf, JNK, p38 MAP, Map kinase kinase (MEK), MEK kinase, Src, Muscle specific kinase (MuSK), IRAK, Tec, and Janus, as well as any other phosphoserine, phosphotyrosine, or phosphothreonine molecule, can be detected by substituting these molecules for Erk-1 or Erk-2 in the following assay.

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Specifically, assay plates are made by coating the wells of a 96-well ELISA plate with 0.1ml of protein G (1ug/ml) for 2 hr at room temp, (RT). The plates are then rinsed with PBS and blocked with 3% BSA/PBS for 1 hr at RT. The protein G plates are then treated with 2 commercial monoclonal antibodies (100ng/well) against Erk-1 and Erk-2 (1 hr at RT) (Santa Cruz Biotechnology). (To detect other molecules, this step can easily be modified by substituting a monoclonal antibody detecting any of the above described molecules.) After 3-5 rinses with PBS, the plates are stored at 4 degree C until use.

A431 cells are seeded at 20,000/well in a 96-well Loprodyne filterplate and cultured overnight in growth medium. The cells are then starved for 48 hr in basal medium (DMEM) and then treated with EGF (6ng/well) or 50 ul of the supernatants obtained in Example 31 for 5-20 minutes. The cells are then solubilized and extracts filtered directly into the assay plate.

After incubation with the extract for 1 hr at RT, the wells are again rinsed. As a positive control, a commercial preparation of MAP kinase (10ng/well) is used in place of A431 extract. Plates are then treated with a commercial polyclonal (rabbit) antibody (1ug/ml) which specifically recognizes the phosphorylated epitope of the Erk-1 and Erk-2 kinases (1 hr at RT). This antibody is biotinylated by standard procedures. The bound polyclonal antibody is then quantitated by successive incubations with Europium-streptavidin and Europium fluorescence enhancing reagent in the Wallac DELFIA instrument (time-resolved fluorescence). An increased fluorescent signal over background indicates a phosphorylation by polypeptide of the present invention or a molecule induced by polypeptide of the present invention.

Example 42: Assay for the Stimulation of Bone Marrow CD34+ Cell Proliferation.

This assay is based on the ability of human CD34+ to proliferate in the presence of

hematopoietic growth factors and evaluates the ability of isolated polypeptides expressed in mammalian cells to stimulate proliferation of CD34+ cells.

It has been previously shown that most mature precursors will respond to only a single signal. More immature precursors require at least two signals to respond. Therefore, to test the effect of polypeptides on hematopoietic activity of a wide range of progenitor cells, the assay contains a given polypeptide in the presence or absence of other hematopoietic growth factors. Isolated cells are cultured for 5 days in the presence of Stem Cell Factor (SCF) in combination with tested sample. SCF alone has a very limited effect on the proliferation of bone marrow (BM) cells, acting in such conditions only as a "survival" factor. However, combined with any factor exhibiting stimulatory effect on these cells (e.g., IL-3), SCF will cause a synergistic effect. Therefore, if the tested polypeptide has a stimulatory effect on a hematopoietic progenitors, such activity can be easily detected. Since normal BM cells have a low level of cycling cells, it is likely that any inhibitory effect of a given polypeptide, or agonists or antagonists thereof, might not be detected. Accordingly, assays for an inhibitory effect on progenitors is preferably tested in cells that are first subjected to *in vitro* stimulation with SCF+IL+3, and then contacted with the compound that is being evaluated for inhibition of such induced proliferation.

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Briefly, CD34+ cells are isolated using methods known in the art. The cells are thawed and resuspended in medium (QBSF 60 serum-free medium with 1% L-glutamine (500ml) Quality Biological, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD Cat# 160-204-101). After several gentle centrifugation steps at 200 x g, cells are allowed to rest for one hour. The cell count is adjusted to 2.5 x 10⁵ cells/ml. During this time, 100 μl of sterile water is added to the peripheral wells of a 96-well plate. The cytokines that can be tested with a given polypeptide in this assay is rhSCF (R&D Systems, Minneapolis, MN, Cat# 255-SC) at 50 ng/ml alone and in combination with rhSCF and rhIL-3 (R&D Systems, Minneapolis, MN, Cat# 203-ML) at 30 ng/ml. After one hour, 10 μl of prepared cytokines, 50 μl of the supernatants prepared in Example 31 (supernatants at 1:2 dilution = 50 μl) and 20 μl of diluted cells are added to the media which is already present in the wells to allow for a final total volume of 100 μl. The plates are then placed in a 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator for five days.

Eighteen hours before the assay is harvested, 0.5 μ Ci/well of [3H] Thymidine is added in a 10 μ l volume to each well to determine the proliferation rate. The experiment is terminated by harvesting the cells from each 96-well plate to a filtermat using the Tomtec

2140

Harvester 96. After harvesting, the filtermats are dried, trimmed and placed into OmniFilter assemblies consisting of one OmniFilter plate and one OmniFilter Tray. 60 µl Microscint is added to each well and the plate sealed with TopSeal-A press-on sealing film A bar code 15 sticker is affixed to the first plate for counting. The sealed plates is then loaded and the level of radioactivity determined via the Packard Top Count and the printed data collected for analysis. The level of radioactivity reflects the amount of cell proliferation.

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The studies described in this example test the activity of a given polypeptide to stimulate bone marrow CD34+ cell proliferation. One skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides (e.g., gene therapy), antibodies, agonists, and/or antagonists and fragments and variants thereof. As a nonlimiting example, potential antagonists tested in this assay would be expected to inhibit cell proliferation in the presence of cytokines and/or to increase the inhibition of cell proliferation in the presence of cytokines and a given polypeptide. In contrast, potential agonists tested in this assay would be expected to enhance cell proliferation and/or to decrease the inhibition of cell proliferation in the presence of cytokines and a given polypeptide.

The ability of a gene to stimulate the proliferation of bone marrow CD34+ cells indicates that polynucleotides and polypeptides corresponding to the gene are useful for the diagnosis and treatment of disorders affecting the immune system and hematopoiesis. Representative uses are described in the "Immune Activity" and "Infectious Disease" sections above, and elsewhere herein.

Example 43: Assay for Extracellular Matrix Enhanced Cell Response (EMECR).

The objective of the Extracellular Matrix Enhanced Cell Response (EMECR) assay is to identify gene products (e.g., isolated polypeptides) that act on the hematopoietic stem cells in the context of the extracellular matrix (ECM) induced signal.

Cells respond to the regulatory factors in the context of signal(s) received from the surrounding microenvironment. For example, fibroblasts, and endothelial and epithelial stem cells fail to replicate in the absence of signals from the ECM. Hematopoietic stem cells can undergo self-renewal in the bone marrow, but not in *in vitro* suspension culture. The ability of stem cells to undergo self-renewal *in vitro* is dependent upon their interaction with the

WO 01/22920

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PCT/US00/26524

stromal cells and the ECM protein fibronectin (fn). Adhesion of cells to fn is mediated by the $\alpha_5.\beta_1$ and $\alpha_4.\beta_1$ integrin receptors, which are expressed by human and mouse hematopoietic stem cells. The factor(s) which integrate with the ECM environment and responsible for stimulating stem cell self-renewal has not yet been identified. Discovery of such factors should be of great interest in gene therapy and bone marrow transplant applications

2141

Briefly, polystyrene, non tissue culture treated, 96-well plates are coated with fn fragment at a coating concentration of 0.2 µg/ cm². Mouse bone marrow cells are plated (1,000 cells/well) in 0.2 ml of serum-free medium. Cells cultured in the presence of IL-3 (5 ng/ml) + SCF (50 ng/ml) would serve as the positive control, conditions under which little self-renewal but pronounced differentiation of the stem cells is to be expected. Gene products of the invention (e.g., including, but not limited to, polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention, and supernatants produced in Example 31), are tested with appropriate negative controls in the presence and absence of SCF(5.0 ng/ml), where test factor supernates represent 10% of the total assay volume. The plated cells are then allowed to grow by incubating in a low oxygen environment (5% CO₂, 7% O₂, and 88% N₂) tissue culture incubator for 7 days. The number of proliferating cells within the wells is then quantitated by measuring thymidine incorporation into cellular DNA. Verification of the positive hits in the assay will require phenotypic characterization of the cells, which can be accomplished by scaling up of the culture system and using appropriate antibody reagents against cell surface antigens and FACScan.

One skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides (e.g., gene therapy), antibodies, agonists, and/or antagonists and fragments and variants thereof.

If a particular polypeptide of the present invention is found to be a stimulator of hematopoietic progenitors, polynucleotides and polypeptides corresponding to the gene encoding said polypeptide may be useful for the diagnosis and treatment of disorders affecting the immune system and hematopoiesis. Representative uses are described in the "Immune Activity" and "Infectious Disease" sections above, and elsewhere herein. The gene product may also be useful in the expansion of stem cells and committed progenitors of various blood lineages, and in the differentiation and/or proliferation of various cell types.

Additionally, the polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the gene of interest and/or

2142

agonists and/or antagonists thereof, may also be employed to inhibit the proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic cells and therefore may be employed to protect bone marrow stem cells from chemotherapeutic agents during chemotherapy. This antiproliferative effect may allow administration of higher doses of chemotherapeutic agents and, therefore, more effective chemotherapeutic treatment.

Moreover, polynucleotides and polypeptides corresponding to the gene of interest may also be useful for the treatment and diagnosis of hematopoietic related disorders such as, for example, anemia, pancytopenia, leukopenia, thrombocytopenia or leukemia since stromal cells are important in the production of cells of hematopoietic lineages. The uses include bone marrow cell ex-vivo culture, bone marrow transplantation, bone marrow reconstitution, radiotherapy or chemotherapy of neoplasia.

Example 44: Human Dermal Fibroblast and Aortic Smooth Muscle Cell Proliferation.

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The polypeptide of interest is added to cultures of normal human dermal fibroblasts (NHDF) and human aortic smooth muscle cells (AoSMC) and two co-assays are performed with each sample. The first assay examines the effect of the polypeptide of interest on the proliferation of normal human dermal fibroblasts (NHDF) or aortic smooth muscle cells (AoSMC). Aberrant growth of fibroblasts or smooth muscle cells is a part of several pathological processes, including fibrosis, and restenosis. The second assay examines IL6 production by both NHDF and SMC. IL6 production is an indication of functional activation. Activated cells will have increased production of a number of cytokines and other factors, which can result in a proinflammatory or immunomodulatory outcome. Assays are run with and without co-TNFa stimulation, in order to check for costimulatory or inhibitory activity.

Briefly, on day 1, 96-well black plates are set up with 1000 cells/well (NHDF) or 2000 cells/well (AoSMC) in 100 μl culture media. NHDF culture media contains: Clonetics FB basal media, 1mg/ml hFGF, 5mg/ml insulin, 50mg/ml gentamycin, 2%FBS, while AoSMC culture media contains Clonetics SM basal media, 0.5 μg/ml hEGF, 5mg/ml insulin, 1μg/ml hFGF, 50mg/ml gentamycin, 50 μg/ml Amphotericin B, 5%FBS. After incubation at 37°C for at least 4-5 hours, culture media is aspirated and replaced with growth arrest media. Growth arrest media for NHDF contains fibroblast basal media, 50mg/ml gentamycin, 2%

2143

FBS, while growth arrest media for AoSMC contains SM basal media, 50mg/ml gentamycin, 50µg/ml Amphotericin B, 0.4% FBS. Incubate at 37°C until day 2.

On day 2, serial dilutions and templates of the polypeptide of interest are designed such that they always include media controls and known-protein controls. For both stimulation and inhibition experiments, proteins are diluted in growth arrest media. For inhibition experiments, TNFa is added to a final concentration of 2ng/ml (NHDF) or 5ng/ml (AoSMC). Add 1/3 vol media containing controls or polypeptides of the present invention and incubate at 37°C/5% CO₂ until day 5.

Transfer 60µl from each well to another labeled 96-well plate, cover with a plate-sealer, and store at 4°C until Day 6 (for IL6 ELISA). To the remaining 100 µl in the cell culture plate, aseptically add Alamar Blue in an amount equal to 10% of the culture volume (10µl). Return plates to incubator for 3 to 4 hours. Then measure fluorescence with excitation at 530nm and emission at 590nm using the CytoFluor. This yields the growth stimulation/inhibition data.

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On day 5, the IL6 ELISA is performed by coating a 96 well plate with 50-100 ul/well of Anti-Human IL6 Monoclonal antibody diluted in PBS, pH 7.4, incubate ON at room temperature.

On day 6, empty the plates into the sink and blot on paper towels. Prepare Assay Buffer containing PBS with 4% BSA. Block the plates with 200 µl/well of Pierce Super Block blocking buffer in PBS for 1-2 hr and then wash plates with wash buffer (PBS, 0.05% Tween-20). Blot plates on paper towels. Then add 50 µl/well of diluted Anti-Human IL-6 Monoclonal, Biotin-labeled antibody at 0.50 mg/ml. Make dilutions of IL-6 stock in media (30, 10, 3, 1, 0.3, 0 ng/ml). Add duplicate samples to top row of plate. Cover the plates and incubate for 2 hours at RT on shaker. Plates are washed with wash buffer and blotted on paper towels. Dilute EU-labeled Streptavidin 1:1000 in Assay buffer, and add 100 µl/well. Cover the plate and incubate 1 h at RT. Plates are again washed with wash buffer and blotted on paper towels. Add 100 µl/well of Enhancement Solution and shake for 5 minutes. Read the plate on the Wallac DELFIA Fluorometer. Readings from triplicate samples in each assay are tabulated and averaged.

A positive result in this assay suggests AoSMC cell proliferation and that the polypeptide of the present invention may be involved in dermal fibroblast proliferation and/or smooth muscle cell proliferation. A positive result also suggests many potential uses of

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polypeptides, polynucleotides, agonists and/or antagonists of the polynucleotide/polypeptide of the present invention which gives a positive result. For example, inflammation and immune responses, wound healing, and angiogenesis, as detailed throughout this specification. Particularly, polypeptides of the present invention and polynucleotides of the present invention may be used in wound healing and dermal regeneration, as well as the promotion of vasculargenesis, both of the blood vessels and lymphatics. The growth of vessels can be used in the treatment of, for example, cardiovascular diseases. Additionally, antagonists of polypeptides and polynucleotides of the invention may be useful in treating diseases, disorders, and/or conditions which involve angiogenesis by acting as an antivascular (e.g., anti-angiogenesis). These diseases, disorders, and/or conditions are known in the art and/or are described herein, such as, for example, malignancies, solid tumors, benign tumors, for example hemangiomas, acoustic neuromas, neurofibromas, trachomas, and pyogenic granulomas; artheroscleric plaques; ocular angiogenic diseases, for example, diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, macular degeneration, corneal graft rejection, neovascular glaucoma, retrolental fibroplasia, rubeosis, retinoblastoma, uvietis and Pterygia (abnormal blood vessel growth) of the eye; rheumatoid arthritis; psoriasis; delayed wound healing; endometriosis; vasculogenesis; granulations; hypertrophic scars (keloids); nonunion fractures; scleroderma; trachoma; vascular adhesions; myocardial angiogenesis; coronary collaterals; cerebral collaterals; arteriovenous malformations; ischemic limb angiogenesis; Osler-Webber Syndrome; plaque neovascularization; telangiectasia; hemophiliac joints; angiofibroma; fibromuscular dysplasia; wound granulation; Crohn's disease; and atherosclerosis. Moreover, antagonists of polypeptides and polynucleotides of the invention may be useful in treating anti-hyperproliferative diseases and/or antiinflammatory known in the art and/or described herein.

One skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides (e.g., gene therapy), antibodies, agonists, and/or antagonists and fragments and variants thereof.

Example 45: Cellular Adhesion Molecule (CAM) Expression on Endothelial Cells.

2145

The recruitment of lymphocytes to areas of inflammation and angiogenesis involves specific receptor-ligand interactions between cell surface adhesion molecules (CAMs) on lymphocytes and the vascular endothelium. The adhesion process, in both normal and pathological settings, follows a multi-step cascade that involves intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1), vascular cell adhesion molecule-1 (VCAM-1), and endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule-1 (E-selectin) expression on endothelial cells (EC). The expression of these molecules and others on the vascular endothelium determines the efficiency with which leukocytes may adhere to the local vasculature and extravasate into the local tissue during the development of an inflammatory response. The local concentration of cytokines and growth factor participate in the modulation of the expression of these CAMs.

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Briefly, endothelial cells (e.g., Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial cells (HUVECs)) are grown in a standard 96 well plate to confluence, growth medium is removed from the cells and replaced with 100 µl of 199 Medium (10% fetal bovine serum (FBS)). Samples for testing and positive or negative controls are added to the plate in triplicate (in 10 µl volumes). Plates are then incubated at 37°C for either 5 h (selectin and integrin expression) or 24 h (integrin expression only). Plates are aspirated to remove medium and 100 μl of 0.1% paraformaldehyde-PBS(with Ca++ and Mg++) is added to each well. Plates are held at 4°C for 30 min. Fixative is removed from the wells and wells are washed 1X with PBS(+Ca,Mg) + 0.5% BSA and drained. 10 µl of diluted primary antibody is added to the test and control wells. Anti-ICAM-1-Biotin, Anti-VCAM-1-Biotin and Anti-E-selectin-Biotin are used at a concentration of 10 µg/ml (1:10 dilution of 0.1 mg/ml stock antibody). Cells are incubated at 37°C for 30 min. in a humidified environment. Wells are washed three times with PBS(+Ca,Mg) + 0.5% BSA. 20 µl of diluted ExtrAvidin-Alkaline Phosphotase (1:5,000 dilution, refered to herein as the working dilution) are added to each well and incubated at 37°C for 30 min. Wells are washed three times with PBS(+Ca,Mg)+0.5% BSA. Dissolve 1 tablet of p-Nitrophenol Phosphate pNPP per 5 ml of glycine buffer (pH 10.4). 100 µl of pNPP substrate in glycine buffer is added to each test well. Standard wells in triplicate are prepared from the working dilution of the ExtrAvidin-Alkaline Phosphotase in glycine buffer: 1:5,000 (10^{0}) > $10^{-0.5}$ > 10^{-1} > $10^{-1.5}$. 5 μl of each dilution is added to triplicate wells and the resulting AP content in each well is 5.50 ng, 1.74 ng, 0.55 ng, 0.18 ng. 100 µl of pNNP reagent is then added to each of the standard wells. The plate is incubated at 37°C for 4h. A volume of 50 µl of 3M NaOH is added to all wells. The plate is read on a plate reader

2146

at 405 nm using the background subtraction option on blank wells filled with glycine buffer only. Additionally, the template is set up to indicate the concentration of Apconjugate in each standard well [5.50 ng; 1.74 ng; 0.55 ng; 0.18 ng]. Results are indicated as amount of bound AP-conjugate in each sample.

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Example 46: Alamar Blue Endothelial Cells Proliferation Assay.

This assay may be used to quantitatively determine protein mediated inhibition of bFGF-induced proliferation of Bovine Lymphatic Endothelial Cells (LECs), Bovine Aortic Endothelial Cells (BAECs) or Human Microvascular Uterine Myometrial Cells (UTMECs). This assay incorporates a fluorometric growth indicator based on detection of metabolic activity. A standard Alamar Blue Proliferation Assay is prepared in EGM-2MV with 10 ng /ml of bFGF added as a source of endothelial cell stimulation. This assay may be used with a variety of endothelial cells with slight changes in growth medium and cell concentration. Dilutions of the protein batches to be tested are diluted as appropriate. Serum-free medium (GIBCO SFM) without bFGF is used as a non-stimulated control and Angiostatin or TSP-1 are included as a known inhibitory controls.

Briefly, LEC, BAECs or UTMECs are seeded in growth media at a density of 5000 to 2000 cells/well in a 96 well plate and placed at 37-C overnight. After the overnight incubation of the cells, the growth media is removed and replaced with GIBCO EC-SFM. The cells are treated with the appropriate dilutions of the protein of interest or control protein sample(s) (prepared in SFM) in triplicate wells with additional bFGF to a concentration of 10 ng/ml. Once the cells have been treated with the samples, the plate(s) is/are placed back in the 37°C incubator for three days. After three days 10 ml of stock alamar blue (Biosource Cat# DAL1100) is added to each well and the plate(s) is/are placed back in the 37°C incubator for four hours. The plate(s) are then read at 530nm excitation and 590nm emission using the CytoFluor fluorescence reader. Direct output is recorded in relative fluorescence units.

Alamar blue is an oxidation-reduction indicator that both fluoresces and changes color in response to chemical reduction of growth medium resulting from cell growth. As cells grow in culture, innate metabolic activity results in a chemical reduction of the immediate surrounding environment. Reduction related to growth causes the indicator to change from

2147

oxidized (non-fluorescent blue) form to reduced (fluorescent red) form i.e. stimulated proliferation will produce a stronger signal and inhibited proliferation will produce a weaker signal and the total signal is proportional to the total number of cells as well as their metabolic activity. The background level of activity is observed with the starvation medium alone. This is compared to the output observed from the positive control samples (bFGF in growth medium) and protein dilutions.

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Example 47: Detection of Inhibition of a Mixed Lymphocyte Reaction.

This assay can be used to detect and evaluate inhibition of a Mixed Lymphocyte Reaction (MLR) by gene products (e.g., isolated polypeptides). Inhibition of a MLR may be due to a direct effect on cell proliferation and viability, modulation of costimulatory molecules on interacting cells, modulation of adhesiveness between lymphocytes and accessory cells, or modulation of cytokine production by accessory cells. Multiple cells may be targeted by these polypeptides since the peripheral blood mononuclear fraction used in this assay includes T, B and natural killer lymphocytes, as well as monocytes and dendritic cells.

Polypeptides of interest found to inhibit the MLR may find application in diseases associated with lymphocyte and monocyte activation or proliferation. These include, but are not limited to, diseases such as asthma, arthritis, diabetes, inflammatory skin conditions, psoriasis, eczema, systemic lupus erythematosus, multiple sclerosis, glomerulonephritis, inflammatory bowel disease, crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, arteriosclerosis, cirrhosis, graft vs. host disease, host vs. graft disease, hepatitis, leukemia and lymphoma.

Briefly, PBMCs from human donors are purified by density gradient centrifugation using Lymphocyte Separation Medium (LSM[®], density 1.0770 g/ml, Organon Teknika Corporation, West Chester, PA). PBMCs from two donors are adjusted to 2 x 10⁶ cells/ml in RPMI-1640 (Life Technologies, Grand Island, NY) supplemented with 10% FCS and 2 mM glutamine. PBMCs from a third donor is adjusted to 2 x 10⁵ cells/ml. Fifty microliters of PBMCs from each donor is added to wells of a 96-well round bottom microtiter plate. Dilutions of test materials (50 μl) is added in triplicate to microtiter wells. Test samples (of the protein of interest) are added for final dilution of 1:4; rhuIL-2 (R&D Systems, Minneapolis, MN, catalog number 202-IL) is added to a final concentration of 1 μg/ml; anti-CD4 mAb (R&D Systems, clone 34930.11, catalog number MAB379) is added to a final

2148

concentration of 10 μ g/ml. Cells are cultured for 7-8 days at 37°C in 5% CO₂, and 1 μ C of [³H] thymidine is added to wells for the last 16 hrs of culture. Cells are harvested and thymidine incorporation determined using a Packard TopCount. Data is expressed as the mean and standard deviation of triplicate determinations.

Samples of the protein of interest are screened in separate experiments and compared to the negative control treatment, anti-CD4 mAb, which inhibits proliferation of lymphocytes and the positive control treatment, IL-2 (either as recombinant material or supernatant), which enhances proliferation of lymphocytes.

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One skilled in the art could easily modify the exemplified studies to test the activity of polynucleotides (e.g., gene therapy), antibodies, agonists, and/or antagonists and fragments and variants thereof.

Example 48: Assays for Protease Activity.

The following assay may be used to assess protease activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

Gelatin and casein zymography are performed essentially as described (Heusen et al., Anal. Biochem., 102:196-202 (1980); Wilson et al., Journal of Urology, 149:653-658 (1993)). Samples are run on 10% polyacryamide/0.1% SDS gels containing 1% gelain orcasein, soaked in 2.5% triton at room temperature for 1 hour, and in 0.1M glycine, pH 8.3 at 37°C 5 to 16 hours. After staining in amido black areas of proteolysis apear as clear areas agains the blue-black background. Trypsin (Sigma T8642) is used as a positive control.

Protease activity is also determined by monitoring the cleavage of n-a-benzoyl-L-arginine ethyl ester (BAEE) (Sigma B-4500. Reactions are set up in (25mMNaPO₄,1mM EDTA, and 1mM BAEE), pH 7.5. Samples are added and the change in adsorbance at 260nm is monitored on the Beckman DU-6 spectrophotometer in the time-drive mode. Trypsin is used as a positive control

Additional assays based upon the release of acid-soluble peptides from casein or hemoglobin measured as adsorbance at 280 nm or colorimetrically using the Folin method are performed as described in Bergmeyer, et al., *Methods of Enzymatic Analysis*, 5 (1984). Other assays involve the solubilization of chromogenic substrates (Ward, *Applied Science*, 251-317 (1983).

2149

Example 49: Identifying Serine Protease Substrate Specificity.

Methods known in the art or described herein may be used to determine the substrate specificity of the polypeptides of the present invention having serine protease activity. A preferred method of determining substrate specificity is by the use of positional scanning synthetic combinatorial libraries as described in GB 2 324 529 (incorporated herein in its entirety).

Example 50: Ligand Binding Assays.

The following assay may be used to assess ligand binding activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

Ligand binding assays provide a direct method for ascertaining receptor pharmacology and are adaptable to a high throughput format. The purified ligand for a colon or colon cancer related polypeptide is radiolabeled to high specific activity (50-2000 Ci/mmol) for binding studies. A determination is then made that the process of radiolabeling does not diminish the activity of the ligand towards its colon or colon cancer related polypeptide. Assay conditions for buffers, ions, pH and other modulators such as nucleotides are optimized to establish a workable signal to noise ratio for both membrane and whole cell colon or colon cancer related polypeptide sources. For these assays, specific colon or colon cancer related polypeptide binding is defined as total associated radioactivity minus the radioactivity measured in the presence of an excess of unlabeled competing ligand. Where possible, more than one competing ligand is used to define residual nonspecific binding.

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Example 51: Functional Assay in Xenopus Oocytes.

Capped RNA transcripts from linearized plasmid templates encoding the colon or colon cancer related antigen cDNAs of the invention are synthesized in vitro with RNA polymerases in accordance with standard procedures. In vitro transcripts are suspended in water at a final concentration of 0.2 mg/mi. Ovarian lobes are removed from adult female toads, Stage V defolliculated oocytes are obtained, and RNA transcripts (10 ng/oocytc) are

2150

injected in a 50 nl bolus using a microinjection apparatus. Two electrode voltage clamps are used to measure the currents from individual *Xenopus oocytes* in response to colon cancer antigen or colon cancer antigen agonist exposure. Recordings are made in Ca2+ free Barth's medium at room temperature. The Xenopus system can be used to screen known ligands and tissue/cell extracts for activating ligands.

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Example 52: Microphysiometric Assays.

Activation of a wide variety of secondary messenger systems results in extrusion of small amounts of acid from a cell. The acid formed is largely as a result of the increased metabolic activity required to fuel the intracellular signaling process. The pH changes in the media surrounding the cell are very small but are detectable by the CYTOSENSOR microphysiometer (Molecular Devices Ltd., Menlo Park, Calif.). The CYTOSENSOR is thus capable of detecting the activation of a colon cancer antigen which is coupled to an energy utilizing intracellular signaling pathway.

Example 53: Extract/Cell Supernatant Screening.

A large number of mammalian receptors exist for which there remains, as yet, no cognate activating ligand (agonist). Thus, active ligands for these receptors may not be included within the ligands banks as identified to date. Accordingly, the colon cancer antigen of the invention can also be functionally screened (using calcium, cAMP, microphysiometer, oocyte electrophysiology, etc., functional screens) against tissue extracts to identify its natural ligands. Extracts that produce positive functional responses can be sequentially subfractionated until an activating ligand is isolated identified.

Example 54: Calcium and cAMP Functional Assays.

Seven transmembrane receptors which are expressed in HEK 293 cells have been shown to be coupled functionally to activation of PLC and calcium mobilization and/or cAMP stimulation or inhibition. Basal calcium levels in the HEK 293 cells in receptor-transfected or vector control cells were observed to be in the normal, 100 nM to 200 nM,

2151

range. HEK 293 cells expressing recombinant receptors are loaded with fura 2 and in a single day >150 selected ligands or tissue/cell extracts are evaluated for agonist induced calcium mobilization. Similarly, HEK 293 cells expressing recombinant receptors are evaluated for the stimulation or inhibition of cAMP production using standard cAMP quantitation assays. Agonists presenting a calcium transient or cAMP fluctuation are tested in vector control cells to determine if the response is unique to the transfected cells expressing receptor.

Example 55: ATP-binding assay.

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The following assay may be used to assess ATP-binding activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

ATP-binding activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention may be detected using the ATP-binding assay described in U.S. Patent 5, 858, 719, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Briefly, ATP-binding to colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention is measured via photoaffinity labeling with 8-azido-ATP in a competition assay. Reaction mixtures containing 1 mg/ml of the ABC transport protein of the present invention are incubated with varying concentrations of ATP, or the non-hydrolyzable ATP analog adenyl-5'-imidodiphosphate for 10 minutes at 4°C. A mixture of 8-azido-ATP (Sigma Chem. Corp., St. Louis, MO.) plus 8-azido-ATP (-32P-ATP) (5 mCi/ μ mol, ICN, Irvine CA.) is added to a final concentration of 100 μ M and 0.5 ml aliquots are placed in the wells of a porcelain spot plate on ice. The plate is irradiated using a short wave 254 nm UV lamp at a distance of 2.5 cm from the plate for two one-minute intervals with a one-minute cooling interval in between. The reaction is stopped by addition of dithiothreitol to a final concentration of 2mM. The incubations are subjected to SDS-PAGE electrophoresis, dried, and autoradiographed. Protein bands corresponding to the particular colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention are excised, and the radioactivity quantified. A decrease in radioactivity with increasing ATP or adenly-5'imidodiphosphate provides a measure of ATP affinity to the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides.

2152

Example 56: Small Molecule

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Screening.

This invention is particularly useful for screening therapeutic compounds by using the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, or binding fragments thereof, in any of a variety of drug screening techniques. The polypeptide or fragment employed in such a test may be affixed to a solid support, expressed on a cell surface, free in solution, or located intracellularly. One method of drug screening utilizes eukaryotic or prokaryotic host cells which are stably transformed with recombinant nucleic acids expressing the polypeptide or fragment. Drugs are screened against such transformed cells in competitive binding assays. One may measure, for example, the formulation of complexes between the agent being tested and a colon or colon cancer related polypeptide of the invention.

Thus, the present invention provides methods of screening for drugs or any other agents which affect activities mediated by the colon or colon cancer related e polypeptides of the invention. These methods comprise contacting such an agent with a colon or colon cancer related polypeptide of the invention or a fragment thereof and assaying for the presence of a complex between the agent and the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides or a fragment thereof, by methods well known in the art. In such a competitive binding assay, the agents to screen are typically labeled. Following incubation, free agent is separated from that present in bound form, and the amount of free or uncomplexed label is a measure of the ability of a particular agent to bind to the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

Another technique for drug screening provides high throughput screening for compounds having suitable binding affinity to the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, and is described in great detail in European Patent Application 84/03564, published on September 13, 1984, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Briefly stated, large numbers of different small molecule test compounds are synthesized on a solid substrate, such as plastic pins or some other surface. The test compounds are reacted with colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention and washed. Bound colon or colon cancer related polypeptides are then detected by methods well known in the art. Purified colon or colon cancer related polypeptides are coated directly onto plates for use in the aforementioned drug screening techniques. In addition, non-neutralizing antibodies may be used to capture the peptide and immobilize it on the solid support.

2153

This invention also contemplates the use of competitive drug screening assays in which neutralizing antibodies capable of binding colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention specifically compete with a test compound for binding to the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides or fragments thereof. In this manner, the antibodies are used to detect the presence of any peptide which shares one or more antigenic epitopes with a colon or colon cancer related polypeptides.

Example 57: Phosphorylation Assay.

In order to assay for phosphorylation activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, a phosphorylation assay as described in U.S. Patent 5,958,405 (which is herein incorporated by reference) is utilized. Briefly, phosphorylation activity may be measured by phosphorylation of a protein substrate using gamma-labeled ³²P-ATP and quantitation of the incorporated radioactivity using a gamma radioisotope counter. The colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention are incubated with the protein substrate, ³²P-ATP, and a kinase buffer. The ³²P incorporated into the substrate is then separated from free ³²P-ATP by electrophoresis, and the incorporated ³²P is counted and compared to a negative control. Radioactivity counts above the negative control are indicative of phosphorylation activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

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Example 58: Detection of Phosphorylation Activity (Activation) of Colon or Colon Cancer Related Polypeptides of the Invention in the Presence of Colon or Colon Cancer Related Polypeptides Ligands.

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Methods known in the art or described herein may be used to determine the phosphorylation activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention. A preferred method of determining phosphorylation activity is by the use of the tyrosine phosphorylation assay as described in US 5,817,471 (incorporated herein by reference).

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Example 59: Identification Of Signal Transduction Proteins That Interact With Colon or Colon Cancer Related Polypeptides Of The Present Invention.

2154

The inventive purified colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention are research tools for the identification, characterization and purification of additional signal transduction pathway proteins or receptor proteins. Briefly, labeled receptor PTK polypeptide is useful as a reagent for the purification of molecules with which it interacts. In one embodiment of affinity purification, receptor PTK polypeptide is covalently coupled to a chromatography column. Cell-free extract derived from putative target cells, such as carcinoma tissues, is passed over the column, and molecules with appropriate affinity bind to the receptor PTK polypeptides, or specific phosphotyrosine-recognition domains thereof. The receptor PTK polypeptide interacting protein-complex is recovered from the column, dissociated, and the recovered molecule subjected to N-terminal protein sequencing. This amino acid sequence is then used to identify the captured molecule or to design degenerate oligonucleotide probes for cloning the relevant gene from an appropriate cDNA library.

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Example 60: IL-6 Bioassay.

To test the proliferative effects of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, the IL-6 Bioassay as described by Marz et al. is utilized (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., U.S.A., 95:3251-56 (1998), which is herein incorporated by reference). Briefly, IL-6 dependent B9 murine cells are washed three times in IL-6 free medium and plated at a concentration of 5,000 cells per well in 50 µl, and 50 µl of the IL-6-like polypeptide is added. After 68 hrs. at 37°C, the number of viable cells is measured by adding the tetrazolium salt thiazolyl blue (MTT) and incubating for a further 4 hrs. at 37°C. B9 cells are lysed by SDS and optical density is measured at 570 nm. Controls containing IL-6 (positive) and no cytokine (negative) are utilized. Enhanced proliferation in the test sample(s) relative to the negative control is indicative of proliferative effects mediated by colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

Example 61: Support of Chicken Embryo Neuron Survival.

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To test whether sympathetic neuronal cell viability is supported by the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, the chicken embryo neuronal survival assay of Senaldi et al is utilized (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., U.S.A., 96:11458-63 (1998), which is herein

2155

incorporated by reference). Briefly, motor and sympathetic neurons are isolated from chicken embryos, resuspended in L15 medium (with 10% FCS, glucose, sodium selenite, progesterone, conalbumin, putrescine, and insulin; Life Technologies, Rockville, MD.) and Dulbecco's modified Eagles medium [with 10% FCS, glutamine, penicillin, and 25 mM Hepes buffer (pH 7.2); Life Technologies, Rockville, MD.], respectively, and incubated at 37°C in 5% CO₂ in the presence of different concentrations of the inventive purified IL-6-like polypeptide, as well as a negative control lacking any cytokine. After 3 days, neuron survival is determined by evaluation of cellular morphology, and through the use of the colorimetric assay of Mosmann (Mossman, T., J. Immunol. Methods, 65:55-63 (1983)). Enhanced neuronal cell viability as compared to the controls lacking cytokine is indicative of the ability of the inventive purified IL-6-like polypeptide(s) to enhance the survival of neuronal cells.

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Example 62: Assay for Phosphatase Activity.

The following assay may be used to assess serine/threonine phosphatase (PTPase) activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention.

In order to assay for serine/threonine phosphatase (PTPase) activity, assays can be utilized which are widely known to those skilled in the art. For example, the serine/threonine phosphatase (PSPase) activity is measured using a PSPase assay kit from New England Biolabs, Inc. Myelin basic protein (MyBP), a substrate for PSPase, is phosphorylated on serine and threonine residues with cAMP-dependent Protein Kinase in the presence of [γ-³²P]ATP. Protein serine/threonine phosphatase activity is then determined by measuring the release of inorganic phosphate from 32P-labeled MyBP.

Example 63: Interaction of Serine/Threonine Phosphatases with other Proteins.

The colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention with serine/threonine phosphatase acitivity as determined in Example 62 are research tools for the identification, characterization and purification of additional interacting proteins or receptor proteins, or other signal transduction pathway proteins. Briefly, a labeled colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention is useful as a reagent for the purification of molecules with

2156

which it interacts. In one embodiment of affinity purification, colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention is covalently coupled to a chromatography column. Cell-free extract derived from putative target cells, such as neural or liver cells, is passed over the column, and molecules with appropriate affinity bind to the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention. The colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention-complex is recovered from the column, dissociated, and the recovered molecule subjected to N-terminal protein sequencing. This amino acid sequence is then used to identify the captured molecule or to design degenerate oligonucleotide probes for cloning the relevant gene from an appropriate cDNA library.

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Example 64: Assaying for Heparanase Activity.

In order to assay for heparanase activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, the heparanase assay described by Vlodavsky et al is utilized (Vlodavsky, I., et al., Nat. Med., 5:793-802 (1999)). Briefly, cell lysates, conditioned media or intact cells (1 x 10^6 cells per 35-mm dish) are incubated for 18 hrs at 37° C, pH 6.2-6.6, with 35 S-labeled ECM or soluble ECM derived peak I proteoglycans. The incubation medium is centrifuged and the supernatant is analyzed by gel filtration on a Sepharose CL-6B column (0.9 x 30 cm). Fractions are eluted with PBS and their radioactivity is measured. Degradation fragments of heparan sulfate side chains are eluted from Sepharose 6B at $0.5 < K_{av} < 0.8$ (peak II). Each experiment is done at least three times. Degradation fragments corresponding to "peak II," as described by Vlodavsky et al., is indicative of the activity of the colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention in cleaving heparan sulfate.

Example 65: Immobilization of biomolecules.

This method provides a method for the stabilization of colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention in non-host cell lipid bilayer constucts (see, e.g., Bieri et al., Nature Biotech 17:1105-1108 (1999), hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety herein) which can be adapted for the study of colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention in the various functional assays described above. Briefly, carbohydrate-specific chemistry for biotinylation is used to confine a biotin tag to the extracellular domain of the

2157

colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention, thus allowing uniform orientation upon immobilization. A 50uM solution of colon or colon cancer related polypeptides of the invention in washed membranes is incubated with 20 mM NaIO4 and 1.5 mg/ml (4mM) BACH or 2 mg/ml (7.5mM) biotin-hydrazide for 1 hr at room temperature (reaction volume, 150ul). Then the sample is dialyzed (Pierce Slidealizer Cassett, 10 kDa cutoff; Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford IL) at 4C first for 5 h, exchanging the buffer after each hour, and finally for 12 h against 500 ml buffer R (0.15 M NaCl, 1 mM MgCl2, 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH7). Just before addition into a cuvette, the sample is diluted 1:5 in buffer ROG50 (Buffer R supplemented with 50 mM octylglucoside).

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It will be clear that the invention may be practiced otherwise than as particularly described in the foregoing description and examples. Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and, therefore, are within the scope of the appended claims.

The entire disclosure of each document cited (including patents, patent applications, journal articles, abstracts, laboratory manuals, books, or other disclosures) in the Background of the Invention, Detailed Description, and Examples is hereby incorporated herein by reference. Further, the hard copy of the sequence listing submitted herewith and the corresponding computer readable form are both incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Moreover, the hard copy of and the corresponding computer readable form of the Sequence Listing of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 60/157,137 and 60/163,280 are also incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

What Is Claimed Is:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide fragment of SEQ ID NO:X which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (b) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (c) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide domain of SEQ ID NO:Y which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (d) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide epitope of SEQ ID NO:Y which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (e) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:Y which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X, having biological activity;
 - (f) a polynucleotide which is a variant of SEQ ID NO:X;
 - (g) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of SEQ ID NO:X;
- (h) a polynucleotide which encodes a species homologue of the SEQ ID NO:Y;
- (i) a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to any one of the polynucleotides specified in (a)-(h), wherein said polynucleotide does not hybridize under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of only A residues or of only T residues.
- 2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide fragment comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein.
- 3. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide fragment comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding the sequence identified as SEQ ID NO:Y, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X.

- 4. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide fragment comprises the entire nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X.
- 5. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, wherein the nucleotide sequence comprises sequential nucleotide deletions from either the C-terminus or the N-terminus.
- 6. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 3, wherein the nucleotide sequence comprises sequential nucleotide deletions from either the C-terminus or the N-terminus.
- 7. A recombinant vector comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 8. A method of making a recombinant host cell comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
 - 9. A recombinant host cell produced by the method of claim 8.
 - 10. The recombinant host cell of claim 9 comprising vector sequences.
- 11. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y;
 - (b) a polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y, having biological activity;
 - (c) a polypeptide domain of SEQ ID NO:Y;
 - (d) a polypeptide epitope of SEQ ID NO:Y;
 - (e) a full length protein of SEQ ID NO:Y;
 - (f) a variant of SEQ ID NO:Y;
 - (g) an allelic variant of SEQ ID NO:Y; or
 - (h) a species homologue of the SEQ ID NO:Y.

- 12. The isolated polypeptide of claim 11, wherein the full length protein comprises sequential amino acid deletions from either the C-terminus or the N-terminus.
- 13. An isolated antibody that binds specifically to the isolated polypeptide of claim 11.
- 14. A recombinant host cell that expresses the isolated polypeptide of claim 11.
 - 15. A method of making an isolated polypeptide comprising:
- (a) culturing the recombinant host cell of claim 14 under conditions such that said polypeptide is expressed; and
 - (b) recovering said polypeptide.
 - 16. The polypeptide produced by claim 15.
- 17. A method for preventing, treating, or ameliorating a medical condition, comprising administering to a mammalian subject a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 11 or the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 18. A method of diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition in a subject comprising:
- (a) determining the presence or absence of a mutation in the polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (b) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition based on the presence or absence of said mutation.
- 19. A method of diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition in a subject comprising:

- (a) determining the presence or amount of expression of the polypeptide of claim 11 in a biological sample; and
- (b) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition based on the presence or amount of expression of the polypeptide.
- 20. A method for identifying a binding partner to the polypeptide of claim 11 comprising:
 - (a) contacting the polypeptide of claim 11 with a binding partner; and
- (b) determining whether the binding partner effects an activity of the polypeptide.
 - 21. The gene corresponding to the cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO:Y.
- 22. A method of identifying an activity in a biological assay, wherein the method comprises:
 - (a) expressing SEQ ID NO:X in a cell;
 - (b) isolating the supernatant;
 - (c) detecting an activity in a biological assay; and
 - (d) identifying the protein in the supernatant having the activity.
 - 23. The product produced by the method of claim 20.

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